"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Fair to-day; increasing cloudiness, warmer to-morrow; moderate northwest to variable winds.
☞For full weather report see Page 16.

VOL. LXII...NO. 20,131. NEW YORK, FRIDAY, MARCH 7, 1913.—TWENTY PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark. | Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

ASSERTS MADERO WAS SHOT IN CELL

His Brother Emilio Says Alleged Shooting in the Street Was a Fiction.

GUSTAVO FIRST MUTILATED

And Then Murdered, He Declares—Sonora Rebellion Spreads—Huerta Sends Army to Crush It.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, March 6.—That President Francisco I. Madero of Mexico was slain in his cell by emissaries of the Huerta administration and that his brother Gustavo was likewise murdered after being mutilated in a horrible manner was the statement made here to-night to THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent by Emilio Madero, a brother of the dead men, who arrived here yesterday after a ride for life to the United States. In his statement Emilio Madero said:

"In regard to the killing of my brother Gustavo, Gen. Huerta invited my brother Gustavo to dinner, together with two Generals, who were friendly to the Maderista administration.

"Huerta had with him two special officers for the dinner. They were very friendly and made several toasts relating to coming events, which were supposed to be toward the successful assault of the citadel. At the end of the dinner Gen. Huerta said he would like to take a last look at the firing line, and asked my brother, Gustavo, if he would lend him his revolver. My brother tendered his revolver, and Gen. Huerta stepped out of the room, and the officers then told my brother in a very rough way that he was a prisoner.

"The other officers were taken with him to the National Palace and then taken to the citadel, where he was mutilated in a most atrocious manner. My brother had but one eye, and the remaining one they cut out with a knife, also cutting off his lips and his nose before murdering him, and he was mutilated almost beyond all recognition by the family. And I want to state that up to the present time, so far as I know, the body has never been delivered to the Madero family.

"My brother, Francisco I. Madero, the President, was taken a prisoner the same day and was supposed to be sent, accompanied by some of the staff of Huerta, to the prison.

"Blanquet then came in, traitor that he was. The soldiers, not knowing what was happening and not knowing to whom to be loyal, were at a loss when Huerta and Blanquet ordered them to turn on the Government. Blanquet said, "Enough of this clownish business. Fire." And then they were taken to prison. And Marcos F. Hernandez was also killed there. He was a brother of the Secretary of the Interior, under Francisco's administration.

"My brother Francisco was taken to the prison and shot in his cell. Then his body was taken back into the Palace and they pretended he had been shot on his way to the prison. But both he and the Vice President were first killed in the Palace, having never resigned their offices. They took their bodies out in the street at midnight, and raised a little row and pretended he was killed then.

"No one had been allowed to visit my brother that day. My sister-in-law, Francisco's wife, and my sister, when they were allowed to see him before, say that he told them he knew that had to be killed, but they must be brave and not cry or break down. My brother also told Vice President Suarez that he knew he would be shot down like a rat, but Suarez was his most loyal friend, and declared he would die with him and never desert him, that he wanted to meet the same fate as Francisco. They were always loyal friends.

"After cutting out the one good eye of my brother Gustavo they mutilated his body terribly, and set him up to be fired on by the people. All other stories to the contrary are lies."

When asked about the talk of Mexico being at peace on account of Huerta's accession, Emilio and his brother Raoul refused to make any statement, saying simply:

"As to that you will see in a few weeks. We know nothing of conditions there now any more than you do, other than as we read in the papers. We are out of it, and we certainly do not want to see 10,000 to 20,000 Mexicans killed just to avenge the death of our noble brother. What would be the use? Where would we be benefited?"

MOVES TO CRUSH CARRANZA.

Aubert Leads Mixed Column—Rumor of Guatemalan Plot.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, March 6.—Gen. Trucy Aubert, commanding 1,500 Federal soldiers and supported by 1,000 irregulars under Gen. Campos, moved toward Monclova to-day in a campaign against the rebel Governor, Venustiano Carranza, in the State of Coahuila. Reports there to-day from the north ere not reassuring. The silence of President Wilson of the United States caused much anxiety. It was regarded as an indication that he would not adopt the Taft policy toward Mexico.

In addition to the trouble in the north, it was rumored to-day that a revolt was being planned for the early part of next month. The rumor ran that there was plotting in Havana to have the southern States of Mexico join in the revolt with the object of forming a separate republic.

Reports of the plans for secession in Sonora and other northern States were received in political and military circles here with great indignation to-day. Army men announced they would fight to the end to prevent the dismemberment of their country.

The situation in the State of Sonora is delicate, owing to complications caused by the Yaqui unrest resulting from agitation by agents of Gov. Maytorena, who is in rebellion. It was stated to-

Continued on Page 3.

ASTOR TO HELP WITH OATS.

To Improve Dutchess Crop He Offers to Sell White Tartar Seed.

Special to The New York Times.

POUGHKEEPSIE, March 8.—When Vincent Astor recently visited Gov. Sulzer at the People's House in Albany he determined to devote his energies to developing the agricultural interests of the State and Nation. Young Astor promised that he would turn his thousands of ancestral acres at Ferncliffe, the family country seat at Rhinebeck, into an experimental farm.

The Ferncliffe Farms to-day are advertising seed oats from imported white Tartar seed oats, guaranteed to improve the crop in Dutchess County, at $1.25 a bushel. The advertisement is as follows:

> Seed oats from imported white Tartar seed oats. We will dispose of our surplus white Tartar seed oats. This oat is an immense cropper, the straw usually four to five feet in length, is stout and stands up well. The heads are long, measuring eight to ten inches, and the kernels are thick, plump and heavy. It has proved its superiority over other oats in Dutchess County soil. Every bushel will be recleaned before leaving our place. Price per standard bushel, 32 pounds, $1.25. Ten bushel lots and upwards, per bushel, $1.10. Ferncliffe Farms, Rhinebeck, N. Y.

Experts on oats say that undoubtedly young Astor has shown wisdom and discrimination in his selection of the first neighborhood crop to be improved, for oats in Dutchess County rarely grow to exceed three feet in height, and the heads are scanty and kernels thin. There is a great call for oats throughout the State.

DENOUNCE METHODIST BOOK.

Author Called Heretic and Traitor at New Jersey Conference.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., March 6.—The second day's sessions of the seventy-seventh conference of the New Jersey Methodist Episcopal Church was thrown into a turmoil this morning by the criticism of a book, "Traditional Faith and Modern Belief," written by the Rev. Dr. George P. Mains, head of the Methodist Book Concern of New York. The cry of "heretic" and the words "traitor to our Church" were used during the debate.

The discussion was started by the Rev. J. Morgan Read, former head of Pennington Seminary, who said the trend of thought in the book was toward Methodistic liberalism. Instantly a dozen clergymen were on their feet with points of order, but they were swept aside in the whirlwind of debate. When the author rose to reply he was attacked on every side, and Dr. George W. Ridout of Trenton offered a resolution demanding that such literature be barred from distribution among the Methodist Church and schools.

"Study the books of John Wesley," answered Dr. Mains. "I fear some of you brethren have never done that. You will see that my books have in no sense departed from the faith. I want to say that behind me in my answer is the approved university scholarship of the world.

"If I have done wrong I am sorry for it, but if we have not a Church of enough amplitude of faith, we shall drive away our young men and our girls who are being educated in the higher schools of our Church to-day. Methodism, let me tell you, is not a close corporation today."

KILLED IN HIGH WIND.

Man Struggling Across Forty-second Street Run Down by Car.

An elderly, gray-haired man believed to be Basil Weal, agent for a paper box manufacturing firm, was killed by a westbound surface car on Forty-Second Street near Seventh Avenue at 8:30 o'clock last night. The man was crossing the street and had just reached the car tracks when a heavy gust of wind struck him. He grasped his hat, and in struggling against the wind, walked in front of the car.

The motorman, James Murray of 246 West 127th Street, put on the brakes, but before he could bring the car to a stop the man was thrown violently to the ground. He was carried into a rooming house at 221 West Forty-second Street and Dr. Wildman of New York Hospital, who was summoned, found that he had sustained a fracture of the skull. The body was removed to the West Forty-seventh Street Station. The accident was witnessed by Policeman Dugan. No arrests were made.

On the clothing of the victim were found a number of cards bearing the name of Basil Weal, 410 West Forty-second Street. Weal, it was said there, answered the description of the man who was killed. He had moved some time ago to a house in East 149th Street. He was married and had two children, it was said.

THIEVES TAKE $2,500 GEMS.

Mrs. Osler Loses Them While Watching Washington Suffrage Parade.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—Details of a $2,500 jewel robbery in the New Willard Hotel last Monday were given out by the police yesterday, when a reward of $100 was offered for the arrest of the thief. The victim is Mrs. Joseph Osler, wife of the President of the Fifth Avenue Bond and Mortgage Company of New York, who was here for the inauguration with her husband and a friend, Mrs. G. W. Aldridge, also of New York.

Mrs. Osler's room was entered by means of a key in the party's absence watching the suffrage parade. When they returned Mrs. Osler discovered that her travelling bag was missing. Then the hotel management and the police were notified. No clue has yet developed.

Mrs. Osler's stolen jewels were in a leather case inside the traveling bag, and consisted of a gold Princess ring set with five diamonds, each 3½ carats, valued at $275; a five-stone pearl ring surrounded by diamonds, valued at $550; a gold horsehead ring set with a one-carat diamond, valued at $150; an emerald ring valued at $200, a gold question-mark ring set with a diamond and pearl, $200; a silver top comb, a gold watch, two gold lip-salve boxes, a pearl and platinum necklace, worth $150; a dozen jeweled pins, as well as earrings, bracelets, and other trinkets. The Oslers live at 307 Riverside Drive, New York.

ALLENS TO DIE ON MARCH 28.

Gov. Mann Refuses to Commute Sentence of the Outlaws.

RICHMOND, Va., March 6.—Floyd Allen, leader of the outlaw band in Carroll County, and his son, Claude Swanson Allen, will be put to death in the State penitentiary on March 28 for their part in the Hillsville court murder of March 14, 1912. Gov. Mann to-night refused to commute the sentences to life imprisonment. The prisoners were sentenced to be put to death to-morrow, but Gov. Mann yesterday granted a respite of three weeks. The Allens thought this was an indication that Gov. Mann would extend mercy.

Nellie Wister, a mountain girl, to whom Claude Allen was engaged to be married, made an unsuccessful effort to see Gov. Mann to-day with a final plea for commutation of sentence.

AIKEN—AUGUSTA
AND
WESTERN NORTH CAROLINA RESORTS.
Delightful places to visit during months of March and April. Reached via SOUTHERN RAILWAY. Sleeping and dining car service. N. Y. Offices 264 Fifth Ave.—Adv.

FRIEDMANN MAKES TEST OF HIS SERUM

Fifty Physicians Observe His Treatment of Three Cases in People's Hospital.

CALL HIM "UNSCIENTIFIC"

Rejected Patients in Advanced Stages of Consumption—Termed "Faker" by Dr. Julius Broder.

Dr. Friederich Franz Freidmann, the Berlin scientist who recently came to New York to demonstrate his so-called "cure" for consumption, gave his first treatment in this country yesterday at the People's Hospital, 203 Second Avenue. The turtle-serum was injected into one woman and two men in the presence of fifty physicians and after the demonstration there was more of criticism than of praise for the visiting scientist. Dr. Fredmann, in fact, retired to his new quarters in the Hotel Ansonia in a very nervous and excited condition and gave orders not to be disturbed by any one. After the demonstration a physician in conversation on the street made use of the term faker in discussing Dr. Friedmann.

The first of the Friedmann party to appear at the People's Hospital was Dr. Benjamin, the chief assistant of Dr. Friedmann. He arrived at 9 A. M. and looked over a number of charts of tuberculous patients, selecting twenty of them for supervision. Dr. Friedmann, accompanied by his brother, Dr. Arthur Friedmann, arrived at the hospital at 11 o'clock. About the same time the hospital's staff of visiting physicians and a number of invited guests arrived.

Among the latter was Dr. Simon Tannenbaum of the Board of Health. Dr. Tannenbaum explained that he was there as an interested spectator and not as the representative of Dr. Ernest J. Lederle, Health Commissioner. Dr. Lederle, it was stated, had been apprised of the Berlin physician's intended treatments in the People's Hospital and had given the proposed demonstration his approval.

Others who assembled in the observation ward of the little east side hospital were Dr. Julius Broder, physician in chief of the hospital staff; Dr. Woods Hutchinson, Dr. I. M. Rottenberg, supervising surgeon; Dr. William I. Sirovich, Dr. M. Girdsdansky, State Civil Service Commissioner Meyer Wolff, Dr. Max Landsman, Dr. E. W. Kellogg, Health Commissioner of Milwaukee; Dr. Louis Spiegel, and Dr. J. E. Braun.

The first patient examined by Dr. Friedman was Clara Streitfeld, 18 years old, of 230 Second Avenue. She was in an advanced state of tuberculosis of the lungs, and had been brought to the hospital by Dr. Julius Broder. Dr. Friedmann said that he would not treat her.

Dr. Broder inquired why his patient had been rejected. He was told that Dr. Friedmann reserved the right to choose his own cases.

The first case which met the doctor's approval was that of a Miss Berger. Her first name and address, as well as the complete names and addresses of the others selected, were withheld to avoid undesired notoriety. Miss Berger appeared to be about 20 years old. She had a tubercular knee joint.

"Will you sign a statement that she has a tubercular knee joint?" Dr. Friedmann asked the girl's physician.

"I will not," replied the physician. "Diagnosis may show that she has rheumatic arthritis."

Dr. Friedmann demanded that a statement of the case be signed, but finally yielded on this point, and asked that Miss Berger be sent to another room to await the selection of two other paients.

The second person selected was a young man named Landsman, said to be a relative of Dr. Max Landsman of the hospital's Board of Directors and one of Dr. Landsman's own patients. This young man had been suffering with tuberculosis of the lungs for only a short time. He had gained weight lately, the chart showed, under the ordinary treatment for consumption.

The third person chosen was a man named Spiegelman, about 45 years old, also, as the chart showed, a sufferer for only a short time. This man, however, had regained all he had lost in weight since first stricken by the disease.

Different Treatment for the Girl.

The girl and the two men chosen for treatment were taken to the surgical ward on the top floor of the hospital, and the eyes of all present turned eagerly to the Berlin physician as he drew from his coat pocket two brown vials containing his much-discussed turtle serum.

"Bring me some soap and water," said Dr. Friedmann, taking off his coat and rolling up his shirt sleeves. The doctor washed his hands and then drew from his kit a hypodermic syringe. He selected Miss Berger for the first treatment, and said that he would inject the serum into a vein in the forearm.

Opinions differ as to just how long it took Dr. Friedmann to find the vein and make the injection. The criticisms that were leveled at him later nearly all had their source in his method of procedure.

Miss Berger stood while the injection was made. Both of the men were laid on operating tables and received intramuscular injections in the thigh. The injections were made without pain to any of the patients, and they were immediately allowed to go home. It was 2 P. M. before Dr. Friedmann finished with the demonstration.

Dr. Meyer Wolff was one of those who spoke of Dr. Friedmann's "unscientific" procedure. To a TIMES reporter he described minutely everything that he saw.

"Dr. Friedmann's serum was contained in two brown bottles about two inches high," he said. "The bottles were covered with a plastic. The serum was almost colorless. It looked very much like salt water, just a little cloudy, and a little denser than plain water.

"My first surprise came when I observed Dr. Friedmann dip his hypodermic needle into the serum just preparatory to making the intravenous injection. He appeared to be very nervous. His face was very white. Much of the fluid fell on the floor. It was an out and out waste, and the doctor made no pretense at saving it.

"The next surprise came when he looked for the vein in the woman's forearm. He had tied a bandage near the elbow, so as to make the veins more visible, but in spite of this it must have taken him nearly an hour to find the vein he was looking for.

"'I usually find them without any trouble,' he said, turning toward the physicians in the room. 'I don't know what is the matter in this case.'

Takes 6 to 14 Days to Show Results.

"When he saw that the syringe was leaking, he told us that he would not guarantee results in this case because of the faulty syringe. He refused, however, to take a new syringe. Some one asked him whether the syringe was sterilized. He said that it was, that even the paper in which it had been wrapped was sterilized. By all that I saw him touch while he had the syringe in his hands, however, I don't think he kept it very clean.

"Dr. Friedmann declared that it would take from six to ten days to show results in the case of the intravenous in-

Continued on Page 5.

THE INAUGURATION SHOWN IN PICTURES

A special section of four pages of half tone reproductions of photographs giving a vivid idea of the stirring scenes at Washington, this week will be one of the features of

NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES

This is in addition to the usual Pictorial Section, as well as the

Spring Fashion Number

Order next Sunday's Times to-day.

PROFESSOR PLEADS THE UNWRITTEN LAW

Minnesota Educator Shoots Down Man He Caught Entering His House.

SAYS "HE RUINED MY HOME"

Oscar M. Olson, Prominent Resident of St. Paul, Coolly Admits Killing of Clyde N. Darling.

Special to The New York Times.

MINNEAPOLIS, March 6.—"Darling ruined my home and I shot him," was the defense of Prof. Oscar M. Olson of the Agricultural School of the University of Minnesota when he was arraigned in St. Paul to-day charged with murder in the first degree. Prof. Olson shot and killed Clyde N. Darling, a laundry wagon driver, when he called at the Olson home, 21 Nourse Street, St. Paul, on Wednesday night.

The tragedy has caused a sensation in St. Paul and Minneapolis because of the prominence of Prof. Olson and the coolness he displayed in killing the man he accused of wrecking his home. Mrs. Olson is visiting her husband's relatives at Montevideo, Minn., and is so overcome by the tragedy that she is unable to make a statement. Prof. Olson freely admitted his guilt in court and his preliminary hearing was continued until next Saturday.

"I will plead the 'unwritten law,'" he repeated. "Darling ruined my home and I shot him. I don't blame my wife; it was not her fault."

Prof. Olson was calm and collected in court, but broke down and sobbed when he was led to a cell. There the County Attorney and a stenographer took his statement, in which he described the shooting.

Attorney General Lyndon Smith, a personal friend of Prof. Olson, was in the court room when the professor was arraigned. Mr. Smith formerly lived at Montevideo, Olson's old home, and he has known the prisoner since boyhood. His official position bars him from acting as counsel to Prof. Olson, but he will see that his old friend is properly defended.

Darling called at the Olson home ostensibly to collect a laundry bill, and the professor saw him pass a window on his way to the rear door. Seizing his revolver Prof. Olson walked to the rear of the house and waited for the man. As Darling opened the door Olson pressed the revolver against the intruder's breast and fired twice. Darling fell dead on the threshold.

After the shooting Prof. Olson walked to the home of A. L. Anderson, a neighbor, 11 Nourse Street, and asked Anderson to come over to his house. There they found Darling's body in the doorway. Pointing to it Prof. Olson exclaimed: "I shot that fellow; he is dead."

Accompanied by his neighbor the professor then went to the police station and surrendered.

CHICAGO WOMEN UNDERPAID.

Acting Governor Asks Aid in Fight on "White Slave" Traffic.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., March 6.—After studying a report of investigators of the State Senate "White Slave" Commission, asserting that more than 50,000 women in Chicago earned $5 a week or less, Acting Gov. Barrett O'Hara asked to-night the co-operation of the Governors and Legislatures in all other States in the anti-white slave traffic movement. Mr. O'Hara sent a letter to the other Governors in part as follows:

> Testimony indicated that much of this despicable traffic is inter-State. It was found that rings existing in Chicago worked hand in hand with similar rings in all of the other States. In spite of the rigid attention given to the Mann act, it has not been possible to do away with this trade, it seems.
>
> It has seemed to us the most feasible way of breaking up the inter-State rings would be to have in each State a commission similar to our own. Were there a commission in your State, we would invite the members of your commission to sit with us and in turn we should hope to be present at some of your sessions. In this way, it seems to me, we could get to the very root of this problem.

Mr. O'Hara issued a statement about the underpaid women of Chicago in which he said:

"These women are living in furnished rooms and are reported underfed. Many of them do not know what a full meal means. Half of them are living on two 15-cent meals a day. Many of them have to depend for clothes on what friends give them of cast-off garments.

"Is it any wonder women do wrong! No woman is bad at heart; environment is responsible for a great part of crime.

"The big employers summoned to appear before us to-morrow have been ordered to bring their pay rolls. These pay rolls should tell an interesting story."

RUSH MEN TO QUELL STRIKE.

Force of 800 Special Police Bound for West Morrisville to Stop Disorders.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, March 6.—A force of 800 special police, recruited in Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, and other cities, is to-night being rushed as fast as train accommodations can be obtained to West Morrisville, Penn., by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, which fears more violence by striking trackmen. In outbreaks to-day three men were hurt.

In charge of Lieut. Blankenburg 100 men left there at 11:15 o'clock to-night. Several train loads of deputies stopped at the North Philadelphia Station just long enough to take on any more men who could be obtained.

A report to the effect that the Pennsylvania State Constabulary was to be sent at once to West Morrisville could not be confirmed late to-night. Capt. John C. Groome said that he had received no word that the services of the State police were required.

It was learned late to-night that the three men wounded in a fight this afternoon were not seriously hurt. The railroad police fired in the air as a warning and the bullets struck them in the descent.

A pony glass of ANGOSTURA BITTERS before retiring for insomnia.—Adv.

POLICE IDLY WATCHED ABUSE OF WOMEN

Shocking Insults to Suffrage Paraders Testified To at Washington Inquiry.

EVEN SEIZED AND SPAT UPON

Girl on a Float Tells How She Kicked in the Face a Man Who Grasped Her Ankle.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—Before a fashionably dressed audience composed mainly of prominent leaders in the cause of "Votes for Women," the Senate subcommittee appointed to investigate the lack of police protection during the great suffrage demonstration of last Monday began its work this afternoon. The score of witnesses heard under oath lodged a scathing indictment against the police force of Washington.

From Rear Admiral William K. Van Reypen, retired Surgeon General of the United States Navy, 72 years old, down through the series of witnesses to Philip Elliott, a 13-year-old Boy Scout, who told the committee that he had ben brutally thrown to the street by a policeman for trying to push back the crowd, the witnesses, a score in number, related a graphic story of police indifference and inefficiency during the suffrage parade.

Many Witnesses Heard.

Among the other witnesses were: Mrs. Walter L. Fisher, wife of the former Secretary of the Interior; Miss Julia Lathrop, Director of the new Federal Child Labor Bureau; Mrs. Harriet Taylor Upton, Mrs. Jeanette Gallinger, who is a daughter-in-law of Senator Jacob H. Gallinger of New Hampshire; Mrs. Agnes M. Jenks of Concord, N. H.; Mrs. Adelia Howard Odenheimer of Jessup, Maryland; Miss Abbie Scott Baker of Washington; Miss Elizabeth D. Brown, a school teacher of this city; Miss Emily Margaret White, a George Washington University graduate; Miss Verna Hetfield, a pretty 17-year-old girl, who told the commitee how men and boys caught her by the ankle and tried to pull her from a float; Mrs. Frank C. Gunther, George F. Bowerman, Librarian of the Carnegie Library in this city; Mrs. Frederick Ransome, Mrs. Helen Weed of Norwalk, Conn.; Mrs. Patricia Street of Australia, Mrs. Hall of Dayton, Ohio; Senator Miles Poindexter of Washington, and Mrs. Sarah Moller of Hartford, Conn.

Major Richard Sylvester, Chief of Police of Washington, sat in the rear of the room with Inspector Boyle from Police Headquarters; Assistant Corporation Counsel Stephens, and a stenographer. Major Sylvester will testify next Saturday morning, when the committee meets again, Gen. Anson Mills, U. S. A., who is taking a keen interest in the investigation, will be among the witnesses then called. The testimony given to-day was direct and seemed to convince the committee that conditions in Pennsylvania Avenue last Monday were deplorable and a disgrace to the capital.

Senator Jones of Washington, in fact, indicated at the end of to-day's hearing that the committee did not care for any more statements descriptive of what had occurred, but that from now on the efforts of the committee would be devoted to an effort to fix the responsibility.

Senator Miles Poindexter gave it as his opinion that "some one higher up" was responsible, and he testified that he believed Major Sylvester was responsible, because he had issued statements in justification of the action of the police, but had not attempted to discipline members of the force for their failure to give the procession the right of way or to protect the marching women and girls.

Praise for Boy Scouts.

Throughout the hearing the Boy Scouts who were on duty on the line of march were praised. The witnesses were unanimous in testifying that the Boy Scouts, without exception, tried hard to push back the crowds, and were equally unanimous in asserting that, with a few exceptions, the police along the line of march acted indifferently and were present in sufficient force to have handled the crowds had they taken the matter seriously and tried to provide protection.

Senator Poindexter testified that an automobile ambulance, in charge of a physician wearing an official badge, was allowed to overrun the procession lengthwise from the Peace Monument to Tenth Street, where it was stopped by himself and other members of the Congressional delegation in the parade after almost an altercation with the ambulance surgeon. He testified that a Sergeant of police saw this episode and never moved to interfere, and that other policemen likewise observed it without taking a hand. Senator Poindexter gave the numbers of twenty-two policemen and two police Sergeants who, he said, had failed to attempt to clear away the crowds or protect the marchers. These policemen, he said, were not all he had seen, but only those whose numbers he had taken within two blocks of marching, after the ambulance incident.

Rear Admiral Van Reypen said he had never seen a more disgraceful failure of the police to act than in front of the stand in which he sat at the corner of Ninth Street and Pennsylvania Avenue. The crowd in the avenue at that point, said the Admiral, was great, and the police made no attempt to clear the way for the marching women. He saw only three policemen. All were on foot and made no attempt to push back the crowd. One of the floats in the procession was driven by two negroes who were unable to proceed on account of the crowd. Instead of clearing a path for the float, Admiral Van Reypen said, a policeman arrested one of the drivers. The negro had done nothing wrong, and the witness considered this action an outrage.

Miss Julia Lathrop gave her testimony from the point of view of one who marched in the procession behind the "Government Employes" banner. She said that no affronts were offered her, but that the police failed to handle the crowds, themselves standing in the front row acting "like spectators."

"That was a good position from which they might see the parade?" inquired Senator Jones.

Miss Lathrop smilingly answered in the affirmative.

Mrs. Weed of Norwalk, who said she marched at the head of the Connecticut delegation, testified that youths and drunken militiamen who came here to parade in the inaugural procession, made insulting remarks to the women marchers. "Their remarks," she said, "were unseemly and of the barnyard character, like those of Representative Heflin's speech in the House, about roosters, chickens, and hens."

Negro Policeman's Prompt Action.

Mrs. Weed said she saw Boy Scouts working hard trying to push the crowd back, and at one place she saw a policeman knock a small Boy Scout down for trying to do so. "A young negro," she continued, "on the fringe of the crowd, reached out and snatched the streamer of the Connecticut State banner. A metropolitan policeman stood right there and did nothing. A negro special officer, about 35 years old, took that negro boy by the throat, and, shoving him back through the crowd, told him: 'That's the last you'll see of this parade.'"

Mrs. Weed was asked whether she heard insulting remarks passed without police

Continued on Page 3.

KAISER MAY FLY TO-DAY.

Said to Contemplate His First Airship Trip in a Naval Zeppelin.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, March 6.—The Berlin papers say that the Kaiser may make his first airship ascent to-morrow in a naval Zeppelin with the Prince Regent of Bavaria.

The latter has arrived in Berlin on a State visit to the Prussian Court.

His Majesty's intention has caused tremendous excitement in Berlin. He has often expressed his wish to fly in order to show his confidence in Count Zeppelin's airships, but the Empress has always dissuaded him on the ground that he had no right to risk his life. It is possible that her influence may still prevail, and that he may abandon the idea.

MARSHALL'S BUSHEL OF MAIL

Vice President in Quandary as to Propriety of Carrying It in a Street Car.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—Vice President Marshall, because he did not know the "Vice Presidential custom" on the subject, left a bushel of mail at his hotel to-day when he went up to his offices at the Capitol.

"My official automobile is not yet in service," said the Vice President. "I had two big baskets of mail at my hotel, but I did not know whether or not it was good form for the Vice President to carry his correspondence in a bushel basket on a street car, so I left it."

The Vice President's automobile, which has been stored in the Senate garage since the late Vice President Sherman left Washington last Summer, will be in running order to-morrow.

MRS. WILSON AIDS COLLEGE.

Pledges $500 to Baltimore Institution Daughter Attended.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, March 6.—The committee engaged in raising the $200,000 necessary to complete the million-dollar fund for the upkeep of Goucher College announced to-day that Mrs. Woodrow Wilson had pledged to Dr. J. B. Van Meter, Acting President of the college, a subscription of $500 toward the cause.

Dr. Van Meter was in Washington and sought Mrs. Wilson's aid in inducing the President to come to Baltimore and speak in behalf of the college. In the course of the conversation Mrs. Wilson announced her intention of contributing to the fund.

Dr. Van Meter, who was formerly dean of the college and served in that capacity during the student days of the President's daughter, Miss Jessie Wilson, was invited to occupy a seat on the President's stand at the inauguration ceremonies.

NO FEDERAL COURT SITE.

Public Buildings Bill Fails to Provide Appropriation for This City.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—The public buildings bill, which President Taft signed under protest, contains no provision for the purchase of a site for a new Federal Court House in New York City.

The bill as passed by the House on Feb. 17 failed to provide for such a purchase. Ten days later the Senate passed the public buildings bill with an amendment authorizing the purchase of a $3,000,000 site, but at the final conference on the report on the night of March 3 the Court House item was eliminated.

LEVI P. MORTON IMPROVED.

Sleeping Calmly, and Hope Is High for His Recovery.

The condition of Levi P. Morton, former Vice President and Governor of New York, whose serious illness was admitted by his family on Wednesday, was reported by his family physician, Dr. Hermann M. Biggs, late last night as slightly improved. At the Morton apartments, Eighty-first Street and Fifth Avenue, it was said at midnight that Mr. Morton was sleeping calmly and that there were great hopes for his recovery.

Mr. Morton is nearly 89 years old. He has not been ill since 1893, when he suffered an injury to one of his feet, which necessitated an operation.

BRIDE IS 69, BRIDEGROOM 19.

Amanda Colby Weds Youth Who Had Courted Her Daughter.

Special to The New York Times.

POUGHKEEPSIE, March 6.—In Justice Bang's office at Dover Plains to-day, Amanda Colby, aged 69, was married to Irving Volkes, aged 19. The court, when applied to for the sanction, thought that young Volkes had been successful in courting the widow's 19-year-old daughter and gave his assent. When the gray-haired matron stepped forth with the boy, he stammered and young Volkes helped him out.

"It's the old one, all right, Judge. I was going with the girl, but I changed my mind."

Volkes had the marriage license properly signed in his possession, and as Mrs. Colby insisted that there was no mistake, Judge Bangs married them. Volkes and his bride are preparing for a trip to Oniontown, N. Y., where Mrs. Volkes has a country home. She is said to be wealthy. Volkes is caretaker of a country place.

MISS TARR SUES FOR $25,000.

Wilson Stenographer Objects to Being Used for Advertisement.

A suit for $25,000 damages for the use of the picture of Miss Salome Tarr for advertising purposes has been begun by her mother, Mrs. Ida Tarr, against the Drake Business College of Jersey City. Miss Tarr is a stenographer and was complimented by President Wilson when he was Governor of New Jersey for the speed and accuracy with which she took down for him a message to the Legislature. She had been a student at the Drake school. Miss Tarr is 20 years old and lives with her mother at 513 Jersey Avenue, Jersey City. The case will be heard before Judge William H. Speer in the Circuit Court in Jersey City.

The complaint says that every day, without her consent and against her wishes, Miss Tarr's picture and her name have been used to advertise the business of the Drake Business College in cars, newspapers, magazines, billboards and circulars.

The complaint adds: "If the plaintiff had so desired she could have sold the name and the picture for a large sum of money."

"TOKIO" NOW OPEN.
New restaurant, 141 W. 45th St. See page 20.—Adv.

OFFICE SEEKERS MOB CABINET MEMBERS

Uninvited Applicants Swarm Their Ante-Rooms After Wilson's Refusal to See Them.

FIRM EVEN TO SENATORS

President Refers Fletcher and Bryan, Seeking Law Places for Florida Nominees, to Attorney General.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—Members of the Senate and House of Representatives mingled in the swarming mob of office seekers which crowded the ante-room of every Cabinet officer to-day as a result of President Wilson's announcement that no place hunter would be allowed to make an appeal to him in person.

The President's announcement produced singular scenes. There was the greatest crush that has ever been seen at the doors of Cabinet officers. The whole horde of office seekers descended on the departments like a swarm of locusts.

The office of the Postmaster General, where the most patronage is given out, was the most spectacular point in the rush. Here and there in the throng Senators and Representatives jostled with unknown citizens from Oklahoma and Maine to get a chance to talk to Mr. Burleson's assistants. The scene was hardly less lively in the departments of the Treasury, Agriculture, and Commerce.

Reports of the scenes were carried to the President, but he was unmoved. He had determined not to interfere with the right of his Cabinet chiefs to decide who were to be their subordinates. They will have a free hand. This means, among other things, that if Mr. Bryan carries out his intention, expressed yesterday, of shortening the official lives of the State Department staff appointed in the last sixteen years of Republican administration, Mr. Wilson will not interfere with him. The realization has become general that President Wilson meant what he said, and the universal feeling was one of bewilderment.

A little later came another revolutionary announcement. Several Cabinet members sent to Mr. Wilson the resignations of their assistants and other subordinates. This is the invariable custom. Mr Wilson returned the resignations to the Cabinet chiefs, with the information that it was their province and not his to act on them.

Senators Referred to Departments.

Senators Fletcher and Bryan of Florida brought the news to their party associates in the Senate to-day that President Wilson's rule against receiving uninvited applicants for office would apply to Senators and Representatives. According to their story, President Wilson told them as much when they went to the White House this morning to urge him to appoint candidates of their selection for the offices of United States Judge and United States Marshal in the Southern District of Florida.

In spite, however, of the rather circumstantial account given by the Florida Senators of the attitude assumed by the President when they broached the object of their office-seeking visit, there is an impression that they accepted too literally what Mr. Wilson had to say to them. According to their story, the President was very amiable, and their conversation with him was extremely pleasant, but he made it plain that his rule announced yesterday of declining to listen to office-seeking importunities, unless he took the initiative, applied as much to them as it did to anybody who did not wear the Senatorial toga. That is, he told them, as they acknowledged after they left the White House, that he would have to refer them to Attorney General McReynolds, in accordance with this passage in his announcement:

"It is his (the President's) intention to deal with appointments through the heads of the several executive departments."

The doubt that President Wilson intended to convey to the two Florida men that he did not care to listen to anything members of the United States Senate had to say on behalf of this or that candidate or office arises from statements made by persons close to the President who are in a position to know what his policy would be in this direction. It was asserted that President Wilson could hardly have intended to convey the idea that Senators of the United States were not privileged to make known to him their preference in connection with appointments to Federal offices at the President's disposal. The further assertion was made that President Wilson was well aware of that clause of the Federal Constitution which provided that the "President shall nominate and by and with the advice and consent of the Senate shall appoint," and the opinion was expressed that the President did not intend to apply his ban on office seekers to those constitutionally empowered to consult him with reference to filling Federal positions. One friend of the President said he was quite sure from what he knew of the matter that Mr. Wilson did not contemplate excluding Senators from the right to make recommendations to him directly on their own initiative.

The fact is, however, that the idea has spread in Democratic political circles in Washington, since the call of Senators Fletcher and Bryan at the White House this morning, that Senators who desire to urge the appointment of constituents will be no more welcome in the Executive offices than any applicant for the Postmastership in a country town, or the political worker who wants to go abroad in a diplomatic or consular capacity.

Shock to Senators.

The reported refusal of the President to listen to recommendations for office from United States Senators upon whose "advice and consent" he is dependent for other and more important things than those that pertain to filling Federal offices, is bound to be a very distinct shock to members of the upper house. From time immemorial the "advice and consent" clause in the Federal Constitution has been construed to mean that Senators were privileged, in fact, were fundamentally invested, with the right to discuss with the President of the United States the names of persons who might be fitted to hold the President's commission. While the Constitution indicates that the Senate's "advice and consent" is not to be given until after the nomination has been made, common practice has interpreted it to mean that Senators are to be consulted in advance of the transmission of the nomination to the Senate.

The Constitutional principle has been stretched to such a point that the Senate, as a body, has ordinarily followed the rule that it would not confirm any nomination sent to it by the President that had not been made with the prior "advice and consent" of the two Senators from the State in which the nominee lived, provided those two Senators were of the President's own political kidney. What President Wilson was understood by the

Florida Senators to have said to them to-day does not imply necessarily a complete abandonment of that principle. It is being construed to mean, however, that Senators will not be able to deal directly with the President in their efforts to obtain places for their political friends and supporters. If Senators Fletcher and Bryan gave a correct interpretation of what Mr. Wilson said, the Democratic members of the Senate must conduct their patronage business through the indirect medium of Cabinet officers. The new rule in its application to Senators, as well as to office seekers themselves, places great political power and influence in the hands of the ten members of the Cabinet upon whom President Wilson will be dependent for advice in making appointments.

One of the things which ex-President Taft was most criticized by active politicians of his own party, and the thing regarded by these politicians as having had much to do with his failure, was his desire to have each member of the Cabinet conduct the business of the executive department of which he was the head. Mr. Taft believed that authority should go hand in hand with responsibility, and he emphasized this idea recently at a farewell dinner to George W. Wickersham, his Attorney General, when he said, in effect, that the success of the Department of Justice in the Taft Administration had been due mainly to the fact that Mr. Wickersham had been permitted to run his department in his own way.

While Mr. Taft, during his four years' Presidential tenure, saw many office seekers, and listened not only to Senators and Representatives who had applicants to recommend, but to many other persons of importance in the Republican Party, his aim was to leave selections, as far as possible, to the several members of the Cabinet, although in each case he made a personal examination as to the fitness of those persons recommended for appointment by his Cabinet advisers. Dissatisfied Republican politicians have contended that through this method Mr. Taft made himself virtually powerless in many instances to reward men who had contributed to his nomination and election in 1908, and had thus weakened his hold as "the titular head of the Republican Party."

SIDELIGHTS ON NEW REGIME.

The Comings and Goings of the Happy and the Unhappy.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—The first official document that Postmaster General Burleson signed was one making him a Post Office Inspector and thereby entitling him to free rides on railroads. Now, wait a minute; don't throw that brick. Mr. Burleson was approving a block of appointments to the Postal Inspection Service, and did not notice until he had finished that the first one bore his own name.

Augustus Thomas, the playwright, wishes to be Minister to Belgium, and he went to see President Wilson to-day about it. Mr. Wilson did not know that he was looking for an office, and welcomed him in. When Mr. Thomas explained his desires, Mr. Wilson treated him cordially, but told the playwright it would be necessary for him to see Mr. Bryan about it. Mr. Thomas did so. He saw Mr. Bryan for quite a while, but neither will tell what happened.

Ex-Senator Obadiah Gardner of Maine is disturbed over his failure to receive the Secretaryship of Agriculture. Mr. Gardner called on the President to-day and they had a short conference. Mr. Wilson never, in any way, gave Mr. Gardner any reason to believe that he would be appointed, but various newspaper reports on the subject led the ex-Senator to feel sure he would get the place.

Frederic C. Penfield of Philadelphia called on the President to-day by appointment. Mr. Wilson has announced that he will see no candidates for office except when he invites them, and Mr. Penfield was no exception, for he was invited. Mr. Penfield is believed to be slated for Ambassador to Austria.

President Wilson is searching the various departments to find a place for Miss Salome Tarr, the eighteen-year-old girl who served in his office at Trenton as a stenographer. She hoped to be taken to the White House, but that was impossible, since no woman stenographer ever works there. She was bitterly disappointed, but feels sure that the President will yet find a berth for her.

Senator William Alden Smith of Michigan to-day presented to President Wilson the resignation of Thomas J. O'Brien, Ambassador to Italy. Mr. O'Brien is from Michigan, and requested Senator Smith to present the resignation.

"Who will succeed Ambassador O'Brien?" the Sentaor was asked as he left the White house.

"Well," he said, "I don't know; but I think it will be a Democrat."

Capt. "Bill" McDonald of Texas, who was Mr. Wilson's bodyguard after the Baltimore Convention and is counted a fearless man, showed the white feather to-day when leaving the White House after a call. As the Captain stepped out the door he spied a squad of photographers ready to snap Cabinet officers, Senators, or anybody who came within view. Capt. McDonald bolted right there and sought the shelter of the offices, where he stayed until the camera men were gone.

Joseph P. Tumulty, President Wilson's secretary, started a precedent-shattering campaign of his own to-day. Mr. Tumulty went to work at 8 o'clock. Nobody in the Government service at Washington ever heard of any one who went to work so early and the new secretary's diligence made many of the Government clerks gasp.

McCOMBS TAKES PARIS POST.

J. E. Davies, Only 35 Years Old, Declines an Ambassadorship.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—Friends of William F. McCombs of New York, Chairman of the Democratic National Committee, said to-night that he certainly would accept the Ambassadorship to France, which, as announced by President Wilson yesterday, had been offered to him after he had declined to become a member of the Cabinet. Mr. McCombs visited the President this evening. It is understood that they talked about the Ambassadorship. After the conference Mr. McCombs said that any statement should come from President Wilson. At the White House it was said that there was nothing to be given out for publication.

The Ambassadorship to Italy has been offered to Joseph E. Davies of Madison, Wis., the Secretary of the Democratic National Committee. Mr. Davies also had a talk with President Wilson at the White House this evening, and it is understood that he told the President that he felt that he could not afford to give up his law practice to accept this important office. Mr. Davies is only 35 years old, and is the youngest man to whom the high office of Ambassador has ever been offered by any President.

It is likely that Byron Newton of New York will be appointed an Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, and that W. R. Hollister of Missouri will be Assistant Secretary of War.

Abram I. Elkus is a candidate for the Solicitor Generalship, for which post Louis D. Brandeis of Massachusetts is also mentioned.

IMPORTANT NOTICE

To-morrow (Saturday) night the Want pages of THE NEW YORK TIMES will close at

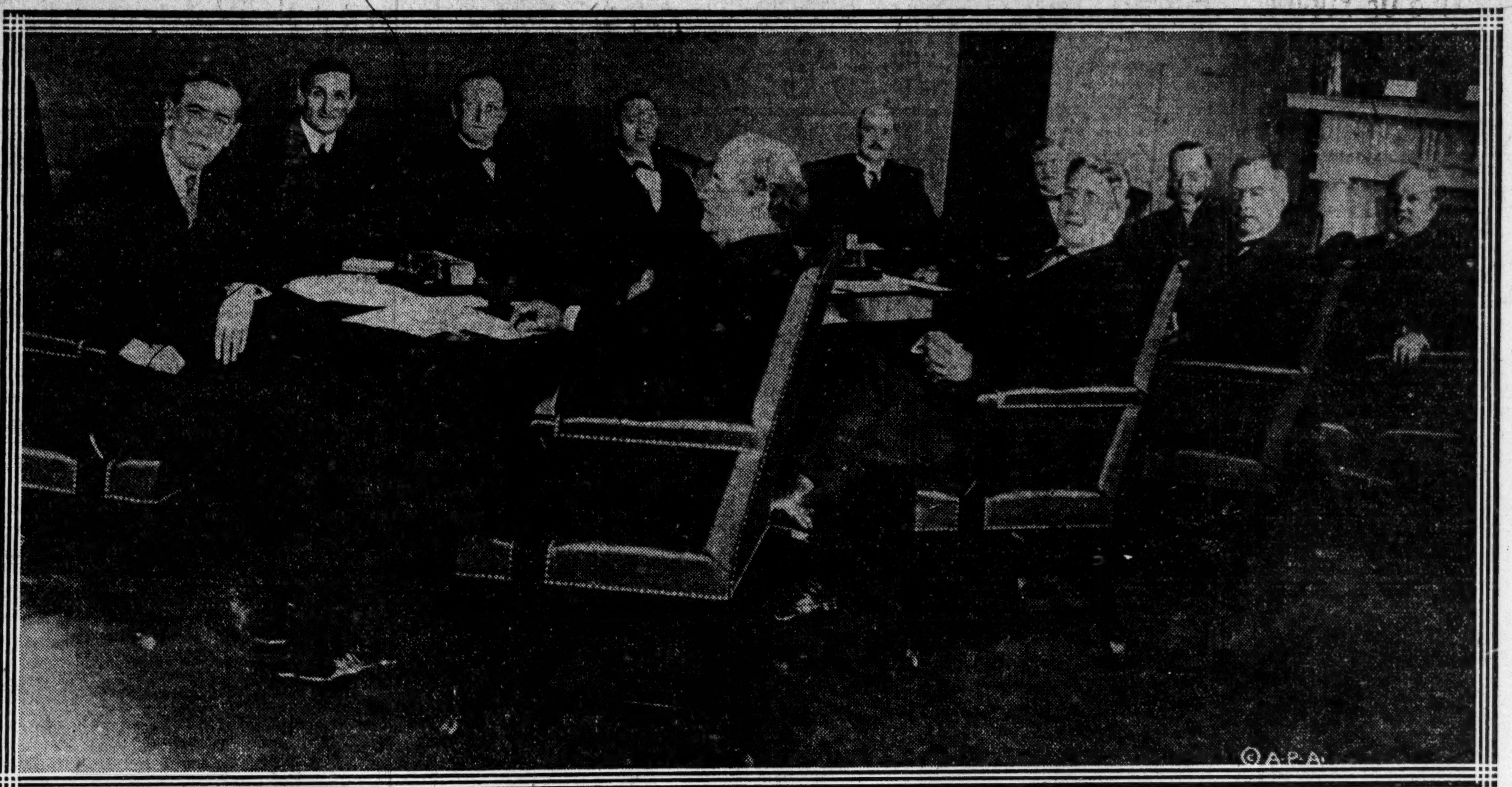
9 O'CLOCK

Please bring, send, or telephone your Want advertisement before that hour, so that you may not run the risk of having it omitted from the big Sunday edition.

The New York Times

"Only Advertisements Fit to Print."

President Wilson with His Cabinet at Its First Session.



Left to right—President Wilson; William G. McAdoo, Secretary of the Treasury; James C. McReynolds, Attorney General; Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy; David F. Houston, Secretary of Agriculture; William B. Wilson, Secretary of Labor; William C. Redfield, Secretary of Commerce; Franklin K. Lane, Secretary of the Interior; Albert S. Burleson, Postmaster General; Lindley M. Garrison, Secretary of War; William J. Bryan, Secretary of State.

NEW CABINET MEETS AMID CAMERA SQUAD

Photographers Perpetuate First Conference, Called Just "to Get Together," Says Wilson.

WORLD PEACE IS BRYAN'S AIM

Quotes Speech to Indicate His Foreign Policy—Misunderstood About Dismissing State Department Staff.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—When the members of the new Cabinet entered the White House offices this morning for their first formal gathering they faced a battery of cameras extending around two sides of the anteroom. Successive clicks and the buzzing of moving-picture machines told that the official family of the new President was going into the pictorial history of the country. When the members entered the Cabinet room they were confronted by twenty more cameras to perpetuate their first apparance at the Cabinet table. The next half hour was taken up with the arrangement of seats and the posing necessary to bring the President and the ten members of his official household into the perspective desired by the photographers.

The President and the Cabinet spent two hours at their initial conference. After the meeting President Wilson said that there was no specific matter of public business up for consideration, and that they had met "simply to get together." Mr. Wilson opened the meeting with a short salutatory greeting to his ten advisers, having met them for the first time since they had actually become Government officials.

The strained situation in Mexico and along the international boundary was not brought up, nor was the question of handling applications for office thrashed out, but simply touched upon here and there in the course of general conversation. But before the meeting ended there had been established a distinct understanding between the President and his advisers as to just what the meaning and application of the new rule were and how the President and the Cabinet were to deal with the matter. The best exposition of the team work proposed came from President Wilson himself, and it was received with expressions of satisfaction.

When the Cabinet meeting broke up the members talked enthusiastically of their first official experience around the Cabinet table.

"The thing that impressed me most," said Secretary Lane, "was the extreme modesty of the man at the head of the table. He listened with every consideration and decided without the slightest hesitation what should be done. He seems to have an administrative mind."

After the meeting Secretary of State Bryan remained with President Wilson for nearly half an hour. The other members of the Cabinet laughed good-naturedly when they came out to find that the inevitable camera squad had aligned itself outside the entrance of the Executive office building. When Mr. Bryan came from the President's office and was asked what the Cabinet had talked about, he said that he thought any statement on the subject should come from the President himself. To the question whether he or the President would have the major part in filling diplomatic appointments, Mr. Bryan replied: "I think it would be better for the announcement of all such policies to be made by Mr. Wilson."

Secretary Bryan's office was the scene of a continual reception from morning until long after the close of the business day. Prominent Democrats from all parts of the country kept coming, and it was decided to keep open house and welcome all comers. Many State delegations in Congress called to pay their respects, and no one would admit on coming out that a word had been said about appointments to office. Among Mr. Bryan's callers was ex-Gov. Benton McMillin of Tennessee, who served in Congress twenty years or more ago with Mr. Bryan.

Indicates Foreign Policy

Having said yesterday that he would to-day have an announcement to make, Mr. Bryan met the members of the press at 4 o'clock and told them that inasmuch as there had been discussion of the policy of the Administration as to foreign relations, and there was just at this time a distinct expectation that the Administration would declare its position, he had decided to call attention to a speech made by him at Indianapolis Aug. 8, 1900.

"I do not care to speak of our foreign relations or of our Nation's position in relation to any particular nation or question," said Mr. Bryan to the newspaper men. "But my views on our National position are expressed in the closing words of the speech. The words to which I refer show that I am in hearty accord with President Wilson in his desire to promote international peace and good will."

The Indianapolis speech was made in the course of Mr. Bryan's second campaign for the office of President, and when he was endeavoring to stimulate a protest against militarism. The Spanish war had been fought, the Philippines were American, and the United States had become a world power, with a certainty that the navy and the army must thereafter be kept at a higher strength than ever before. The closing passage of his Indianapolis speech was:

> Behold a Republic in which civil and religious liberty stimulates all to earnest endeavor, and in which the law restrains every hand uplifted for a neighbor's injury—a Republic in which every citizen is a sovereign, but in which no one cares or dares to wear a crown! Behold a Republic standing erect while empires all around are bowed beneath the weight of their own armaments—a Republic whose flag is loved while other flags are only feared! Behonld a Republic increasing in population, in wealth, in strength, and in influence, solving the problems of civilization and hastening the coming of an universal brotherhood—a Republic which shakes thrones and dissolves aristocracies by its silent example, and gives light and inspiration to those who sit in darkness! Behold a Republic gradually but surely becoming the supreme moral factor in the world's progress, and the accepted arbiter of the world's disputes—a Republic whose history, like the path of the just, "is as the shining light that shineth more and more unto the perfect day!"

The citation of the Indianapolis speech had been deliberately thought out, having been in Mr. Bryan's mind for two days. It came expressly in response to requests for some pronouncement as to the attitude of the Administration in regard to Mexico, the protection of American interests there and the possibility of intervention.

The Secretary of State also took occasion to explain expressions in his remarks to the State Department secretaries and bureau chiefs yesterday about his tenure and theirs. The passage was a puzzle apparently to all who read it. Mr. Bryan said it was simply a mishap in his effort to be slightly humorous in the middle of what should have been an entirely serious speech. At the time he had not been nominated or confirmed as Secretary of State, and he jocosely compared his official condition with that of the officials of the department. "In fact," observed Col. Bryan, "the remark had no occult meaning whatever. Some of the officials are under the civil service and some are not. There was an uncertainty of tenure, and my own just then being undertermined, I made the comparison."

Secretary Bryan announced the appointment of Manton Marble Wyvell as his confidential secretary. Mr. Wyvell was defeated for Congress last Fall in the new Forty-third New York District. Benjamin T. Davis, who was Mr. Bryan's stenographer when he was in Congress, and who has for many years been a clerk in the office of the Adjutant General, has been selected as his private secretary.

CABINET MEMBERS SWORN.

McReynolds, Houston, and McAdoo Take Oath of Office

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—Three members of the new Cabinet who did not qualify yesterday to enter on their official tasks were installed in office this morning. They were James C. McReynolds of Tennessee, as Attorney General; David Franklin Houston of Missouri, as Secretary of Agriculture, and William Gibbs McAdoo of New York, as Secretary of the Treasury.

Mr. McAdoo was sworn in at 10:35 o'clock. Associate Justice Hughes administered the oath. The retiring Secretary, Franklin MacVeagh, Senator Saulsbury of Deleware, and various officials of the department were witnesses of the ceremony. Mr. McAdoo was accompanied by William J. Martin, who was his Secretary in New York. His first official act was to appoint Mr. Martin to a similar position in the department.

Mr. Houston was sworn in at the Department of Agriculture by A. A. Ormsby a clerk there. Ex-Secretary James Wilson, who has held the office for sixteen years, ex-Gov. Folk of Missouri, and ex-Gov. David R. Francis National Committeeman from Missouri, were present.

Mr. McReynolds was sworn in at the Department of Justice by Justice Robb of the District of Columbia Supreme Court. Various Assistant Attorney Generals saw the ceremony. Attorney General McReynolds retained Frank Cole, who has been private secretary to Attorney General Wickersham, Mr. Cole's reappointment being his first official act.

In the Navy Department, Secretary Daniels issued a general order that all announcements in regard to the business of the department were to be made by himself. In consequence, when the Secretary met the newspaper men late in the day he had a large armful of manifolded items, many of them of ordinary importance, and such as had been hitherto posted on bulletin boards by clerks and messengers.

Secretary Lane of the Interior Department busied himself in a study of the work of his department, and, to the surprise of everybody, took up the long abandoned matter of appointing a successor to Gov. Walter F. Frear of Hawaii, whose term of office expired two years ago. By appointment he saw Gilbert G. Waller, who is the Democratic National Committeeman from Hawaii and a candidate for Governor. Mr. Waller saw the President yesterday and his appointment to the office is regarded as probable. He is apposed by L. L. McCandless, who is a politician of no inconsiderable influence in Hawaii, but who is objected to by the better element of the islands.

ELECT SEVEN PROGRESSIVES.

Only Two Conservatives on Senate's New Steering Committee.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—Once again the Progressives among the Democrats of the new Senate displayed their strength when they elected to-day, seven of their number as members of the new "Steering Committee" to command their party in the upper branch of Congress. Only two of the nine members of the Committee chosen to-day are conservatives. They are Senators Thomas S. Martin of Virginia and James P. Clark of Arkansas, both members of the "old guard."

The seven Progressive members of the Committee chosen are John W. Kern of Indiana, Chairman ex-officio; George E. Chamberlain of Oregon; Robert L. Owen, of Oklahoma; James A. O'Gorman, of New York; Hoke Smith, of Georgia; Luke Lea, of Tennessee, and Alva Thomas, of Colorado. They are practically all Bryan Democrats and in sympathy with the views of President Wilson.

This Steering Committee will also act as the "Committee on Committees," which will arrange the Committee assignments of the Democrats of the new Senate. A patronage committee of five will take charge of the distribution of patronage around the Senate for the Democratic members. It was said during the caucus that each Democratic Senator will receive about $4,000 worth of Senate patronage. Several resolutions were considered by the caucus with reference to the manner in which the committee assignments will be made. There was some discussion of the subject of seniority rule, the abolition of which some of the new members and radicals are urging. No decision was reached in the discussion. It was understood after the caucus that most of the claims of Senators under the seniority rule would be respected except where it might be necessary to break the rule in order to give the Progressive Democrats control of committees. The Progressives are determined to control all of the committees.

Another caucus of Democratic Senators will be held to-morrow to select the Democratic nominees for Secretary and Sergeant at Arms of the Senate, offices now filled by Republicans. It is understood the Sergeant at Arms will be chosen first. The candidates are Charles P. Higgins of St. Louis, James W. Keller of New York, and John I. Martin of Missouri, Sergeant at Arms of the Democratic National Committee.

The race, it is understood, will be be-between Higgins and Keller. Higgins's election is urged by Senator Stone, while Senator O'Gorman is sponsor for Keller. Since Senator Stone and his colleague from Missouri, Senator Reed, are both working very actively for Higgins, and neither of the Missouri Senators is backing Martin, he is considered out of the race.

There are four candidates for election as Secretary of the Senate in place of Charles G. Bennett of New York, the present incumbent. They are: Robert M. Gates of Tennessee, for whom Senator John Sharp Williams is making an active fight; James M. Baker of South Carolina, a protégé of Senator Benjamin R. Tillman, who is his most vigorous supporter; James C. Spriggs of New Jersey, who is Senator Martine's candidate, and Joseph R. Wilson of Tennessee, a brother of President Wilson. Luke Lea is actively pushing the Wilson candidacy. The race is a lively one. Mr. Gates and Mr. Baker seem to be the leaders in the contest.

WILSON KEEPS WOOD AND ADEE

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—President Wilson, Secretary Bryan, and Secretary Garrison have begun their official careers by announcing the retention of two efficient servants of the Government.

One is Major Gen. Leonard Wood, Chief of Staff of the army, and the other is Alvey A. Adee, Second Assistant Secretary of State.

Secretary Garrison to-day ordered Major Gen. Leonard Wood to continue under his original designation as Chief of Staff until further orders. His purpose is to enable President Wilson to have time to consider the question of a permanent designation.

Mr. Adee is the man who really runs the State Department, so far as its machinery goes. Secretaries go and come, but Mr. Adee goes on forever. The reason is that he is as nearly indispensable as a man can be.

PATRONAGE PLAN HITS SULZER'S LEADERSHIP

Governor Is Told It Is O'Gorman's Privilege, Not His, to Indorse Appointments.

CONGRESSMEN HAVE A SAY

Each Will Choose Applicants for Postal Jobs in His District for Senator's Approval.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—When Gov. Sulzer announced in Albany that he would be the leader of the Democratic Party in New York State nothing was forthcoming from such prominent party men as Senator James A. O'Gorman and Charles F. Murphy, who had some carefully concealed news on the subject. At the conference held late last night at the Shoreham Hotel here between the Governor, Senator O'Gorman, Mr. Murphy, John H. McCooey, William M. Fitzpatrick, and Secretary Thomas F. Smith of Tammany Hall, Mr. Sulzer's claim to State leadership was not determined, but it was distinctly understood by the Governor when the conference ended that his prominence in the party would not give him the right to deal directly with President Wilson in connection with the distribution of patronage in New York State.

While the gathering at the Shoreham lasted several hours, the business that brought Gov. Sulzer, Senator O'Gorman, Mr. Murphy and the others together was disposed of in about thirty minutes. It was made known to the Governor that his fellow Democrats present were aware that he had been signing the petitions of New York applicants for Federal offices and forwarding these petitions direct to President Wilson. Apparently Senator O'Gorman did not like this. According to practice and precedent such petitions should be presented by a United States Senator. Mr. Murphy was supposed to have found the Governor's attitude equally objectionable, as it carried with it the assumption that in the distribution of Federal patronage Gov. Sulzer wished to be regarded as independent of the State organization.

There was nothing to show to-day that the conference was anything but amiable. Senator O'Gorman and Mr. Murphy gained their point at the end of a very brief discussion, and Mr. Sulzer is credited with having given a promise to be good in the display of his claimed leadership, at least in its reference to Federal patronage.

Hereafter, according to the agreement reached, all applications for Post Office appointments in New York State will be passed on by Democratic Congressmen or Democratic State Committeemen, and then recommendations will be forwarded to Senator O'Gorman for presentation to Postmaster General Burleson.

The plan arranged was this: In every Congressional district represented by a Democrat, that representative will choose from among the applicants for a Post Office appointment in his district the person whom he thinks should get the position, and will forward his recommendation to Senator O'Gorman, who will indorse it unless there should appear to be some good reason why the person selected should not be appointed. In Congressional districts represented by Republicans the Democratic State Committeemen from that district will make the recommendations and forward them to Senator O'Gorman. Each Committeeman will have the right to choose the postmaster of every Post Office within his jurisdiction. Of course, Senator O'Gorman and Democratic Congressmen will have to agree on the distribution of Post Office patronage in the big cities in the State represented by more than one member of Congress, but this was agreed to at last night's conference without any trouble anywhere.

When Senator O'Gorman, Mr. Murphy, Mr. McCooey, Mr. Fitzpatrick, and Mr. Smith got through with the business of making the Governor see that leadership had its limitations, and that a United States Senator was a greater man in some instances than a Governor, they sat around for a couple of hours longer talking and chatting and trying to avoid any serious discussion. Then Gov. Sulzer had to hurry away to catch an early morning train for New York, and the conference adjourned. Mr. Murphy, Mr. McCooey, and Mr. Smith went home to-night.

SULZER-TAMMANY ROW LIKELY.

O'Gorman's Distribution of Patronage May Have This Sequel.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 6.—When Gov. Sulzer returned to the State Capitol to-day from his trip to Washington, where he attended the inauguration of President Woodrow Wilson, he was asked whether his talk with the President there had finally determined whether he or somebody else was to be the dispenser of Federal patronage in the State of New York during the Wilson Administration.

"That's a very interesting question, isn't it?" the Governor replied. "But I will not say anything about it just now."

The decision reached regarding the dispensing of patronage will mean much to the Governor, for just now every indication points to the fact that if he has any intention of steering the independent course he has proclaimed he would, he will have a fight with Tammany Leader Murphy on his hands before many days.

Senator O'Gorman apparently is to have the distributhion of the Federal plums. There will be an unusually large crop of these with the change of party control at Washington. With the Senator dispensing them, it is generally conceded that Tammany will get all that is coming to it when the patronage is given out.

"Would you care to say anything about the conference in Senator O'Gorman's apartments in Washington?" Gov. Sulzer was asked.

"The talk we had was of little moment, and I was there for only a brief time," he answered. "I had to catch a train for New York."

"Did you discuss Federal patronage at all?"

"There was some talk about that," he replied, "but not to any great extent. I spoke up in favor of a few friends myself, and I think they will all get their jobs, too." This last sentence was spoken with considerable emphasis.

The Governor was asked regarding his visit to President Wilson

"I had a very pleasant talk with him," the Governor replied. "It is a very old rule with me never to repeat what the President tells me or what I tell the President, so, of course, I cannot discuss this matter any further."

In making Senator O'Gorman the dispenser of Federal patronage in this State President Wilson is following a well-established precedent. Senator O'Gorman, besides, is a stanch Wilson man. He was the pioneer among the New York delegates in the Wilson movement. Gov. Sulzer, who was also a delegate to the Baltimore Convention, managed to keep any enthusiasm he might have felt for the nomination of Mr. Wilson well within bounds until Tammany Leader Murphy gave the signal for a switch and tardily swung the New York delegation in line when the nomination of President Wilson was a foregone conclusion.

MURPHY SEES WILSON TO-DAY

Has Been Holding Conference on Patronage with Leaders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—Charles F. Murphy was to have left Washington to-day for New York at 3 o'clock. He postponed his departure until to-morrow. The reason is that he has been holding an important conference with a number of leaders about the disposition of patronage in New York. No decision has been arrived at.

Mr. Murphy will be received by President Wilson to-morrow.

WHITE HOUSE BABIES HAPPY.

Little Miss Cothran and Her Cousin Charmed by the Executive Mansion.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—For the first time in years childish prattle and laughter were heard in the White House to-day. The baby daughter of Mrs. Perin Cothran, the President's niece, and the little daughter of Mrs. J. Wilson Howe, another niece of the President, have taken possession of the long terrace opening off the East Room and of the Executive Mansion apartments to their liking.

The Cothran baby still is in the perambulator stage. She is fascinated by the glitter of the huge chandelier in the East Room and is entirely satisfied when she can lie in the Nation's greatest State chamber on her back and gaze with cheer on the wonder above her.

TO REDUCE MILITARY AIDS.

Gold Lace Likely to be Less Visible at the White House.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—There will be a marked reduction in the amount of gold lace visible around the White House during the administration of President Wilson, if he carries out his plan to reduce the number of military aids.

It became known to-day that Major Thomas L. Rhodes, who was military aid and medical adviser to President Taft, had recommended that the present detachment of twelve officers of the army, navy, and marine corps be cut in half. Furthermore, President Wilson probably will dispense with the presence of a uniformed aid in his travels about the country.

The present system of a personal military staff at the White House was created by President Roosevelt and continued by President Taft.

Urge Mack for Ambassadorship.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—Several members of the Democratic National Committee are urging President Wilson to appoint Norman E. Mack of Buffalo, N. Y., Ambassador to Austria. Mr. Mack is a candidate for the Ambassadorship and enjoys the friendship of Secretary of State Bryan.

Non-Partisan Tribute to Wilson.

HARRISBURG, Penn., March 6.—The lower House of the Pennsylvania Legislature to-day unanimously adopted a resolution of congratulation to President Wilson, bidding him "God speed in carrying out the important items which he pledged both directly and by inference in his inaugural address." The resolution was presented by a member of the Progressive Party.

Wilson Inaugural Cost $73,000.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—The Wilson inaugural cost approximately $73,000. The expenditures of the Citizens' Inaugural Committee amounted to $48,000, while the receipts from all sources were approximately $34,000. The deficit will be made up from the guarantee fund subscribed in Washington. The joint Congressional Inaugural Committee spent about $25,000, appropriated by Congress.

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CALLS SUFFRAGISTS ELECTION CHEATS

Ballot Box Stuffing Common in Colorado, Says Mrs. A. H. Parker.

POLICE HANDLE REPEATERS

Victims of Social Evil Vote in Their Interest, She Tells Audience of Antis in Berkeley Theatre.

The suffragist as a stuffer of the ballot box and a willing reviser of the Bible, because women do not appear to have a position in the first rank of the angels, was a picture drawn last evening by Mrs. A. H. Parker of Dover, Mass., one of the speakers at the anti-suffragist meeting held in the Berkeley Theatre in West Forty-fourth Street. The meeting was held under the auspices of the New York State Association Opposed to Woman Suffrage. The other principal incidents of the evening were furnished by Eleanor Ervin, a member of the Women's Political Union, who asked questions. After it was over she distributed suffrage literature in the lobby, ignoring the suggestion of the antis that it was in bad taste.

Miss Alice Hill Chittenden presided. Mrs. Parker told of some of the unproved statements made by suffragists from their platform.

"Give us an example," shouted a voice from the audience.

Mrs. Parker said that a suffragist speaker had told of the saloon men having raised a fund to defeat woman's suffrage.

"Mrs. Pankhurst and Mr. Eastman appeal to the emotions," Mrs. Parker said. "They are not bound by facts. In Denver the prostitutes vote once for women and then two or three times more. Their vote is a recognized perquisite of the Police Department."

Mrs. Parker told of officials who had to resign because of ballot box stuffing.

"The women proudly boasted of stuffing the boxes, she said. "They said that the officials for whom they voted were the proper ones to be elected, and so they had stuffed the boxes.

"Women who cry out regarding 'lack of opportunity' lack something else. Women have mismanaged their own affairs, so why give them others to manage. It is sex antagonism that influences the suffragettes of England. I would hate to see it gain ground in this country.

"Women want to revise the Bible, for God is a man, the Saviour is a man, and the angels are men. When women repudiate God and repudiate their families, what is there to work for but themselves."

Everett P. Wheeler spoke on the "Preservation of the Home," and said this country was face to face with two opposite ideals. One the one side the mother and the home, and on the other "woman seeking to take the place man has occupied; disputing with men for public offices; contending with man for mastery; withdrawing from home; parading the streets, and shouting in the market place."

"It is the status of the women in America under our existing system that more than anything else has made this country what it is," said Mr. Wheeler. "You see here the development of those civilizing forces which have been at work for thousands of years. You find here on the one hand that the man, the father, is the bread winner, who cares for his family, and as part of this duty elects the officers who are to perform the duties of Government. On the other hand you see mothers bearing children and bringing them up. To deprive the little child of this care and nurture is to rob the child of its dearest heritage, the heritage for which men in all the generations have struggled, prayed and toiled.

"It is upon mothers that the whole burden of future America rests, more than upon Legislatures.

"Nothing shows more clearly the failure of the suffragists, to realize the facts of the case than their favorite argument, that it is no burden to spend a few minutes putting a piece of paper in a box. If this is all they want let them set up boxes of their own and have a play election once a year.

"But, in fact, the agitation they promote, if it means anything at all, means they want a full share in civil government If this object was attained it needs no prophet to predict that it would destroy the peace of families and that in the end it would destroy the country and the race.

"The woman of to-day has open to her the door of opportunity for every field of useful activity. Men have conceded this to reason. But the suffragist leaders are not satisfied. One of them, Inez Milholland, tells us that the suffrage is only a small part of their demand. They want a social revolution. The whole relation of husband and wife is to be reconstructed. Miss Harraden said that women did very well without marriage. Their English organ, The Free Woman, says that permanent marriage is a mistake.

At the close of the meeting anti-suffrage pictures and inscriptions were thrown upon a screen at the rear of the stage.

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CRITICS OF POLICE 'PETTY,' SAYS MAYOR

Political Ambition Back of Attacks on Department, He Tells Staten Islanders.

BIGGEST PROBLEMS SOLVED

He Asserts That His Administration Has Settled the Greatest Questions in the City's History.

In the course of an address which was in the nature of a valedictory upon the approaching conclusion of his term of office, Mayor Gaynor, before the Staten Island Chamber of Commerce last night defended his administration as "one which has solved the greatest problems in the history of the city" and renewed his attacks upon William R. Hearst and the two Pulitzers. Incidentally the Mayor warmly defended the policies of the present police administration and bitterly attacked "the little aspirants for public office and petty political schemers, who seek to make capital for themselves by exploiting alleged scandals and detracting from the reputation of the police force as a body."

The occasion was the Chamber's annual dinner.

The Mayor was in fine fettle and spoke for more than an hour and a half. He discarded his familar phrases of denunciation, such as "rag-bag newspapers" and "scurrilous scoundrels," and coined some new expressions which evoked from his audience hearty roars of laughter and enthusiastic applause. After defending the Subway contracts as the final solution of the greatest undertaking on hand in the civilized world to-day, he assured his hearers that he was not perturbed at newspaper criticisms on his own account, but "because of the young fellows associated with me on the Board of Estimate and Apportionment."

He Doesn't Mind Attacks.

"For myself," asserted the Mayor, "I have been knocked on the head so long that it makes no difference to me. I am in the position of a big chap of whom I once heard whose little, undersized wife was constantly abusing him. She used to beat him over the head, pull his hair, and scratch his face. A neighbor asked him one day, 'Why do you stand it?' He replied, 'Why, it don't hurt me and it amuses Mary Ann.' That is the position that I am in so far as Mary Ann Hearst and the two little Junior Mary Anns—the poor little Pulitzers—are concerned. Their attacks have grieved me because of these sincere young men with their futures yet to be decided who are associated with me, because I know how zealously they have labored and how hard they have worked for the public welfare in regard to these Subway contracts. Now for their reward they are confronted with big headlines 'The Subway Steal.'

"A few weeks ago the members of the Board of Estimate and the Public Service Commission were thrown into a state of nervous tension through the appointment of a new Chairman of the Public Service Commission, Mr. McCall. His appointment was a surprise to me, and none of us knew just what his attitude would be in regard to the contracts. However, I did not even approach him on the subject. I had known him for a great many years, and I was confident that he would not decide without reviewing the work which we had been doing for three years. Hearst or no Hearst, Pulitzers or no Pulitzers."

Left Clear Subway Path.

The Mayor said that the path left by the officials, who for three years had been dealing with the subway question, was so clear that it would have been impossible for an able and conscientious official to find fault with the work which had been accomplished. He declared that the work of the Board of Estimate had started in turmoil and dissension but that discussion and consideration had led to "final accord with one exception."

"To read an editorial by Hearst or his poor little tools—the two little Pulitzers—one would think that these contracts were drawn over night or could be disposed of like one would eat a cooky. Those men are scoundrels—that is all that I can say for them. It is the proper name for them. The contracts comprise a book six inches thick. They mark the beginning of the largest work on foot in the world not excepting the Panama Canal. The engineering difficulties and the legal difficulties to be overcome were greater than anything which I have ever encountered in my life."

"There have been other large questions before this administration. In fact, no administration has ever had so many big questions. There are some rascals who would make it appear that I am always thinking about Commissioner Waldo. That is the very least of my worries. Little aspirants for public office and petty political crooks would like to magnify the police problem. I have never magnified it.

"For the past twenty-five years there have been police graft and corruption in this city and public officers have gone out of power, millionaires. Some of these men have had the audacity to go before the Curran Investigating Committee or the Wagner Investigating Committee, or their friends, so-called reformers have gone before the committees for them. It has been said that if we only had such a man or So-and-so at the head of the police force things would be all right, and in each instance the men named have been notorious grafters and corruptionists."

No Graft in Brooklyn.

"Do you ever reflect what the police force is, of what it consists? It includes 10,000 sterling men. They are doing fixed post duty or patrol duty here in Staten Island where I am sure there is no graft or in my home borough of Brooklyn where there is no graft, or in Queens or in the Bronx. There are unfortunately a few inspection districts in Manhattan where the gamblers, the vicious and evil members of the community resort. These people are police corruptionists by nature and by the nature of their calling. Who is it who has made all of these disclosures?

"You remember that they began with Rosenthal, a man who in two years had established twelve gambling houses in the city and had every one of them closed by the police. When the twelfth one was closed he began to complain because he had paid for protection, but he didn't get it. Of course, he didn't get it, because, in spite of individual corrupt police officials, through the evolution of the department Commissioner Waldo wouldn't let him get it.

"Take the case of Sipp. This fellow conducted a house of infamy, so infamous that I wouldn't begin to describe the things that were done there in the presence of real men. He had paid for protection and he didn't get it, so he made certain disclosures. I do not say that these disclosures were not true: they probably are true. We expected such a course of events when we began to close up such fellows and their resorts. There are not on the force to-day any Deverys. We have no Byrnes, no Killilea, no Williams with their country houses, automobiles, yachts, cottages, stocks or investments. Those conditions are a thing of the past."

Praise for Willcox's Skill.

In reviewing the work of his administration, Mayor Gaynor declared that he and his associates, with the assistance of Chairman Willcox of the Public Service Commission, had substituted a five-borough route for the tri-borough route, and had insured transit facilities to 5,500,000 people, and he paid a tribute to Mr. Willcox because of the manner in which the latter had surmounted difficulties.

"There was one member of the Public Service Commission," said the Mayor, "who was always going to vote with Mr. Willcox until the roll was called, and there was another who didn't know how he was going to vote, and I doubt if he knew why he voted, and it has always been a puzzle to me why he was ever given the power of voting at all."

The Mayor continued by telling his hearers of the work which had been done for Richmond by making it possible for those who traveled by the Municipal Ferry from Staten Island to be transferred to the surface lines uptown, and he expressed the conviction that similar concessions would be granted later by the elevated routes from South Ferry. He explained that the railroads would share with the city in the single 5-cent fare paid on the ferry

"This will throw a heavier deficit upon the city in the operation of the Municipal Ferry," he said, "and that deficit now amounts to more than $1,000 daily. Last year it amounted to $400,000."

The Mayor added that he could not bring himself to believe that the ferries could be regarded quite in the same light as a public highway from one borough to another, but said that in certain respects the question of ferries was analagous to the question of bridges. He said that the removal of tolls on the Brooklyn Bridge had brought about a deficit to the city in that department as great as the operation of the municipal ferry to Staten Island now causes.

"When four years ago I spoke in this borough with your Borough President, Mr. Cromwell, and pledged you better transit facilities you thought that I was looking for votes; that I was windjamming. As a matter of fact, I did not care whether or not I was elected, and as I look back upon it I would rather have taken a trip around the world than to have been elected.

"Thus looking back upon my administration I feel only a deep satisfaction and happiness with the work which has been accomplished. I will never regret anything which I have done and it will be a source of pride to me in the future. It has been a joy to work with such associates as Borough President McAneny, Mr. Cromwell, Mr. Steers, Controller Prendergast, and the rest of my fellow-members of the Board of Estimate. They have been sincere and conscientious in every particular.

The other speakers included Borough Presidents Cromwell and McAneny, Chairman McCall, and Assemblyman Ralph McKee of St. George.

HIRES GOVERNMENT MEN.

United States Express Gets Ready to Compete with Parcel Post.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—George G. Thomson, chief clerk of the Post Office department, who did much of the executive work of organizing the parcel post, resigned to-day to become general purchasing agent of the United States Express Company.

Charles A. Lutz, chief examiner of carriers' accounts for the Inter-State Commerce Commission, resigned to become comptroller of the same company. Their employment is part of a plan, it was said, for a general reorganization of the executive staff of the express company. Other companies are said to be planning similar changes to meet the new requirements which will be imposed as a result of the Inter-State Commerce Commission's recent investigation of their rates and practices.

A vacancy in the Presidency of the United States Express Company of long duration was filled on Jan. 1 by the election of D. I. Roberts, formerly with the Erie Railroad, and later with the Delaware and Hudson. The new President at once set about the building up of a new organization and engaged Messrs. Thomson and Lutz as a part of his plan to make the United States Express Company a competitor of the parcel post.

MANY BRYN MAWR WEDDINGS.

More Than Half the Recent Graduates Become Wives of Professional Men.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, March 6.—Statistics recently compiled by Dean Maddison of Bryn Mawr show that last year the percentage of marriages of graduates of the college increased from 28.4 to 38.3 per cent.

The statistics also show that of 392 young women who have been graduated in recent years more than 200 have selected professional men for their husbands.

Indiana Makes Wabash State Song.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 6.—"On the Banks of the Wabash" will be Indiana's official song if a bill passed by the House yesterday and previously approved by the Senate is signed by Gov. Ralston. During the reading of the bill yesterday the Legislators sang the chorus of the song.

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STAG
FOR PIPE AND CIGARETTE

TO CONCENTRATE ON TARIFF.

House Leaders Hope to Make That Single Issue of Special Session.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—President Wilson was strongly urged by House leaders to-day to use his influence in support of a plan to confine Congress at the special session called for April 1 to the enactment of tariff legislation and the passage of the two appropriation bills which failed in the closing days of the last Congress.

The House leaders wish to pass the tariff bills as quickly as possible, send them to the Senate, and then, instead of taking up other legislation, such as currency reform, have the House adjourn for periods of three days at a time. Their object in this, it is said, is to have the Senate the only body doing business, so that the eyes of the Nation may be focused upon it, and public attention may not be diverted to other subjects.

In the opinion of some House leaders such a plan would enable President Wilson and the Democrats in the Senate, through their own power and the force of public opinion to get such tariff legislation as the Democratic platform has declared to be necessary.

Those callers who talked with the President about the plan of the House leaders said they believed he had not made up his mind, but thought he considered currency legislation and anti-trust legislation important subjects which should not be delayed. Some of them said, however, that Mr. Wilson realized that in dealing with these subjects the intricacies of the Legislative situation were to be considered.

DIVIDED ON SCOTT CASE.

Commissioners Can't Agree to Recommend His Removal.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 6.—Unless there is an eleventh-hour change of front on the part of the Governor's Commission of Inquiry that body will not recommend the removal of Col. Joseph F. Scott as State Superintendent of Prisons The Governor has asked his Commissioners to have their report on the Prison Department ready for him to-morrow.

In connection with this there is said to be a sharp division among the three Commissioners. John N. Carlisle, the Chairman, is said to favor a recommendation to the Governor to have charges preferred against Col. Scott. John H. Delaney is said to be on the fence, and H. Gordon Lynn to be of the opinion that the commission has no case against the Superintendent.

Regardless of what final determination may be made with regard to recommending charges against the Colonel, the commission's report will contain a review of certain facts brought out in the testimony, on which the Governor will be asked to form his own conclusions. As the Governor has the power to remove Col. Scott, should he see fit, at least two members of the Inquiry Commission believe that he ought to assume the full responsibility.

The commission will urge that C. Gordon Reel, State Superintendent of Highways, be replaced when the reorganization of the Highway Department has been authorized by the Legislature.

REV. A. TRAGER DIES AT 105.

"Loved" Coffee and Was an Inveterate Smoker—Never Wore Glasses.

With a record, it is said, of not having missed his vote in either municipal or National elections since coming to this country in the middle of the last century, the Rev. Abraham Trager died yesterday of old age in Columbia, S. C., 105 years old. A great fondness for coffee and tobacco failed to keep him from passing the century mark. Relatives say that the old man "loved" coffee and was an inveterate smoker, and "he never wore a pair of glasses in his life."

The Rev. Mr. Trager was born in Wilna, Russia, in 1808, and came to this country in 1857, remaining in New York City until 1863. At the close of the latter year he purchased a small plantation on the outskirts of Columbia, S. C., upon which he lived until 1899. From that time until a few months ago the aged preacher resided in this city at the home of a daughter, Mrs. Moses Carfunkel. He was interested in politics throughout the years of his residence in America. He founded in 1860 Beth Hamedrash Hagodol, at 60 Norfolk Street, this city, one of the largest Jewish worship houses in the country, in which he preached at the age of 100. For the last fourteen years he had been an incessant reader of the Talmud, the Hebrew book of knowledge. Among relatives who survive him are fifteen grandchildren and twenty-six great grandchildren, all of whom live in New York.

Champ Clark Is 62 To-day.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—Champ Clark, Speaker of the House of Representatives, will celebrate his sixty-second birthday anniversary to-morrow, and is receiving numerous congratulatory telegrams. He also received a portrait of himself from his friends in the House and Senate to-day. It was painted by W. D. Murphy, a New York artist.

Suspends Grain Rate Advance.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—A 30 per cent. advance in freight rates on grain and grain products proposed by the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railway from Chicago, St. Louis and Mississippi River rate territory to Oklahoma and the Southwest, was suspended to-day by the Inter-State Commerce Commission until July 5.

ASSERTS MADERO WAS SHOT IN CELL

Continued from Page 1.

night that the troops standing by the Acting Governor could control the Indians, provided the Federal forces did not enter the State. Representatives of business interests here have asked the central Government either to send a large force of both Indians and troops or to withdraw all the national soldiers, leaving the State to take care of its difficulties.

Edward W. Ryan and Harry Berliner, who were messengers of the American Embassy during the bombardment in the streets of the capital, received watches from Ambassador Wilson to-day, inscribed with their names and the words, "Valor, Fidelity, Prudence." Both men are from New York City.

It became known to-day that the United States Embassy took a large part in settling the trouble here after the arrest of President Madero. Ambassador Wilson sent for Gen. Felix Diaz and Gen. Victoriano Huerta to confer with him in the American Embassy in regard to a cessation of hostilities. The Mexican Generals, attended by large staffs, went to the embassy and conferred for five hours. Diaz and Huerta finally agreed to act unitedly for the establishment of a constitutional government. A copy of their agreement to that effect was filed in the embassy.

Francisco de la Barra accepted formally to-day a nomination for the Vice Presidency. In announcing his acceptance he expressed the opinion that the office should be abolished, as its existence had caused enough trouble. Señor de la Barra said he believed the best way would be to return to the former policy of permitting the Chief Justice to succeed to the office of President.

It was stated to-day that the extradition of Francisco Villa would be asked by the Mexican Government. There was no indication that any attempt would be made to extradite the surviving Maderos as political refugees. The Huerta Administration apparently had decided that the American Government could be trusted to prevent further plotting by the Madero family.

Luis de la Barra, brother of the Minister of Foreign Relations, left the capital to-day for London to assume the post of financial agent of the Mexican Government.

ARMY TO INVADE SONORA.

Veteran General Leads 10,000—2,000 More to Fight Carranza.

MEXICO CITY, March 6.—Ten thousand seasoned troops are to be placed under the command of Brig. Gen. Samuel Garcia Cuellar, the former chief of President Porfirio Diaz's staff and hero of the battle of Casas Grandes early in the Madero revolution, who has been ordered to move against the rebels in the north at an early date. Two thousand men in addition to those already dispatched are preparing to proceed to Coahuila to give combat to the rebels under Venustiano Carranza, the rebel Governor. According to the latest information reaching the Government, Carranza now has 3,000 men and six cannon. His forces are spread over a large area from Lampazos throughout the eastern half of Coahuila.

A detachment of Gov. Carranza's forces has taken possession of La Babia ranch, the property of Gen. Trevino, new Governor of the State of Nuevo Leon. The Government is moving troops into Monclova and Mesquite, where the main body of the Carranzistas is said to be, and daily is expecting engagements to be reported from those points.

Three hundred followers of Gov. Carranza last night occupied Lampazos, a city of 8,000 inhabitants in the northern part of the State of Nuevo Leon. Twenty rurales defending the city joined the rebels. Lampazos is on the Mexican National Railroad seventy miles southwest of Laredo, Texas.

A force of rebels commanded by Alberto Guajardo, a commander of Rural Guards, who revolted against the Huerta administration in the State of Coahuila, was routed with heavy loss by Federal troops yesterday near Parras, in that State. The battle occurred when the rebels attacked a repair train which was proceeding from Torreon to Saltillo, the State capital, under the escort of a strong body of troops belonging to the army of Gen. Trucy Aubert. The Federal troops detrained. They repulsed the rebels after a very sharp fight.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—Col. Carranza, who is reported to be attempting to extort money from the foreigners at Ciudad Porfirio Diaz, has seized the Mexican Custom House and is selling at less than half its value merchandise consigned to the interior of Mexico.

SONORA RUSHES WAR PLANS.

Orozco Announces Neutrality—Americans Ask Protection.

EL PASO, March 6.—With the ex-rebels of Chihuahua announcing neutrality toward the Sonora revolt, the situation in the western State to-day awaited the entrance of Federal troops. Rallying under the Constitutionalist banner and proclaiming State rights, the new rebels late to-day not only destroyed the railroad north and south of Hermosillo, but also cut all telegraph wires. That enforced the most effective news censorship from the State capital.

Following the decision of the State authorities to denounce Huerta's Government, groups of State rebels to-night threatened the posts of Agua Prieta and Nogales, on the Arizona border.

"The matter does not directly interest me," said Gen. Pascual Orozco, Jr., to-day, when news reached his camp below Juarez of the Sonora uprising against Huerta. The former rebel commander-in-chief has received no request from the Provisional President to take the field against the Sonora troops, as was reported yesterday. It was said such a request would meet refusal by almost 1,500 troops under Orozco's control.

Gen. Orozco again made clear his stand toward the Provisional Government in Mexico City, explaining he only accepted Huerta on the understanding that the land grant promises of the Madero revolution would be kept. Orozco reiterated his promise that he would keep his forces under an indefinite armistice.

It was denied by the rebel commander that any demand had been made on the Huerta party for large amounts with which to recompense the northern rebels for their struggle against Madero. If Col. Jose Cordova, Orozco's emissary to Mexico City, made such a demand, it was unauthorized, Orozco asserted.

Gen. Orozco afterward submitted his terms specifically. Ricardo Garcia Granados, the Provisional President's envoy, announced his belief they would be accepted.

Repeating his demands that the land grant promises of the first revolution be carried out at once, Orozco asked further that the Northern rebels be employed as rural police; that 5,000 pesos be given as back pay to his troops; that widows and orphans be pensioned, and that the Government pay loans obtained by the rebels for food and clothes supplied in the anti-Madero revolution.

Those demands were brought here by a courier from Orozco's camp in Ahumada. A message was received from the rebel Generals Inez Salazar and Antonio Rojas, in which they also demanded that the land grant clause be fulfilled.

Orozco has agreed to go to Mexico City to confer with Gen. Huerta and his Cabinet. He will leave Ahumada to-morrow with his father, Col. Orozco, who is here.

Americans in Fear of Shells.

GUAYMAS, Sonora, Mexico, March 6.—Grave anxiety among the 350 American residents of this seaport was aroused to-day by reports that the Federal Government was to send the gunboat Guerrero up the coast to shell the town. Urgent representations are being made to delay the United States cruiser Colorado, which arrived here Tuesday night, but is scheduled to leave to-morrow night.

Rebel State Acts Vigorously.

HERMOSILLO, Sonora, Mexico, March 6.—A rigorous censorship was installed here to-day by the Sonora State Government, which yesterday waved the banner of State rights in the face of the Huerta Government. Officials of the new régime to-day seized the railway station and telegraph offices of the Southern Pacific of Mexico and placed all outgoing news under the ban. The censorship also applies to the commercial wires.

The railway operator in Carbo, a nearby station, was told that if he permitted any more news to be transmitted he would be shot, and that if he told of the threat to shoot him he would be shot. All train service except that conducted by the State authorities is annuled.

In the night volunteers arrived in great numbers in answer to the appeal of the State Congress for men to combat any intrusion of Huerta troops.

BORDER TOWNS MENACED.

Constitutionalistas Plan to Attack Them Simultaneously.

DOUGLAS, Ariz., March 6.—A plan of the Constitutionalist rebels to attack simultaneously border towns in Sonora was reported to-day to Gen. Ojeda, commanding the Federal garrison at Agua Prieta, opposite Douglas. At once work was begun in throwing up fortifications about the border town. The Huerta soldiers in Augua Prieta number no more than 100, while the new rebels are mobilizing in large numbers in the mountains to the south.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—It became known to-day that without abating this Government's claim to the right to maintain an efficient army patrol along the Mexican border, the Wilson Administration intends to use every proper means to avoid friction with Mexicans across the line. In accord with the disposition to advise President Wilson and Secretary Bryan of the precise conditions along the border, Brig. Gen. Tasker H. Bliss, commanding the Southern Department of the army, with headquarters in Fort Sam Houston, was ordered to make a tour of inspection.

"The Poor Ye Have Always With You."

Yes, and every man, even the least charitable, pays a part of the expense occasioned by the poverty or the want of others.

The problems of Overhead Expense are, too, always with us. They are commonly the object of as little study as is the economical and efficient maintenance of the poor, although they are a matter of deep concern to every manufacturer and wholesaler.

"How to Reduce Overhead Expense" is a book that manufacturers and wholesalers will find enlightening. A copy will be mailed at the request of any responsible business man.

BUSH TERMINAL COMPANY,
General Offices, 100 Broad St.,
New York.

POLICE IDLY WATCHED ABUSE OF WOMEN

Continued from Page 1.

interference. "Most assuredly," she said. "I did not mind the ribald jests. We are used to jeers. The women marchers were insulted in the presence of policemen. I am now speaking of downright obscenity—absolutely indecent remarks. I saw policemen chatting with the crowd's front ranks. I felt like fighting, but since I was marching with my State and college colors I tried to be dignified. The police did nothing. Policemen joined with the crowds, not only in jeers, but in indecency."

Spat in Woman's Face.

Mrs. Patricia Street, a strikingly beautiful Australian woman, active in the suffrage movement, said:

"I saw a man spit a wad of tobacco squarely into the face of one woman marcher. The crowd was pressing in. That woman tried to shove the German back. Then he spat into her face. I complained to a policeman who saw it. He told me, 'There would be nothing like this if you women would all stay at home.' I struck the spitter. Then the policeman tore my coat. As young girl marchers came along I heard a policeman say: 'Here comes the chicken brigade.' When I told the policeman he would have to pay for tearing my coat he said, 'You'll have to prove I did it; my word's as good as yours.'"

Miss Verna Hertfield of this city, a 17-year-old girl, who, in a gauzy costume, sat on a float with her feet dangling over the sides, testified one man in the crowd passed his hands down her arm. Another man, she said, caught hold of her ankles, and she kicked him in the face in self-defense. She was seized by the foot so often that she had to change her position on the float to avoid such annoyance.

Mrs. Fisher, wife of the ex-Secretary of the Interior, testified that she had a 14-year-old daughter in the parade and felt very apprehensive for her safety. She felt that there was plenty of space between the crowd which interfered with the procession and the sidewalk, and that if the police had really wished to do so they could have handled the crowd. Her story and that Mrs. Jeanette Gallinger, Senator Gallinger's daughter-in-law, corroborated the testimony of preceding witnesses. Mrs. Gallinger said the Boy Scouts did much better work than the police.

MRS. BLATCH ON THE PARADE.

Most of Washington Crowd Friendly, She Says—Better Luck Here.

Mrs. Stanton Blatch told an audience at a suffrage meeting in the Gotham Hotel yesterday afternoon something of the crowd that broke in upon the ranks of the suffrage parade in Washington.

"I am sure that that great body as a whole was friendly to us," said Mrs. Blatch. "The mass followed the few. We are apt to think of anti-suffragists as nice ladies wearing feathers. Of that kind we are not afraid, but we are of the leader of vice and corruption. These were the ones who pushed to the front in Washington. They wanted to be in the front that they might offer insults."

Mrs. Blatch said that she was glad Major Sylvester of the Washington Police was so hissed in the parade of March 4 that he had to leave, and she told the women of her call on Commissioner Waldo last December to arrange to have the suffrage parade, which will take place here on May 3, well protected.

There was enthusiastic applause when Dr. John Lovejoy Elliott, speaking of the ignorant vote, said:

"It is the mother of the poor girl who may be pulled down into the Red Light district whose vote is the ignorant one. But much as I think of the college woman and the cultivated woman, I'll match the judgment of women like this in practical matters against all the world."

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FOR THE HOME.
The "Excelsior" Ice Machine is the only perfect machine for the making of pure ice, of ice cream and for the freezing of fruit juices. No ice needed: freezes directly in moulds of all shapes. Prospectus free. E. Schaller, 1 rue François-Ponsard, Paris, France. Patent for U. S. for sale.

TO HONOR VON BERNSTORFF.

German Ambassador to be Special Guest at City College on March 20.

Count von Bernstorff, the German Ambassador to the United States, will be the guest of the City College at a general assembly of students on March 20, to celebrate the opening of the new German Library at the college.

Two years ago, while visiting City College, Count von Bernstorff said that the books in the German department were narrow in scope and few in number. He expressed the hope that the German library would receive very material additions. Following his suggestion, a fund of several thousand dollars was provided to obtain German literature. The books bought through this fund, a portion of which was provided by Count von Bernstorff, arrived at the college recently and are now being catalogued.

San Francisco Overland Cuts Time.

Effective April 1, the Union Pacific's fast train from Chicago to San Francisco, the Overland Limited, will make the run in four hours less time. Leaving Chicago at 7 P. M., the train will hereafter arrive at San Francisco at 9:30 A. M., on the third day, instead of 2:10 P. M. The train will be operated in connection with the Chicago & Northwestern, leaving from their new terminal in Chicago. An extra fare of $10 is charged between Chicago and San Francisco.

Today and tomorrow are the last two days of the

Final Sale of
Saks Suits for Men
Formerly $20 to $35
now $16

¶ We are through with this season's clothing sales after tomorrow night, and for that reason we wish to emphasize the urgency of your patronizing this final event before it is over.

¶ We will not consume your time with a recapitulation of models and fabrics, except to say that there is a liberal range of both. But we would like you to remember that every garment in this sale is Saks-made, despite the extraordinary liberality of the reductions.

A Saks Overcoat for $10
reads like a misprint, but it isn't

¶ None of these garments was formerly less than fifteen dollars, because we do not make overcoats below that figure; and many of these coats were formerly much higher than that. But ten dollars is the price today and tomorrow, and we cannot promise that you will ever have another chance to buy a Saks fancy lightweight overcoat at this price.

Broadway Saks & Company at 34th Street

THE TIMES'S DAILY TRANSATLANTIC WIRELESS AND CABLE DISPATCHES

GREEKS TAKE YANINA AND 32,000 TROOPS

Fortress Falls After Long, Stubborn Defense—Clever Strategy Won Final Battle.

GREAT REJOICING IN ATHENS

Victory May Delay Conclusion of Peace, as It Is Thought the Allies' Demands Will Now Be Greater.

ATHENS, March 6.—The Turkish fortress of Yanina, the key to the possession of the Province of Epirus, surrendered, with its garrison of 32,000 men, to the Greek Army to-day after a defense which forms one of the most brilliant episodes of the Balkan war. Three squadrons of Greek cavalry, under Gen. Souzo, entered the town at 9 A. M.

The surrender was preceded by a fierce bombardment, lasting without cessation for two days and two nights. Every available gun, including a number of heavy howitzers lent by the Servian artillery, was brought to bear by the Greeks on the forts defending the beleaguered city.

No fewer than 30,000 shells were fired by the Greek guns during the first day's cannonade. Gradually the Turkish batteries at Bizani, Manoliara, Sakni, and elsewhere were silenced under the sustained rain of projectiles.

The Greek commanders, by a feint, led the Turks to believe that their attack would be made from the right, and as soon as the attention of the defenders had been distracted the Greeks hurled large bodies of infantry on to the Turkish left. The Ottoman troops, completely surprised, fell back in utter disorder.

The batteries on the heights of Bizani, which had been the mainstay of the defense, were unable to stand the pelting of the shells and had been reduced to complete silence by 11 o'clock yesterday morning.

The Greeks pushed their forward movement during the afternoon and occupied the Turkish batteries on the Sakni and Ilias Hills, capturing all the guns and 110 artillerymen. Then the Greek battalions gradually deployed on to the plain in front of the city itself, and the Turkish flight became general despite all the efforts of the Ottoman officers to rally their men. Whole detachments succumbed to the panic and joined in a mad race into the city, with the Greek troops in hot pursuit almost to the walls.

With all the defending batteries in the hands of the Greeks and the Hellenic soldiers at the gates of Yanina, Essaad Pasha, the Turkish commander, at 6 o'clock this morning sent messengers under a flag of truce to Crown Prince Constantine of Greece announcing the surrender of the city and all the troops under his command.

The fall of Yanina was announced by the Crown Prince to the Greek War Office in the following dispatch:

> Enigma, (Greek headquarters,) 6 A. M.
> The Greek Army having occupied the entire left front of the City of Yanina and also Bizani, and Castritza having been surrounded by our troops, Essaad Pasha has just informed me that his troops surrender as prisoners of war.
> I will send you shortly details of the great victory of our gallant army.

Wild enthusiasm reigned in the streets of Athens on the announcement of the news. All the houses were decorated with flags, and excited people thronged the thoroughfares singing the National anthem, while joyous peals rang out from every church steeple in the capital.

Premier Venizelos announced the victory in the Chamber of Deputies. All the leaders of the Opposition spoke, congratulating the Crown Prince and his army on the brilliant achievement.

A telegram was dispatched to the Crown Prince on behalf of the chamber by the President, expressing the gratitude of the nation.

At the close of the sitting the members of the Cabinet and the Deputies, followed by cheering crowds, marched to the Cathedral, where a thanksgiving service was held.

The Greeks' advance on Yanina began late in October, and the Turks retired rapidly before them. Operations round the fortress opened about the beginning of December and continued with varying success even during the period of the armistice, to which the Greeks never formally agreed.

Several of the outlying forts fell before the Greek assaults, and the attack on the principal fortifications was gradually pressed home.

The Turkish garrison possessed 150 guns, 86 of which were large fortress guns and the remainder field guns. These were distributed among the forts at Bizani to the south, Duruti to the southwest, Sadovitza to the west, and Gardinki to the northwest.

It was not known until this morning how many Turkish troops were in the city, the estimates heretofore varying from 18,000 to 30,000 men. The population numbered 22,000, most of them Greeks.

The Greek artillery employed a number of powerful siege guns, which eventually succeeded in silencing the Turkish batteries.

The fortifications, which had at one time been strong, were quite antiquated, and could not resist modern cannon.

Provisions throughout the siege had been fairly plentiful, as Yanina is a centre of the grain trade in the Eastern provinces of European Turkey.

The fall of Yanina will, it is expected, have the effect of expediting peace negotiations. It will at the same time add to the complexities arising in the general after-the-war settlement, as Yanina is one of the cities which, it has been said, would be included in the new autonomous Albania.

There has been no change in the diplomatic situation. The reply of the allies with regard to the proposed mediation by the powers is still awaited, and the orders for demobilization by Austria and Russia, which are daily expected, have not been issued.

A Scutari dispatch published in Vienna says that the Crown Prince of Montenegro in the course of the recent fighting had a narrow escape from capture by the Turks, who surrounded and afterward killed every man of a Servian battalion which went to the Prince's rescue.

ROME, March 6.—The surrender of Yanina gives great satisfaction to the large Greek colony here. The fall of this Turkish fortress prior to the expected surrender of Adrianople is especially pleasing to them, as it demonstrates, they point out, the good military organization of the Greeks.

It is the general belief, however, that the undisputed possession of Epirus by Greece will delay the conclusion of peace, as the claims of the allied Balkan nations will now become greater.

LONDON, Friday, March 7.—There is great rejoicing in Greek diplomatic circles and among the Greek residents of London over the fall of the important Turkish stronghold of Yanina. Their joy is not only on account of the success of their army in the field, but because they assert that the capture of Yanina places Greece in a much stronger position to deal with Bulgaria when the time comes for the division of the spoils of war.

SAY THEY SANK 3 TRANSPORTS.

Turks Assert Cruiser Destroyed Greek Ships Carrying Servians.

VIENNA, March 6.—A dispatch from Constantinople to the Neue Freie Presse says the Turkish cruiser Hamidieh today sank three Greek transports loaded with Servian troops on the way to Scutari.

The attack on the transports took place, it is said, near the Peninsula of Hagion Oros in the Aegean Sea. This would make it appear that the transports were proceeding, not to Scutari, but to Gallipoli, where it was planned some time ago by the Balkan Allies, to make a flank attack on the Turkish troops defending the Dardanelles.

The convoy of Greek transports was, it is stated, a large one, consisting of twenty-four vessels, which carried thirty-four guns. They were encountered by the Hamidieh shortly after they had left the coast. With her battery of powerful 4.7-inch guns she was able to create havoc among the practically unprotected transports loaded with soldiers, according to the report received here.

LONDON, Friday, March 7.—No confirmation has been received of the report of the sinking by a Turkish cruiser of three Greek transports.

It is semi-officially denied in Athens.

EARL COWLEY AGAIN SUED.

Wife Asks for Court Order—His Fifth Appearance in Divorce Court.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, March 6.—Earl Cowley's recent citation as co-respondent in the Buxton divorce suit is having an expected sequel.

Countess Cowley has entered a petition for the restitution of conjugal rights. She states that Lord Cowley has deserted her for a considerable period and asks for a court order on her husband.

This will make Lord Cowley's fifth appearance in the Divorce Court.

SKIRTS TIGHTER THAN EVER.

Are Slit to Allow the Wearers Some Freedom of Movement.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, March 6.—According to a London fashion expert who has just returned from Paris, the dressmakers of that city are proposing not merely to revive the hobble skirt but to make it tighter han ever, so that women will be almost unable to walk in it. This London expert says:

"The skirts I saw in Paris were so tight around the legs that the wearers could scarcely walk. The dresses are frightfully ugly. In some cases they are draped up some inches in front or on the side to allow the feet some little movement, and are arranged with folds of the material in drapings around the thigh and tapering to the ankles.

"The draped hobble is more insidious than the plain hobble skirt. It has deceived everybody because the fashion prophecies led women to believe that the hobble skirt was dead; that folds and draperies were coming in, and, therefore, that skirts were bound to be fuller, and that more material would be used. The extra material, however, is used in draping the bodice and around the hips, and leaves but a wispiness of skirt around the ankles.

"In very many cases skirts are so narrow, even in tailor-made costumes, that they must be split in Directoire fashion up to the knee, or even above, either at the side or in front. In many cases buttons and buttonholes allow the wearer to determine how long the slit shall be."

"Almost all the new Parisian skirts are slit—they must be," said another Londoner back from the French capital.

KING SEES RAINEY HUNT.

Praises Moving Picture Show at Buckingham Palace.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, March 6.—A "command" exhibition of the Paul J. Rainey South African hunting films was given at Buckingham Palace to-day. It was witnessed by the King and Queen, Queen Alexandra, and the ex-King and ex-Queen Dowager of Portugal.

Sixty guests were invited for the exhibition, in which King George was greatly interested, expressing his admiration of the films.

FOR DUTCH 1915 EXHIBIT.

Second Chamber Votes $300,000 for Panama-Pacific Show.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, March 6.—The Second Chamber has unanimously voted 750,000 guilders (about $300,000) for the expenses of an East Indian exhibit in San Francisco.

The amount is to be equally divided between the Dutch and East Indian budgets.

FRENCH ARMY BILL ANGERS SOCIALISTS

Violent Scene in the Chamber of Deputies on Introduction of Three-Year Service Measure.

CRIMINAL, DECLARES JAURES

Spectators Call Socialists "Traitors," While President of Chamber Says Their Conduct Is Infamous.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, March 6.—The introduction of the Three Years' Military Service bill in the Chamber of Deputies this afternoon gave rise to the most violent scenes witnessed there in a long time.

Immediately after the Minister of War, M. Etienne, began to speak his voice was drowned by interruptions, the Socialists jumping to their feet and shouting, "Down with war!" M. Vaillant cried, "We protest with all our force"—and M. Jaurès finished the sentence, saying, "against this criminal folly."'

The whole Extreme Left gesticulated frantically and hurled insults at the Ministers, whose supporters replied with equal vigor with loud cheers for the Government and cries of "Down with traitors!"

Paul Deschanel, presiding, vainly rang his bell. Deputy Colly provoked a fresh outburst by apostrophizing the members of the Right as "a band of scoundrels." The public in the galleries joined in the demonstration, calling the Socialists "Prussians!" and exclaiming, "Why don't you go to the Reichstag? Down with traitors!" M. Deschanel ordered that the galleries be cleared.

The Minister of War in the meantime imperturbably continued reading the Government's project, though he was not heard. Taking advantage of a moment's calm, President Deschanel rebuked the authors of the disorder, saying:

"I leave to those guilty of the infamous words we have heard the responsibility for their acts. The country will pass judgment."

M. Etienne finally concluded his statement and left the tribune amid an ovation from his supporters.

PARIS, March 6.—An appeal to the people of France to submit cheerfully to the patriotic sacrifices called for by the Military bill increasing the term of service in the active army from two to three years, was made to-day, when the Cabinet submitted the measure to Parliament.

When the bill was laid on the table of the Chamber of Deputies it was accompanied by a declaration from the Ministry expressing the profound conviction that the proposal must be adopted, not only for the security of France, but for the peace of Europe, which, it was stated, depended entirely on the equilibrium of the great powers being maintained.

The measure will add to the peace effective of the army 160,000 men, not 210,000 as was at first stated, since greater care is to be exercised in the selection of recruits.

Some exceptions to the general rule are made in the bill. Youths belonging to large families consisting of at least six children will serve only two years.

The Socialist Deputies started a clamorous anti-military demonstration when M. Etienne, the Minister of War, rose to speak on behalf of the bill. They jumped to their seats yelling "We protest!" and "Reaction!" at the same time letting the tops of their desks fall with a smashing sound The noisy interruptions continued steadily for twenty minutes.

President Deschanel of the Chamber of Deputies, who in the meantime had cleared the galleries of spectators, rang his bell incessantly for order, and finally raised his hat as a signal that the House was adjourned. The President's action resulted in bringing about some moderation of the noise and the sitting was resumed. M. Etienne, though still interrupted by the derisive cries of the Socialist Deputies, made a brief explanation of the bill.

The measure was then referred to committee.

Japan to Borrow $150,000,000.

TOKIO, March 6.—Japan requires $150,000,000, the Finance Minister, Baron Takahashi, informed the Diet to-day, for the purpose of starting various necessary undertakings. The money, he added, was to be raised abroad on short-term bonds, which later would be replaced by long-term securities.

700 Houses in Yokohama Burned.

YOKOHAMA, March 6.—Fire here today destroyed 700 Japanese houses and several business buildings, including the Stock Exchange. No foreign buildings were damaged.

TO PAY MILITANTS IN KIND.

League Is Formed to Make Reprisals Upon Suffragette Property.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, March 6.—Active measure of retaliation upon the suffragettes are threatened by the members of a new league formed to suppress violent tactics. "Every act of violence perpetrated by the militants," says the league's circular, "will be answered by attacks on private houses or properties of militant suffragettes. This league does not quarrel with women on account of their desiring enfranchisement, but because of their unwarranted criminal attacks upon person and property. If any member of the league is summoned for damage done or fined for obstruction while performing the work of the league, the cost will be met by a levy on the members. This levy will be very small in any case, as the membership of the league, which has been in existence only a few days, is already 500."

The Home Secretary has furnished figures showing that of the fifteen suffragettes now imprisoned ten have taken food; one has been fed by a tube and one by a cup; another, sent to jail Wednesday night, has refused to take food. Seven prisoners are in the infirmary, one on account of illness, two for purposes of observation, and four in order to facilitate forcible feeding. Suffrage prisoners since the beginning of the year number fifty-five. Of these, seven were released, not in the ordinary course but because they refused food. All these were sufering from serious illness at the time, four of them having heart disease, one pleurisy, one tuberculosis, and one a weak heart. Two released prisoners have not been tried and could be rearrested.

LONDON PROGRESSIVES LOSE.

Defeated by the Conservatives in the County Council Election.

LONDON, Friday, March 7.—The Municipal Reformers for the third time obtained, in the election yesterday, a majority in the London County Council. Although it is not so large as in 1907, when the party had a majority of forty, it has improved its position over that in 1910, when its majority was two.

Of the 118 members elected yesterday, 67 are Reformers and 51 Progressives. The nine seats gained by the Reformers and the two by the Progressives are widely distributed and indicate no specially noteworthy change of opinion.

The Reformers, besides increasing their majority to sixteen, will be able still further to strengthen it by the election of ten Aldermen.

The keenest interest was taken in this, the ninth triennial election of members of the London County Council, not only because of the sharply divided opinion on the municipal issues at stake, but also because of the threats of militant suffragettes to destroy the ballot papers.

Special precautions were taken by the police to prevent any interference with the ballot boxes by the women, many of whom are entitled to vote at municipal elections. The apertures through which the voting papers are dropped into the boxes were made narrower, while policemen were posted to keep a sharp lookout on every woman entering the polling booths.

The pre-election campaign had been a very spirited one, many of the members of the Cabinet having taken a prominent part in it on behalf of the Progressive candidates. While the suffragists did not take a very active part in the fight, they advised all women voters to vote against the Progressives owing to the fact that they are supported by a Government which refused to enfranchise women for Parliamentary elections.

The Progressive candidates responded to this attack from the women by telegraphing to thousands of electors at the last moment exhorting them to vote the Progressive ticket.

It was on the policy in connection with the street railways, of which the Council owns and operates 146 miles, that the election was chiefly fought. They were first built when the Progressives, who in Imperial politics are Liberals, were in power, and the members of this party favor the extension of the system and other legislation which would place the municipally owned street railways in a better position to compete against the privately owned transportation companies. Their opponents, the Municipal Reformers, are Conservative in Imperial affairs. They were never enamored of public ownership, and very few extensions have been made since they came into power three years ago.

The election in 1910 was very closely fought and resulted in a majority of two. This, however, enabled the Municipal Reformers to choose their own Aldermen, which gave them a substantial majority when it came to voting in Council. The Council consists of a Chairman, chosen by the Council from among its number or otherwise, nineteen Aldermen, also chosen by the Council, and 118 Councillors elected by the ratepayers. It has administrative authority over an area of 117 square miles in matters of a general nature, such as main drainage, the fire brigade, parks, education, bridges, and asylums, and makes grants to the Borough Councils in aid of certain works. The annual expenditure is about $75,000,000, more than half of which is for education.

PARDON OF GORKY BY CZAR EXPECTED

Kropotkin Also Likely to Benefit by the Romanoff Tercentenary Amnesty.

CZAREVITCH IS CARRIED

But Is Able to Stand and Sit at the Service in Kazan Cathedral.—Great Sums for Benefactions.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Friday, March 7.—St. Petersburg dispatches state that Prince Kropotkin and Maxim Gorky are likely to benefit by the amnesty issued in celebration of the Romanoff tercentenary to political exiles liable to prosecution under Articles 325 and 326 of the Penal Code. The exiles will be under police supervision for two years after their return to Russia.

The tercentenary benefactions include village institutes for the education and training of peasants' children. Over ninety training colleges for teachers are to be established in various parts of the empire, and $10,000,000 has been assigned for the purpose

Development works, with employment for many thousands of men, will be begun by a comprehensive scheme of roadmaking, reclamation of marsh lands, and irrigation in the Trans-Caucasian territory.

Large hospitals, including one in St. Petersburg with 1.100 beds, will be founded. An imperial museum will be opened in Moscow, devoted to furthering the national growth in artistic and utilitarian activities, extending from music and painting to scientific agriculture.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 6.—The tercentenary of the election in 1613 as Czar of Russia of Michael Freodorovitch, the first of the present line of Romanoffs, was celebrated to-day with much pomp thhroughout the Empire.

A salute of twenty-one guns fired from the ramparts of the fortress of St. Peter and St. Paul at 8 o'clock this morning ushered in the ceremonies in the capital, and from that time on constantly growing crowds thronged the gayly decorated streets, watching the troops, with bands playing and colors flying, lining the route of the Imperial procession to the Kazan Cathedral.

A storm of cheering signaled the departure of the members of the Imperial family from the Winter Palace, and salvoes of "hurrahs" marked their progress until they disappeared through the great door of the Cathedral, where the Emperor and Empress were greeted by the Metropolitan bearing the cross and a vessel containing holy water. Peals rang out from all the church bells in the city as the Imperial party entered.

The scene within was brilliant in the extreme. The edifice was thronged with Grand Dukes and Grand Duchesses, high State dignitaries, members of the Diplomatic Corps, naval and military officers, and members of the Duma. The men all wore full-dress uniforms and the women the picturesque Russian court dress, with many jewels.

All stood as the Emperor, the Empress, the Dowager Empress, and the Imperial Crown Prince entered the Cathedral. The Crown Prince was carried to his place by a Cossack, and it was noticed throughout the service that, although he sat or stood during various phases of the service, he did not kneel at any time.

The close of the Mass was marked by another artillery salute and the pealing of bells throughout the capital.

The return of the Imperial family to the Palace gave occasion for another popular greeting, the crowd alternately shouting "Hurrah!" and singing the National Anthem.

The day passed with untoward incident. The weather was unpleasant, and a thaw turned the hard snow into seas of mud. This did not deter the people from thronging the streets amid manifestations of boundless pouular rejoicing.

In the course of theafternoon the Emperor and the imperial family at the Winter Palace received official felicitations from foreign dignitaries, Ministers, and others, who kissed thehands of the Empress and the Dowager Empress.

The police adopted stringent precautions during the imperial procession. All windows along the route were closed, and tickets to the various ceremonies and those holding them were strictly scrutinized. The demeanor of the crowds was exemplary throughout.

There was a wonderful display of illuminations in the capital to-night and the streets were packed.

Telegrams from all parts of the empire show that the rejoicings were universal. The celebrations were especially brilliant at Moskow, Kostroma, Kieff, Tiflis, and Riga.

WON RACES BY STRYCHNINE.

Russian's Capture of the Skating Championship Thus Explained.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

STOCKHOLM, March 6.—Recent remarkable results attained in skating races of 5,000 and 10,000 meters by a Russian named Appolitov, who beat the world's champion, the Norwegian Mathesen, at Helsingfors, are accounted for by the fact that the Russian took strychnine immediately before the races. The poison is said to affect the energy and will power to a high degree. The blood pressure of the Russian immediately after one race was 148, against the Norwegian's 108.

The athletic authorities are taking steps to forbid amateurs to take drugs before contests.

AMERICANS FOUGHT INDIANS.

Hand-to-Hand Encounter Before Engineers Escaped from Captors.

WILLEMSTAD, March 6.—The two American mining engineers, Guy N. Bjorge and William L. Taylor of Duluth, who were carried off by Metolines Indians in the interior of Venezuela while making petroleum explorations in the vicinity of Lake Maracaibo, succeeded in escaping from their captors after a sharp fight, according to a message received here to-day from Maracaibo.

Taylor was engaged by one of the Indians in a hand-to-hand encounter, and was forced to kill his assailant.

The two engineers lost their entire equipment, and are now returning to Maracaibo.

It is announced that the Venezuelan Government will probably send a punitive expedition into the district occupied by the Indians in order to prevent further excesses.

"NELLIE BLY'S" CASHIERS UP.

She Testifies They Aided in Defrauding Her of $2,000,000.

Indicted for the specific forgery of two checks, one for $2,800 and another for $4,000, and with other forgeries aggregating $2,000,000 charged against them, Charles W. Caccia, cashier of the Ironclad Manufacturing Company, and Stanley Glenik, assistant cashier of the same company, were placed on trial yesterday before Justice Seabury in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court. Mrs. Elizabeth C. Seaman, President of the company, which was left to her by her husband upon his death, is the complainant

E. R. Gilman, general manager of the company, died in the latter part of 1911, and with almost his last breath told Mrs. Seaman that Caccia and Glenik were and had been defrauding her out of large sums of money. The books of the company were then examined and the forgeries were disclosed.

In his opening address Assistant District Attorney Frank Moss said that he would show that while $2,000,000 was obtained from the company by means of forged checks, the defendants retained very little of the money. Much of it, he said, was turned over to dummy concerns and that two men other than the defendants had obtained a large part of it

The complaint recites that on Jan. 6, 1909, a check to L. Best, an office boy in the company, and which called for $4,000, was cashed by the Guardian Trust Company, while another check for $2,800 made out to the same person was cashed by the same company the next day.

Mrs. Seaman, who years ago won fame as a newspaper writer under the nom de plume of Nellie Bly, testified that after the death of Mr. Gilman she had an expert accountant go over the books and learned that $2,000,000 had been taken out of the company, which was then making more than $1,000,000 a year.

George Gordon Battle, counsel for the defendants, did not deny that the checks had been signed by the defendants, but contended that in their positions as cashier and assistant cashier they had the right to cash and sign checks. He asserted that the transactions were proper and that the money was paid out for the benefit of the company.

METHODISTS KEEP LENT.

Services in the John Street Church Largely Attended.

For the first time in New York, Methodists started in yesterday to keep Lent. They began, appropriately, at the cradle of Methodism in John Street, and they united Methodists North and South by having as preacher a Southern Methodist.

The preacher was the Rev. Dr. Henry Clay Morrison of Kentucky President of Asbury College, and editor of a Southern Methodist weekly. He spoke at noon in the lower room, but so great were the numbers that other meetings of the day were held upstairs. Nearly all present were business men.

Some said it was a bit of last century Methodist vim translated and transplanted into the bottom of downtown Manhattan.

E. E. Clark Heads Commerce Board.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—Edgar E. Clark of Iowa, whose appointment as an Interstate Commerce Commissioner was confirmed yesterday, was to-day elected Chairman of the commission, succeeding Franklin K. Lane, now Secretary of the Interior.

ESTABLISHED 1788.
Carstairs Rye

In time of medicinal need the necessity for a whiskey of pure and palatable quality emphasizes the desirability of having a bottle of Carstairs Rye in the house.
A perfect blend. *The numbered label shows our bottling.*

CARSTAIRS WHISKEY

There's a good reason why you should pay at least $25 for one of our suits; at that price we reach the point in making where value asserts itself. You may pay more and get higher priced materials; but at $25 you'll get intrinsic merit, and all that makes a man satisfied that he has his money's worth.

We make suits to sell as low as $18 and $20; it's really remarkable how good they are; the suits at $25 are just that much better.

Whatever price you pay for our clothes, you get the same smart designing, the authoritative fashions, the distinction in appearance.

Our mark is put in our clothes as a guarantee of satisfaction. It is a small thing to look for, but a big thing to find.

Hart Schaffner & Marx
Good Clothes Makers

OLD CROW RYE
"Reg. U. S. Pat. Off."
GUARANTEED TO BE
PURE RYE WHISKEY
UNBLENDED, UNADULTERATED.
SOLD EVERYWHERE

TELEPHONE SHOPPING
is convenient and satisfactory. Why not order your supplies by telephone?
New York Telephone Company

STERN BROTHERS
will place on Sale To-morrow, Saturday,
Advance Spring Styles in
Men's Silk Lined Overcoats
at 25.00
Made of Soft Finished Vicuna and Twilled Materials, in plain black or desirable shades of medium or dark gray, Single-breasted Chesterfield models, full silk lined, silk or cloth faced lapels, sizes 34 to 46 in regular or stout proportions.
First Floor New Building
West 23d and 22d Streets

J. M. Gidding & Co.
New York Paris

The recent Paris Openings revealed the best thought in Spring and Summer Fashions from such famous couturieres as Poiret—Callot—Doucet—Paquin—Cheruit—Premet—Parry—Georgette—Worth and others of equal international fame—whose latest creations are here, together with the newest ideas of our own designers—

The displays are *noteworthy* and should be seen by every fashionable woman—more and better selections, we dare say, than will be shown by any other establishment in America.

Fifth Avenue, 46th & 47th Streets

Strike Two
good reasons why you should buy one of these
Light Weight Overcoats
which were formerly priced from $18.50 to $40 and which have been
Reduced to
$13.50 $19.50 and $24.50

FRANKLY we over played our hand on light weight overcoats last Fall.

We produced such a splendid line, and were so successful with them that we waxed over enthusiastic and made too many.

Our policy is to never carry any goods from one season to another—and now it is time for us to take our loss and clear the decks for Spring Suits—outing clothes and apparel you will be thinking of in two or three months.

You have plenty of use for a snappy, new stylish light weight overcoat and here is your chance to get one and save one-third to nearly one-half the price.

Smith Gray & Co.
UNDER SAME CONTROL & OWNERSHIP SINCE 1845
BROADWAY AT WARREN ST.—NEW YORK—5TH AV., BET. 27TH & 28TH STS
FULTON ST. AT FLATBUSH AV.—BROOKLYN—BROADWAY AT BEDFORD AV.

Balanced Riding

Much of the comfort of Franklin cars is due to the balanced riding obtained by the use of full-elliptic springs of the same size and same throw in front as in the rear.

Balanced riding not only adds to the comfort of the passengers, but it is a big factor in saving on the car itself. The front springs give the engine and mechanical parts of the car the same easy riding that is given the body through the rear springs.

Why have less than the best?

FRANKLIN MOTOR CAR CO.
GLENN A. T SDALE, Manager.
73rd Street & Amsterdam Ave.,
NEW YORK.

Beside the Splendid

1/2 Saving and More

in HACKETT-CARHART CLOTHES TO-DAY—

There are several separate and distinct reasons why the Hackett-Carhart stores should command your patronage.

Principal among these is the fact that Hackett-Carhart clothes have been accepted as the fine clothes standard for more than 56 years.

Again, to-day's assortments are newer of fabric, later of style, than those any other New York store can offer.

So advanced are their fashions, in fact, that each garment is **guaranteeed to be "good style" next season.**

Then there are other features—the tailoring, the fineness of detail, and the richness of colorings—all of which fail of description.

It will pay you to see them to-day, if you can.

$18, $20 & $22.50 Overcoats & Suits are now.......... $9.50

$22.50, $25 & $28 Overcoats & Suits are now........... $12.50

$25, $28, $30 & $35 Overcoats & Suits are now.......... $15

Special Offering

About 300 very fine overcoats that were delayed in production:

$50, $55 and $60 Overcoats . . $25

Including luxurious Vicuna dress and business coats, and English, camel's hair lined, Motor Coats.

Hackett. Carhart & Co. INC. RETAIL

265 Broadway, Near Chambers St.
Opposite City Hall.
841 Broadway, at 13th Street,
Near Union Square.
119 West 42d St., Near Broadway.
Open Evenings.
154 East 125th St., Near 3d Ave.
Open Evenings.

BOMB SCARE EMPTIES APARTMENT HOUSE

Dangerous-Looking Package Left in West 116th Street Stirs Up Whole Neighborhood.

DETECTIVE LEAVES IT ALONE

Calls on Bureau of Combustibles, and Then It Is Found That It Wasn't in the Least Deadly.

Mrs. Rose Tritchler of 227 West 116th Street, was sweeping and keeping an eye on her two sons, Milton, 5 years old, and Alfred, 4 years old, yesterday morning when the door bell rang. Mrs. Tritchler looked up at the clock and saw it was exactly 10:25. She tried to think who might be ringing the bell at that hour and then remembered that her niece, Miss Rose Underberg, 17 years old, was expecting a pair of shoes back from the cobbler. So Rose was sent to answer the bell.

The girl came back with a package, six by six by ten inches, weighing about five pounds, and said that it did not contain her shoes. Besides it was addressed to Mrs. Rose Tritchler. The two young children stopped playing and the family formed a group around the package.

"Don't touch it," exclaimed Mrs. Tritchler, as Milton approached curiously. "It may be a bomb."

Then everybody became erribly frightened. Mrs. Tritchler got the idea that it might go off any minute. Thinking of her children she took the risk of picking up the box and carried it into the bathroom where she placed it under the washstand. Then she locked the bathroom door. The weight of the package so impressed her that when she returned from the bathroom she began to fear that, if it went off of its own accord, it might wreck the whole apartment. So everybody left.

Mrs. Tritchler thought it her duty to warn the neighbors who lived above her in the five-story building, and before long all the tenants were in great alarm and many sought places of safety elsewhere in the neighborhood. By the afternoon hundreds of people were talking over Mrs. Tritchler's bomb and many had their nerves upset by the suspense of waiting for the explosion. So many people told Mrs. Tritchler to send for the police that she finally sent her niece to the Lenox Avenue Station, where Detective Curtayne was assigned to the case.

Detective Curtayne's first step was to fill the bathtub and to put the package in it. His note book shows that it was wrapped in heavy manila paper and done up with white cord. On the outside he found a white paster on which was the name, partly erased, of Mrs. H. Coleman, 272 Manhattan Avenue. While this address was being investigated the detective questioned Mrs. Tritchler and her niece. The niece first described the expressman.

"He was a rough-looking man," she said. "He wore blue trousers and a blue blouse and a blue coat over the blouse. No, I don't think I ever saw him before. He had a blue cap with a leather visor. There was a band round his hat with gold letters on it. I would know him among a hundred if I ever saw him again."

Mrs. Tritchler protested that she had not an enemy in the world. She said she had never been in any trouble except matrimonial. Two years ago she had obtained a legal separation from her husband, she said, and got $8 a week alimony, but it was two weeks in arrears on Inauguration day.

After writing down this information the detective telephoned to the Bureau of Combustibles. Shortly after 9 o'clock last night Inspector Samuel Rosenblum arrived. He entered the building followed by a crowd of bolder element among the neighbors. Everybody was locked out, however, when the Inspector entered the bathroom. Hundreds of people crowded the halls of the apartment house, growing more and more excited as the minutes passed.

Inspector Rosenblum found a wooden package inside the manila wrapper and went about opening it with the greatest caution in spite of its water-soaked condition. When he had cut off enough of the lid to glimpse at the inside he saw a steel engine that bore a strong resemblance to a flatiron. With increased confidence he then removed the rest of the cover and found what he had begun to expect, an electric flatiron all wired and ready to attach to an electric light socket.

A card inside the package said that the iron came with the compliments of a manufacturing company whose representative would call in a day or two to demonstrate, and that no home should be without one.

SUBWAY CONTRACTS DOWN FOR HEARING

Fresh Arguments Not Expected, but Public Can Have a Say Next Tuesday, 10:30 o'Clock.

ESTIMATE BOARD SO ORDERS

McAneny Is to Report on Manhattan Opposition to Third-Tracking—Has Looked Up Company's Standing.

The Board of Estimate set yesterday the public hearing on the Subway contracts for next Tuesday morning at 10:30 o'clock. It formally received at its regular meeting all the agreements which are necessary for it to accept before the dual subway system is adopted, with the exception of the certificate for which the Interborough has applied for the third-tracking of the Second, Third, and Ninth Avenue elevated lines.

These documents were at once sent to the Corporation Counsel for his examination, but as Mr. Watson has been kept fully informed and had already had the contracts and certificates in his office informally for several weeks, his examination of them now is largely a matter of form.

Borough President McAneny pledged that the board would hold a public hearing on the contracts before voting upon them, so that there might be no excuse for the cry that they had been railroaded through, but it is not believed that any fresh arguments will be brought up on Tuesday or that anything is likely to happen to change the minds of the members of the board. The vote is likely to be 13 to 3 in favor of the settlement, President Mitchel of the Board of Aldermen alone voting against it.

As soon as the board has accepted the contracts they will be returned to the Public Service Commission to be executed by Chairman McCall. It seems likely now that by the end of next week the bargain will be finally closed with the Interborough and the Brooklyn Rapid Transit.

There will only remain for consideration the third tracking certificate of the Interborough, on which a public hearing is to be held by the commission on March 15. Borough President McAneny pointed out yesterday that it had not yet come before the board, and said that this was due to the opposition of an element in the Manhattan Railway Company's Directorate. As Chairman of the Transit Committee of the board he will submit a report next Tuesday on the relation of the Manhattan company to the Interborough contracts.

"The committee," said Mr. McAneny, "has made extensive inquiries into the company's properties. There has been some misrepresentation of my remarks of last week.

"There was not then any threat intended for the Manhattan Railway Company, but if it turns out that on account of the Manhattan Company's attitude the city is prevented from making a contract with the Interborough, as a matter of business the city should take into account the status of the Manhattan Company's lines, particularly in relation to the question of its complete rights to certain sections of its structure. There should be in fact an assurance of the Manhattan Company's right to enter as an objector."

With the dual system well on its way to adoption and the attitude of the Public Service Commission thereon defined, all objection to the conclusion of the construction contracts for the two elevated sections in Queens had been removed. The board consequently proceeded to appropriate about $3,000,000 for the building of the Astoria and one of the Corona sections in accordance with the request of the commission.

President Mitchel, who is opposed to the dual system, raised no objection to this appropriation or to the appointment of a date for the public hearing on the contracts.

A request was received from property owners in Park Place, William and Clark Streets, the Interborough route which was so bitterly opposed by financial interests, for the assumption by the city of direct responsibility for any damage done to the buildings by the Subway construction. The responsibility will rest, if the ordinary procedure is followed, with the contractors. The request was laid over for one week, Mayor Gaynor remarking:

"Why should the city assume primary responsibility? If a careless contractor got in there, we'd have to pay for his wreckage."

Borough President Cromwell has received from Theodore P. Shonts, President of the New York Railways Company, a letter in which Mr. Shonts said that he had recently informed Chairman McCall that in order to give to the residents of Staten Island the immediate benefit of the 5-cent fare in Manhattan Borough, the New York Railways Company was prepared to exchange transfers on its cars terminating at South Ferry with the Staten Island ferries. The nickel would be divided on the basis of 2 cents to the city and 3 cents to the street car company.

This plan was suggested by Mr. Cromwell, and pressed on the New York Railways Company by Chairman Willcox before his term of office expired. It was represented to Mr. Shonts that the majority of the State Island traffic would be men and women going to the downtown offices and riding only a few blocks. They would fill the company's cars in the district in which they now run almost empty, it was urged, and that it could well afford to carry them for a fare of 3 cents considering that the great majority of them would never take a street car if they had to pay to use it.

President Cromwell also brought before the board the possibility of accommodating the pipe for the Catskill water, which must be built to Staten Island, in the subway tunnel which is contemplated under the Narrows from Sixty-fifth Street, Brooklyn. He suggested that if this idea were adopted not only would it be much easier to bring about the construction of the subway tube, but the city would save the $1,000,000 which the building of the water pipe alone would cost.

I Company Dinner.

On Saturday evening the Society of the Ninth Company Veterans of the Seventh Regiment will give a dinner at the Hotel McAlpin to the active company in commemoration of the Diamond Jubilee or seventy-fifth anniversary of the founding of I company in 1838. Covers will be laid for about 300 veterans and actives representing enlistments from nearly every year from 1856.

EXHIBITION

Water Color Drawings
BY
J. M. W. Turner, R. A.

PAINTINGS
BY

Millett	Israels	Mauve
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AT THE GALLERIES OF
Scott & Fowles Co.
590 FIFTH AVENUE
(Between 47th and 48th Streets.)

Smoky Fireplaces
Made to Draw
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Carried Out of the House
Payment Conditional on Success
FREDERIC N. WHITLEY Engineer and Contractor,
211 Fulton Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Heating—Ventilating—Air Filtration

FRIEDMANN MAKES TEST OF HIS SERUM

Continued from Page 1.

jection and from ten to fourteen days for the intramuscular injections. I hope that his serum will do all he says it will, but I must say that the doctor was most unscientific in his treatment."

Dr M. Girdansky, Chairman of the Scientific Committee of the People's Hospital, also criticised Dr. Friedmann's methods, but was of open mind with respect to the turtle serum itself. He was instrumental in getting Dr. Friedmann to make the demonstration in the People's Hospital.

"In the first place," said Dr. Girdansky, "the cases selected by Dr. Friedmann were not test cases. The cases that actually needed a specific were rejected. He selected only such cases as were already progressing under ordinary treatment.

"Again, Dr. Friedmann showed conclusively that he did not care for sterilization. When a doctor goes to a hospital to perform an operation it is for him to decide what methods he will pursue. I was astonished when he called for a tincture of green soap. Is that an antiseptic? And when he had washed his hands with the soap and water he touched his coat, his forehead, and his face at various times.

"Dr. Friedmann should have another chance A committee of reputable physicians should select the cases for him and all stages of tuberculosis should be represented in the persons treated."

Most of the physicians left the hospital before Dr. Friedmann's party. These could be seen in heated discussion over the merits of the Friedmann treatment. Among the most radical in denunciation of Dr. Friedmann and his cure was Dr. Julius Broder, chief physician of the People's Hospital. He openly accused the Berlin physician of being a "faker," and requested newspapermen to use his name in a statement to that effect. He appeared particularly displeased because Dr. Friedmann had rejected one of his patients. He declared that no absolute tests for tuberculosis had been made for the persons whom Dr. Friedmann selected.

Dr. Max Landsman, who was the chief sponsor for the demonstration in the East Side Hospital, resented the criticisms that had been leveled at Dr. Friedmann.

"I want it understood," said Dr. Landsman, "that I stand responsible for everything that happened. It was I who got Dr. Friedmann to the hospital. I offered him money for his treatments and he refused. The hospital was much honored by his visit.

Dr. Landsman stated that he himself, and not Dr. Friedmann, had administered the serum to the three patients. This was denied by other physicians who were present at the operations. Dr. Landsman said that he had been informed by Dr. Friedmann that slight swellings would result from the injections, but that these would disappear in a short time. He said that he was most hopeful of results.

Dr. John Van Doren Young, Secretary of the County Medical Society, when told last night that Dr. Friedmann had administered his serum at the invitation of the People's Hospital, said that such an act was not in violation of the law. A violation, he said, consisted of actual practicing or administering from an office. He cited many cases in which other recognized physicians had come to this country from Europe and had been granted permission to treat cases in the local hospitals.

Health Commissioner Lederle stated last night that he had heard of the demonstrations at the People's Hospital, but that he had received no particulars. He added that the attitude of the Board of Health, as well as his own, had been misconstrued and that the board had no objection to the use of the Friedmann cure in this city.

"I do want to say though," said the Commissioner, "that it is unwise and inexpedient for unfortunate consumptives to come flocking here to the city. They are coming from all parts of the country and this we cannot permit. Unless these sufferers stop coming here the Board of Health will be compelled to take some step toward stopping them.

"Our bacteriologist has in hand the culture sent to the board on Wednesday. It cannot be determined for some time how effective this serum is. It will be several days before we can give out any statement in that regard."

Moses Greenbaum, President of the People's Hospital, issued a statement last night concerning Dr. Friedmann's demonstration in which he said:

"In justice to Dr. Friedmann, I will say that his nervousness and lack of technique while injecting the serum were due probably to the fact that this was his first exhibition in the United States of his cure, and, surrounded by so many medical men, one would expect that he would be nervous. As for the outcome of his injections nothing can be determined until the expiration of the fourteen days, the time limit placed by Dr. Friedmann."

Friedmann Confident of the Result.

Dr. Friedmann saw several reporters at his apartment in the Hotel Ansonia late last night. Present at the interview were Dr. Harry Benjamin, Charles de Vidal Hundt, his secretary, and Dr. A. C. H. Friedmann, his brother.

Dr. Friedmann said through Mr. Hundt that he was not disturbed by the fact that some of the doctors present while he administered his serum in the People's Hospital had said that they thought he was a faker. He desired to make it known that he was working on undisturbed, conscious of his strength, and confident that he had a cure for tuberculosis. He regarded all the talk and hubbub as childish.

"Tuberculosis is a long, lingering, chronic disease," said Dr. Friedmann, "and it is just as evident that the process of healing has to be slow as that the process of destruction is a gradual one. Some of the doctors seem to think that all that is necessary is one injection of my serum and immediately the patient will show how he has been benefited.

"To-day's were the first cases I have treated in the new world, and the results in the new world will be the same that they have been in the old world."

Dr. Friedmann was told that Dr. Landesman of the People's Hospital had said that he had been so nervous at the hospital that Dr. Landesman had had to administer the injection to the patients with the hypodermic syringe. Dr. Friedmann stated emphatically that he and he alone had made the injections, but he thought that perhaps Dr. Landesman might have just touched the hypodermic syringe to fulfil the requirement of the law on the subject of an outside physician treating patients in a hospital. Approximately one-quarter of a cubic centimeter of the serum had been injected into each patient at the People's Hospital, Dr. Friedmann said.

GOVERNMENT TO TEST SERUM.

Treasury Department Accepts Conditions Imposed by the Doctor.

Dr. Friedmann made public last night a letter dated March 3 he had received from Secretary of the Treasury McVeagh and his telegraphic reply to it. From this correspondence it is evident that the Government officials take Dr. Friedmann seriously and are determined to make a thorough test of his serum. This is Secretary McVeagh's letter:

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.
Washington, March 3, 1913.

Dr. Friedrich Franz Friedman, Waldorf-Astoria, New York City.

Sir: As you are already aware, the attention of this Government has been called to your announcement of a preparation for the cure of tuberculosis. Through official channels, the United States Public Health Service has been kept informed of events in connection therewith, and a copy of your letter of Jan. 12, 1913, addressed to the American Consul General at Berlin, was received by the Surgeon General Feb. 3, which letter reads as follows:

> It has come to my notice that your Government has asked you to make a report upon my tuberculosis remedy.
>
> I would like to say that I extend to your Government through you an invitation to investigate my remedy and the results attained. I will place at the disposal of your Government's investigators all the facts at my command and afford them every aid to prepare a comprehensive and impartial report.

On account of the great importance of your announcement, and in view of your invitation, it was determined to send an officer of the Hygienic Laboratory to Berlin to take advantage of your offer to make such investigations as would enable him to make a comprehensive and impartial report. Meantime it was learned that you expected to come to New York, and arrangements were accordingly made to have Surgeon M. H. Foster, on duty at New York, meet the Kronprinzessin Cecilie on arrival for the purpose of informing you that the Public Health Service is prepared to accept your invitation to make an investigation, and that an officer would call at such time and place as might be convenient to arrange the necessary details.

On receipt of the telegraphic report from Dr. Foster, Surgeon John F. Anderson, Director of the Hygienic Labatory, was sent to New York City to confer with you. On his return Dr. Anderson reported that you would furnish him a culture of your organism in a few days, but that you stated that it would be of no use to him or anyone else for a proper study unless the person receiving it had been instructed by you during a period of from six to eight weeks as to its proper manner of preparation and use. He further reported that you would permit an investigation, but that the person who undertook to do so would have to have the necessary training under you as mentioned above.

On account of the importance to humanity of an announcement such as yours, which gives promise that a means has been discovered to combat tuberculosis, and because of the great public interest that has ben aroused by dispatches in the press, I desire to arrange at once for a comprehensive investigation of your preparation, and will have the studies conducted under the auspices of the United States Public Health Service. Under the act of Congress approved July 1, 1902, this department is charged with the supervision of the propagation and sale of viruses, serums, and toxins in inter-State traffic. This act reads in part as follows:

"No person shall sell, barter, or exchange or offer for sale, barter or exchange, in the District of Columbia, or send, carry or bring for sale, barter or exchange from any State, Territory, or the District of Columbia into any State, Territory, or the District of Columbia, or any foreign country into the United States, any virus, therapeutic serum, toxin, antitoxin, or analogous product applicable to the prevention and cure of diseases of man, unless (a) such vorus, serum, toxin, antitoxin or product has been propagated and prepared at an establishment holding an unsuspended and unrevoked license issued by the Secretary o fthe Treasury as hereinafter authorized."

The provisions of the above-mentioned law make it incumbent on the department to make an effort to inquire into biologic products propagated for the cure of diseases of man.

I have to inform you, therefore, that the Treasury Department, through the Public Health Service, will enter into any reasonable arrangement for an investigation of your preparation, that, after the necessary arrangements have been made, cultures of your organism will be accepted for purposes of study, and one or more officers will be designated to associate themselves with you for the purpose of learning the method of preparation and use of your remedy and its affects on causes of tuberculosis.

After necessary studies have been conducted to determine the harmlessness of inoculating human beings with your culture, arrangements can be mad efor admittance to hospital of such cases of tuberculosis as apply and may be selected; the treatment to be administered by you under the observation of officers to be selected and such other experts as may be associated with them.

Respectfully,
FRANKLIN MACVEAGH, Secretary.

Dr. Friedmann acknowledged the letter by the following telegram:

> I welcome an official test to place my cultures at your disposal. Please wire if your medical representatives can be here on March 9 for demonstration on patients.
> FRIEDMANN.

Dr. Friedmann's apartments were filled with letters and telegrams from all over the country and hundreds are coming daily.

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TODAY

Gimbel Brothers

Present the New and Authoritative Modes of Paris

in

La Promenade des Toilettes

A little more than a fortnight ago the atmosphere of the Rue de la Paix and the Place Vendome was filled with fascinating suspense—for all of Paris eagerly awaited the modes that the famous dressmakers would give to the World of Fashion for Spring. And when the crucial hour arrived, the models in every Salon were delightful surprises, for each artist seemed to have found different inspiration at the Muse of Fashion this season.

¶ Today that fascinating suspense will vanish, for the House of Fashions presents to America the authentic Paris modes—the original models by

Paquin	*Bernard*	*Beer*
Drecoll	*Bechoff-David*	*Poiret*

¶ This Presentation emphasizes anew the fact that the Gimbel Store has the most efficient Fashion Organization in the world! Our Paris Bureau has kept in constant cable-touch with us, telling us about every model and all the important details for the preparation of this Exhibition. Indeed, it seemed as though Paris was but across the way! And, in turn, Old Neptune was kind, for all the express steamers that brought these models arrived on schedule time.

¶ And while the models were *en route*, we made ready for their reception here by reproducing a Scene on the Riviera, on our Eighth Floor—along the paths of which the thirty charming women who wear the Gowns and Wraps will promenade, so that many thousands of our friends may see this Exhibition of Modes, which will also include

Paris and Gimbel Millinery—the Finest in the World
And the New Accessories of Dress

¶ *You are cordially invited to these exhibitions today at 10:30 A. M. and 2:30 P. M.—also on the days following.*
Eighth Floor

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Easter Millinery
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This Department is Featuring
Popular Priced Hats
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Children's Easter Millinery
Early Showing of imported Models.
The very latest shapes, materials and colorings, including exclusive effects originated and controlled by us.

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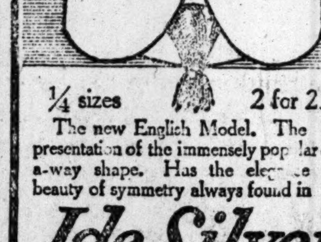

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The new English Model. The best presentation of the immensely popular cut-a-way shape. Has the elegance and beauty of symmetry always found in

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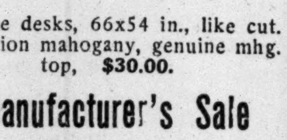

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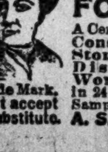

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THAW ABANDONS NEW EFFORT FOR LIBERTY

Fifth Writ of Habeas Corpus Is Withdrawn by His Counsel.

AFRAID OF GRAFT SCANDAL

Lawyers Convince Him That $25,000 Bribe Story Would Injure His Chances at This Time.

The fifth writ of habeas corpus obtained for Harry K. Thaw since his commitment to Matteawan was withdrawn by his own counsel with the permission of Supreme Court Justice Giegerich yesterday morning. After arriving in this city yesterday morning, fully intending to begin a new fight for liberty, Thaw decided, after a brief conference with his lawyers, that the $25,000 bribery scandal now being investigated would injure his chances of getting a favorable verdict at a hearing on his sanity.

Until yesterday Thaw had been convinced that this was as good a time as any to make a new attempt to gain freedom. He had refused to listen to Dr. Charles Kennedy, who had advised him that he would have difficulty in obtaining a fair hearing until the charges of attempted bribery had been cleared up. Harry Hirschberg of Newburgh, the newest of Thaw lawyers, also urged that the time was ill-advised for reopening the case. It was not until Thaw had talked with both his lawyers shortly before the case was called by Justice Giegerich that he was willing to consent to a delay.

Dr. Kennedy said yesterday that the sixth application for a writ of habeas corpus for Thaw would probably not be made for several months. In a few days, however, Dr. Kennedy will go before the Supreme Court again to argue for an order permitting him to confer privately with his client at Matteawan. This privilege has been denied him during the past few days under a new hospital rule made by Superintendent of Prisons Joseph F. Scott.

Expects to Testify in Investigations.

Thaw expects to be called before the Governor's Commission of Inquiry and the Grand Jury in the investigations of the $25,000 bribery charges and has assured his new lawyers that he can prove his innocence.

In court to-day Thaw seemed to be in good spirits. He is growing stouter and the white hairs at his temples are increasing, ageing him considerably in appearance. His old passion for taking notes was apparent. He kept his notebook handy, jotting down memoranda frequently during the hearing.

Thaw arrived at the Grand Central Station at 9:15 yesterday morning accompanied by Dr. Roy L. Leak, Acting Superintendent of the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane at Matteawan; Prison Agent W. A. McCabe, and Attorney Harry Hirschberg. The party was joined at the Grand Central Station by William A. Stone, ex-Governor of Pennsylvania and counsel for the Thaw family. Thaw and the officers started in an automobile for the County Court House, stopping on the way to have Thaw's eyeglass repaired by an optician of Forty-second Street.

When Justice Giegerich called the case at 10:30, Attorney Hirschberg, explaining that he was personal counsel for Thaw associated with Dr. Kennedy, made his application to have the writ withdrawn. William Travers Jerome, special counsel for the State, was on his feet immediately with an objection.

"On behalf of the State," he said, "I wish to oppose the withdrawal of this writ. Our return has been prepared, and we wish to file it. This writ has been sworn out, the aid of the court invoked, and it has proceeded in its regular course up to this point. I wish to see it go through to its natural conclusion and have it on the record of this court that it was dismissed."

"What is your reason for wishing to withdraw this writ?" asked the Justice of Mr. Hirschberg.

"Mr. Kennedy informed me that he had not had the opportunity to consult with his client, and therefore was not prepared to argue the matter to-day. I was not connected with the case until two days ago, and therefore was not in a position to argue the writ, so we decided the proper course would be to withdraw it."

"How would it be prejudicial to the people if this writ were withdrawn?" the Justice asked Mr. Jerome.

"I don't think it would be prejudicial, but we have prepared our return and would like to have it passed upon and made a part of the record of the court. I think the orderly procedure would be to dismiss the writ rather than permit it to be withdrawn."

Questions Court's Jurisdiction.

"Would not the dismissal of the writ carry with it a declaration that this court had jurisdiction in this matter?" asked the Justice, addressing Mr. Jerome.

"After having searched the authorities I am inclined to the belief that this court has no jurisdiction."

"I think the question of jurisdiction is entirely within the discretion of the court," said Mr. Jerome. After a discussion of authorities by the Justice and Mr. Jerome, the Justice announced:

"I will permit the writ to be withdrawn."

On Mr. Jerome's application an order was entered permitting the withdrawal of the writ, in order that the record would show that a writ had been sued out. When this was done the doors were opened and a crowd which had been barred out of the courtroom during the hearing poured into the room. When Dr. Leak saw the curious crowd gathering around Thaw, he turned to Prison Agent McCabe and said:

"Hustle him right back. Hustle him right back."

Way was made through the crowd and Thaw with his guards and lawyers left the courtroom. He was taken back to Matteawan on the next train.

Before the hearing Thaw was questioned about the story that he had accused Dr. Leak of reversing his previous testimony and declaring at Albany that Thaw was insane, Thaw, according to Dr. Kennedy, said that Dr. Leak had changed his attitude under orders and was "constitutionally inferior," a phrase which alienists have used in describing Thaw. When he was shown a report of this interview, Thaw tore a page from his notebook and wrote:

"When Dr. Kennedy visited me on Monday we were unable to consult. The Acting Superintendent was present, so we talked with him. He refused to talk at first, but in about a minute he said he could not answer questions and stood speechless all the time that he remained.

"In a good-humored way Dr. Kennedy and I suggested that it looked as if he might have become disturbed or suffered from some nervous trouble which would indicate that he was constitutionally inferior. This was like a joke. I did not say or intimate that he was insane.

"H. K. THAW."

Dr. Leak was asked about the story and declined to make any comment on it.

Thaw was asked about the charge that he had given $25,000 to Attorney John Nicholson Anhut to be used in bribing witnesses in his favor. He said:

"As I expect to be called before the legislative committee to testify in regard to that, I cannot say anything about it now."

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Not TO-MORROW, for to-morrow never comes, and every day you put off buying HOLEPROOF HOSIERY means needless expense to you and unnecessary labor for the one who does your darning. Step into a Brill Store TO-DAY and buy

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DENY SNOW-REMOVAL FRAUD.

Contractors Demand Bill of Particulars from the City.

Daly & MacBean, snow removal contractors, whose payment was held up by Controller William A. Prendergast, showed yesterday that they intended to fight the case for every cent of their claims against it. The Controller held up the payments on the ground that the vouchers presented were in excess of the amount of snow removed. It was charged that fraud had been practiced on the city by various snow removal contractors.

This purported fraud was pleaded by the Corporation Counsel in his answer to the Daly & MacBean suit. It appeared that the city agreed to pay for snow removed on tickets to be punched by Inspectors. The city charged that many of the tickets presented as vouchers had been procured by paying graft. For this reason, the City's Finance Department said, it repudiated the agreement to pay on the tickets and demanded that the contractors show by other proof the amount of snow removed. The contractors replied that this repudiation not only threw an unjust burden upon them, but was a violation of the terms of the contract under which they had entered upon the work of snow removal.

Daly & MacBean won a victory yesterday in the Supreme Court when Justice Lehman signed an order on their application requiring the city to submit a bill of particulars showing what contractors and what inspectors had conspired to defraud the city, and how many fraudulent tickets were issued.

JURY FOOLED THE COURT.

Their Sealed Verdict Was Really a Disagreement.

The jury in an action brought by John Celmer and his wife to eject Libislaus Ostrowski from property in 67 Pearsall Street, Long Island City, handed in a sealed verdict to the court attendant having them in charge Wednesday night and they were allowed to go home. When Justice Jaycox opened it in the Queens County Supreme Court yesterday morning, he found a statement that the jury could not agree.

"Is this your verdict, gentlemen?" he asked.

When assured that it was he said:

"You have deceived the officer who had you in charge, for this is not a verdict at all. You led him to believe that you had arrived at a verdict when you had not. Your action is highly improper."

He then warned all the jurors present from committing a similar offense.

Several years ago Justice Crane fined a Queens County jury $10 each for bringing in a similar verdict.

TO HEAR MUIR-MACKENZIE.

Bar Association to Have Distinguished Guest Besides Haldane.

Word was received here yesterday from Baltimore that George Whitelock, Secretary of the American Bar Association, had received advices from London, England, that the Rt. Hon. Sir Kenneth Muir-Mackenzie, C. C. B., K. C., Clerk of the Crown, a man of notable distinction in the legal world of Great Britain, would accompany Viscount Haldane, the Lord Chancellor, when the latter comes to America to deliver the annual address before the Bar Association at its meeting in Montreal, Can., on next Sept. 1. Miss Haldane, a sister of the Lord Chancellor, will also be one of the party.

One of the features of the meeting at Montreal will be a symposium on the "Struggle for Simplification of Legal Procedure," by Hon. William C. Hook of Kansas, Judge of the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Eighth Circuit; N. Charles Burke of the Maryland Court of Appeals, and William A. Blount of Florida, who has served on several committees concerning reform of procedure.

J. B. MERRILL GIVES BOND.

Ex-District Attorney of Queens Again Indicted for Auto Theft.

Ex-District Attorney John B. Merrill of Queens County, gave $1,000 bond before Judge Humphrey in the Queens County Court yesterday morning on an indictment charging him with grand larceny. The indictment grows out of the disappearance of an automobile owned by Mrs. Lucille Clarke, a former client of Mr. Merrill, and her husband, Bert S. Clarke of 7 Spencer Place, Brooklyn.

At the time of the disappearance of the machine, in October last, an indictment was found against Merrill and two others, but the Merrill indictment was later dismissed. Several weeks ago the missing automobile was found on a country estate in Greenwich, Conn., and the matter was again presented to a Grand Jury and a second indictment was returned against Merrill. He was represented in court yesterday by Attorney Eugene N. L. Young, who gave notice that he would file a demurrer.

PAINE BACK TO PUSH M'NALLY CONTRACT

His Restoration as Receiver Is Expected to Expedite Settlements.

TO FINISH AQUEDUCT JOB

In Returning Him to Power, Court Also Withdraws Previous Criticisms of His Methods.

Many of the legal difficulties growing out of the $4,000,000 aqueduct contract obtained by the Thomas McNally Company several years ago were removed on Feb. 28 by the restoration of William E. Paine, President of the Georgia-Florida Lumber Company, as co-receiver of the company with Benjamin B. Odell. Justice Tompkins of the Supreme Court made the order and filed with it a memorandum withdrawing any criticisms that were directed at Mr. Paine at the time of his removal. The memorandum filed by the Justice reads in part:

"The weight of authority in this and other States is against the power of the court to remove a receiver without notice to him and an opportunity being given him to answer or explain the grounds upon which his removal is sought or undertaken to be made. This conclusion I have reached after a careful examination of the many authorities submitted by both sides of this motion. My conclusion, therefore, is that the part of the order removing Mr. Paine as one of the receivers of the McNally Company should be vacated.

Soon after the order restoring Mr. Paine was made Coombs and Wilson, who, with Thomas Gilleran, represented him in the court proceedings, sent out a letter to the creditors of the Thomas McNally Company that reads in part:

"This motion for the removal of the receivers was made by the Georgia-Florida Lumber Company because it believed that this was the only way to avoid having the funds of the Thomas McNally Company dissipated in receivers' and attorneys' fees, and to save anything for the general creditors."

The letter refers to the effort the Georgia-Florida Company made to have the receivers removed, which resulted in having only Mr. Paine removed, and says further:

"In making such motion the Georgia-Florida Lumber Company agreed to complete the aqueduct contract and prefer all of the creditors of the McNally Company, and simply take and apply on its own claim any balance which remained after the payment of all other creditors, and it offered to give a bond for $500,000 to carry out such agreement.

"The result of the opposition was that when the motion came up for a hearing before Justice Tompkins it was denied, and Justice Tompkins, in addition to denying the motion, removed Mr. Paine as one of the receivers, and Benjamin B. Odell was left in control as sole receiver."

The work of completing the contract which resulted in the failure of the McNally Company is to be pushed briskly forward. The Georgia-Florida Lumber Company put into the work about $290,000.

PALMS AND LILIES READY.

Supplies for Palm Sunday and Easter Said to be Plentiful.

Up to yesterday churches of New York and vicinity had ordered $8,500 worth of palms for Palm Sunday, and in Barclay Street, where are the headquarters for palm supplies, it was estimated that this year's trade in palms will amount to $10,000 or $12,000.

Three firms handle all of the palms for New York, Northern New Jersey, Long Island and the Hudson Valley. The palms come from Florida, and are always plentiful and cheap. About the only cost is transportation and the storage awaiting delivery. One firm sells 30,000 heads, another 75,000 and a third 9,000. The price is $4 a hundred heads, and they average 90 to 100 stalks to a head.

Samuel R. Outerbridge of the shipping firm said yesterday that conditions at present in Bermuda had nothing whatever to do with the lily supply. Whether Bermuda makes out well or ill with its crop is of small consequence. The bulbs are brought here by the Outerbridges on their ships in August and September. A dealer up the Hudson River a short distance grows almost all of the lilies from the bulbs that are used in and near New York at Easter. This year, owing to the early date of Easter, lilies may not be well in bloom. Otherwise they will be neither scarce nor high in price. The bulbs from Bermuda last September were of an excellent character, and as the florist knows the date of Easter, or can know it for a thousand years to come, he is always prepared. Nobody need pay extra prices, it is said, because of conditions in Bermuda, or for any other reason. There is no scarcity, beyond inability to force the blooming a week before April starts.

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PARIS, 3, Rue de la Paix

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The New Waist Belt

Model with the Seal of Paquin, which is registered. Those new waist belts bear also the buyer's name and a Control Number. We think that the present notice will be useful to our clients and render them able to discern at first sight the original from a copy.

2 lbs.
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CRYSTAL Domino Granulated SUGAR

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POSSESSES every essential feature demanded by discriminating automobile buyers. Call and see the newest models in our new showrooms.

SIDNEY B. BOWMAN AUTO CO., SALESROOM & SERVICE DEPTS.
225-231 WEST 49TH ST., NEW YORK CITY.

HOLD WOMAN FOR ARSON.

Indictment Against Bertha Sachs, Who Wanted Enemy's Store Burned.

An indictment charging Mrs. Bertha Sachs of 166 East 118th Street with attempting to commit arson in the first degree was sent to Judge Malone in General Sessions yesterday, and a bench warrant for her arrest was signed immediately.

Mrs. Sachs was arrested Wednesday on the complaint of Mrs. James Blum of 170 East 118th Street. The testimony showed that the defendant and Mrs. Blum had had several quarrels and that Mrs. Sachs had hired Edward Smith and Lawrence Cavalliere to set fire to Mrs. Blum's store. Smith and Cavalliere reported the matter to Mrs. Blum, who communicated with the District Attorney. Assistant Fire Marshal Sheehan got Smith to introduce him to Mrs. Sachs. She told him she wanted to hire a man to set fire to Mrs. Blum's store and was willing to pay $1. She also offered to buy benzine and other materials. Sheehan agreed.

After all arrangements had been completed Sheehan arrested Mrs. Sachs. She will be brought before Judge Malone for pleading to-day.

A jury was selected before Judge Swann in General Sessions yesterday to try the case of Henry C. Freeman, an adjuster, under two indictments charging arson in the second degree. Freeman is accused of having hired Isidor Stein, alias "Izzy the Painter," to set fire to a flat in order that he might collect a commission for adjusting the loss. The trial will be continued to-day.

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are showing Complete Spring Importations of PARIS DRESS SILKS embodying the latest fashions.

A very large stock of Fine Silks is at all times maintained in this department.

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are shown in the Toilet Goods Department in an interesting assortment, marked at attractive prices. Included are Brushes, Combs, Mirrors, Powder and Trinket Boxes, Boudoir Clocks, Trays, Novelty Pincushions, etc.

Also a choice selection of IMPORTED PERFUMES, including Le Nouveau Cyclamen and L'Or, from Coty, each enclosed in an artistic flacon designed by Lalique.

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

Leopold Godowsky's

CHOPIN RECITAL
Takes place at CARNEGIE HALL
Tomorrow (Saturday) at 3 P. M.

The Knabe
PIANO

will be used, to which this eminent Pianist refers as follows:

Wm. Knabe & Co.:—
Gentlemen:—
In the midst of my extensive and strenuous American tour I must express to you my hearty appreciation of the noble qualities of your instruments.
The requirements of modern piano playing are so great and manifold, demanding of the instrument orchestral volume and variety of color as much as utmost delicacy, clearness and that pearly quality peculiar to the piano passages, that it is a most perplexing problem to the piano manufacturer to satisfy all the demands of the XXth century pianist.
You meet every conceivable wish of the most exacting artist, and to me your instrument is a most desirable companion on my tour.
Cordially yours,
Leopold Godowsky.

The Knabe Mignonette Grand

is indispensable where space is limited—desirable in the highest degree where an abundance of space exists $700

A Visit Implies No Obligation to Purchase.

Terms Arranged to Suit.

Knabe Building 5th Ave. at 39th St.

M'KELWAY PROMISES BIGGER CITY COLLEGE

New Chancellor Plans to Expand It to Take In All Boroughs of New York.

NEW BRANCHES PROPOSED

Project Long Hoped for by President Finley Now Favored by Head of State Regents.

Plans to expand the City College by adding branches in Brooklyn, Queens, and Staten Island, were announced at a general assembly held yesterday in the Great Hall of the college in honor of the promotion of Dr. St. Clair McKelway to the position of Chancellor of the University of the State of New York.

The announcement was made by Dr. McKelway in the course of his address on the educational needs of the day. Dr. McKelway's view was heartily cheered by the several thousand students who were present and it was later indorsed by President John H. Finley as marking "an epochal moment in the life of the City College."

President Finley announced that he had long cherished the hope that the City College might assume a more vital position in the life of the expanding city, but that he had never been able to see the realization of this hope for the reason that all legislative matters connected with the college were in the hands of the Regents of the University of the State of New York.

This peculiar university, President Finley explained, welcomed no students to its doors, had no Faculty, conferred no degrees, had no campus, and had no headquarters except in a State office building.

"Yet for all that," he continued, "it controls the destinies of all of the State educational institutions which it holds together under one bond and which it keeps working toward one ideal. That Dr. McKelway, on assuming the chancellorship of the legislative body for the universities, should speak for an era of expansion for the City College is very significant.

"We have long been in theory a college for the whole city, but in fact we have chiefly been able to exert ourselves for the benefit of Manhattan alone. Limitations of transportation and accessibility have made it so. Now, for the first time, we can begin to plan to reach out and take in our own to the uttermost boundaries of the city.

"We have taught culture here, of course, but would you call an odorous piece of tubercular beef a cultural matter? Well, we believe the Health Department will welcome trained and qualified investigators ready to protect the health of the poeple. And so we are teaching a selected group of students how to detect tubercular meat and how to do all of the other work of a good Health Department Inspector.

To Serve City Departments.

"A few nights ago I had at my home twelve representatives of twelve city departments. Each one of them I asked to tell me how we could co-operate with his department to the best advantage. From one department I received surveying instruments worth $5,000. They were no longer needed. Now I am offering to supply, for any other department that needs them, a good squad of surveyors with instruments. These are the young men who have mastered the art of surveying and are ready to be of service to their city.

"A committee is now at work outlining this whole matter of a new and closer co-operation between the City Government and the college. With the borough branches, which Dr. McKelway forecasts will be built for us, our usefulness in this new field of co-operative effort will materially increase."

The assembly in honor of the new Chancellor of the University of the State of New York was to have been in honor also of William F. McCombs, Chairman of the Democratic National Committee and a member of the Board of Trustees of the City College. It was expected that Mr. McCombs would be present to announce that he had decided to refuse a foreign Ambassadorship and would continue as a college Trustee. But Mr. McCombs failed to appear, and no definite word arrived from him as to whether or not he had finally made up his mind about the Ambassadorship.

Speeches in praise of Dr. McKelway were delivered by Frederick P. Bellamy of Brooklyn, an associate on the Board of Regents of the University of the State of New York, and the Rev. Dr. George Alexander, pastor of the University Place Church, who had been an intimate friend of Dr. McKelway for more than thirty years.

The promotion of Dr. McKelway to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Whitelaw Reid, the former Chancellor, would make but slight difference in the administrative programme, it was stated, for the reason that Dr. McKelway served as Acting Chancellor throughout the term of Mr. Reid.

Will Be a City University.

"Grover Cleveland was here notably honored," said Dr. McKelway, when he was introduced by President Finley, "and conspicuous among those who sounded his praise was William Howard Taft, whom we are now glad to hail as a member of the noble fraternity of college teachers.

"He may get less than the athletes, but he will give more.

"And I may say that this college is an inspiring part of the great system of public instruction. This system is wholly municipal. It is not a borough system. This plant is in the greatest borough, but it will have branches in all of them. The City College will soon broaden to the City University. That will follow from the very law of material expansion and of economic consolidation. That law of development and unfication cannot be accused of monopoly in restraint of learning.

"Public education could as well be charged with monopoly as the public education sustained by it could be. With colleges and universities on private foundations this is not in conflict. The City College is contemporaneous with them, and may be gaining on them. That is as it may be, but it is not conflict, or does that imply monopoly or restraint of education in any sense. As well could Luther Burbank's grafting be likened to graft as this City College growth to monopoly.

"My own name and that of Commissioner Draper have for long years attested the confidence of our board and of ourselves in the justice and thoroughness of your examinations, and in the capability of your graduates for the work to which they address their lives. And I could show, in a word, how the swiftness and candor with which your college vindicated its character, when its confidence was abused by a fraudulent few who trafficked in its name and fame. That act raised the morals of education in every school in our great city and State to a higher vigilance and virtue than before had been predicated as necessary. The honorable estate of learning and teaching thanked God and took courage because of you. And none was more grateful and pleased and hopeful because of that than my predecessor, Whitelaw Reid, of unforgettable memory in educational service."

Another Battle Shaft Defaced.

GETTYSBURG, Pa., March 6.—A ninth monument on the battlefield, that of the Sixth New Jersey Regiment, was found to-day to have suffered at the hands of the vandal who visited the historic ground on Tuesday night. It is feared that still others may have suffered at the hands of the miscreant. With the many hundreds of monuments on the field, an investigation cannot be completed for several days.

JEWELERS INCREASE STOCKS.

Big February Importations Said to be to Forestall Possible Tariff Changes.

The gem importations for February were the largest ever brought into this country during the second month in any year according to figures compiled by William B. Treadwell, the Government jewelry examiner at the Appraisers Stores. His figures show that during the past month the total valuation of the gems received through this port reached $4,290,435 of which the cut precious stones and pearls amounted to $3,217,213 and the uncut gems, mostly diamonds, to $1,082,222. Last year the value of the cut stones and pearls imported during February dropped to $2,310,346, and the uncut gems to $477,411.

Only once before have the February gem importations ever passed the $4,000,000 mark, and that was in 1907, when they reached $4,278,300.

The big figures for the past month were due in part, it was said, to the fact that importers and cutters increased their stocks on the chance that there might be an advance in duties by the new Congress.

Maiden Lane diamond importers who have returned from the foreign markets in the past few days reported that the prices asked by the diamond trust are the highest in the history of the business.

The New York diamond importers favor a retention of the present duty of 10 per cent. on cut diamonds and free entry of the uncut stones. It is argued that to place a higher duty on gems means an increase in smuggling and a consequent loss of revenue to the Government.

Complete figures on the gem imports of the entire country during 1912 are now available and show that the total reached $42,552,720, of which $40,571,543 came in through the Port of New York.

JAMES A. MOFFETT'S WILL.

Estate Left to Wife and Children—Value Not Given.

The will James Andrew Moffett, who succeeded H. H. Rogers as Vice President of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, and President of all the pipe line companies of the Standard, was filed yesterday for probate in the Surrogates' Court. Mr. Moffett died at Palm Beach, Fla., on Feb. 25.

The petition accompanying the will gives the value of the estate as "over $10,000 personalty, over $10,000 realty." There are no large specific bequests, so that the actual value of the estate is not indicated.

Mr. Moffett's house, at 212 West Seventy-second Street, and the household goods therein are left to his wife, Kate I. Moffett. Mrs. Moffett also receives the income from two-fifths of the residuary estate. The other three-fifths of the estate go to the children, two sons, George M. and James A. Moffett, receiving one-fifth each, and Helen S. Moffett, a daughter, receiving the income from the remaining one-fifth. After Mrs. Moffett's death the principal of the sum set apart for her use is divided among the children.

Two servants, Ella Devanah, a cook, and Margaret Moran, a housemaid, receive $200 a year for five years.

BLOOD TRANSFER SAVES HER.

Miss Terry of Riverhead, Tuberculosis Patient, Improving.

Miss Hettie G. Terry of Riverhead, L. I., whose life was prolonged by blood transfusion, was reported by the authorities of Roosevelt Hospital yesterday to be improving. Miss Terry is suffering from tuberculosis. Miss Eva Terry, her sister, a school teacher of Plainfield, N. J., gave some blood for the benefit of her sister.

Recently her condition became serious and Capt. Edwin G. Young, also of Riverhead, an old friend of the family, volunteered to give his blood. He is a well-known yacht skipper who has been employed by New York yacht owners. Miss Terry is a daughter of the late Dr. Henry P. Terry, a former Long Island physician and banker.

MRS. WARDWELL'S ESTATE.

Many Charity Gifts Among the Bequests Amounting to $286,000.

Specific bequests amounting to $286,000 are made in the will of Mrs. Martha W. Wardwell, which was filed yesterday for probate in the Surrogates' Court. Mrs. Wardwell, who was the widow of William T. Wardwell, a former Treasurer of the Standard Oil Company, died on Feb. 23, at her home, 21 West Fifty-eighth Street.

There are nine bequests to charity, including $1,000 to the Society for the Promulgation of the Gospel among the Jews, an organization which no longer exists; $2,000 for the New York Association for the Blind; $3,000 to St. Paul's Protestant Episcopal Church, Rahway, N. J.; $3,000 to the American Bible Society; $7,000 to the Domestic and Foreign Missionary Society of the Protestant Episcopal Church; $2,000 to the New York Exchange for Woman's Work; $3,000 to the Trustees for the Fund for Aged and Infirm Clergymen of the Protestant Episcopal Church, and $500 to the National Temperance Society and Publication House.

The other bequests are chiefly to distant relatives. The residuary legatees are Edward L. Rogers, a brother, of Lawrence, S. I., and four cousins, Williamina Porter of New London, Conn., Helen Bassford of Pleasantville, N. Y., Helen Davis of Alameda, Cal., and Mollie Ridgely of Wilmington, Del. A sister of Elizabeth R. Stetson of 4 East Seventy-fourth Street was not included among the legatees of the original will, but a codicil dated Jan. 23 gives her $5,000. A clause in the original will says, "I give my dear sister my love, but no money, as I believe her to be amply provided for."

Among the larger bequests are $10,000 to a niece, Helen Rogers Wardwell; $10,000 to a stepson, Allen Wardwell; $15,000 to a stepdaughter, Clara W. Jones; $20,000 to Williamina Porter, one of the residuary legatees; $15,000 each to cousins, Helen Bassford, Helen Davis, and Mollie Ridgely, residuary legatees. Edward L. Rogers receives various securities valued at about $40,000.

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Absolutely pure, highest quality

Castor Oil

in easily swallowed, delicately sweetened, air tight gelatine capsules, which keep the oil active and effective indefinitely

"BABY" RICINOL FOR CHILDREN WHICH MELT IN THE MOUTH.

15c & 25c per box at your druggist or direct by mail.

Grape Capsule Co., 108 Fulton St., N. Y.

Makers of Olive Oil Grapes, "Nature's Food."

Every day is summer in

California

No zero cold, no blizzards

Zero weather is no joke.

While the entire East recently was snowbound and blizzard-swept, those fortunate enough to be in California were enjoying balmy days. Flowers were in bloom and happy chilren played the games of Springtime.

You should visit California *now*. Winter isn't over yet.

A Santa Fe train will take you there.
Fred Harvey dining-car, dining-room and station-hotel service.
On the way visit **Grand Canyon of Arizona.**

The California Limited—king of the limiteds—exclusively for first-class travel—runs every day—sleeper for Grand Canyon.

Santa Fe de-Luxe—extra-fare train, Chicago and Kansas City to Los Angeles—runs once a week—America's finest train.

California Fast Mail—also Los Angeles Express and San Francisco Express—three daily trains—standard Pullmans, tourist sleepers and chair cars—all classes of tickets honored.

Say which train you prefer. Will mail booklets.

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Santa Fe
All the way

A Clogged Bowel means A Clogged Brain

A CONSTIPATED man cannot THINK clearly. The active and successful person needs a clean bowel and a clear Brain. The Brain is naturally influenced because of pressure on the intestinal nervous system which prevents the human telegraph wires from performing their duty. No one organ in the body acts independent from another; in union there is health.

REMOVE THAT PRESSURE NOW. Don't say, I'll take something to-night, and thus spoil your day and your sleep. Take a remedy which acts quickly, surely and gently. Take HUNYADI JANOS WATER, the natural Remedy. The ideal laxative for a business man. ½ tumblerful in the morning, or at any time on an empty stomach, relieves you in an hour or so. Get a bottle at any Drug Store to-day.

A Famous Sequence of Sunday Newspapers

The Sunday Times

SPRING FASHION NUMBER

This
Spring's Fashion Number
WILL SURPASS ALL PREVIOUS FASHION JOURNALS
in the Novelty, Variety and Usefulness
of Its Information

This Spring's Paris Fashions are here accurately described by celebrated Parisian couturiers over their own signatures, with Photographs of Exclusive Hats and Gowns, constituting an

ILLUSTRATED FORECAST OF THE COMING SEASON

The Feature of the Issue will be
SIGNED FASHION ARTICLES BY

PAQUIN
WORTH
DRECOLL
BERNARD
BEER
REDFERN

Together with a
SUMMARIZED ANALYSIS OF THEIR RECOMMENDATIONS
A novel feature which will show at a glance the season's specialties of each of these celebrated Dressmakers.

Also Important Fashion Articles Inspired by Poiret and Premet.

In addition to which
There are Special Articles on Paris Hats, Lingerie and Corsets
And a signed article on Footwear by
YANTORNY, the "KING OF SHOEMAKERS"

A Special Signed Interview With
MARQUIS de la GANDARA
Describing the Society Recently Formed by French Artists to Assist French Dressmakers to Meet the
AMERICAN COMPETITION IN FASHIONS
in connection with which is reproduced the Society's First Recommendation
THE FLEUR DE LIS ROBE by WILLETTE

A WORD OF WARNING TO THOSE NOT YET EVERY-DAY READERS OF THE TIMES

The New York Times is always sold out. The Newsdealers adjust their orders to the demand, for The New York Times does not redeem unsold copies. So in order to be sure of getting these features you should order The New York Times delivered to you regularly.

The Sunday Times

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PLAYER-PIANO

—by all odds the best Player-Piano. Musical compositions of every nature are played without transposition or rearrangement.

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A New Upright Piano $225

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Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

If you wanted more room—what would you do?

That is—if you had coming to you from your special representatives in the Orient a large shipment of Oriental Rugs and had to make room for them—what would you do?

This is what *we* shall do: We shall sell a part of our present stock—

$51,884.00 worth of authentic ORIENTAL RUGS for $34,589.00

in a quick clearance to acquire the space we need.

There are about twenty groups, including a great variety of sizes.

The weaves are those most approved by Rug experts.

The prices are to be 1/3 less than Macy's already "lowest-in-the-City" prices.

Make your selections to-day.

R. H. Macy & Co.
HERALD SQUARE BROADWAY 34th STREET to 35th STREET NEW YORK

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Atlantic City	1913 Boardwalk
Boston	416 Boylston Street
Nice	16 Avenue Masséna
Vienna	2 Kärnthnerstrasse
Rome	144 Corso Umberto

NO OTHER BRANCHES OR AGENTS

INVENTORS SPURN IDEA OF POVERTY

They Are Wrathful, Too, Over What They Regard as Ridicule by the Irreverent.

ORGANIZED FOR PROTECTION

Hope by Pulling Together to Get Recognition—Inventions Now Include Aeroplane Life Saver.

A score of inventors, representing as many different lines of inventions, ranging from a dish-washing machine to an aeroplane life saver, gathered at dinner last night in the old Stevens House, at Broadway and Morris Street, to arrange for incorporating the "Inventors' League of the United States," the chief purpose being to protect the inventor "from unreliable and unscrupulous persons and to endeavor to secure for him the results and full benefits of his genius and labor."

There are forty resident and twenty non-resident members, and it is expected that several hundred will join when the organization completes its legal existence by incorporation. The objects of the league were commended in a letter received from Thomas A. Edison.

It was related that one of the members, Samuel Roth of 103d Street, who is both deaf and dumb, had invented a new kind of diving suit, an aeroplane life saver, and a submarine life rescuer which may be donned in the case of a wreck of a submarine boat. The wearer pops to the surface like a cork. Roth was not at the dinner, but a friend explained that he had been busy in Washington trying to interest the Navy Department in his devices, where he had encountered so much "red tape," having been sent from one Government office to another with so little encouragement that he was ready to believe in the existence of a "boat trust" combination against him. This and similar obstacles in the life of an inventor are what the league expects to overcome by co-operation.

Roth's aeroplane life-saver is described as a pneumatic rubber suit, which completely incloses the aeronaut, and in case of accident, all he has to do is to close the visor and let himself drop; sufficient oxygen being generated in the flight to keep him alive, and the pneumatic suit acts as a shock absorber. Roth is said to have lost his hearing and speech in an explosion while employed by the United States Government.

One woman inventor has applied for membership. She is Mrs. Nina Piffard-Francis of New Rochelle, and she is credited with inventing a number of labor-saving devices and household articles.

J. Alpin Graydon, who has invented a machine which cuts, pins and folds a booklet, it is said, has offered a $50 medal to be given by the league for the most meritorious invention by any one of its members in the present year. Another inventor, John Ilig, who has not been able to market his invention in the way he desires, was said to have invented an automobile ash cart, which takes up ashes and dirt and dumps them automatically without scattering dust on the streets. He tried to sell the machine to the city.

Among the members is one negro.

These officers were elected: George Whigelt, 154 Maiden Lane, President; P. W. Nelson and Charles E. Smith, Vice Presidents; Herman D. Sears, William M. Laughlin and J. Alpin Graydon, Secretaries, and E. A. Munns, Treasurer.

Reporters were not welcome because an evening newspaper had quoted the President as saying:

"Most people think that 50 per cent. of the inventors are crazy and the other 50 per cent. are lunatics, and in a measure that is true; but it is for that reason that it is necessary that we should band together to fight for protection." The President also was quoted as saying that one of their members had existed an entire week on five cents before he succeeded in perfecting one of his inventions; that he himself had "lived from hand to mouth" before he became famous, and that all the "members of the league were poor."

"We are not poor," protested several of the members, and while several tried to allay the rising storm of wrath at what some of them designated as an unwarranted attack, though written merely as a joke, they did not make peace.

All the members finally consented to hold an indignation meeting and find out who was responsible for the "misrepresentations."

CHILD TESTIFIES FOR MOTHER

Eleven-Year-Old Girl Accepted as a Divorce Case Witness.

Eleanor Arrowsmith, eleven-years-old, testified yesterday against her father, James Lawrence Arrowsmith, a motor car manufacturer, before Supreme Court Justice Hendrick, in a divorce suit brought by her mother, Mrs. Hattie Welbach Arrowsmith. The girl said she had seen her father exchange familiarities with Mathilda Gannon, a servant in the Arrowsmith household, whom her mother had named as co-respondent. Miss Gannon took the stand to deny the child's story.

The Arrowsmiths formerly lived in Plainfield. Mr. Arrowsmith's counter suit against his wife for divorce was also tried yesterday. Justice Hendrick reserved decision on both. The Arrowsmiths have another daughter, Mildred, six-years-old. Eleanor told Justice Hendrick that she was in Grade 6A in the Public School at 166th Street and Audubon Avenue, and had attended Sunday school. She said that if she told a lie, "God wouldn't like me and I might go to prison."

It was on this statement that Justice Hendrick accepted her as a witness.

ARBITRATORS AT WALDORF.

Sessions Begin Monday on Dispute Between Railways and Firemen.

The Astor Gallery in the Waldorf-Astoria was chosen yesterday for the hearing by the arbitration board appointed to arbitrate the demands of the firemen on the fifty-four Eastern railroads under the Erdmant act. Sessions will begin on Monday.

The three arbitrators are W. W. Atterbury, Vice President of the Pennsylvania Railroad, aribtrator chosen on behalf of the railroad; Albert Phillips, Vice President of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen, chosen on behalf of the firemen, and William L. Chambers of Washington, chosen under the act by Judge Martin A. Knapp of the United States Commerce Court and Acting United States Labor Commissioner G. W. W. Hanger, after the two other arbitrators failed to select a third in the five-day limit allowed them under the law.

W. S. Carter, President of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen, who will be the principal witness for the firemen, will reach New York on Sunday, and hold a conference at the Broadway Central Hotel with the other officers of the brotherhood.

LUDLUM DOESN'T ACT LIKE A MILLIONAIRE

Loan Clerk in an Anthony N. Brady Company Won't Tell Who Put C. I. & B. Stock in His Name.

IT'S WORTH ONLY $2,500,000

And He's Often Held Other Large Amounts in the Same Way Without Knowing Who Owned It.

W. H. Ludlum, who, as told in THE TIMES yesterday, appears on the books of the Coney Island & Brooklyn Railroad Company as the holder of more than 25,000 shares of the 35,000 shares of capital stock of the railroad, is a loan clerk employed by the Central Trust Company of 54 Wall Street. The stock in Mr. Ludlum's name is valued at $2,500,000 by the company, but Mr. Ludlum protested to a TIMES reporter yesterday afternoon that he wasn't a millionaire.

"I don't own the stock," he said. "I don't own 25,000 shares of that stock any more than you do. So what's the use of wasting time talking about it?"

"But you appear on the books of the company as the holder, don't you?" he was asked.

"Sure I do," he replied. "I've known that for some time. That's all I know about it, I tell you, so what's the use of asking me anything more?"

"Who put the stock in your name?" he was asked.

"I tell you I don't know. I don't know anything about it."

"Are the Brooklyn Rapid Transit interests the real owners?" he was asked.

"How should I know, when I don't know how it came to be put in my name, or who put it there?" the loan clerk replied.

Mr. Ludlum with the two other loan clerks, occupies a "cage" on the second floor of the banking institution. He seemed to feel that any one ought to take it for granted that he could not have purchased 25,000 shares of valuable stock on his salary. Behind another cage window a few feet away another man was busily engaged going over some books. He told the reporter he was the Secretary of the trust company.

"Ludlum's told you all he knows about it," said the Secretary, "and that's all we know about it."

The Central Trust Company is one of the chief financial agents of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company in its new subway and elevated railway extensions. Anthony N. Brady, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit, is also a Director of the trust company, and one of its heaviest stockholders. The Secretary was asked if the trust company acted as fiscal agent for the Brooklyn Rapid Transit, and he admitted that they had business relations.

Mr. Ludlum learned that he had been pushed into the limelight as a railway magnate when he arrived at the office in the bank yesterday morning.

"Did I hear about it?" he said in reply to a question. "There was a stack of clippings from every newspaper in town on my desk. Oh, no; this thing isn't uncommon at all. I have often held large amounts in the same way. No, I don't know that I ever controlled a railroad before, but you understand the situation. I never paid any attention to the transaction at all."

MADEROS HERE TO-DAY.

Family of the Late President of Mexico to Gather for Conference.

Francisco Madero, father of the late President of Mexico, Ernesto, his son, the ex-Minister of Finance, with their families and the widow of the ex-President, will arrive in this city late to-day on the Ward steamship Mexico, from Havana. Apartments have been reserved for them at the Hotel Ansonia, Broadway and Seventy-third Street.

It is expected that Mrs. Emiliano Madero, who is at San Antonio, Texas, Evaristo Madero and his younger brother, Carlos, will join them here for a family conclave to decide upon plans for the future.

Hugh J. Grant Estate $7,764,742.

John M. Bowers, retiring executor and trustee of the estate of ex-Mayor Hugh J. Grant, filed an accounting in the Surrogates' Court yesterday. The accounting covered the period between Nov. 20 last, when a previous accounting was filed, and Feb. 28 last, when he retired. Besides a cash balance of $898,032.89, the estate holds property, principally public utility securities, amounting to $6,866,709.59.

THIEVES BARRED HER OUT.

Intruders Chained Duysters's Door While They Looted the Apartment.

Finding herself barred from entering her apartment on the third floor of the Newcastle apartments, 601 West 162d Street, yesterday evening, Mrs. A. G. Duysters, wife of a retired merchant, summoned the Superintendent of the house, who ascended the fire escape and entered the place through a window. The Superintendent found that the place had been ransacked by thieves, who, in order to avoid interruption, had drawn the chain and bolt on the inside of the door.

The robbers had entered the place through the dumbwaiter from the basement and had stolen a gold Tiffany watch, pink coral earrings, a diamond breastpin, a cameo coral breastpin, a diamond scarfpin, gold cuffbuttons, and studs, in all valued at $500. The police were notified.

Fix J. H. Inman's Estate at $915,575.

An agreement between the State Controller's representatives and the executors of the estate of John H. Inman, who died sixteen years ago, fixing the taxable value of his estate at $915,575.99, will be submitted to Surrogate Fowler for approval to-day. The agreement was entered into to prevent further waste of time in appraising the estate, due to the complicated condition in which it was left.

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The frequency with which good Ale, and especially Bass Ale, is prescribed for convalescing patients, is sufficient proof of its remarkable food and tonic value.

Bass Ale

On Draught and In Bottle Everywhere

Special Pin-Casks (5 gallons) for family use on draught at home, from any department store, dealer or jobber.
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Lexington Ave., cor. 124th St.
Grand St., cor. Clinton St.
East 72d St., bet. Lexington & 3d Avs.
East Houston St., cor. Essex St.

BRONX
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Always remember the full name. Look for this signature on every box. 25c. E W Grove

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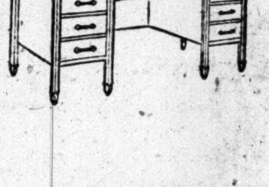

Do you know that on our sales floors and in our warerooms are desks, chairs, tables, and filing devices literally by the thousands excelling in variety of design and offered at prices that appeal? That supplementing these are the odd pieces for specific purposes, which you have long desired but never found?

Cost no more than the ordinary kind

The Globe-Wernicke Co., 380 Broadway
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The Globe for March 12th

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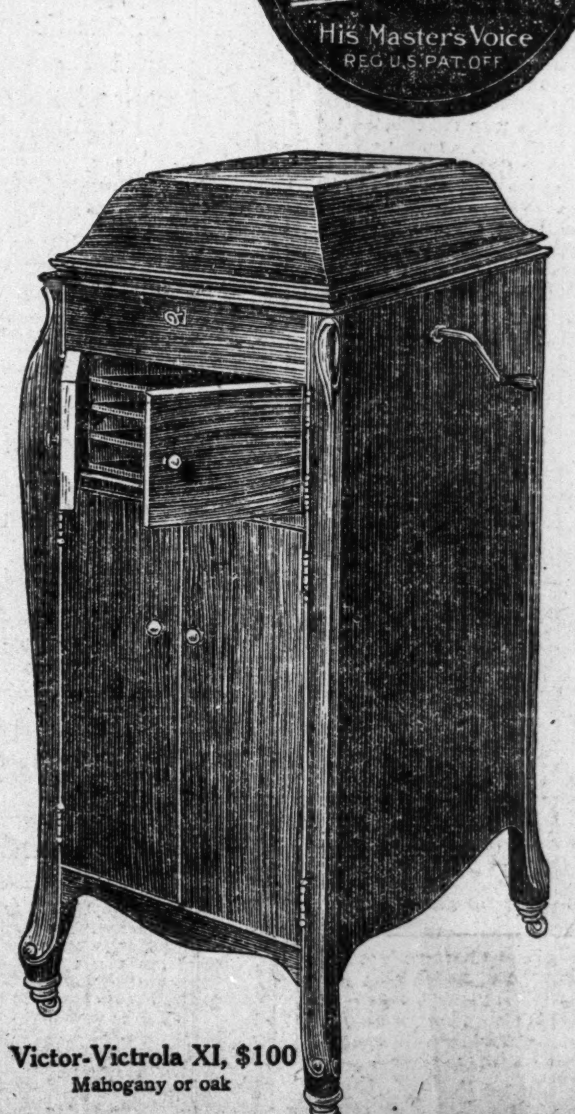

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WORLD'S RECORDS AT A. A. U. GAMES

P. J. McDonald and Abel Kiviat Make New Figures in Garden Meet.

THREE VICTORIES FOR ADAMS

Olympic Champion Captures Three Events—Big Crowd Witnesses Exciting Contests.

National A. A. U. Champions.

75 Yards.—Howard P. Drew, Springfield High School. Time—0:07 3-5; new record.
70-Yard Hurdle.—James L. Wendell, Wesleyan University. Time—0:09 2-5; equals record.
300 Yards.—Fred Burns, Boston A. A. Time—0:33 1-5.
600 Yards.—A. R. Kiviat, Irish-American A. C. Time—1:15 1-5.
1,000 Yards.—A. R. Kiviat, Irish-American A. C. Time—2:15 4-5.
Two-Mile Run.—William J. Kramer, Long Island A. C. Time—9:15 1-5; new championship record.
Two-Mile Walk.—R. B. Gifford, McCaddin Lyceum. Time—14:32 3-5.
Running High Jump.—J. O. Johnstone, Harvard University. Height—6 feet 1 inch.
Standing High Jump.—Platt Adams, New York A. C. Height—5 feet 2 inches; equals record.
24-Pound Shot-Put.—P. J. McDonald, Irish-American A. C. Distance—39 feet 3¼ inches; new record.
Standard Broad Jump.—Platt Adams, New York A. C. Height—10 feet 9 inches.
56-Pound Weight for Height—P. J. McDonald, Irish American A. C. Height—15 feet 7 inches.
Pole Vault for Distance.—Platt Adams, New York A. C. Distance, 27 feet 9 5-8 inches.

Record-breaking performances marked the annual National indoor championship games of thee Amateur Athletic Union last night at Madison Square Garden. Seldom before in an athletic meet has such a galaxy of sterling performers been brought together in an indoor meet. Olympic, international, National, and intercollegiate champions competed in nearly every one of the thirteen events on the programme, which was run off with commendable promptitude.

Records fell fast throughout the competition. Pat McDonald of the Irish-American A. C. was responsible for a new world's record for the 24-pound shot-put, when he hurled the iron ball 39 feet 3¾ inches, which is 1 foot 2¼ inches better than the former record, made by himself two years ago. Scarcely had the applause following the announcement died away when Charles Harvey announced that Abel R. Kiviah of the Irish-Americans had established a new world's indoor record for 1,000 yards. His time was 2 minutes 15 4-5 seconds, and, like McDonald, supplemented his own previous record of 2 minutes 16 1-5 seconds.

Howard P Drew, the Springfield schoolboy, equalled the world's record for 75 yards, covering the distance in 7 3-5 seconds. Drew is now joint title holder with Luther Cary, Berney Wefers and Archie Hahn.

Three A. A. U. indoor championship figures were eclipsed or equalled in the 70-yard high hurdles. James J. Wendell, Wesleyan University, equalled the record of 9 2-5 seconds. Platt Adams, the New York A. C. and Olympic champion, cleared the bar in the standing high jump at 5 feet 2 inches, which is the same height as the record held by himself, and William J. Kramer, Long Island A. C., clipped 1 3-5 seconds from George V. Bonhag's record figures for the distance. In the other track events fast time was made, and the finishes were close.

One unique feature of the games was that seven of the thirteen championships were won by three men. Platt Adams of the New York A. C. and Olympic champion, captured the standing broad and high jumps and pole vault for distance. Although two of his performances in these events were below his previous best figures he showed unquestioned superiority over the other contestants. In the standing high jump he equalled the A. A. U. championship records.

P. J. McDonald and Abel R. Kiviat of the Irish-American A. C. each captured double honors. McDonald was the winner in the 24-pound shot put and 56-pound weight for heighth, while Kiviat finished first in the 600 and 1,000-yard events.

The big garden was packed to its capacity, fully 6,000 persons witnessing the games, which were among the best ever held under the auspices of the A. A. U. The spectators were aroused to the highest pitch of enthusiasm over several of the finishes, especially that of Kiviat and Jams E. Meredith of the University of Pennsylvania, when the pair raced around the track neck and neck in the last lap, the Irish-American securing the verdict by a few inches.

Fourteen men competed in the preliminary heats of the seventy-five yards dash. The elimination process left Alvah T. Meyer, Irish-American Athletic Club; Howard P. Drew, Springfield High School; Charles A. Rice, Powder Point School, Danbury, and F. P. O'Hara, Boston Athletic Association, to compete in the final heat. O'Hara and Meyer drew outside positions and at the crack of the pistol Meyer was the first to get away with Drew close behind. Less than a yard separated the four during the first sixty yards. Drew, with a wonderful burst of speed, breasted the tape three inches ahead of Meyer, who was the same distance in front of Rice.

Three heats were necessary to decide the 75-yard hurdle championship. Three men ran in the first heat and four in the second, the first and second men in each starting in the final. Each of the early events produced close competitions. James J. Wendell of Wesleyan University equaled the record of 9 2-5 seconds in the second heat. Wendell repeated his sterling performance in the final heat, winning after a stiff fight with John J. Eller of the Irish-Americans, who was but six inches behind the winner when the latter breasted the tape. Wendell again equaled the record.

In the 1,000-yard run E. T. Marceau, Boston Athletic Association, went to the front at the pistol and held the leading position for several laps, with Abel Kiviat, Irish-American A. C., trailing. When Homer Baker, New York A. C., made his sprint in the last 100 yards Kiviat made his spurt also, and passing Marceau, finished the last lap at a sprinting speed, winning with ease by ten yards. Baker was the same distance in front of Marceau. Kiviat's time was 2 minutes 15 4-5 seconds, establishing another world's record.

The big entry list in the 300-yard run made it necessary to hold four trial heats, with four men in the first and three in the last. Melvin W. Sheppard was an absentee owing to his recent experience in a train wreck. The four men left in the event after the second semi-final heat were Fred Burns, Boston A. A.; W. Packard, New York A. C.; J. Stebbins, Georgetown University, and A. Pepis, Irish-American A. C. Burns was penalized three yards for a false break, and Pepis was penalized six yards for the same offense. Burns, despite his handicap, won by a good margin from Packard, the second man.

George V. Bonhag of the Irish-Americans, the present title holder, declined the issue with Hannes Kolehmainen, the wonderful Finnish runner, and probably the highest class of distance runners ever brought together in an indoor event. Eight men faced the issue. William J. Kramer, Long Island A. C., with the pole, took the lead, and was trailed by Louis Scott, South Paterson A. C., and Oscar Hedlund, Boston A. A. Kolehmainen was last, and at the end of the first half mile was thirty yards behind the leader, the other runners being well bunched. The half-way distance found the contestants in the same positions, with Kolehmainen creeping up on the leaders. In two laps he had run into seventh place, Kramer in the meantime continuing to lead at a good clip. The field then began to string out, and Kolehmainen, who appeared to be in trouble from the start quit. Four men were left to face the last half mile, with Kramer and Hedlund together, ten yards ahead of Scott, the third man.

The leading pair put up a pretty contest, less than two yards separating them. Two laps from the finish Kramer let out a spurt and ran away from the Bostonian. He came down the home stretch with a great burst of speed, winning as he pleased by 25 yards. Hedlund was second, the same distance in front of Holden, Yonkers Y. M. C. A., who beat Scott for third place. Kramer's time clipped 1 minute 2-5 second from the championship record for the distance.

Six speedy middle-distance fliers went out after the 600-yard title. O. De Grouchy, New York A. C., was allowed to lead the field for three laps, when Kiviat worked up into the leading position. In the last lap he was challenged by James E. Meredith, the University of Pennsylvania crack. The pair raced neck and neck in the last lap, the Quaker on the outside striving to speed ahead of the Irish-American. The latter was able to hold his lead, and after a fierce struggle won by a yard. This gave Kiviat his second championship of the meet.

Pat McDonald's first put with the 24-pound shot shattered the world's record of 38 feet 1 inch, made by himself in 1911. The Olympic champion heaved the iron ball 39 feet 3¾ inches, beating his old figures by 1 foot 2¼ inches. McDonald could do no better in his subsequent attempts, but the put left him a margin of 5 feet 2 inches over W. F. Roos, New York A. C., who was second. In the event for the 56-pound weight for height McDonald fell in attempting his fourth throw. He was uninjured, but the handle of the weight was broken and a delay of half an hour followed. McDonald and his club mate McGrath, tied at 15 feet 7 inches, but the former won on the throw-off. The other field events were not of special importance. The summaries:

75-Yard Dash.—Record, 0:07 4-5—Won by Howard T. Drew, Springfield High School; Alvah T. Meyer, Irish-American A. C., second; Charles A. Rice, Powder Point School, Danbury, Mass., third. Time—0:07 3-5. New record.

2-Mile Walk.—No previous record—Won by R. B. Gifford, McCaddin Lyceum; Frank R. Plant, Long Island A. C., second; T. E. Neimdorfer, New York A. C., third. Time—14:32 3-5.

1,000-Yard Run.—Record, 2:16 1-5—Won by Abel R. Kivat, Irish-American A. C. Homer Baker, New York A. C., second; E. T. Marceau, Boston Athletic Association, third. Time—2:15 4-5. New record.

70-Yard Hurdle—Record 0:09 2-5.—Won by James L. Wendell, Wesleyan University; John J. Eller, Irish-American A. C., second; W. F. Potter, unattached, third. Time—0:09 2-5. Equalling record.

Two-Mile Run—Record 9:20 4-5.—Won by William J. Kramer, Long Island A. C.; Oscar Hedlund, Boston A. A., second; George F. Holden, Yonkers Y. M. C. A., third. Time—9:19 1-5. New championship record.

300-Yard Run—Record 0:33.—Won by Fred Burns, Boston A. A.; W. Packard, New York A. C., second; J. Stebbins, Georgetown University, third. Time—0:33 1-5

600-Yard Run, (Record 1:14.)—Won by Abel R. Kiviat, Irish-American A. C.; James E. Meredith, unattached, (Philadelphia,) second; Thomas J. Halpin, Boston A. A., third. Time—1:15 1-5.

Putting 24-Pound Shot, (record 38 feet 1 inch.)—Won by P. J. McDonald, Irish-American A. C., distance 39 feet 3¼ inches; W. F. Boos, New York A. C., distance 35 feet 1¾ inches, second; J. C. Lawler, unattached, distance 34 feet 11 inches, third. New world's record.

Standing High Jump.—(Record 5 feet 2 inches.)—Won by Platt Adams, New York A. C., height 5 feet 2 inches; Edward L. Emes, Bronx Church House, height 5 feet, second; Leo Goehring, Mohawk A. C., height 4 feet 11 inches, third.

Running High Jump.—(Record, 6 feet 2¾ inches.)—Won by J. O. Johnstone, Harvard University A. A., height 6 feet 1 inch; H. Barwise, Boston A. A., height 6 feet 1 inch, second; Egon Erickson, Mott Haven A. C., height 6 feet, third.

Standing Broad Jump.—(Record 11 feet 1½ inches.)—Won by Platt Adams, New York A. C., height 10 feet 9 inches; Leo Goehring, Mohawk A. C., height 10 feet 4 inches, second; Edward L. Emes, Bronx Church House, height 10 feet 1¾ inches, third.

56-Lbs. Weight for Height.—Record, 16 feet 3 inches—Won by P. J. McDonald, Irish-American A. C., height, 15 feet 7 inches; Matthew J. McGrath, Irish-American A. C., height, 15 feet 7 inches, second; John Cahill, Irish-American A. C., height, 14 feet 1¼ inch, third.

Pole Vault for Distance.—(Record 28 feet 2 inches.)—Won by Platt Adams, New York A. C. Distance, 27 feet 9⅝ inches; W. Happeny, Montreal A. A., distance 27 feet 4 inches, second; L. Schneider, Mohawk A. C., distance 26 feet 1 inch.

KNOCKOUTS AT NATIONAL.

Best Bout Among Amateurs Seen in 162-Pound Class.

The star attraction last night in the preliminaries of the boxing bouts under the auspices of the National Athletic Club in Brooklyn, proved to be the only contest in the 162-pound class which called out B. Puricone and W. Ferguson, two athletes of no club affiliation, who put up a whirlwind competition.

Each delivered a series of rights and lefts which they brought up from the floor, and each seemed a glutton for punishment. Puricone did the greater execution, and after a fine rally in the second round, in which they mixed fast and hard, he floored his man with such a hard right that he was almost unable to respond, with the result that the referee, Charlie Draycott, stopped hostilities, and send Ferguson to his corner.

The fifth bout of the 125-pound division was a sterling battle from end to end. J. Nussbaum of the Glencoes and J. Kilgore, unattached, were the principals, and they had the crowd on its feet almost throughout. Standing toe to toe, they swung on every opportunity, to the delight of the spectators. Nussbaum was getting the better of the walloping session, and seemed on the road to a knockout, when the referee interfered and saved him from being put out.

Each of the other bouts decided in the preliminaries of the 115-pound and 125-pound classes went the limit of three rounds, and in the main furnished good contests. The finals will be decided tomorrow night. The summaries.

115-Pound Class, First Bout.—H. P. Hoffman, National A. C., defeated P. McLean, unattached. Three rounds. Judges' decision. Second bout—C. F. Herbert, West Harlem A. C., defeated S. C. Tellier, unattached. Three rounds. Judges' decision. Third bout—J. George, unattached, defeated T. Carroll, Immaculate Conception A. C. Three rounds. Judges' decision.

125-Pound Class First Bout.—W. Horner, unattached, defeated A. Meyer, unattached. Three rounds. Judges' decision. Second bout—J. Wall, Hudson Guild, defeated W. Ramsey, Sheridan A. C. Three rounds. Judges' decision. Third bout—P. Cook, National A. C., defeated J. Jones, unattached. Three rounds. Judges' decision. Fourth bout—A. Rosen, untached, defeated A. McLean, West Harlem A. C. Three rounds. Judges' decision. Fifth bout—J. Nussbaum, Glencoe A. C., defeated J. Kilgore, unattached. Two rounds. Referee's decision. Sixth bout—W. Riley, unattached, defeated V. J. Meale, National A. C. Four rounds. Judges' decision.

162-Pound Class, First Bout.—B. Puricone, unattached, defeated W. Ferguson, unattached. Two rounds. Referee's decision.

MORGAN BACKS DOWN.

Jack Britton's Manager Changes His Ideas When Called Before Commission

At a special meeting of the State Athletic Commission yesterday afternoon Dan Morgan, manager of Jack Britton, was asked to explain what he meant in an interview which he gave out on Wednesday night, following the announcement that the commission had named Billy Joh to referee the bout at Madison Square Garden to-night between Packey McFarland and Jack Britton. Morgan had previously entered a protest against the selection of Joh as referee.

When haled before the Commissioners Morgan denied that he had said what was credited to him in an interview, despite the fact that nothing was printed except the statements which he gave out. He was informed by the Commissioners that they would stand for no such remarks, and Morgan hid behind the statement that he had been misquoted and that his remarks were taken from a different angle than he intended they should. It was a practical repudiation of the interview which Morgan gave out in his own office on Wednesday night, but the summons to the commission office evidently led him to change his front.

Pitcher Dahlgren Reinstated.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, March 6.—The National Baseball Commission to-day reinstated Pitcher Cyrus Dahlgren of the Cincinnati National League team, into the good graces of organized baseball. Dahlgren failed to report to Cincinnati in 1912 and admitted having played with a semi-professional team. He was fined $25.

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M'FARLAND FAVORITE OVER BRITTON AT 7-5

Lightweight Boxers Ready for Battle in Madison Square Garden To-night.

With all their hard training completed and both boys brimming over with confidence of victory, Packey McFarland and Jack Britton are now awaiting the call of the gong which will send them over the ten-round boxing route at Madison Square Garden to-night. For Britton the battle will be the chance of a lifetime, affording him the opportunity of dethroning the greatest boxer in the ring to-day. For McFarland there is plenty to lose and very little to gain. He is being called upon to defend the laurels which have been showered upon him for his wonderful performances during the last few years.

Both boys are Chicagoans and are of Irish-American descent. McFarland was born in Chicago twenty-five years ago last November, but Britton is a native of Clinton, N. Y., moving to Chicago twelve years ago. Britton was 27 years old last October, but his boxing career does not date back quite as far as that of McFarland.

The bout to-night looms up as the most important contest that has been staged in New York in years, despite the fact that neither boxer holds a title. They are unfortunate, especially McFarland, in being just a few pounds above the weight which latter-day champions insist on whenever a match is asked. Packey himself is one of the strongest reasons for this insistence, as the champions and aspiring champions hide themselves behind those extra pounds whenever a bout with McFarland is mentioned. Although without titles, these two boxers have established a reputation for cleverness far above any other boxers in the lightweight division, and it is this extreme cleverness that has given this bout its nation-wide importance. Not since Jim Corbett and Kid McCoy faced each other at Madison Square Garden almost thirteen years ago have two such exponents of the art of boxing battled for supremacy in a local ring.

McFarland is the favorite, and in whatever betting has been done he has been quoted at 7 to 5. However, Britton has quite a backing whenever these figures are named. That Packey should be the favorite is natural, in view of his excellent ring record, and especially the showing he has made in his bouts in this city. Since Packey took up the boxing game in 1904 he has not had a decision rendered against him. He has fought all the near-champions of the lightweight division and the title-holders of other countries, but by a peculiar turn of affairs he has never been in the ring with any of the four American champions who have reigned since he became a boxer—Gans, Nelson, Wolgast, and Ritchie. But his long ring record is studded with the names of illustrious boxers who have tried in vain to subdue the little Chicago Irishman.

In this city McFarland has never been extended to the limit of his powers or skill. About four years ago he engaged in two bouts here with Leach Cross, but neither Packey nor Leach had gained anything like the fistic reputation at that time that both now possess. Of late years he has fought Dick Hyland, Jack Goodman, Owen Moran, Tommy Murphy, Kid Burns, One-Round Hogan, and Matt Wells in this city, and it was the same story each time. Some of the above-named boxers managed to make Packey work harder than the others, but not one in the lot made the stock yards champion travel at anything like top speed to annex the verdict. Matt Wells, holding the English title, was expected to extend McFarland in Packey's last bout here, and the contest was a romp for the American.

In fact, the one boxer who has really made Packey go at his best was Freddie Welsh, who held the English title when he boxed McFarland. In a twenty-five-round bout at Los Angeles and a twenty-round bout at London a draw was the verdict, and McFarland holds a ten-round decision over Welsh from a bout in Milwaukee. Excepting Welsh, and possibly Jack Britton, who boxes McFarland here to-night, the stock yards boy has never been forced to extend himself.

Britton got his chance at Memphis on Jan. 30, 1911. At the end of eight rounds the referee declared the bout a draw, but at least one paper disagreed with the referee and decided Britton was the winner. Britton has been chasing Packey for a return match since that date, and several times matches were nearly arranged, only to fall through. During the last six months Britton has been more persistent, and has backed up his challenges with a series of victories over all comers that could not be ignored.

Britton's ability as a boxer is as well known here as McFarland's, as it is in this city that Britton has done his best work. He has defeated several aspiring lightweights here during the last six months, his most noteworthy victim being Leach Cross, who was most decisively outpointed by the Chicagoan. He has shown unusual cleverness, as well as a knockout punch.

In height and reach there is little difference between the pair. Both stand 5 feet 8 inches and have a reach about the same. McFarland is a more finished boxer and his judgment of distance is nearly perfect. He makes few unnecessary punches and wastes none of his strength. Britton is perhaps McFarland's superior in physical strength, and he therefore carries a harder punch.

At least 10,000 persons will witness the bout, and only the capacity of Madison Square Garden limits the crowd to this size, as the demand for tickets was about double the actual capacity. However, a larger number of them will be on sale to-night, as only the special reservations were sold in advance. The total seating capacity as the building is arranged for to-night's bout is 8,499, divided as follows: 1,284 floor box seats, 1,000 floor seats, 584 arena box seats, 2,109 arena seats, 300 tier box seats, 90 centre box seats, 1,632 balcony seats, and 1,500 gallery seats. Added to these will be standing room sufficient to accommodate about 1,500 persons.

The receipts will probably be between $30,000 and $40,000, eclipsing any bout that has been held in this city in many years. McFarland's share will be 30 per cent. of the gross receipts, Britton will receive 20 per cent., and the remainder will go to the Garden Athletic Club.

The principals will enter the ring at 10 o'clock to-night, and the bout will begin a few minutes later. The weight agreed upon is 137 pounds at 3 o'clock this afternoon, and the weighing in will be done in the presence of representatives of the Boxing Commission, the managers, Referee Joh and newspaper men. The rules will then be interpreted to the boxers to avoid delay in the ring. Before the contestants climb into the ring to-night both must weigh again, according to the regulations of the State Athletic Commission, and Dan Morgan, manager of Britton, will insist that the weighing take place at the side of or inside the ring. Morgan says Britton will be weighed at or in the ring regardless of what McFarland may do. Billy Joh, who was protested by Morgan and later chosen by the State Athletic Commission, will be the referee.

Many tickets have found their way into the hands of speculators, and these were quoted last night at a slight advance over the regular prices. The tickets range in price from $1 to $10.

New Polo A. A. Bouts To-night.

The New Polo A. A. will hold its regular boxing show to-night, consisting of thirty-six rounds. Frankie Fleming, the clever little Canadian featherweight, is scheduled to box the main event of ten rounds against a local boxer named Pete Doyle, who during the past two months has performed very creditably at the different local clubs. Fleming besides being a boxer is also a runner, defeating Tom Longboat a few years ago over the fifteen-mile route in Canada. Matchmaker Jimmy Yule has also arranged a semi-final of six rounds between Bert Rapp and Young Goodman, lightweights, and four four-round bouts that will serve as preliminaries.

Turf and Field Club Election.

The Turf and Field Club held its annual election yesterday afternoo in the offices of the Jockey Club with the following result: President, F. K. Sturgis; Vice-President, Henry W. Bull; Secretary, F. G. Livingston; Assistant Secretary, H. A. Buck; Treasurer, John E. Cowdin. Lawrence L. Gillespie was elected a member of the Board of Governors.

LIPTON TO BUILD NEW BOAT.

Will Be Nearly Like American Racing Craft, He Says.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, March 6.—Sir Thomas Lipton, who has again challenged for a series of yacht races for the America's Cup, was overwhelmed with telegrams of congratulations and good wishes to-day, these coming from all parts of the world. Asked whether he was confident of winning, he said to THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent: "Strangely, it's the first time I've been asked that question. If I were not pretty certain of winning I shouldn't have challenged. Without wanting to be rash, I think I'll bring back that cup this time. The new Shamrock IV. will be a different boat from her predecessor. She will be more like the American boats. At the same time she will be fitted like her predecessors, only sufficiently different to be better. Previously, better boats beat me. When I add this experience gained to the advantage of a thoroughly trained crew you've my reasons for expecting to win."

At the New York Yacht Club, 7 West Forty-fourth Street, last night it was announced in a brief statement that the challenge of Sir Tnomas Lipton to race for the America's Cup had been received. The next regular meeting of the club, it was said, is on March 27. The challenge will be considered at that meeting and the details of the challenge made public by the yacht club after the meeting.

The only possible change in this plan, it was said, is that there may be a special meeting called. This could only be done at the demand of Commodore Dallas Pratt. Mr. Pratt has not signified any intention so far of calling a special meeting, but it was said that it is not improbable that such a meeting would be called.

CONWAY LEADS WITH CUE.

Advances to First Place in Class B Amateur Billiard Tournament.

STANDING OF THE PLAYERS.

	W.	L.	H.R.	H.A.
Conway	4	1	43	9 3-33
Coleman	3	1	65	7 6-42
Clarke	3	1	50	6 42-43
Blake	3	2	45	8 12-36
Muldour	1	4	42	6 9-35
Baxter	0	5	57	6 11-45

C. D. Conway went into first place in the Class B amateur billiard tournament at Paul's Riverside Academy last night, defeating Mark Muldaur in the closest match of the tournament by a score of 300 to 291. Conway has won four games and lost one. The tournament ends to-night with the game between Clarke and Coleman, and the winner will be tied with Conway for first honors.

Conway's average last night was the poorest of the tournament, but the match was so close that it furnished keener interest than any other contest of the tournament. Conway's average was 5 and his high runs were 38, 25 and 25. No less than five times during the match the score was tied. Muldaur caught up and passed his opponent several times, but was unable to retain the advantage.

Conway took a big lead in the first twenty-five innings and appeared to have the match well in hand, when Muldaur showed a reversal of form and played a fine up-hill game. In the fortieth inning he got the balls under control and made a run of forty, which cut down his opponent's lead. Muldaur was going along confidently when his run was ended as he missed a long follow shot the length of the table.

In the fiftieth inning Muldaur took the lead with the score Muldaur 253, Conway 247. During this stage of the match Conway had to contend with bad leaves, and made many misses.

Conway tied the score again in the fifty-fifth inning, with the count at 261. Muldaur was a dangerous factor right up to the end and he almost pulled the game out of the fire in the fifty-seventh inning when he had the ivories rolling nicely and chalked up twenty-five carroms. He then faced a difficult line-up and missed a three cushion attempt. Conway missed on his last shot and Muldaur had another chance to win out, but fell down after an aggravating line-up. The score:

Conway—0 1 0 4 14 0 5 1 1 9 0 1 13 0 0 2 4 1 1 17 38 1 6 0 25 7 2 0 0 3 0 1 0 15 1 7 4 0 18 0 21 0 0 11 2 0 2 8 1 1 0 1 8 5 2 25 6 5 1. Total—300.
Average, 5. High runs, 38, 25, 25.

Muldaur—0 23 1 0 18 1 0 4 2 1 8 2 4 4 1 0 4 7 1 5 0 0 5 2 0 6 3 1 2 5 0 0 0 5 15 13 0 19 40 1 14 7 2 7 0 0 7 5 1 6 5 0 4 4 0 11 0 19 0. Total—291.
Average, 4 51-60. High runs, 40, 23, 19.
Referee Alex Field.

White Wins at Keeney's.

Charles E. White, playing at the 260 point mark, defeated George T. Moon, Jr., last night in the second game of the play-off of the triple tie for fourth place in the amateur handicap 18.2 balk line billiard tournament at Keeney's Billiard Academy, in Brooklyn, by the score of 260 to 138 in forty-nine innings. The winner averaged 5 15-49, and Moon, who was handicapped at 190 points, had an average of 2 42-48.

Goldman Defeats Thompson with Cue

In last night's game of the amateur three-cushion tournament at Doyle's Academy Harry Goldman defeated Thomas Thompson by a score of 28 to 13 in 33 innings. Goldman played a strong game throughout, as his average was nearly 1. To-night there will be a rapid-fire affair for three-cushionists, in which sixteen players will start.

BEECHER AND GINTY WIN.

Burns and Brown Draw in Other Ten-Round Bout at Sporting Club.

Willie Beecher outpointed Packey Hommey, Frankie Burns of Jersey City went ten rounds to a draw with Mickey Brown of Boston, and Tommy Ginty of Scranton outfought Billy Bennett of Ireland in the ten-round bouts of last night's all-star show at the Forty-fourth Street Sporting Club. All three bouts were marked by plenty of action, but no unusual amount of cleverness.

The Beecher-Hommey bout, which was the feature of the card, looked like a victory for the latter during the first four rounds as Hommey held Beecher even in the first round and gained the honors in the next three. He was continually shooting his left hand through Beecher's guard and jarring the latter with his solid punches. Beginning with the fifth round Beecher's aggressiveness and infighting began to tell and he led during the remainder of the bout. Hommey gave him a hard fight all the way, now and then slugging with his more rugged opponent while both stood toe to toe. Beecher weighed 136¼ pounds and Hommey 132½ pounds.

The Burns-Brown contest hardly came up to expectations, the showing of the Jerseyite being much below the form which he generally shows. He was a trifle taller than Brown, but the weights were even, each tipping the beam at 116¾ pounds. First one and then the other held the advantage, but at no time did either have a very big lead. The bout was marred by far more clinching than is the rule when bantamweights are in action.

In the opening ten-round bout Billy Bennett's peculiar style caused Tommy Ginty considerable trouble, but the Scranton boy did the forcing all the way and did the cleaner hitting. Bennett showed flashes of speed and occasionally used a back-hand punch to good effect. Ginty was entitled to the honors, but by no great margin.

Joe Mooney to Box Eddie Sherman.

Joe Mooney, the west side bantamweight, who has been trying to arrange a match with Johnny Coulon or Kid Williams of Baltimore for the last three months, was matched last night to box Eddie Sherman of Harlem at the all-star show of the Olympic Athletic Club to be held next Monday night. In the other ten-round bouts Billy Myers of Harlem will box Joe Shears of England and Charley Young of the east side will tackle Lew Stinger of Philadelphia.

MADISON SQ. GARDEN. TO-NIGHT PHONE 5100 MADISON.
PACKEY McFarland vs. JACK Britton

CRANDALL A TARGET FOR GIANT REGULARS

Old Reliable Emergency Pitcher Gets a Trimming in Game at Marlin.

Special to The New York Times.

MARLIN, Texas, March 6.—The Giant regulars and second team battled in a gusty wind this afternoon, and until Crandall came to the mound the second team was in the lead. There came an end to that state of affairs in the sixth inning, when the regulars pelted Crandall with much vigor and hammered out nine runs. They won by a score of 10 to 3.

Every member of the regulars made a hit or more, and nine of the winning side's fifteen safeties were made in the sixth inning, the foray including triples by Devore and Robertson, the latter playing centre field for the regulars. Another change in the line-up was that Joe Evers took Doyle's place at second base. Doyle's sore thumb kept him out of the game. Thorpe was brought back to first base for the second team.

The regulars fielded cleanly with the exception of a fumble by Evers. Still the fielding was not taken very seriously by either side, as the players did not care to take chances on hard throws in the raw weather. Three veterans—Ames, Mathewson, and Wiltse—did the twirling for the regulars, and all kept the other team's hits very much scattered. Tesreau was effective for the second team, though he was wild. He used speed and a change of pace.

George Burns scored another home run. He wouldn't have had a homer had not the ball been relayed in short throws by the regulars, but, nevertheless, he had to move very fast to get around and beat the ball to the plate. A jumping one-hand catch by McCormick reduced Murray's output of hits to two. The other fielding feature was Burns's seizure of a foul fly which the wind was carrying away. The score by innings:

								R.	H.	E.
Second team	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	3	4	5
Regulars	0	0	0	0	1	9	0	10	15	1

Batteries—Tesreau, Crandall, and Wilson; Ames, Mathewson, Wiltse, and Hartley.

Three of the New York invalids are not likely to be available for service for a week or more. Hanley and Bader, young pitchers, are ill in bed, and Hanley's trouble is thought to be ptomaine poisoning. He was a bit better to-day. Jacobson was out to-day, but with his injured knee is using crutches.

SUPERBAS PLAY A GAME.

Dahlen's Team Downs Daubert's Nine, 9 to 4, at Augusta.

Special to The New York Times.

AUGUSTA, Ga., March 6.—With the arrival during the last twenty-four hours of Zach Wheat and his younger brother, Outfielder Stengel, Pitchers Rucker, Curtis and Hall and Third Baseman Smith, Manager Dahlen now has twenty-one Brooklyn players on hand. Before 10 o'clock this morning he had the entire squad out at Warren Park and several of the players showed such advanced form that he stopped practice suddenly and lined up the players into two teams for a six-inning game, which was won by Dahlen's team, by a score of 9 to 4, Captain Daubert's nine going down to defeat notwithstanding his team outhit the other.

Pitchers Allen and Ragon, who twirled for Daubert's team, had a shade the best of Rucker and Yingling as they used a much greater asortment of curves, but the high wind from out of the west carried many of the flies out of the reach of the fielders.

Several of the older players showed some good baseball notwithstanding it was only their second day out. Cutshaw, Smith and Daubert handled everything neatly in the infield, and "Texas" Erwin, who played first base, is a fine catcher. Jake, not to be outdone by Hal Chase, moved to second base and clearly demonstrated that a natural ball player either right or left handed can come pretty near playing any of the fielding positions.

Pitchers Knetzer, Stack and Wagner, Shortstop Fisher and Outfielder Meyer are expected on any train.

With two more days of good weather, Manager Dahlen will be in a position to put his men through a full nine-inning game. Until that time he will play a short game daily.

TO CURB BALL PLAYERS.

American League to Compel Them to Quit Writing for Newspapers.

CHICAGO, March 6.—President B. B. Johnson of the American League is said to have a bomb ready for hurling into the ranks of ball player newspaper writers in his organization. It was learned to-day that the league's executive was about to issue an edict which would either stop ball players from writing expert opinions for newspapers or stop their salaries.

"It is not the intention to infringe upon the rights of players," said Johnson, "but alleged expert criticism and ball playing do not mix. I would not mind so much if the players themselves wrote the stuff which appears in the newspapers throughout the land, but in the great majority of cases the players never see the stories to which their names are appepnded until after they have been printed.

"These writings frequently have been an injury to the league, and if it can be done—and I think it can—no American League player will be allowed to write these criticisms in the future."

PELL DEFEATS INMAN.

New Yorker to Play Siverd in Challenge Match of Florida Tennis.

Special to The New York Times.

PALM BEACH, Fla., March 6.—In one of the best tennis matches ever seen at Palm Beach, T. R. Pell of New York defeated Fred C. Inman, Rockaway, for the men's single tennis championship of Florida this afternoon. Five full sets were required before Pell won, and the contest contained many brilliant strokes, long rallies, and remarkable playing. Pell will play Percy D. Siverd, Pittsburgh, the 1912 holder of the Florida State title, to-morrow in the challenge match. The first four sets to-day alternated, Pell winning the first, third, and deciding sets in 6—3, 6—2, 6—2.

Inman took the even sets in 6—2 and 9—7, this latter set requiring sixteen games. In the last set Pell showed more reserve than Inman, and standing in the back court, he passed him repeatedly, the semi-twilight apparently causing Inman a little trouble. The scores:

Men's Singles, Final.—T. R. Pell, West Side, defeated F. C. Inman, Rockaway, 6—3, 2—6, 6—2, 9—7, 6—2.

Men's Doubles, Second Round.—P. D. Siverd and J. L. Cote, Pittsburgh, field, defeated R. E. Racey, Florida, and Edgar Leonard, West Side, 3—6, 6—4, 6—4.

Semi-Finals.—H. H. Hackett and F. C. Inman, Rockaway, defeated H. W. Slocum, Rockaway, and A. S. Kenneday, Merion, by default.

Men's Consolation Singles, Second Round.—F. S. Bryan, Bridgeport, defeated T. W. Case, New York, 6—2, 5—1; J. S. Phipps, Remsen, defeated Frank Roche, Philadelphia, 8—6, 6—1; R. W. Seabury, Longwood, defeated H. E. Hoy, Morristown, 6—1, 6—2; E. Scott, Philadelphia, defeated Seabury by default.

Mixed Doubles, Second Round.—Miss L. B. Hyde and Edgar Leonard, New York, defeated Miss Katherine Baldwin, New York, and Ellis Hoffman, Baltimore, 7—5, 6—4; Mrs. A. Graham Miles, New York, and G. S. Bryan, Bridgeport, defeated Miss Constance Robinson and H. H. Hackett, 11—9, 6—0.

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HARD WORK FOR YANKEES.

Manager Chance Takes Full Advantage of Fine Weather for Practice.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAMILTON, Bermuda, March 7.—Manager Frank Chance put his squad of Yankees through another strenuous workout of three hours at the Hamilton Cricket Field to-day, being again favored with fine weather for training. No game was played, but Chance announced that the players were rounding into form fast enough to go through nine innings and he will begin his series of exhibition games between the regulars and the Yannigans on Saturday. This will be continued all next week, after which three practice games a week will be played with the Jersey City team of the International League, which will also train here.

Paddy Green, the big pitcher who was purchased from the Holyoke Club of the Connecticut League, occupied Chance's attention for a considerable period in to-day's workout, and the Yankee manager declared himself as highly pleased with his work. Green's great speed is his principal asset, and at the close of his work here to-day Manager Chance said that he was a second Walter Johnson. He is a diamond in the rough, however, with only one year of professional baseball to recommend him for service in the American League, and he may require further seasoning in the minors. Green made no attempt to use curves, as he has been working out only a few days.

Chance had his first look of the season at the moist ball to-day when he got back into the practice after a two-day lay-off due to the cold in his back. George Davis, the big pitcher from Williams College, was the first of the Yankee staff to attempt this puzzling delivery since the team arrived here, and he had the satisfaction of seeing Chance swing in vain at his offerings during the practice.

Jack Martin, who was sent back to Rochester last year and recalled at the end of the season, appears to be Chance's choice for the short field berth on the regular team, and he will look after that position in the game here Saturday.

MARSHALL CHESS CHAMPION.

American Wins Title Partly Through Capablanca's Draw in Final Game.

Special to The New York Times.

HAVANA, March 6.—Frank J. Marshall, United States chess champion, came off with flying colors in the Cuban chess tournament concluded at the Athenaeum, being declared the winner after play in the fourteenth and final round ceased this evening. And this despite the fact that the American lost his first and only game of the tournament to Janowski of Paris, the French champion, who, being put upon his mettle, played splendid chess and outplayed his adversary in a neat ending. Janowski opened with the queen's pawn game, which went to fifty moves before Marshall resigned.

Jose R. Capablanca, who all Cuba hoped would win, had to be content with second place, nevertheless, as he found in Kupchik of New York a foe worthy of his steel. The latter was the only one who stood in the way of Capablanca to tie Marshall for first place, and a loss to the Cuban would have accomplished it. But Kupchik, with the white side of a three knights opening, drew the game after fifty-one moves.

The final scores of the players:

	Won.	Lost.		Won.	Lost.
Marshall	10½	3½	Kupchik	6½	7½
Capablanca	10	4	Jaffe	5½	8½
Janowski	9	5	Blanco	5	9
Chajes	6½	7½	Corzo	3	11

TRAVIS LOSES AT GOLF.

B. W. Corkran Wins Sensational Match from New Yorker at Pinehurst

Special to The New York Times.

PINEHURST, N. C., March 6.—Walter J. Travis of Garden City lost to-day's second round of match play in the ninth annual Spring golf tournament to B. W. Corkran of Baltimore one down on the home green in one of the fastest and most sensational rounds ever played here. The medal scores were 75 for Travis and 76 for Corkran, the Garden City player striking the pin on the eighth green, recording a two and winning the ninth hole in the same figure, turning for home 1 up. Cockran rallied coming in, and he was two holes to the good on the fourteenth green, but he lost the fifteenth, won the sixteenth, lost the seventeenth, and saved the match with a halve in five on the eighteenth.

Corkran's opponent to-morrow is John E. Porter of Oakmont, who vanquished the hopes of C. W. Bass, the New Hampshire champion, by 5 and 4 to-day. W. C. Fownes, Jr., former National champion, advances on the 4 and 3 victory over C. L. Becker of Woodland, to play Robert Hunter of Wee Burn, who defeated Chisholm Beach of Fox Hills by 3 and 2. In the first division consolation, P. W. Whittemore of Brookline plays Henry C. Fownes of Oakmont and Garfield Scott of Philadelphia meets W. A. Tyson of Springhaven. Both metropolitan representatives went out of the running in the second division. F. W. Dyer of Montclair lost on the home green to George C. Dutton Oakley, and J. D. Foot of Apawamis was 3 down and 2 to play in his match with J. M. Wells of Kenilworth.

In the third division, P. A. MacLaughlin of Scarsdale lost by 5 and 4 to C. B. Whitney of Springhaven, but W. H. Thayer of Crowpoint was an easy winner from T. H. Bram of Charlotte, and will play T. B. Boyd of Bellerieve, who defeated C. E. Van Vleck of Montclair.

In the fourth division, A. S. Pitt of Wee Burn lost to J. G. Nicholson of New Bedford, and in the fifth, C. E. Tichenor of Binghampton and E. L. Scofield of Wee Burn advance.

Crescent Hockey Title at Stake.

The Crescent A. C. hockey rooters will be present in force to-night to encourage their players to win the final game in the Amateur League championship series against the Hockey Club team at the St. Nicholas Rink. The tournament has narrowed down to a duel between these teams, and although the Crescents are in the lead, possession of the championship trophy is not assured to them until they defeat Jimmy Britton's string of puck chasers. If the latter win to-night they will regain the lead and the situation will be further complicated by reason of the fact that the Hockey Club will have to play off the tie of Feb. 24 with the Irish-American A. C. team and if the latter team wins this game, the Crescent and Hockey Club will be tied again, necessitating a final game to decide the championship. The Irish team has provided many surprises already this season notably one on Tuesday night when they beat the strong St. Nicholas team and eliminated the latter from the championship race.

Cornell's Crack Sprinter Injured.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., March 6.—A severe injury to W. H. Bennett, Cornell's crack sprinter, caused gloom in the ranks of the track men to-day. Bennett pulled a tendon in his right leg while running a 50-yard dash on the board track. Trainer Jack Moakley, who examined the leg carefully, is of the opinion that Bennett will not be able to run again for Cornell this year. He had been running on relay teams and in the sprints this Winter and was scheduled to run the 220 and 440 this Spring. In the 220 he is one of the fastest men Cornell had had in years and was looked upon as an almost sure point winner in the intercollegiates. Bennett sustained a similar injury just before the intercollegiate track meet last year when he pulled a tendon in his left leg.

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TO ARRANGE FOR POLO.

Joint Committee to Make All Plans for International Series.

Representatives of the Polo Association and the Meadow Brook Club held a meeting yesterday at which a committee composed of members of the two organizations was selected to make all arrangements for the international polo series at Westbury next June, when the English team will strive to lift the Westchester Cup. The committee was made up of August Belmont, Jr., A. S. Burden, Jr., and J. A. Rawlins of the Meadow Brook Club, and W. A. Hazard, Joshua Crane, and H. L. Herbert of the Polo Association.

It was announced that Harry Payne Whitney, who probably will again be Captain of the American team, will sail for New York on March 9, and upon his arrival will complete arrangements for the practice matches of the defending team at Lakewood, N. J., where the international champions prepared for the series two years ago.

NEWARK BOWLERS LEAD.

Heins on Top in Individual Class—Schultz and Koster Best Team.

TOLEDO, O., March 6.—Newark, N. J., bowlers continued their good work this evening when William Heins of the Hudson Stars totaled 661 pins in the individual competition and went into first place in that class. By his work he also took third place in the all-events. His total is 1891. P. Schultz of the same team, went into fourth place in the all-events with a count of 1870.

Schultz and Koster of Newark, N. J., went into first place in the two-man events, while Bluck and Forrester of Cleveland, with a count of 1216, tied Radyl and Karlicek of Chicago for seventh place.

De Witt Clinton Games To-night.

Prominent A. A. U. and schoolboy athletes of the metropolitan district will be seen in action to-night in the annual indoor meet of the De Witt Clinton High School A. A. in the Seventy-first Regiment Armory. Harry Smith, ten-mile National champion; Louis Scott, former ten-mile title holder; Arthur Roth, junior metropolitan cross-country champion; O. Gibbons, J. J. O'Connor, Harry Nye, Harry Biddle, Tommy Dwyer, Harry Jensen, Billy Rozette, J. J. Stack, Frank Rugeriero, Russell Springsteen, Eddie Jordan, and M. Taub will toe the mark in the three-mile special limited handicap invitation run. Alvah Meyer will compete against Derrold Trenholm, the New York A. C. junior champion hurdler; Frank Brady and M. McDonald of Columbia University, Ben Story of the New York A. C., and Hocking, Schnable, and Bergman of the West Side Y. M. C. A. in the special ex-member race. In the one-mile invitation interscholastic run, in which the entry has been limited to five of the best schoolboy distancers in the East, Louis Wenz of Rozelle High, two-mile champion and record holder, Joe Meyer of the Central High of Newark, who recently lowered the indoor schoolboy record of 4:36 for the mile; Moriarty, the Queens Borough hill and dale champion; J. Armstrong, and N. Weg, will compete.

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NEW YORK, FRIDAY, MARCH 7, 1913.

MAJOR GEN. WOOD REINSTATED.

In reinstating Major Gen. LEONARD WOOD as Chief of Staff, a position which automatically became vacant upon the advent of the new Administration, President WILSON indicates clearly that his policy in relation to army affairs is not to be unduly influenced by the members of the House of Representatives who, under the leadership of Mr. HAY of Virginia, have violently opposed every plan of Gen. WOOD for army improvement, and have endeavored to force him out of his position. The term for which Gen. WOOD was appointed will not be finished for a year and a half. At the end of that time another Chief of Staff must be appointed, under the army regulations. Gen. WOOD's work as Chief of Staff has been zealous and well directed, he has accomplished reforms in the service in spite of the fierce opposition he has encountered, and his retention in the office is wise.

We are emboldened by this incident to hope that the President will be slow to replace Mr. HENRY LANE WILSON as Ambassador to Mexico. Ambassador WILSON has carried a great burden of responsibility for three years, and has performed his onerous duties with prudence and sagacity, and no successor would be fit to take up his task in the present state of unrest and meet its requirements so well as he.

THE DOMINION'S NAVAL STRUGGLE.

The Canadian Commons is holding a continuous session, which is expected to last a week, on the subject of the Dominion's contribution to imperial defense. It is the Government's duty to keep a quorum, and it is the Opposition's pleasure to keep the talk going, for there is no Canadian closure. At midnight the guards are changed and many members settle to sleep in their chairs, while still others start talking about anything except the navy. On that the last word has been said, and nothing remains but to take the vote, which not improbably will cause another election, nominally on the navy, but in reality, as before, on the question of reciprocity with the United States.

The navy question in its existing form would never have been heard of if the charge that trade with the Yankees was treason to the empire had not been accompanied with declarations that the Conservatives were more loyal than the Liberals. The proposal to give $35,000,000 toward the upkeep of the British Navy was proof of this, and was brought forward as a substitute for the Laurier policy of developing the Canadian Navy. The difficulty with the Borden policy is that a contribution to the imperial navy reduces the Dominion to the status of a colony paying tribute and elevates the home Government to a position as predominant partner which it would not venture to claim for itself. For two generations the British tendency has been toward decentralization. Now the necessities of Dominion politics are forcing the reorganization of the empire in a manner not entirely welcome either to the Motherland or to the sister nations within the empire. Australia does not like the Canadian example, wishing to have its own forces for defense against Japan, the ally of the United Kingdom. And while the Motherland would have been glad to get the price of several dreadnoughts, it needs men more than money or ships.

But Canada would rebel against a press gang for sailors even for its own ships, and the proposal to raise money has caused a talk which is anything but strengthening to the empire as proof of loyalty in a colony which calls itself a nation and is divided against itself. Thus the false cry that reciprocity was treason is recoiling upon those who raised it, and is raising questions which will not soon be settled. "Alliance, not subordination," is the cry of the Canadian Liberals, who are unwilling to be ruled by bureaucrats across the ocean or to vote their money to be spent for purposes over which they have no control. That the Government is not confident or happy over the issue which it has raised appears from this comment by a Government newspaper:

> Sir WILFRID LAURIER and his colleagues in the leadership of the party think that if an appeal could be forced they would have on their side the untamed advocates of reciprocity with the United States of the West, those who believe that Canadian naval expenditure should be made on the same lines as Canadian military expenditure, those who hold that there should be no naval expenditure at all, and the strong party men who accept all that a Liberal leader says as the embodiment of political wisdom, and that the combination would carry them back to power.

Perhaps the Opposition are too confident. They are making nominations before they have turned the Government out.

THE ROMANOFFS.

The Romanoff family had been conspicuous in public life long before the election to the imperial throne of young MICHAEL FEODOROVITCH, the tercentenary of which the Russians are now celebrating with pomp and the semblance, at least, of enthusiasm. Czar DEMETRIUS ("the false DMITRI") recalled the family from the exile to which they had been driven by the Muscovites, in 1606, and made FEODOR (PHILARATES), father of MICHAEL, a high ecclesiastical officer. After the fall of DMITRI, in the midst of the turmoil of war, a National Council elected MICHAEL, who ruled with moderation not dreamed of by most of his predecessors.

Among the eighteen rulers of the empire since his death in 1645, two have not been of the Romanoff blood, namely, CATHERINE I., PETER THE GREAT's widow, who seized the throne when her husband died, and the second CATHERINE, called the Great, who may or may not have murdered her husband, PETER III., in the year of his accession, but who, in spite of all her failings which are set forth vividly in history, was a wise and constructive ruler. Indeed, three of the women who ruled Russia in this long epoch, the two CATHERINES and ELIZABETH PETROVNA, youngest daughter of PETER THE GREAT, served the state nobly.

PETER was, of course, the greatest of his line, with striking virtues as well as grave faults of character, and of his successors in the last century or so it may be said that from PAUL to NICHOLAS II. they have all meant well and striven to do well, often with measurable success, in an exalted post the occupancy of which has become more difficult and more dangerous to the occupant as the years have advanced. The first ALEXANDER abolished serfdom, to be sure, but no Czar has yet striven to secure freedom impartially to all his subjects, and all have been compelled to uphold the tradition of absolute sovereignty in the face of a growing and formidable opposition, which must prevail some day, unless the hands of the clock are to be set back.

RAILWAY MAIL PAY.

The Post Office Appropriation bill contains a clause providing that railways, in consideration of the carriage of postal parcels, may receive not exceeding 5 per cent. addition to their other payments from the Government. This illustrates the advantage the Government has in its business relations. It decides what it is willing to pay, and makes a law providing that payment shall be lawful. This is the method by which the payment for the carriage of the mails was arranged before the parcel post was established. The railways were complaining bitterly, but the only effect is to obtain a grudging addition of 5 per cent.

The railways would not have considered themselves paid if the remuneration for their services had been increased without the imposition of additional services. But the extra work was imposed as the payment is settled, not by a bargain but by a statute. As the Government is taking in from $20,000,000 to $30,000,000 by the postal parcel business, it stands to make a pretty penny by the difference between the receipts and the $2,000,000 of the 5 per cent. allowance to the carriers, without whose assistance the Government could not make a profit by serving the people at the railways' expense, and incidentally ruining a lawful, although unpopular, private enterprise by this destructive competition.

THAW'S HABEAS CORPUS PROCEEDING.

The withdrawal by his counsel yesterday of his application for a writ of habeas corpus has not put an end to the continuous performance of THAW, his relatives, and their successive lawyers in seeking his release from Matteawan. Justice GIEGERICH, in assenting to the withdrawal, advised that the next writ should be sought in the county wherein THAW is detained. The State Bar Association's Special Committee on Commitment and Discharge of the Criminal Insane, reciting in January, 1910, the efforts which this rich maniac had made to break from his official guardianship, said:

> Among the numerous Judges of the Supreme Court of this State the chances are that there is at least one whose head is not able to control his heart, and the only question in this murderer's quest for freedom is to discover who that particular Judge is. There may be a number of proceedings, but he will at last be found, and then, upon a petition to him, presented by counsel persona grata and backed up by the testimony of medical experts whose favorable opinions can be bought for cash, the path to freedom will be cleared of all obstacles. It is a mere question of time and money when this particular murderer will be set free to direct his homicidal inclinations against some other citizen who has already fallen or may hereafter come under his displeasure. And everything done according to the forms of law.

THAW's first trial on habeas corpus proceedings ended in May, 1908, when Justice MORSCHAUSER, in an able opinion, decided that the prisoner was then insane, and ought not to be turned loose on the community. Justice MILLS in June, 1909, was called to make the second adverse decision. Justice KEOGH said on July 25, 1912, at the close of the third suit:

> My whole duty is fully performed when I decide the single question of fact presented for decision, merely this: Is HARRY K. THAW at present sane or insane, and would his release be dangerous to the public peace and safety?
>
> Having listened to all the testimony and seriously considered it, I am of the opinion that HARRY K. THAW is still insane and that his discharge would be dangerous to the public peace and safety.

Dr. JAMES V. MAY, Medical Superintendent at Matteawan, in his annual report for the year ended Sept. 30, 1911, had this to say of the previous habeas corpus proceedings in which writs had been granted to patients:

> Of the twenty-six persons who were granted writs, four were indicted for murder, seven for assault and one for manslaughter. In only a few of the cases is the history subsequent to discharge available. It is known, however, that several have shown unmistakable evidences of insanity, while others have committed criminal acts since their release. It will be observed that twenty-four of these cases were diagnosed as unrecovered by the hospital authorities and considered as unsuitable for discharge.

Acting Superintendent LEAK of the asylum has made the latest adverse report upon the condition of this rich prisoner. It is manifest that the legal procedure of the State in the granting of writs of habeas corpus is unsound, and the results obtainable in accordance with it may be menacing to the community. It should be amended.

WARNING TO REVOLUTIONISTS.

Members of the Madero family and their adherents are assembling in San Antonio, Texas, and talking freely of their plans to organize a revolution in Mexico, unseat the Provisional Government, and restore the Maderistas to power. Recent history indicates that the Maderista party now consists of members of the Madero family, such political exiles as they can summon to their support, and such Mexican or other mercenaries as they can secure for hire and salary to do their bidding.

All the same, the Government at Washington can do nothing, and should do nothing to balk their revolutionary designs, unless they are materially strengthened on American soil. The equipment and provisioning of bodies of men for invasion of foreign countries with which we are at peace are in violation of the neutrality laws. The Maderistas may talk all they please in San Antonio. If they want to do more than talk they must cross the border. We have no doubt that, in President WILSON's Administration, a more earnest effort will be made than has been made hitherto to prevent the fomenting of revolutions against foreign Governments on our territory.

OUR YOUTHFUL CABINET.

In Europe Kings and Ministers have shown such longevity that it has been said the world was governed by old men. In striking contrast is the average age of about 50 of the new Cabinet at Washington, the President himself being close to the year which is sometimes spoken of as being the prime of intellectual life, although old for athletes. When the present British Cabinet was reconstructed at the death of CAMPBELL-BANNERMAN five members retired at the average of 65. and five succeeded at the average of about 40, making the average under 52 for the Cabinet as reconstructed. This compares with the average for the Canadian Cabinet of 61. There were ten British Ministers under 50 and only three Canadian. There was no Canadian under 40, whereas there were two in the British Cabinet in the thirties.

Although Mr. ROOSEVELT was younger than Mr. WILSON, being the youngest of all Presidents, his Cabinet was older, averaging 54. It is odd that when it is so often remarked that science is prolonging human life our statesmen are growing younger. In the days of "the Fathers" the age of Presidents was nearer 60 than 50, J. Q. ADAMS at 57 being the youngest of the first half dozen, and 56 being the average for twenty elected Presidents. This does not include Presidents succeeding to the office from the Vice Presidency, as did Mr. ROOSEVELT at 43. It was only our earlier Presidents who were elderly. WASHINGTON himself was a Colonel at 22, JEFFERSON wrote the Declaration at 33, PATRICK HENRY made his famous "treason" speech at 29, ALEXANDER HAMILTON made himself immortal as a financier at 24 with his conception of a National debt as a National blessing. On the other hand it is but a few years since A. R. THAYER analyzed the ages of 530 prominent men of the nineteenth century and found the average of 112 statesmen was 71.

If there is one deduction clearer than another from these facts it is that work is the best preservative of youth. Thus it was heard with regret within the past few days that a leading railway President was attacked by heart disease shortly after his retirement. It probably was the accumulative effect of overwork, but the change of habit precipitated rather than averted it. Just as runners get their "second wind," so many men renew their strength after passing the age which is critical for most. This may be only another way of saying that passing that age is proof of unusual stamina. There are two recipes for growing old. One is to have a weak heart and a good digestion. The other is to get a pension or a Government clerkship. Not long ago there were living several widows of revolutionary veterans, and there were 1,587 clerks at Washington ranging from 65 years up to several over 90, and many over 80.

DEATHS FROM AUTOMOBILES.

If there has been exaggeration in publishing the statistics of deaths from motor cars in this city's streets during the past three years, it is not to be found in the records of the National Highways Protective Society, on which proposed legislation is based to make drivers of automobiles more responsible to the public. This society's figures are compiled monthly from data gathered by the Coroner's office. Thus, the society records 221 deaths in motor-car accidents for 1912, as compared with the Coroner's report of 232 deaths; 142 in 1911, compared with 153 which the Coroner reported, and 112 in 1910 to the Coroner's report of 108 for that year. Secretary CORNELL states for the society that the Coroner's figures are revised, so that fatalities not actually caused by automobiles are omitted.

One other source of reports on deaths by accident is found in the office of the Health Department, which simply takes the reports of the medical practitioners, who do not always state in their death certificates the precise causes of accidents, sometimes contenting themselves with the statement that a "fracture" or a "fall" occasioned the death. But there is confusion both in the office of the Coroner and in that of the Board of Health. Reports are not made promptly and the tables are not prepared with sufficient care. It was for this reason that the Public Health Committee of the Academy of Medicine remarked, in its recent report on vital statistics, that while the mortality tables are fairly complete, "here, also, there is "great opportunity for improvement, "especially along the lines of greater "correlation and better interpretation "of facts."

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Sir Thomas Again Challenges. While the portion of the public that knows much about either the theory or the practice of yachting is relatively small, no sporting event has ever excited anything like as much of popular interest as did the races for the America's Cup.

Something of this interest has been due, probably, to the prevalence among landsmen of a more than slightly mistaken belief as to the bearing of victory in these contests between big sloops that are racing machines and nothing else whatever on the ability of the countries where they are made to excel in the construction and sailing of craft more widely useful for business and pleasure. Some such significance there is, but not much, as is shown by the fact the cup boats, as soon as they have served their one purpose, have always been either put permanently out of commission or thoroughly rebuilt and differently rigged. Even then they have not served any purpose particularly well. An exception is the original winner of the cup, but she was a cruising yacht, and not a racing machine.

The deep and widespread interest in the cup races is fully justified, however, by their international character, in which they were practically alone, until the establishment of the new Olympic games, and by the opportunities which they have created for the finest possible displays of sporting honor and courtesy—opportunities that only once have not been fully utilized on both sides. It will be, therefore, a cause for general satisfaction that Sir THOMAS LIPTON, a sportsman about whose honor and courtesy there is as little question as about his courage and persistence, has again challenged our possession of the cup.

It is well, too, that Sir THOMAS has abandoned his demand that the provisions of the deed of gift be changed. In criticising them he was within his right, and so he was in hoping to secure a revision, but, having met a refusal—which, for reasons that have often been stated, was also fully justified—he cheerfully accepts the only conditions he can get or we give and says, in effect, "Oh, well, let's have a race, anyhow!"

No sulker, is Sir THOMAS. He tries as hard to win in negotiation as on the water, and he always is as good a loser as he would doubtless be a winner. He will get his race, and if the cup goes with it the feeling that he had honestly earned success would almost—not quite, but almost—reconcile the United States for the loss of one of its ugliest and most precious specimens of early Victorian art.

Militants at Last Disarmed. With their new plan for dealing with women prisoners who refuse to eat, the British authorities seem to have arrived at a fairly satisfactory solution of what was undoubtedly a problem for them full of embarrassment, if not of difficulty. Confronted with the necessity to punish and prevent serious violations of law and order, they found that ordinarily simple situation complicated in a way entirely new in England, though Russia encountered it long ago.

The prisoners, confessed as well as convicted offenders, went on "hunger strike" as soon as they were locked up, and thus in effect refused to endure any penalty except that of death, and, whether sincere or not in this desperate determination, one after another of the women convinced her jailers that she would starve herself if not released. Forced feeding only aggravated the case by hastening its conclusion, and the Government, afraid or unwilling, to take the consequences of severity, has let dozens of these troublesome misdemeanants as well as some felons go free.

Under the just devised scheme, though the hunger striker is not allowed to die, her release, when her condition becomes dangerous, is only for the time it takes her at home or in a hospital to recover her health. Then back to jail she must go, to serve out the remainder of her sentence, either continuously or interrupted by other hunger strikes and other vacations, as she may choose. The important feature of the plan and the one that makes it promise to be effective, lies in the fact that the periods given for recuperation do not count toward reducing the offender's "time."

The militants are ingenious as well as fierce, and it may be that they will devise a way to get the better of even this answer to the hunger strike, but it looks as if their past immunity from prolonged punishment would be lost under the new arrangement. At any rate, self-imposed starvation will lose most of its utility, and so no longer meet the pragmatic test, as it has in the past. Possibly the militants can find in defeat some consolation, inconsistent as it is with their claims and demands, in the fact that they have forced the British Government to make one law for men and another for women, when guilty of like attacks on property and life. Presumably the "licensing order" does not make that distinction in words, but it does in fact, for only in Siberia have male prisoners ever gone systematically on hunger strikes.

Anonymous Accusers Reprehended. Anonymous letters are not feared in newspaper offices, as they often are in other places, but nowhere are they more detested, and the detestation is not lessened by the fact that occasionally the sincere determination to destroy and ignore all unsigned communications can be executed with difficulty or even must be abandoned. Now and then such a letter does get into print, and probably always will, but in every such instance the well-conducted newspaper vows never to let it happen again.

What editors think of people who try to get publicity without responsibility is not easily expressed, the emotional strain being apt to produce a certain inability to write sentences that parse. This phenomenon is well illustrated by the following evidently heartfelt words, printed in The Berrion Springs (Mich.) Era:

> This office is in receipt of an anonymous letter stating remarks that whoever they were, they were too much cowards to sign their names too (names because it reads like more than one.) The remarks referred to were about some of the village officials and some of the stores in this place. We are pleased to print communications from our subscribers, but to have them go in print they must have the name signed, so as to held liable should a suit be brought.

That has charm, though elegance is lacking, for it came from an honest heart. Cynics may read into it something of consideration for the fact that village officials and "some of our stores" have advertisements to offer, but these be base suspicion. The rural press is above such influences.

CONTROL OF VICE PROBLEM:

Allan Robinson Tells Why It Should Be Taken from Police.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In commenting on the Citizens' Committee report on the police, THE TIMES urges "that until the sources of bribery in the Raines Law hotels and in the system of 'protecting' the Sunday saloon are cut off, and until the Commissionership is relieved of the menace of political interference, the Citizens' Committee might well hold in abeyance its plan for providing a Board of Social Welfare to take from the police an integral part of their duties."

In other words, while approving the minor recommendations of the Committee and not disapproving the major recommendation, THE TIMES seems to disapprove of immediate action upon the latter. The reasons for urging delay in our plan for separating the police force from contact with vice are not fully stated, but the inference is that there are not as yet sufficient data at hand upon which to reach a wise conclusion as to the wisdom of such separation.

The Citizens' Committee admits that the plan is an experiment, but puts it forward for the following among other reasons: That such a plan will enable a scientific analysis to be made of the police situation such as could not be made in any other way. Experiments in laboratories or elsewhere, as scientists know, require for the validity of their results the separation of all factors except those bearing upon the particular problem investigated. If we should secure such a separation as we propose and take from the police force all contact with the vices, we believe New York City will then be in a position to profit by the experience of European cities, both that bearing upon police administration per se and also that bearing upon the control of the vices.

From the point of view of the police as a constabulary force, there can be no doubt that the result would be beneficial; that the special force in charge of the duty of enforcing the moral statutes would be subjected to corrupting influence there can also be no doubt; but the provision for summary dismissal, which is not now possible and probably could not be made effective in the police force, greatly diminishes the danger which would confront the proposed force dealing with the vices.

ALLAN ROBINSON,
Chairman the Citizens' Committee.
New York, March 3, 1913.

INDEPENDENT VICE SQUAD.

German "Sitten Polizei" Urged as Model for This City.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The uniformly successful control of vice through the enforcement of the laws governing vice by the "Sitten polizei" of the German cities in which the force exists, is the best argument in favor of such a force. This force has undivided authority and responsibility, it is a permanent body, and in most places it has its own Commissioner, whose tenure of office is permanent. It is entirely independent of the regular police. Every member is thoroughly familiar with the laws governing this special phase of police work, he has no other police duties, and the regular force does not meddle with this work. In Vienna, I believe, if a member of this force is dismissed upon charges he cannot enter any other branch of the Government service.

Mayor Gaynor's suggestion of such a special force deserves favorable consideration. It would be necessary to keep such a force entirely apart from the regular police force, under its own head, and the head should be appointed to hold office during good behavior. This would take this office out of politics. Records of the activities of the individual members open to public inspection would minimize graft. To be at all effective, however, there should be a clear, sharply defined interpretation of the laws, instead of the present discretional interpretation, liberal or literal, depending upon the temper of the officials and police magistrates. PRACTICAL REFORM.

New York, March 6, 1913.

Appeal for "Shut-Ins."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

"We can only reach each other with sympathy. It's one of the biggest words in any language." The good things of this world are intended for "shut-ins," same as for those endowed by "the Grand Architect of the Universe" with the riches of health. The law of life is service. Readers who may desire to personally use the passing days of Lent to the unexpected welfare of "shut-ins" please send self-addressed stamped envelope to Secretary for name and address of an intelligent, appreciative "shut-in," specifying as to age, sex, location desired.

WILLIAM T. TOTTEN,
Secretary Yankee Christmas Club.
Station S, Philadelphia, Penn., March 6, 1913.

Appropriate Emblems.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In view of the amount of well-founded criticism of the new nickels allow me to suggest a design to which, considering the principal mission of nickels, nobody can by any means take exception, viz.: on one side a street car and on the other a glass of beer. O. S.

New York, March 5, 1913.

QUIET WINDOW SMASHERS.

Cordelias, Not Drug Fiends, Beatrice Harraden Says.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

May I deny emphatically the statement made by one J. P. Birch that drugs and hysteria drive the English suffragettes? It is a shameless statement, made, however, in complete and smug ignorance of the whole subject, both of the movement and of the militants. In England we are accustomed to these irresponsible utterances of irresponsible people in the press, which for the most part, except at crises, only opens its columns to the suffrage for the sake of condemning the subject, or misleading the public as to its significance. But in another land it is more than one can stand to suffer these misrepresentations to pass uncontradicted.

I wish, therefore, to say that I know personally and intimately most of the women who do these deeds of disorder. I have frequently seen them just before and immediately after they have done what they consider to be their duty in the militant campaign. They are actuated, not by drugs, but by a quiet and firm conviction that all constitutional methods have been proved to be useless in overcoming the prejudices of Englishmen. They are spurred on, not by hysteria, but by a deep sense of centuries of wrong and injustice, some slight hint of which has reached American women lately in the disgraceful treatment meted out to them in their Washington parade. And I would like to add here that whatever criticisms may be expressed in America on the actions of the militant suffragettes in England, there should at least be no mistake about the spirit in which these actions are done—the spirit of calm, deliberate self-sacrifice. My thoughts invariably recur to those beautiful words from King Lear:

> "On such sacrifices, my Cordelia,
> The gods themselves pour incense."

BEATRICE HARRADEN.
New York, March 6, 1913.

Washington Suffrage Parade.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The familiar saying "history repeats itself" is only suggestively true. The thing repeated is the spirit and intent of the matter. The disgraceful scenes that accompanied the woman suffrage parade in Washington yesterday were the thunderous echoes of the scene enacted by suffrage pioneers at the Centennial Exposition in 1876, in Philadelphia. On that occasion the Woman Suffrage Association had prepared a petition in which they set forth the wrongs inflicted upon them by Government. Spectacular, as always, the suffrage delegates pushed their way into a public meeting in Independence Hall, and demanded permission to read their document. The request was courteously, but firmly, refused by Gen. Hawley, manager of the exposition. Compelled to withdraw, Miss Anthony sought the steps of the historic building, and, with Matilda Joslyn Gage holding an umbrella over her to shield her from the broiling sun, she read aloud the Woman's Declaration of Independence, in order to "press upon the Nation's heart" the wrongs of woman. She prefaced the reading with the words: "While the Nation is buoyant with patriotism, and all hearts are attuned to praise, it is with sorrow we come to strike the one discordant note."

Typical and prophetic sentence! That discordant note has clanged and clashed amid the otherwise free and safe advance of a land of liberty under law, until it has gathered to itself all the elements of domestic and National confusion. These were all represented in the travesty enacted at Washington. Society was conscious that this fantastic mass of spectacular appealers loved discord, and meant to "press it upon the Nation's heart" by every trick it could devise.

HELEN KENDRICK JOHNSON.
New York, March 4, 1913.

The Prohibition Agitators.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have read THE TIMES's editorial article on the "Liquor Shipments Bill." It is surprising how a lot of professional reformers can "work up" a widespread sentiment and dangerous agitation which so impresses our Congressmen that they will vote to pass a measure of doubtful Constitutionality even over the President's veto. Those who claim to be posted say that there has been a regular lobby composed both of men and women in Washington for years working for any and all kinds of prohibition legislation.

There seems to be little doubt that hundreds of men and women are in the temperance and prohibition business for a living. They hold positions, draw good salaries, live at the best hotels, and seem to have easy work. It is evident that in order to keep busy they must continually stir up trouble; that is, they must ever be agitating something, must be seeking more reform, and must be wanting more legislation. If they do not follow such tactics they think they will not have an excuse for drawing their salaries and making more collections from good-natured people who do not see through the game.

In no other civilized country of the world have such laws been passed against drinking and the manufacture of alcoholic beverages as you will find in the United States. More than that, in no other civilized country of the world have laws been passed which destroy property and invested capital without compensation, but that is what has been done by prohibition laws in this country.

R. GOUTHIER.
New York, March 6, 1913.

Adulterated Coal.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have carefully read and appreciated the very interesting article concerning a report sent to Congress by Secretary Nagel of the Department of Commerce, which mentions several ways in which the Coal Trust profits, pecuniarily, by its wage increase agreement of May 20, 1912.

Will you allow me to point out another profitable trick of the same trust, possibly not connected with the wage increase agreement, but nevertheless expensive to its customers, the general public? It is the selling of slate and stones with every ton of coal. The proportion of this slate and these stones seems to the writer to have increased, until now it makes up about one-fourth of what we pay for as coal at a good high figure per ton.

SEVERINO PAULI.
Brookside, N. J., March 6, 1913.

Foul Gases in Subway.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

What are the Subway officials doing to remove the foul gases near the 135th Street and Mott Avenue Stations? The Lenox Avenue division passes underneath the river at this point, and the atmosphere is filled with poisonous hydrogen sulphide from the decomposing sewage.

Within the past few weeks several passengers have fainted, and some have been taken seriously ill at these stations. For the sake of the thousands of dwellers in the Bronx, who are compelled to ride this way morning and night the Board of Health and the Public Service Commission should take immediate steps to see that the unhealthy condition is remedied. SUFFERER.

New York, March 6, 1913.

A Suffragist Prophecy.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

If Dr. Anna H. Shaw's prophecy comes true, the woman's suffrage problem is solved at last. Her words, spoken at a meeting in Washington last night, will bring joy to countless normal American women and men. She said:

> We will just keep our teeth shut tight until we have the power to command Congress, to command the police, to command the army, to protect the women of this country.

R. G.
New York, March 4, 1913.

THE NAVY YARDS.

Admiral Goodrich Criticises Secretary Meyer's Letter.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The letter to THE TIMES from Mr. Meyer, now ex-Secretary of the Navy, refers to the excellent work he has done for the fleet. That speaks for itself. There are no two opinions on this score. But Mr. Meyer writes that "to reduce expenditures needless navy yards should be abolished and sold." Quite right he is, but why, one is tempted to inquire, was almost his earliest official act to reopen two such yards which his predecessor, Mr. Newberry, had closed? Actions speak louder than words.

On assuming office he found a navy yard organization which, however imperfect in detail, was at least a logical effort to adopt modern methods and to secure prompt and economical results. In this system the independent inspections he justly holds to be so important were assigned to the officers for whom work and repairs were to be executed. His predecessor had not overlooked this essential consideration, which Mr. Meyer's remarks seem to imply as originating with him. Instead of remedying the defects in Mr. Newberry's scheme, he proceeded without delay or adequate trial to smite it hip and thigh, substituting in its place an organization which is bound to go to pieces at the first breath of war.

That seagoing officers should learn all they can about shop practice was well known and universally admitted before Mr. Meyer. The discovery is not his. Whether this knowledge may not be better acquired by well-regulated schooling in establishments that are recognized as thoroughly up-to-date than in ostensibly superintending molders, founders, patternmakers, machinists, carpenters, and what-not is at least open to argument. Officers are ordered to this shore duty as a routine matter. They bring to it zeal, intelligence, and the very highest ideals of integrity and loyalty, but, with hardly any exception, they lack the trained experience and the intimate acquaintance with the skilled workman's wily ways which complete the list of the qualities necessary to modern efficiency in a manager. It is not fair to judge them too harshly by their economic results, nor is it possible to estimate the cost to the Nation of Mr. Meyer's erroneous notions as to the industrial education of seagoing officers. Since this authoritative estimate is not available, one opinion is as good as another. Many believe the showing would prove most discouraging. A becoming modesty might suggest the inadvisability of claiming credit in a case where so much doubt exists. C. F. GOODRICH.

Rear Admiral, U. S. N.
Lakewood, N. J., March 6, 1913.

ERDMAN ACT'S BETTERMENT.

Seth Low Tells What He Thinks Should Be Done.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The Erdman act should be amended in several particulars, I think, if it is permanently to serve the great object of promoting industrial peace in connection with inter-State railways.

First, I think the number of arbitrators should be increased, so that the ultimate decision, in important cases, shall not be made by one man alone. In every such controversy there are three parties in interest—the railroads, its employes, and the general public, all of whom should be represented in the arbitration board. The representation of no single interest should be large enough to outvote, by itself, both of the other two. In all important arbitrations it is a distinct advantage to have the employers and the employes both represented by two men. Upon this basis the representation of the public should be also by two men, or by three men if it be preferred to have an odd number. In that case a majority of the board must comprehend, in whole or in part, two of the interests involved.

Secondly, the length of time now given in the Erdman act (thirty days) is too short for an adequate inquiry where the matter at issue is of vast importance. This time limit should be extended, in my judgment, to either sixty or ninety days, with the power vested in the board to make its award retroactive, at least to the date when the arbitration begins. The conditions of the arbitration, as agreed to by the railroads and their employes, may, of course, name an earlier date.

Finally, various minor points for the improvement of the procedure under the Erdman act may well be considered when the act is being amended; but the foregoing are the most important changes called for. With such changes I think the scope of the act could advantageously be enlarged so as to include all the employes of inter-State railroads, instead of being limited, as now, to those who are engaged in the operation of trains SETH LOW.

New York, March 5, 1913.

THE CHILDREN'S DOG.

Reader Who Sought Advice Favors Airedale and Dalmatian.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

"J. W. E." asks if I have decided to stick to a Newfoundland, with its attendant uncertainties, or adopt a kennel. I confess the bewilderment suggested by the inquiry is somewhat justified, but there's a silver lining to every cloud, and I feel I have obtained valuable information as a result of the discussion. The alliteral editorial "Concerning Canine Character" evinced a deep knowledge of dog character, and was full of light and leading, putting the matter in its true aspect.

As each advocate of a particular breed thereby reflected on the desirability of all others, there would seem to be left only the saffron-hued mongrel. Of him I have pleasant recollections of faithfulness, affection, &c., but present whim leads elsewhere. The fox terrier is rather common these days and very migratory. The Newfoundland is large and lazy in warm weather. The bloodhound is too lugubrious, and would engender a disposition to closet him from Sunday night to Tuesday morning, lest he deepen the natural hue of a blue Monday.

The dachshund might be especially valuable in retrieving lost collar buttons, but aside from this virtue belongs with the bulldog and the rest, except the Airedale and the "plum-pudding" dog, as the English call the Dalmatian. I have therefore decided to get an Airedale or Dalmatian, or both, because they are small, and, I believe, affectionate, faithful, and courageous. K 9.

River View Manor, N. Y., March 4, 1913.

MY CASTLE IN SPAIN.

My castle in Spain is a wondrous affair,
Its turrets tower near to the sky,
And day after day how I long to be there,
Where the treasures of happiness lie!

My castle, of course, is a thing of my heart—
A wish, born of sorrow and woe;
A hope that some day I may yet have a part
In that freedom from want which some know.

My castle is only a fancy, a dream—
The goal of a futile desire
To be safe at last from the tide of life's stream,
The glare, and the burn of life's fire.

LURANA SHELDON.

NEW MARKETS WILL CUT COST OF LIVING

Cyrus C. Miller Says So in Outlining the Report of the Market Commission.

PLANS ONE IN EACH BOROUGH

There Will Be Stalls for Wholesalers and Retailers—City Will Keep Public Posted on Prices.

"The cost of living in this town is going to be reduced by the Mayor's Municipal Market Commission and the Board of Estimate and Apportionment," President Cyrus C. Miller of the Bronx, Chairman of the commission, asserted yesterday. The commission is completing its work of a thorough investigation of market conditions here and abroad. The other members are President Mitchel of the Board of Aldermen and President McAneny of Manhattan, and as all three are members of the Board of Estimate the recommendations they present are almost certain to be approved by the board.

The meeting of the commission scheduled for yesterday was postponed because of the illness of a witness. The final meeting of the body for taking testimony will be held on next Thursday in the office of the Chairman, 55 Liberty Street, immediately after which the work of preparing the report for the Mayor and the Board of Estimate will be taken up.

"We will recommend that large terminal markets be established in each borough by the city," said President Miller. "The markets will be equipped for distribution by wholesale to dealers and with facilities for supplying the public at retail. But the main thing is to so deliver the food supplies that the retailer will be able to sell cheaper to the consumers, for the greatest number of people have neither the time nor desire to travel any great distance and do their own marketing and take such things to their homes themselves.

"If President Mitchel, President McAneny, and myself have our way, with the co-operation of the Mayor and others of the Board of Estimate, there will be no further need within a year or so, when the new markets are built, for any housewife to do her own marketing.

"The public will be regularly informed, either by advertisements in the newspapers or through daily bulletins, of the quantities and nature of the supplies received for distribution each day, together with the prices, and the consumers will always know whether or not the dealers are charging fair prices. This system will banish the familiar excuse of many dealers—scarcity of supply and increased demand—for raising prices on any particular commodity.

"To prevent shortage or oversupply in any one market, and for the purpose of keeping the supply and prices uniform in all of the boroughs, we will have a system of motor trucks to carry a surplus in the daily supply of any particular commodity from one market to another which may have a shortage."

It is expected that the Manhattan Terminal Market will be built in the vicinity of the present market at Gansevoort and West Streets, because of certain natural conditions that would have to be overcome in going further uptown. Many of the steamships which bring supplies, and the railways, deliver this freight in the lower part of the city on both the North and East Rivers. The Bronx market, the site of which has not yet been considered, will provide for both the Bronx and the territory of Manhattan north of 110th Street.

The commision hopes to make the new market system self-supporting and at the same time provide cheaper and better food to the consumers. The problem of keeping the food in better condition will be solved partly by storage facilities, and the system of daily interchange of supplies from market to market.

President Miller went to Boston last night to speak to-day by invitation before the Boston Chamber of Commerce on the results of the investigations here on the market problem. A convention of merchants, farmers, gardeners, and commission men is being held there to devise some similar plans for municipal markets.

BIG AUDIENCE HEARS "AIDA."

Caruso and Miss Destinn in Cast—"Tales of Hoffmann" at Matinee.

Two operas were performed at the Metropolitan Opera House yesterday. In the afternoon "Les Contes d'Hoffmann" was sung by Miss Hempel, Miss Bori, Mmes. Duchene and Maubourg, and Messrs. Jörn, Gilly, Rothier, de Segurola, Reiss, Rossi, and Ruysdael. Mr. Polacco conducted. This special matinée was for the benefit of the School of Mothercraft.

In the evening "Aida" was the bill for the second time this season. The result of keeping this popular opera of Verdi's out of the répertoire for so long was an audience of the largest proportions, one that crowded into every inch of space. Those who couldn't gain admittance stood in the lobby for two acts hoping against hope that something might happen which would allow them to hear part of the opera.

The cast included Miss Destinn, Mrs. Homer, Mme. Sparkes, and Messrs. Caruso, Didur, Gilly, and Hinshaw. Mr. Toscanini conducted.

Hospital Benefit Yields $7,000.

A special performance of "Joseph and His Brethren" was given yesterday at the Century Theatre for the benefit of the Hospital for Deformities and Joint Diseases. It is estimated that the institution cleared more than $7,000 over expenses. George C. Tyler and the Liebler Company contributed the theatre and the production, and the actors volunteered their services. During one of the intermissions Dr. Jacobi delivered a brief address, being introduced by E. M. Gattle, President of the Board of Directors of the hospital.

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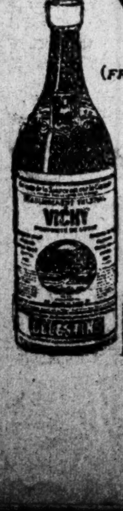

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mrs. Horace Brightman and her niece, Miss Grace Willson, of East Sixty-third Street, have gone to Ormond Beach, Fla., for a few weeks' visit. Miss Grovene Vail Converse accompanied them.

Mrs. William Alexander, who has been staying at the St. Regis, left yesterday for Princeton, N. J., for a visit.

Mr. and Mrs. Ambrose Monell and Mr. and Mrs. Eben S. Richards of Tuxedo are at the Plaza for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. David Wagstaff have returned from Jekyl Island, where they spent several weeks shooting.

Mrs. Robert C. Morris will give a dinner and theatre party to-morrow evening for Miss Hope Hamilton.

A sale under the auspices of the Children of the Loving Service will be held from 2 until 6 P. M. on Tuesday, March 25, at the residence of Mrs. C. B. Alexander, 4 West Fifty-eighth Street.

Society is interested in the auction bridge which is to be held next Tuesday afternoon at the Ritz-Carlton for the benefit of the New York Women's League for Animals. Miss Elsie de Wolfe, Chairman of the Committee, yesterday filled orders for tables from Mrs. Ogden Mills, Mrs. Edward F. Harkness, Mrs. Frederic C. Penfield, Mrs. Frank S. Witherbee, Mrs. J. Lee Finney, Mrs. W. P. James, and the Misses Dorothy Harding, and Mary de Peyster Carey.

Mr. and Mrs. William W. Bosworth of Scarborough-on-Hudson are at the Hotel Gotham for an extended visit.

An entertainment for the benefit of the Day Home and School for Crippled Children is to be given by the Misses Fuller on Friday afternoon, March 14, at the St. Regis.

Plans are progressing for the County Fair which is to be given at the Plaza on Monday evening, March 24, by Auxiliary No. 19 for the benefit of its patients at the Stony Wold Sanatorium. There will be a baby and animal show and steeplechase racing. Tickets may be obtained from Miss Caroline Murray, 32 West Thirty-ninth Street.

There was a large attendance last night at the production of "Trelawny of the Wells," given at the Plaza by the St. Christopher League, which was followed by dancing.

One of the largest benefits of the week will be the auction bridge party to be held this afternoon at the Ritz-Carlton in aid of the Blue Ridge Industrial School of Greene County, Va. Many well-known society women have obtained tickets.

Mrs. Francis Burrall Hoffman of 58 East Seventy-ninth Street will hold a hat sale at her residence on Wednesday afternoon, March 12, assisted by Mrs. Andrew Dougherty, in connection with the New York Auxiliary of the National Organization of Catholic Women, for the benefit of the Chapel Fund of the University at Washington, D. C. A number of smart hats and boudoir articles have been contributed by some of the leading milliners.

Mrs. Albert Young is giving a luncheon to-day at her house in East Fifty-fourth Street, and Mrs. William M. V. Hoffman is to give a dinner to-night.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Forbes McCreery of the Ritz-Carlton will sail on March 11 for a tour of the West Indies. They expect to return about the middle of April.

Mr. and Mrs. John Stewart of East Fifty-third Street are spending the week at the Marlborough-Blenheim, Atlantic City, N. J.

President H. A. Garfield of Williams College and Mrs. Garfield are at the Wolcott for several days.

MAGISTRATE MILLER WEDS.

Jamaica Official Married to Miss Hattie Weinberg at Hotel Savoy.

City Magistrate Harry Miller of Jamaica, L. I., and Miss Hattie Weinberg of 158 East Seventy-eighth Street, this city, were married last evening at the Hotel Savoy by the Rev. Aaron Eiseman. Among the guests were Borough President Maurice E. Connolly of Queens and Mrs. Connolly, the former having been a classmate of the bridegroom in the law school of Columbia University, class of '02.

The bride wore a gown of white satin trimmed with duchess lace and carried a bouquet of lilies of the valley. Her only ornament was a diamond necklace, the gift of the bridegroom's mother, Mrs. Sarah Miller. Mrs. Millicent Arnstein, her sister, and Mrs. Miller acted as matrons of honor. Mrs. Arnstein was gowned in taupe brocaded velvet and Mrs. Miller wore black brocaded chiffon over white crêpe meteor and black lace.

After the reception, the Magistrate and his bride left for a three weeks' trip in the South. They will visit Washington on their way to Florida.

Mayor Gaynor appointed Magistrate Miller to the bench in October, 1911, to fill the unexpired term of Judge Connolly, who resigned his Magistracy when elected Borough President

MARRIED HERE SECRETLY.

Miss Jane Farr of Hackensack to H. C. Carr of New York.

Special to The New York Times.

HACKENSACK, N. J., March 6.—Miss Jane Lee Farr, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Farr, who is well known in amateur theatrical circles here, having recently appeared as Yum-Yum in "The Mikado," and Harry C Carr of 545 West 181st Street, New York, were married last evening in New York without letting their relatives know. The wedding supper was held at Churchill's, and during the supper the bride's parents were told of the marriage over the telephone.

Miss Farr and her fiancé left Hackensack presumably to attend the theatre in New York accompanied by Miss Almira Van Gieson of Hackensack and Walter J. Swenson of Morristown, N. J. Instead they were married by the Rev. Bruce C. Reddish, pastor of St. Christopher's Chapel, in Fulton Street, Miss Van [illegible] and Mr. Swenson attending them.

This afternoon Mr. and Mrs. Carr, who were staying at the McAlpin, received full forgiveness from the bride's parents, and hurried over to the Farr home, where a second wedding dinner was served. The bridegroom's mother also came over from the city to offer further forgiveness.

Herrisant—Gunther.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, March 6.—The wedding took place in Paris to-day of Miss Gunther, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Albert E. Seymour Gunther of New York and Paris, and André Herrisant.

After the ceremony the bride's mother gave a luncheon, followed by a dinner at the Washington Palace Hotel, the numerous guests including prominent members of the American colony. The bride and bridegroom intend to make their home in Paris.

Mrs. Meade to Wed Ed. S. Doniphan.

Dr. and Mrs. George B. Reynolds of 809 North Charles Street, Baltimore, Md., announce the engagement of their daughter, Mrs. Mary Elizabeth Meade, to Edward Stiles Doniphan of Curry, N. Y. Mrs. Meade is the widow of Charles Watson Meade, former city editor of The New York Tribune, and Mr. Doniphan is the son of Mrs. John V. Doniphan and the late Mr. Doniphan of Brooklyn.

Harold Binney Wed in February.

The wedding is announced of Miss Elise Martin of London, England, and Harold Binney of this city, which took place on Feb. 16 at Paterson, N. J., the Rev. W. C. Snodgrass performing the ceremony in the presence of a few friends of the couple. Mr. Binney was formerly Assistant Examiner of Electrical Patents in the Interior Department at Washington, D. C., and has since been practicing law in this city.

Favors Tax on Bachelor Maids.

BOSTON, March 6.—A tax on bachelor maids as well as bachelors was advocated before the Legislative Committee on Taxation yesterday by Mrs. Frank W. Page, who described herself as an "old school marm." Women as well as men, she said, enjoyed freedom of life, and she said it was worth a tax of $5 a year to some of them to remain teaching school or working in the stores. Mrs. Page told the committee that 62 per cent. of the men in this State who could afford marriage neglected to do so, most of them wilfully.

THINKS MRS. EDGELL WILL OBTAIN LEAVE

High School Faculty Sure Absence Will Be Granted to Her to Bear Child.

GUNNISON POINTS OUT LAW

Request, with Committee Recommendation, Comes Before Board of Education Next Week.

Although opposition is expected from some members of the Board of Education to the favorable action taken by the Committee on High Schools, at its meeting held in Manhattan on Wednesday, on the application of Mrs. Frank D. Edgell, a teacher in the Erasmus Hall High School, Brooklyn, for a year's leave of absence without pay, Dr. Walter B. Gunnison, Principal of the school, and the entire teaching staff of that institution, are confident that her request will be approved.

Dr. Gunnison said yesterday he wanted to correct an erroneous impression that the Board of Education had turned down Mrs. Edgell's application. The matter will not come before the board until its next meeting, on Wednesday, when the recommendation of the Committee on High Schools, which unanimously approved giving Mrs. Edgell a year's leave of absence to bear and rear a child, will be acted upon.

It was learned yesterday that Mrs. Edgell first made her application to the Board of Superintendents. That board at a meeting held in the Board of Education Building in Manhattan, after receiving a report from the By-Laws Committee, decided that it had no authority to act on an application of that kind.

Her request raised a unique situation in the matter of granting leaves of absence. According to the rules of the Board of Education, and the By-Laws Committee so reported to the Board of Superintendents, the latter body has authority to grant a leave of absence to a teacher for travel and study, or restoration of health. As these are the only conditions which give the Board of Superintendents authority to act, they decided that the nature of the application of Mrs. Edgell did not bring her request within their jurisdiction, and so she applied to the Committee on High Schools. This committee has jurisdiction over all matters relating to high schools and teachers in that class of institution.

According to Dr. Gunnison, there appears to be no legal reason for refusing Mrs. Edgell's request. It has already been decided in the courts that a married woman may teach in the public schools, and the board cannot refuse to grant a certificate to teach to a married woman, notwithstanding that that body has strongly opposed the granting of teaching licenses to married women.

"It is a simple point," said Dr. Gunnison yesterday. "As the courts have decided that a married woman has a legal right to teach in the public schools, it is reasonable to conclude that the law also protects her in receiving the same privileges as all teachers in the system. We think that Mrs. Edgell's request is a perfectly right and legal one, and I can see no reason why it should be refused.

"She has plainly stated her reason for wishing a leave of absence for a year, and there is no reason why it should not be granted. Other teachers who are now in Europe for the benefit of their health have not leaves of absences for the same length of time. She has been very frank in giving her reason. She has been a teacher in the Erasmus Hall High School for the past seven years and is one of the best in the Faculty. In supporting her we feel that we are right, and that the Board of Education will grant her request when they have looked into the matter thoroughly."

Frank D. Edgell, husband of Mrs. Edgell, is also an instructor in the Erasmus Hall High School. He has taught mathematics in that institution for fourteen years. Neither he nor Mrs. Edgell, when seen at their home, 1,418 East Seventeenth Street, Flatbush, was inclined to discuss the matter.

DR. MUCK TO STAY IN BOSTON

Conductor's Contract with Symphony Orchestra Has Four Years to Run.

The management of the Boston Symphony Orchestra has issued the following announcement:

"Rumor and gossip have been busy for several weeks past making plans for Dr. Karl Muck, the conductor of the Boston Symphony Orchestra.

"There have been some variations regarding just where in Europe he is going next Fall, but all the reports seem to be unanimous concerning his leaving Boston and the Boston Symphony Orchestra at the end of the present season. The gossips have even named Felix Weingartner as his successor.

"These reports have caused much annoyance to those vitally interested in the Boston Symphony Orchestra. Dr. Muck's present contract with the orchestra has four years to run, and there is no shadow of truth in the report that he has any intention whatever of asking a release. In other words, there has been absolutely no foundation for any of these reports which have caused so much comment.

"Since Dr. Muck arrived in America last Fall he has been besieged with requests to take various important posts in Europe. As long ago as last Spring great influence was brought to bear on him to take the post left vacant in Munich by the death of Felix Mottl. Efforts of every kind have been made to secure him for the head of the Vienna opera. Nor is it violating confidence to say that Berlin would be only too happy to have him back.

"In addition to these offers, Dr. Muck has been requested to lead special performances of opera in Darmstadt and other German cities, and within the last week he received a most urgent call to conduct the performances of "Parsifal" in January, 1914, in the new Champs Elysées Opera House in Paris. All these offers he has positively declined.

"Dr. Muck will be in Boston at least until the end of the season of 1916-1917."

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Charles Frohman yesterday obtained from its author and publisher the dramatic rights of Elizabeth Robins's novel, "My Little Sister," which deals with the white slave traffic. The work will be produced in New York and London under the same title.

The one-hundredth New York performance of Sam Bernard in "All for the Ladies" will take place on March 26 at the Lyric Theatre. There will be souvenirs, and the comedian will have another verse to his song, "It's Formissible."

The Misses Florence and Mary Nash have arranged to produce a series of kinetophone pictures showing the greatest moments in the lives of six great actresses.

Tom Terriss will give the first presentation of a play in six scenes from Dickens's "The Tale of Two Cities" at Keith's Union Square Theatre next Monday.

A cable to the office of the company which controls the Paul J. Rainey African hunt pictures, now at the Bijou, conveys the information that arrangements have been made for a "command" performance of the pictures before the King and Queen of England.

The hundred-odd young women students of Belmont College, Nashville, Tenn., who are now in the city, attended a performance of "Within the Law" at the Eltinge Theatre last night.

Several hundred officials and politicians of Carson City, Nev., and Helena and Butte, Mon., attended the performance of "Under Many Flags" at the Hippodrome last night. To-night the Twelfth Coast Artillery, on its way home from Washington to Portland, Me., will attend.

George A. Highland, stage manager of "Oh! Oh! Delphine," who went to London to produce the piece there, returned yesterday to this city.

Oliver Morosco, the Californian theatrical manager, came to this city yesterday for a day's stay, and perfected arrangements for the production about April 1 of J. Hartley Manners's dramatization of Jeffrey Farnol's novel, "The Money Moon," in which Marguerite Leslie and Orin Johnson will appear in the principal characters.

Louis Mann will give a special performance of "Elevating a Husband" in honor of the New York National League team at Marlin, Texas, on March 14.

Views of the inauguration of President Wilson will be shown to-day in motion pictures at the Regent Theatre.

The Irish Players have a new piece in rehearsal called "Galway Races," which will be staged before the end of their Wallack's Theatre engagement.

GERMAN ART EXHIBIT HERE.

Opening View at National Arts Club Galleries on March 12.

The National Arts Club will give shelter to the German Exhibit of Applied Arts during March and April. This exhibit, which was arranged by the German Museum of Hagen, Germany, has traveled all over this country since the Spring of 1912. Wherever it was shown it aroused great interest, and the criticisms in all cities were highly complimentary to the excellence shown in the production of the objects. In consideration of the importance of New York as a centre of American enterprise and social life the directors in Germany decided to act upon a suggestion made by the International Art Service of New York, a member of the museum and its American representative, to add several especially interesting pieces of keramik, silverware, and textiles which were sent from abroad directly to the National Arts Club, and which will be exhibited here for the first time.

The collection consists of modern German architecture, leatherwork, books, wall paper, linoleum, textiles, keramik, glass, metal work, woodcarving, toys, samples of graphic art, and advertising designs.

The best productions of artists such as Peter Behrens, Prof. Fischer, Adolf von Hildebrand, Joseph Hoffmann, Ludwig Hoffmann, Alfred Messel, Joseph Olbrich, Bruno Paul, Prof. Riemerschmid, Henry Van de Welde, Lovis Korinth, Leopold Graf Kalckreuth, Max Klinger, Max Liebermann, Orlik, Hans Thoma, Lucian Bernhard, Hans Rudi Erdt, Theodor Heins, Ludwig Hohlwein, Julius Klinger, Paul Scheurich, Julius Gipkens, Wiener Werkstaette, Beyer-Preusser u. Glasemann, Walter Tiemann, F. W. Kleukens, &c., were chosen for this exhibit, the object of which is to familiarize the American public with the spirit which governs Germany to-day in producing objects for daily use with the assistance and under the guidance of artists.

The opening and private view will take place in the galleries of the club, 14 Gramercy Park, on Wednesday evening, March 12, at 9 o'clock, to which prominent German-Americans of New York will be invited.

The club plans furthermore to arrange private evenings on which they will invite teachers of the New York public schools, universities, and art schools, German-American societies, also art societies, thus bringing together congenial elements which might wish to view the exhibit in larger bodies.

THE PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY.

Mme. Maud Powell Plays—Fritz Stahlberg's New Symphonic Scherzo.

The programme of the Philharmonic Society's concert last evening lacked nothing in weight and dignity, and could not be accused of being too "popular"; but it did turn out to lack something in interest and stimulus to the listener's imagination. Its most significant feature was Mme. Maud Powell's performance of Tschaikowsky's violin concerto. Mme. Powell had not been heard here for some time, and her reappearance was welcome. She played the concerto with great sweep and energy; perhaps she has played with greater smoothness and mellowness of tone on some other occasions, but scarcely with more power. Her performance was much applauded; but there was little deserved for the accompaniment by the orchestra, which was faulty.

The programme also brought forward a new composition by Fritz Stahlberg, one of the first violinists of the orchestra, who has appeared twice before on the conductor's stand at the Philharmonic's concerts to conduct music of his own. This time it was a "Symphonic Scherzo." He has set a very different task before himself in this than he fulfilled in his pleasing symphonic sketches "Im Hochland," heard last year. He has not tried to be pleasing in this scherzo so much as bizarre, both in his ideas and, in parts, in his instrumentation. His themes are strongly marked rhythmically, but they have little really musical distinction. There are uncouth and awkward passages; the best of the music is contained in the more broadly written trio. There might be ground for imagining that Mr. Stahlberg had set some of Strauss's symphonic poems before himself for emulation, and some of his orchestral methods for imitation.

Dvorak's overture, "My Home Land," began the programme. It is one of his orchestral compositions least often heard, and is, in fact, not one of his strongest. The two National melodies which he has worked up in it are not particularly striking nor is his method of treating them wholly fortunate. There are some interesting traits in the development, and some characteristic passages of fine orchestration, but it is not Dvorak at his best. The symphony was Saint-Saëns in C minor, his third; a work that has a certain experimental character in its form and in its instrumentation. It has never been able to establish a strong hold on the public here, before whom it is set from time to time; for notwithstanding interesting features, highly intelligent ideas in its structure and unimpeachable workmanship, it is rather dull music in considerable stretches. Messrs. Victor Harris and Michael Loesch play the pianoforte part, which counts so little in the instrumental effect, and Charles Gilbert Sprass the organ.

SUCCEEDS DR. BAUMFELD.

Rudolf Christians Chosen Manager of Irving Place Theatre.

Rudolf Christians, the German actor-manager, one of the stars of the Royal Court Theatre of Berlin, has been chosen as successor to the late Dr. Baumfeld as manager of the Irving Place Theatre. Rudolf Christians was playing star parts as "guest" at the Irving Place Theatre when Dr. Baumfeld died Thursday after a brief illness. The policy of the German Theatre will be the same under the new management as it was during the régime of the late Heinrich Conried, who was the first impresario to bring Mr. Christians to this country.

In memory of Dr. Baumfeld a public memorial service will be held at the Irving Place Theatre this afternoon at 3 o'clock. It will be under the auspices of the members of the company.

NORA BAYES WEDS AGAIN.

Actress's Third Husband Is Harry Clarke, Actor.

Nora Bayes, the actress, who obtained a divorce two weeks ago from Jack Norworth in Chicago, has just been married in Kansas City, Mo., to Harry Clarke, an actor. The couple will take a short trip and then will go to Chicago, the bride to resume her rôle in "The Sun Dodgers" and Mr. Clarke to take Norworth's rôle in that production.

The present marriage of Nora Bayes is her third one, her first husband having been A. O. Gressing, a traveling salesman. Her maiden name is Sarah Goldberg, and her age 22. Clark gave his real name as Herman Ketz.

YALE GETS $80,000 LEGACY.

Joseph Lyman, Artist, Dies at Rosemary Farm at Age of 65 Years.

Joseph Lyman, the artist, died on Wednesday at Rosemary Farm, Wallingford, Conn., the country house of his sister, Mrs. William G. Choate of this city, at the age of 65 years. By Mr. Lyman's death Yale University receives a legacy of $80,000, which was his during his lifetime. Death was due to pneumonia, with which Mr. Lyman was stricken on Sunday.

Mr. Lyman was born in Ravenna, Ohio, and was educated at the public schools of Cleveland. He studied painting under John H. Dolph and Samuel Coleman, and exhibited first in the National Academy in 1876, and in 1886 was elected an associate member of that academy. Mr. Lyman had been accustomed to spend a part of the year at the New York home of Mrs. Choate, who is a sister-in-law of Joseph H. Choate, former Ambassador to England.

Mr. Lyman received a bronze medal from the Louisiana Purchase Exposition at St. Louis for landscapes which he exhibited there. Among his best-known paintings are "Summer Night," 1880; "Evening," 1880; "Perce Rock," 1881; "Waiting for the Tide," 1883; "Street in St. Augustine, Fla.," 1884, and "Under Her Own Fig Tree," 1885.

Funeral services were held at Rosemary Farm last evening, and to-day the body will be taken to Englewood, N. J., for burial.

MRS. LEVI Z. LEITER DEAD.

Mother of Late Lady Curzon a Victim of Apoplexy in Washington.

Mrs. Levi Z. Leiter, widow of the Chicago millionaire, and mother of Joseph S. Leiter and the late Lady Curzon, died suddenly of apoplexy yesterday afternoon at her home, 1,500 New Hampshire Avenue, Washington, D. C. She had been ill for only two weeks. It has not yet been decided whether the burial will take place in Washington, or whether the body will be taken to Chicago.

Mrs. Leiter was Mary Theresa Carver, daughter of Benjamin Carver, a wealthy banker of Utica, N. Y., and descendant of John Carver, first President of Plymouth Colony. In 1865 she married Levi Z. Leiter, then a rising Chicago merchant, who subsequently amassed a fortune estimated at $50,000,000.

Mrs. Leiter's daughter, Mary Victoria, was in 1895 married to Lord Curzon of Kedleston, who subsequently became Viceroy of India. Lady Curzon died in 1906 at Walmer Castle after her return to England from India, a victim of the latter's climate. Margaret Hyde, another daughter, married the Earl of Suffolk in 1904 and the third daughter, Nancy Lathrop in 1904, married Major Colin Campbell.

Mrs. Leiter's only son, Joseph Leiter, gained considerable notoriety when, as a young man, in 1898, he unsuccessfully endeavored to corner wheat, and lost a fortune when the corner broke.

A conservative estimate of the value of Mrs. Leiter's estate is $17,500,000.

Charles E. Chapman.

Charles E. Chapman, 85 years old, a retired member of the New York Stock Exchange, died yesterday morning at his home in Ridgewood, N. J., from the effects of a strike of paralysis, suffered two weeks ago. During the Civil War Mr. Chapman served as Captain of Company A, Thirty-seventh Regiment, New York.

Dr. Henry Augustus Hall.

Dr. Henry Augustus Hull, 81 years old, dean of New Jersey dentists, Past President of the New Jersey Dental Association, died Wednesday night at his home, 42 Bayard Street, New Brunswick, of pneumonia. Dr. Hull entered the profession of dentistry in 1852, and was an active practitioner up to the time of his death.

Obituary Notes.

NICHOLAS DOYLE, for forty-three years a court attendant in Brooklyn, died on Wednesday at his home, 779 Monroe Street, that borough. Mr. Doyle was born in Ireland. In 1870 he was appointed an attendant in the City Court, and seventeen years ago was transferred to the Supreme Court. Mr. Doyle was active in Democratic politics.

JOSEPH DENOYELLES, for many years clerk of the Board of Supervisors of Rockland County, N. Y., died on Wednesday at his home in New City, N. Y. He was 51 years old.

JAMES M. WILCOX, one of the oldest residents of Windham County, Conn., died on Wednesday at his home in Harrisville at the age of 96 years. He was a contractor and builder.

Mrs. ALMIRA B. SMITH, wife of J. Howard Smith, President of the Brevoort Savings Bank, died on Wednesday at her home, 35 McDonough Street, at the age of 73 years. She had been President of the Bethesda Sanitarium for many years and was well known for her charitable work.

WILLIAM E. BANKS, a former member of the banking firm of S. Banks & Co., died on Tuesday at his home, 495 Eighth Avenue, Brooklyn, at the age of 64 years. He was President of the Gold Car Heating and Lighting Company, a veteran of the Forty-seventh Regiment, and a member of the Bushwick, Montauk, and Prospect Gun Clubs. Death was caused by pneumonia.

WILLIAM BRYAN WEBB, who was connected with the firm of Z. Lopez & Co., commission merchants, died of heart disease on Tuesday at his home, 17 Prospect Street, East Orange, N. J. He was 67 years old.

Sister MARY LAWRENCE HARLIN, a member of the teaching Order of St. Joseph and for thirty-five years a teacher in the primary department of the parochial school attached to the Church of Our Lady of Victory, Brooklyn, died on Monday of heart disease.

Mrs. CORNELIA J. BARTON BUDD, widow of Seeley R. Budd, died on Wednesday of bronchitis at her home, 46 Evergreen Place, East Orange, N. J. She was born in 1825, a member of one of the oldest families of East Orange.

HUDSON N. GRISWOLD, 80 years old, a wealthy tobacco grower, died on Wednesday in a private sanitarium at Hartford, Conn. Mr. Griswold had lived all his life in Poquonock, and his ancestors were among the first settlers in Connecticut.

Mrs. SARAH J. MARINOR, for many years President of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union of Brooklyn, and widow of George Marinor, died on Tuesday of pneumonia at her home, 481 Greene Avenue, Brooklyn.

ALFRED B. DAY, President of the First National Bank of Mansfield, Mass., died at his home there on Wednesday of heart disease. He was 84 years old.

Miss CALLIE MARSHALL, a cousin of Vice President Marshall, is dead at Duncan, Okla. She was 77 years old.

Mrs. CHRISTINA M. DANVERS, matron of the Home for Friendless Women and Children at 20 Concord Street, Brooklyn, died there on Wednesday at the age of 45 years.

Mrs. RUTH SATCHELL CABBLE, widow of Elijah Cabble, died at her home, 217 Hancock Street, Brooklyn, on Wednesday at the age of 73 years. She had lived in Brooklyn for seventy years, and was one of the oldest members of the Central Congregational Church.

BERTRAND LAWRENCE WELLS, who for several years had been connected with the Aeolian Company, died on Wednesday at his home, 248 West 105th Street, at the age of 36 years. He was the son of the late Arthur J. Wells and Helen Butler Wells of Syracuse. Mr. Wells was graduated from Phillips Academy with the Class of 1897, and from Williams College in 1902. He was a member of the A. U. V. and Kappa Alpha Societies.

Mrs. ESTHER M. TAYLOR, widow of the Rev. Dr. Charles H. Taylor, died on Wednesday at her home, 229 Hewes Street, Brooklyn. Mrs. Taylor was the eldest daughter of John W. and Hepzibah Gibbons Chapman of Albany, and was educated at the Albany Female Academy. She was married in the late '50s to the Rev. Dr. Taylor, who for many years was pastor of the Noble Street Presbyterian Church, Brooklyn.

ROBERT TRUSLOW, son of Mr. and Mrs. John Truslow and a member of an old and prominent Brooklyn family, died yesterday of pneumonia at his home, 154 Hicks Street, Brooklyn. Mr. Truslow was a lawyer. He was married seven years ago to Miss Alice Gray Colton, daughter of the late Dr. Frederick H. Colton, a noted Brooklyn physician, and brother of Mrs. Richard S. Storrs, wife of the Brooklyn divine.

LOUISA S. ANDREWS, widow of Robert W. Andrews, died on Wednesday at her home, 264 Seventy-eighth Street, Brooklyn, at the age of 85 years. Mrs. Andrews was born in England and came to this country with her parents when a child. For many years she lived in the Greenwich Village section of Manhattan.

OWEN McARDLE died on Wednesday at his home, 67 Clinton Avenue, Brooklyn. Mr. McArdle was 60 years old and was born in Ireland. He had held for many years the United States Government stevedore contract for the Brooklyn Navy Yard. Mr. McArdle was a member of the Diocesan St. Vincent de Paul Society, Holy Name Society of the Sacred Heart Parish, and the Catholic Benevolent Legion of the same parish.

ROBERT F. GIST, 61 years old, a hat manufacturer of Orange, N. J., died yesterday at his home, 205 Day Street, of diabetes. Mr. Gist was a native of New York.

THOMAS F. HOUGHTON, 71 years old, an architect, died Wednesday at his home, 311 President Street, Brooklyn, from heart disease. Mr. Houghton was a member of the old Brooklyn Board of Education. From 1861 to 1866 he was Paymaster on the United States ship Connecticut.

Mrs. SARAH M. POST, widow of George W. Post, died yesterday at her home, 75 Central Avenue, Montclair, N. J.

WILLIAM FIELD COTTIER, son of the late Daniel Cottier, died suddenly on Wednesday at the home of his mother, 3 St. James's Terrace, Regents Park, London, Northwest, England. He is survived by his wife, Mrs. Estelle T. Cottier.

Ensign WILLIAM D. FORD, U. S. N., died yesterday at the Naval Hospital in Norfolk, Va., where he had been ill for several months. He was 23 years old, and resided in Brooklyn, N. Y.

ABRAHAM MANHEIMS, a retired merchant, died yesterday at his home, 68 West 117th Street. Mr. Manheims was 62 years old, and had lived in New York City all his life. He was a member of Washington Irving Union, Henry Clay Lodge, I. O. S. S. of I., and Manhattan Lodge, I. O. B. B.

Mrs. SARAH GARDNER, widow of Moses Gardner, died yesterday at her home, 1,184 Lexington Avenue. Mrs. Gardner was a member of Kehilath Jeshurun.

MICHAEL F. LOOBY, clerk in the County Court House, and former First Lieutenant of Company K, Sixty-ninth Regiment N. G. N. Y., died yesterday at his home, 62 West 102d Street. He left a brother, Nonie G. Looby.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Confirmed.

MILCH.—Mr. and Mrs. S. Milch of 71 East 121st St. announce the confirmation of their son, Abraham A., on Saturday, March 8, at the Temple Mount Zion, 37 West 119th St. Reception on Sunday, March 23, at 6 P. M., Laurel Garden, 75-79 East 116th St.

Engaged.

TRAUTSCHOLD—WAKEMAN.—Mr. and Mrs. Stephen H. Wakeman announce the engagement of their daughter, Alice Livingston Wakeman, to Gordon Trautschold of New York.

NEUSTADT—HELFANT.—Fanny Helfant to Max Neustadt.

Married.

CLARKE—LITTLE.—At Boston, March 3, at the residence of the bride's father, 317 Dartmouth St., Julia Augusta, daughter of John Mason Little, to George Lemist Clarke of Brookline, Mass. No announcement cards.

MANLY—McEVOY.—March 5, Marie R. McEvoy to Harold P. Manly.

Died.

BLANCHARD.—On March 6, Fannie S. Blanchard, mother of George W. and Frank G. Blanchard. Funeral services at her late residence, 261 Fenimore St., Flatbush, Saturday, March 8, at 8 P. M. Interment private.

BONYNGE.—On Wednesday, March 5, 1913, Susan, widow of Robert Bonynge, in the 74th year of her age. Funeral service will be held at Holy Trinity Church, Lenox Av. and 122d St., on Friday, the 7th inst., at 2 P. M.

CAHEN.—Siegfried, on March 5, in his 72d year. Funeral from 167 West 48th St., Friday, 11 A. M.

CAPLIN.—Helen Caplin, beloved wife of Stephen Caplin, mother of Stella and May, died March 5, 1913. Funeral from her late residence, 538 McDonough St., Brooklyn, on Friday, March 7, at 10 o'clock.

CHAPMAN.—At Ridgewood, N. J., on Thursday, March 6, Charles E. Chapman, in his 85th year. Funeral services at his late residence, Ridgewood, N. J., on Saturday, March 8, at 2 P. M. Train leaves Jersey City, Erie Railroad, at 12:54 P. M.

COFFIN.—George C., suddenly, on March 5, George C. Coffin, aged 62 years. Funeral service at his home, 49 West 82d St., on Friday, March 7, at 8:30 P. M. Interment private.

COTTIER.—William Field, husband of Estelle T. Cottier, and son of the late Daniel Cottier, suddenly, on March 5, at the residence of his mother, 3 St. James's Terrace, Regent Park, London, N. W., England. Funeral private.

COULTER.—Martha J., at Saranac Lake, N. Y., on March 3. Funeral services at 1 o'clock Friday, March 7, at the Union M. E. Church, 48th St., west of Broadway. Interment private.

DANVERS.—Christina M. Danvers, on March 5, 1913, at her home, 20 Concord St., Brooklyn, aged 45. Funeral services will be held at her late residence, Friday, March 7, at 2 o'clock.

DE HART.—Charles Robertson de Hart, Rockaway, N. J., March 6, 1913. Funeral services will be held at his late residence Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

FORD.—On March 6, at the U. S. Naval Hospital, Portsmouth, Virginia, Ensign William Donison Ford, U. S. N., son of George H. Ford and Claire de la Figaniere Ford. Funeral at St. Paul's Church, Clinton, corner Carroll St., Brooklyn, Saturday, March 8, 10 A. M.

FRIEDMAN.—Morris, in his 93d year, husband of the late Jennie Friedman, father of Herman, Samuel, Ben, Edward, the late David S., Mrs. A. Schwartz, and Mrs. H. B. Kupferberg. Funeral from the residence of Mrs. A. Schwartz, 22 West 112th St., this day, 10 A. M.

GARDNER.—Mrs. Sarah Gardner, widow of the late Moses Gardner, died Thursday, March 6. Funeral from her late residence, Sunday, March 9, at 10:30 A. M., 1,184 Lexington Av. Please omit flowers. European papers please copy.

It is with deep regret that we announce the death of one of our most esteemed members, Mrs. Sarah Gardner, widow of Moses Gardner. The ladies of the sisterhood Kehilath Jeshurun are requested to be present at the funeral Sunday morning, March 9, at 10:30 A. M., at her late residence, 1,184 Lexington Av.

Mrs. EDWARD EPSTEIN, President.

HAVILAND.—At her late residence, Millbrook, N. Y., 3d month, 5th, 1913, Mary Haviland. Funeral from Friends Meeting House, sixth day, (Friday,) afternoon at 2 o'clock.

HENICKER.—Suddenly on March 3, 1913, at Elizabeth, N. J., John Augustus, beloved husband of E. Isabella Henicker, aged 61 years, of 113 Miller St., Newark, N. J. Interment at Evergreen Cemetery.

HOUGHTON.—On Wednesday, March 5, 1913, at his late residence, 311 President St., Thomas F. Houghton. Requiem mass at St. Agnes's R. C. Church, Sackett and Hoyt Sts., on Saturday morning at 9:30 o'clock. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

HYDE.—On March 6, 1913, at the Apthorpe, 79th St. and Broadway, Lewis Huntington Hyde. Funeral service at All Angels' Church, West End Av. and 81st St., on Saturday morning, March 8, at 9 o'clock. Interment at Winchester, Va.

JOHNSON.—After short illness, Wednesday, March 5, 1913, at Daytona, Fla., Harry T. Johnson, beloved husband of Nettie F. Johnson. Funeral Sunday, March 9, 1913, at Scio, N. Y.

KOBBE.—At New Brighton, Staten Island, on Tuesday, March 4, Marie Elizabeth, wife of the late Philip Ferdinand Kobbe and daughter of the late Gustav Hessenberg, in the 68th year of her age. Funeral private.

LAW.—Suddenly, on March 5, 1913, Rachel A. Law, widow of Dr. John Law. Funeral services at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Grace Cleaveland, 96 St. James Place, Brooklyn, on Saturday, March 8, at 2 P. M. Nyack papers please copy.

LOOBY.—On March 6, 1913, Michael F. Looby, beloved brother of Nonie G. Looby, and late First Lieutenant of Company K, 69th Regiment, N. G. N. Y. Funeral from his late residence, 62 West 102d St., on Sunday morning, March 9, thence to Troy, N. Y., at the residence of Mr. William Ryan, No. 355 4th St. Burial on Monday, March 10, 1913, 10 A. M., where a requiem mass will be offered at St. Joseph's Church. Troy papers please copy.

LYMAN.—At Wallingford, Conn., on Wednesday, March 5th, 1913, Joseph Lyman, son of the late Joseph and the late Mary C. Lyman of Englewood, N. J., aged 69 years. Commitment service and burial at Brookside Cemetery, Englewood, N. J., on Friday, March 7, on arrival of Erie Railroad train, leaving 23d St. 12:55 P. M., and Chambers St. 1:10 P. M.

MANHEIMS.—Abraham, retired merchant, died of heart disease Thursday, at his home, 68 West 117th St., aged 62.

MEAD.—At Greenwich, Conn., March 6, Cornelius, in the 84th year of his age. Funeral services at Christ Church, Saturday, March 8, at 3 P. M.

MOORE.—On March 6, Miss Mary Josephine Moore. Funeral from St. Josephs Home for Aged, 209 West 15th St., Saturday, March 8, at 9 A. M.

MUNN.—At Suffern, New York, Wednesday, March 5, 1913, Ella L. B. Munn of 19 Elizabeth Avenue, Newark, New Jersey. Funeral at Suffern, New York, at the residence of her son-in-law, Dr. E. Russell Suffern, Friday, March 7, at 3:00 P. M. Interment at Mahwah, New Jersey. Erie Railroad train leaves Jersey City at 1:15 P. M.

OAKLEY.—On Thursday, March 6, at his residence, 101 West 72d St., John Ainsley, beloved husband of Eleanor Peckham Oakley, in the 77th year of his age. Funeral private.

PALMATIER.—At Catskill, N. Y., March 5, Jane Magilton, wife of the late Walter W. Palmatier, aged 80 years. Funeral at her late residence, Saturday, March 8, at 3 o'clock.

POST.—Entered into rest on Thursday, March 6, 1913, at her residence, Montclair, N. J., Sarah M., widow of George W. Post and daughter of the late John F. and Mary E. Van Riper. Funeral private.

TAYLOR.—On Wednesday, March 5, Esther M., widow of the late Rev. Charles H. Taylor, D. D. Funeral services at her late residence, 229 Hewes Street, Brooklyn, Friday evening, March 7, at 8 o'clock.

TOPLIFF.—James, 70. Remains lying at THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d St., (Campbell Building.) Time furnished later.

TRAGER.—On March 5, at Columbia, S. C., the Rev. Abraham Trager, beloved father of Mrs. M. Garfunkel and Mrs. B. Vilsanska. Funeral at Columbia, S. C., Friday afternoon, March 7.

TRUSLOW.—On Thursday, March 6, at the Brooklyn Hospital, of pneumonia, Robert Truslow, beloved husband of Alice Gray Truslow and son of John and Elizabeth Kidder Truslow. Funeral services at the Church of the Pilgrims, Henry and Remsen Sts., Brooklyn, Saturday, March 8, at 11 A. M.

TURPIN.—Suddenly, at his late residence, 710 Bloomfield St., Hoboken, N. J., March 6, 1913, Thomas T. Turpin, aged 60 years. Notice of funeral later.

WELLS.—Bertrand Lawrence, at his residence, 248 West 105th St., New York City, on Wednesday, March 5, 1913, in the 36th year of his age. Son of the late A. J. Wells and of Helen Butler Wells of Syracuse. Funeral services, 2 P. M., March 8, at Oakwood Cemetery Chapel, Syracuse, N. Y., and short service at residence in New York, 3 P. M., March 7, 1913.

BEEBE.—Elizabeth, Port Richmond, S. I., March 5. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.
BRADY.—James T., 127 East 119th St., March 5. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.
BUNGE.—Frank, Mariner's Harbor, S. I., March 4, aged 51. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.
CLARK.—Mary E., March 5, aged 52. Funeral 62 West 102d St., to-day, 1:30 P. M.
FARRICKER.—Patrick, 604 St. Nicholas Av., March 4, aged 52. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.
FRANCKHAUSER.—Ozella, 415 East 57th St., March 4. Funeral private.

Died.

GREENFIELD.—Charles, March 5. Funeral 241 West 23d St.
JONES.—Ellen F., 561 Madison Av., March 4. Funeral private.
LIPMAN.—Nathan, 937 East 169th St., March 5, aged 76. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.
McCONNIN.—Bernard, Spuyten Duyvil, March 5. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.
McNALLY.—John, 446 West 40th St., March 5. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.
McWADE.—Robert, Sr., Stearns Hospital, March 5, aged 78. Funeral private.
MARSHALL.—Christina, 321 East 80th St., March 4. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.
MONAHAN.—Frank, 621 East 135th St., March 4, aged 43.
MORRIS.—James H., 534 East 72d St., March 5. Funeral to-morrow.
OWENS.—Mary, 725 11th Av., March 5, aged 17. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.
PEASE.—Mary, 10 East 129th St., March 4. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.
QUIRK.—Andrew, 83 West 103d St., March 5. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.
ROBINSON.—John G., New Springville, S. I., March 5, aged 57. Funeral to-morrow, 2:30 P. M.
SANDERS.—Mrs. Henry, 593 Lexington Av., March 5. Funeral notice later.
SCHOLZ.—Elise, 1,506 Hoe Av., Bronx, March 5, aged 54.
SIER.—Mary, 764 9th Av., March 5. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M. Notice later.
SMITH.—Mary O'H., 36 Horatio St., March 5.
STINER.—Amelia, 10 East 22d St., March 5. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

Brooklyn.

ANDREWS.—Louisa S., 264 78th St., March 5, aged 85. Funeral service to-day.
BRESLIN.—Patrick F., 285 5th Av., March 4. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.
DREW.—James, March 5, aged 72. Funeral 15 Greene Av.
FITZSIMONS.—John, 5 Nostrand Av., March 4. Funeral to-day.
GILDERSLEEVE.—William H., 1,345 Jefferson Av., March 5. Funeral service to-day.
GLASSEY.—Mary, Kings County Hospital, March 5. Funeral March 9.
GORSLINE.—Agnes, Cumberland Street Hospital, March 5. Funeral to-day.
HEIL.—Marie, 370 Elton St., March 4, aged 75. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.
HINGENITZ.—Annie F., 112 Smith St., March 4. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.
JACOBSON.—Jacob, Long Island College Hospital, March 5, aged 26.
KELLY.—Winfrid S., 61 3d Place, March 5, aged 7.
LYNCH.—John, Kings County Hospital, March 5, aged 35. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.
MARTIN.—Marie E., 1,184 Dean St., March 6. Funeral private.
MULCRONE.—Mary, 128 Berkeley Place, March 5. Funeral to-morrow.
MURPHY.—Dennis F., 94 Classon Av., March 5. Funeral to-morrow, 9 A. M.
NIXON.—Mary A., 164 South 8th St., March 5, aged 37. Funeral service to-morrow.
NOLAN.—Michael, 698 Dean St., March 5. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.
POMEROY.—Mary C., 415 Adelphi St., March 5. Funeral to-day.
REYNOLDS.—Martha V., 138 Luqueer St., March 5. Funeral to-morrow.
SHAW.—Daniel, 202 Palmetto St., March 4, aged 27. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.
SHEEDY.—James T., 1,660 10th Av., March 5. Funeral March 9, 2 P. M.
VOGEL.—Louis, 1,435 36th St., March 4. Funeral March 9.
WAKEFORD.—Pernina, 60 Norman Av., March 5, aged 57. Funeral service to-morrow.

Hoboken, Jersey City, and Newark.

BAUER.—Christina, Newark, March 5, aged 77. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.
BECKER.—Johanna H., 132 Hudson St., Hoboken, March 4, aged 54. Funeral to-day.
BLACKBURN.—Margaret L., 147 Neptune Av., Jersey City, March 5. Funeral to-morrow, 8:30 A. M.
BRESKE.—Louis, 70 Johnson St., Newark, March 5, aged 62. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.
BRINKMAN.—Harry F., 59 Warren St., Newark, March 6. Funeral notice later.
BUETELL.—Henry, 573 15th Av., Newark, March 5, aged 44. Funeral to-morrow, 2:30 P. M.
COE.—Phebe L., 662 Bergen Av., Jersey City, March 6, aged 76.
COLSTON.—William C., Newark, March 6. Funeral notice later.
CONKLIN.—Frida P., 189 Jeliff Av., Newark, March 4, aged 24. Funeral to-morrow.
DUFFEY.—Marcelia, 214 Smith St., Newark, March 5. Funeral to-morrow, 9 A. M.
GAFFNEY.—Sarah, 68 Columbia St., Newark, March 6. Funeral to-morrow, 8 A. M.
GRIMES.—James C., 445 John St., Newark, March 5. Funeral to-morrow, 8 A. M.
HANNIGAN.—William, 999 South Orange Av., Newark, March 5.
HECKER.—Anton, 120 North 4th St., Newark, March 5. Funeral to-morrow, 8:15 A. M.
McCARTHY.—Mary, 607 Malone St., West Hoboken, March 5. Funeral to-day.
MALANAPHY.—Margaret, 134 Pennington St., Newark, March 4. Funeral to-morrow.
RYAN.—Patrick, 82 Lexington St., Newark, March 4.
WISHER.—George, 19 3d St., Newark, March 5.

Long Island.

AUGUST.—John, Woodhaven, March 4, aged
BOOTH.—Mary E., Union Course, March 3, aged 77.
BROWN.—Peter, Jamaica, March 4, aged
BRUGGEMANN.—Annie, Maspeth, March 4, aged 46.
CRAWFORD.—John T., 199 Pearsall St., Long Island City, March 4, aged 34.
CRIST.—Eva D., Glendale, March 4, aged
DURNEY.—John A., Long Island City, March 4, aged 65. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.
EMGE.—Lizzie, Jamaica, March 3, aged
GARTNER.—Frank, Ridgewood, March 4, aged 9 months.
GRAHAM.—Christopher, Long Island City, March 4, aged 83.
GREEN.—Anna M., 213 2d Av., Long Island City, March 4, aged 68.
HENRY.—Julia F., Flushing, March 3, aged 70.
HERR.—Margaret, Richmond Hill, March 4, aged 71.
HILLARY.—Timothy, Long Island City, March 4, aged 27.
HILLMANN.—Mamie, Ridgewood Heights, March 4, aged 24.
JOURNICKS.—John, 35 Bradley Av., Long Island City, March 4, aged 13.
KLEMM.—Anna M., Jamaica, March 3, aged 29.
KUNKEL.—Eveline, 701 9th Av., Long Island City, March 3.
KUNKLE.—Henry, Maspeth, March 4, aged
LEACE.—Frank, Woodside, March 3, aged
MULDOON.—Margaret, 346 Freeman St., Long Island City, March 4, aged 79.
NOVACKOFSKI.—Helen, 1,132 4th Av., Long Island City, March 3, aged 3 months.
OBERST.—Kasper, Richmond Hill, March 5, aged 35. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.
PANARESE.—Michael, 108 West Av., Long Island City, March 4.
RANDOLPH.—Ann E., Richmond Hill, March 3, aged 85.
SCULLY.—James F., 212 Radde St., Long Island City, March 4, aged 56.
SMITH.—Delia, Long Island City, March 3, aged 40.
SOMERS.—William E., Flushing, March 4, aged 2.
THATCHER.—James, Clarenceville, March 5, aged 61. Funeral to-day.
TITUS.—Martha, Jamaica, March 3, aged
TRACY.—James H., Far Rockaway, March 4, aged 21.
VEK.—Joseph, 78 Newtown Av., Long Island City, March 14, aged 62.
WETNER.—Mary, Woodhaven, March 4, aged 79.
WILLIAMSON.—Ethel, Little Neck, March 5, aged 20.

Westchester County.

BODENSTAB.—Leonard H., New Rochelle, March 5. Funeral to-day, 11 A. M.
PYLE.—Harriet A., Yonkers, March 5. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

In Memoriam.

BERGAN.—Cecelia, in memory of; died March 7, 1912.
FALLAHEE.—Matthew F., in memory of; died March 7, 1912.
HUGHES.—James, mass St. Patrick's Church, Brooklyn, to-day, 9:30 A. M.
MENTZ.—John M., mass St. Mary's Church, Newark, N. J., to-day, 7:30 A. M.

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Dull and Heavy—Gold Exports Resumed—Berlin Bids High for Money.

Increased stringency in money abroad, particularly in Germany, was the most salient development in the financial markets yesterday. It found reflection here in loans by our bankers to Berlin correspondents at 6½ per cent., and in the announcement that $2,000,000 gold would be taken before the end of the week for shipment probably to Paris. Foreign exchange again rose sharply and there was selling of stock for foreign account which found reflection particularly in Canadian Pacific, which always feels the influence of unsettled conditions at Berlin. Our own banks lost rather heavily to the Sub-Treasury for the day, bringing the total loss to that quarter since last Friday up to close to $7,000,000, but the state of the money market suggested that this loss has probably been offset by receipts of cash from the interior. Call money, though a little higher than the previous day, ruled at 3 per cent., which was not suggestive of any impairment of the reserve position below the small margin reported last Saturday.

Reports from Washington regarding further proceedings against industrial corporations which have already been through the mill of the courts, were given considerable attention on the market, although in part at least these must have been mere rumor and apparently ill-founded rumor at that. One of these reports was to the effect that the new Attorney General would seek to reopen the case against the American Tobacco Company on the ground that the recent reorganization did not fully satisfy the law. It seemed to be forgotten in quarters where this report was given heed that Mr. McReynolds was special counsel for the Government in the Tobacco case and that officially through his superior if not personally he assented to the plan which it is now said he would attack. The report had the effect of causing a sharp drop in American Tobacco, but it rallied quickly from an extreme decline of over 7 points and showed a net loss of but 2 points. Similar, though less inherently improbable, reports were circulated regarding the Standard Oil Company, for in that case it was said that the acts of the companies since they were separated under the decree of two years ago would be the basis for the suit. It did not appear, however, that there was real foundation for this further report.

Except for the relatively few issues which fluctuated widely for special reasons, such as accounted for the break in American Tobacco, the market moved narrowly and was very dull. Prices as a rule showed some recession, but to an extent which indicated indifference rather than any special concern among traders regarding the probable future of the market. It was plain yesterday that the stringency of money in Europe had reached a point at which count would necessarily have to be taken of it here at least to the extent of its exerting a restraining influence upon a rise in prices in the stock market. We really have no more gold to spare—last Saturday's bank return showed that—yet so urgent are the bids from abroad that $2,000,000 has been engaged on the reopening of the movement to Europe, with the probability that still more will be taken, and the offers from Germany which have begun to attract money to that country may draw still more from New York. Even in years when the money market is not complicated by such abnormal conditions as the hoarding which has now long been done on the Continent, the current month is one of large demands upon the money market. More or less trying conditions in Europe's money market are therefore to be expected for several weeks at least. The great central banks have been holding to the rates which they fixed last Fall, but the course which events are taking may well test their ability to avoid some further increase.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call loaned on Stock Exchange collateral at 2¾@3¾ per cent., with the last loan at 3 per cent. Most of the day's business was done at 3¾ per cent.

Time money rates were 4½@4¾ ptr cent. for sixty and ninety days, 4¾@5 per cent. for four months and 4½@5 per cent. for five and six months.

Commercial paper was quoted at 5@5¼ per cent. for best names.

Clearing House exchanges, $353,494.09; balances, $13,280,803; Sub-Treasury debit balance $328,028.

The local banks lost $6,879,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

FOREIGN RATES.

Discount rates abroad yesterday were: London, 4 15-16@5 per cent. for short bills and 4 11-16@4¾ per cent. for three months' bills; Paris, 3⅞ per cent., and Berlin, 5¾@5⅞ per cent. Money was 4¾ per cent. in London and 6 per cent. in Berlin.

The Paris check rate on London was 25 francs 24½ centimes, and the Berlin check rate on London was 20 marks 44½ pfennigs.

Foreign exchange rates at the points noted were quoted as follows at the close of business yesterday.

CABLE AND SIGHT RATES.

London—Cable, $4.8860; demand, $4.8795.

Paris—Cable, 516⅞ plus 1-32; check, 517½ plus 1-32.

Berlin—Cable, 95⅝ minus 1-64; check, 95 7-16 plus 1-32.

Switzerland—Cable, 518⅛ minus 1-32; check, 518¾ minus 1-32.

Holland—Cable, 40.26; check, 40.21.

SIXTY AND NINETY DAY BILLS.

London—Bankers', 60 days, $4.8365; 90 days, $4.82.

London—Commercial, 60 days, $4.83⅜; 90 days, $4.81⅝.

Paris—Commercial, 60 days, 5.21¼ minus 1-32; 90 days, 5.23⅛.

Berlin—Commercial, 60 days, 93 5-16 plus 1-32; 90 days, 94 1-32.

DOMESTIC EXCHANGE RATES.

Boston, par; Chicago, 5c premium; St. Louis, 15c premium; St. Paul, 55c premium; San Francisco, 40c premium; Montreal, par.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was ⅛d lower in London, at 27 5-16, and ¼c lower in New York, at 59⅛c per ounce.

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

At the Metal Exchange yesterday copper was quiet and unchanged. Lead was up 5 points. Tin was down ½c.

The closing bid and asked prices follow:

Standard Copper.	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Asked.
Spot	14.50	14.75	14.50	14.75
March	14.50	14.75	14.50	14.75
April	14.50	14.75	14.50	14.75
May	14.50	14.75	14.50	14.75
Lead	4.30	4.40	4.25	4.35
Spelter	6.20	6.35	6.20	6.35
Tin	47.45	48.00	48.00	48.50

On the London Metal Exchange yesterday the following prices were registered for spot and future deliveries of copper and pig tin. These final figures make comparison with Wednesday's closing quotations:

	Thursday. £	s	d	Wednesday. £	s	d
Copper, spot	66	0	0	66	2	6
Copper, futures	66	5	0	66	7	6
Pig tin, spot	216	15	0	220	0	0
Pig tin, futures	213	15	0	216	10	0

The market finished weak. Spanish pig lead, £15 15s, down 10s. Spelter, £24 15s, unchanged, and Cleveland warrants at 63s.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Great Gain by St. Paul.

The St. Paul System reports January gross revenues 40 per cent. above those reported a year ago, and net earnings several hundred per cent. greater. Earnings this year were $7,283,000, a gain of $2,095,000, while the balance after expenses was $1,734,000, an increase of $1,498,000. January proved to be the worst month of the twelve for the St. Paul last year, unusually severe storms making it almost impossible to move traffic for much of the time. An open Winter has been experienced on most of the line this year, and operating conditions in January were nearly ideal for the season. The February increase will be much less striking, for the reason that business made its upward turn at the end of January last year, and the following month's earnings statements showed the effect of the movement of a large amount of congested business.

⁂

The New Attorney General.

If Wall Street looked for relief from the chain of troubles started by Mr. Wickersham as Attorney General with the choice of his successor, it gave up hope yesterday with the publication of reports from Washington that Mr. McReynolds was considering plans for reopening the Standard Oil and Tobacco Trust cases by bringing new suits. Mr. McReynolds was strongly opposed to the American Tobacco Company's dissolution plan as submitted to him, and he urged his superior to reject it. When Mr. Wickersham agreed to the plan Mr. McReynolds dropped out of the fight. A prominent Wall Street lawyer who has spent a good many hours in delving into Standard Oil affairs said yesterday that he believed that the tobacco dissolution had accomplished its purpose in bringing about a restoration of rivalry, but that he believed that the subsidiary members of the Oil family were respecting one another's territory and that an action would lie against them under the Sherman law.

⁂

Troubles of the Pacifics.

Judge Lovett and Maxwell Evarts of the Union Pacific were in Washington yesterday to take up the dissolution plan with Mr. McReynolds. Bankers familiar with the situation are inclined to think that the failure of the plan to meet with the California Railroad Commission's approval sounded its death knell. Conditions now obtaining are very different from those which prevailed when Mr. Wickersham attached his O. K. to the plan, and it is not expected that the new Attorney General will accept the terms, even if the opposition of the California board could be circumvented. When the plan of selling the Southern Pacific stock to shareholders of the two companies at par was adopted, the stock was quoted at 107. At yesterday's closing price of 99⅞ shares could be bought more cheaply in the open market than through subscription rights.

⁂

Wind Routs Put and Call Men.

Meteoric conditions were particularly unfavorable to the put and call market in New Street yesterday. In fact, after the wind attained its maximum force the market practically was abandoned to all intents and purposes. On the north side of the street, directly opposite the spot where the dealers in puts and calls congregate, there is an opening between the buildings, where a narrow structure used to stand. The gale tore down Exchange Place, turned the corner into New Street, and roared up the open space as through an enormous chimney. It was all the brokers could do to stand up against the force of the blast, let alone make use of notebooks, and the task soon proved too discouraging to be pursued at a profit.

⁂

Coffee Order Remanded.

The Governing Board of the Coffee Exchange reversed yesterday the ruling it put into force no longer than a week ago in regard to publishing the sales on the board. It was explained when the Governors decided to make public only the course of prices that the extra expense entailed in keeping a record of transactions for publication was considered too great for the results obtained. It was not learned why the order was remanded. The Cotton Exchange a few years ago discontinued the publication of sales and made greater stress on maintaining a complete record of prices for the different options.

STOCK MARKET AVERAGES.

The average quotations of twenty-five leading railroad and twenty-five industrial issues and of these two groups of stocks combined:

1913.

RAILROADS.

	High.	Low.	Mean.	Last.	Changes.
Feb. 24	85.66	84.41	85.03	84.87	— .71
Feb. 25	84.90	84.06	84.48	84.35	— .52
Feb. 26	85.52	84.36	84.94	85.46	+1.11
Feb. 27	86.16	85.37	85.76	86.04	+ .58
Feb. 28	86.00	85.63	85.81	85.85	— .19
Mar. 1	86.03	85.67	85.85	85.92	+ .07
Mar. 3	86.98	86.16	86.57	86.79	+ .87
Mar. 4	86.80	86.08	86.44	86.14	— .65
Mar. 5	87.05	86.34	86.69	86.83	+ .69
Mar. 6	86.75	86.31	86.53	86.49	— .34

INDUSTRIALS.

	High.	Low.	Mean.	Last.	Changes.
Feb. 24	60.70	59.58	60.14	59.91	— .91
Feb. 25	59.84	58.97	59.40	59.48	— .43
Feb. 26	60.59	59.36	59.97	60.39	+ .91
Feb. 27	61.20	60.58	60.89	61.10	+ .71
Feb. 28	61.27	60.74	61.00	60.94	— .16
Mar. 1	61.33	60.97	61.15	61.23	+ .29
Mar. 3	61.98	61.42	61.70	61.74	+ .51
Mar. 4	61.81	61.29	61.55	61.34	— .40
Mar. 5	62.02	61.38	61.70	61.77	+ .43
Mar. 6	61.96	61.52	61.74	61.64	— .13

COMBINED AVERAGE.

	High.	Low.	Mean.	Last.	Changes.
Feb. 24	73.18	71.99	72.58	72.39	— .81
Feb. 25	72.37	71.51	71.94	71.91	— .48
Feb. 26	73.05	71.86	72.45	72.92	+1.01
Feb. 27	73.68	72.97	73.32	73.57	+ .65
Feb. 28	73.63	73.18	73.40	73.39	— .18
Mar. 1	73.68	73.32	73.50	73.57	+ .18
Mar. 3	74.48	73.79	74.13	74.26	+ .69
Mar. 4	74.30	73.68	73.99	73.74	— .52
Mar. 5	74.53	73.86	74.19	74.30	+ .56
Mar. 6	74.35	73.91	74.13	74.06	— .24

March Range in 1911 and 1912.

RAILROADS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
1912	94.22	Mar. 27	89.98	Mar. 1	93.61
1911	94.92	Mar. 28	91.91	Mar. 4	93.89

INDUSTRIALS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
1912	69.26	Mar. 27	62.60	Mar. 1	68.01
1911	66.60	Mar. 1	64.17	Mar. 4	65.75

COMBINED FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
1912	81.74	Mar. 27	76.29	Mar. 1	80.81
1911	80.72	Mar. 28	78.04	Mar. 4	79.82

This Year's Range to Date.

	Open.	High.		Low.		Last.
Railroads	90.68	91.41	Jan. 9	84.06	Feb. 25	86.49
Industrials	66.76	67.08	Jan. 2	58.97	Feb. 25	61.64
Comb. aver.	78.79	79.10	Jan. 9	71.51	Feb. 25	74.06

Year's Range in 1912.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
	Jan. 2.	Oct. 4.	Dec. 16.	Dec. 31.
Railroads	91.43	97.28	88.39	90.27
	Jan. 2.	Sept. 30.	Feb. 1.	Dec. 31.
Industrials	64.00	74.50	61.74	66.13
Combined av.	77.51	85.82	75.24	78.10

Year's Range in 1911.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
	Jan. 3.	June 26.	Sept. 23.	Dec. 30.
Railroads	91.79	99.61	84.40	91.37
	Jan. 3.	June 5.	Sept. 25.	Dec. 30.
Industrials	62.05	60.76	54.75	63.83
	Jan. 3.	June 26.	Sept. 25.	Dec. 30.
Combined av.	77.37	84.41	69.57	77.60

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

				Yesterday Bid.	Asked.	Wednesday Bid.	Asked.
4½s	May,	1957,	inter.	104	104¼	104	104⅛
4½s	Nov.,	1957,	inter.	104	104¼	104	104⅝
4½s	May,	1917,	inter.	101	102	101	102
4½s	Nov.,	1917,	inter.	101	102	101	102
4¼s	Mar.,	1930-60,	int.	99⅞	100	99⅞	100
4¼s	Mar.,	1962,	inter.	99	99⅛	98⅞	99
4¼s	Sept.,	1960,	inter.	99	99⅛	98⅞	99
4s	May,	1959,	inter.	95⅞	96¼	96	96⅜
4s	Nov.,	1958,	inter.	95⅞	96¼	96	96⅜
4s	May,	1957,	inter.	95⅞	96¼	96	96⅜
4s	Nov.,	1956,	reg.	94⅞	96	95	96
4s	Nov.,	1955,	reg.	94¾	96	94¾	96
4s	Nov.,	1936,	reg.	94¾	96	94¾	96
4s		1918-1919,	inter.	98¼	100	98¼	100
3½s	Nov.,	1954-55,	int.	83⅞	84⅜	84	84⅜
3½s	May,	1954,	coup.	83⅞	84⅜	84	84⅜
3½s		1950-1954,	reg.	83½	84⅜	83½	84⅜

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Curb Trading Quiet and Lower—Bonds Are More Active.

Trading in unlisted securities yesterday was in smaller volume, with some large declines shown. Standard Oil of New Jersey was the weak feature. It opened with a loss of a point at 372, and sold down to 365 at the close, a loss of eight points. United Cigar Stores was traded in between 107 and 104¼ with the final sale at 104⅝, a loss of 2¼ points. Bonds were more active than in recent sessions and held firm.

⁂

Transactions reported yesterday were:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
300	B.-Am. Tob	23½	23½	23½	23½
100	Continental Can	54	54	54	54
36	Kauf. Dept. S.	50	50	48½	48½
20	K. Dept. S. pf	98	98	98	98
7,000	Man. Transit	2⅛	†2⅜	2	2
100	Oil F. of Mex.	2	2	2	2
1,200	Puebla S. & R.	2 3-16	2 3-16	2⅛	2 3-16
300	S. Oil of N. J.	372	372	365	365
3,000	U. Cigar Stores Co. of Am.	106⅝	†107	104¼	104⅝

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
200	Alaska Copper	5⅛	5½	5⅛	5½
100	Alaska G. M.	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝
75	Bessie G. D.	11	11	11	11
1,500	*Big Four	92	93	92	93
500	Braden Copper	9⅛	9⅛	8⅞	9
100	Brit. Col. Cop.	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
200	Buffalo Mines	2½	2⅝	2½	2⅝
3,000	*C. O. D. Con.	6	6	6	6
500	El Paso Con.	5⅞	6	5⅞	6
800	Ely Con	14	14	14	14
100	Florence	52	52	52	52
1,200	Giroux Mining	3⅛	3¼	3	3¼
50	Greene-Cananea	8½	8½	8½	8½
2,600	*Greenwater	4½	4½	4½	4½
200	Halifax Tono.	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
3,500	*Jumbo Exten.	31	31	29	29
2,000	Kerr Lake	3	3 1-16	3	3
100	Mason Valley	8	8	8	8
800	McKin.-Dar	2⅛	2 3-16	2⅛	2 3-16
600	Stewart	1⅝	1¾	1⅝	1 11-16
100	Tonopah Min	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
100	Tonopah Ext	1¾	1¾	1¾	1¾
4,700	Tonopah Mer	80	83	80	83
250	W. E. Con.	1 5-16	1 5-16	1 5-16	1 5-16
1,000	*Wet. Sil. M.	15	16	15	15
100	Y. G. Mines	3 1-16	3 1-16	3 1-16	3 1-16

LISTED PROSPECTS—MINING COMPANIES.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
100	L. C.-G. D.	3	3	3	3
1,200	*N. J. M. Co.	17	17	17	17

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$5,000	B. R. T. 5% Notes	96¼	96¼	96¼	96¼
70,000	Can. South. 5s	106¼	106¼	106	106
31,000	Hav. Tob. 5s	62	62	62	62
24,000	N. Y. City 4¼s, 1962	99	99	99	99

*Sells cents per share. †Odd lots.

Note.—Yesterday last sale of El Paso was at 6.

Issues not traded in were quoted thus:

INDUSTRIALS.

	March 6. Bid.	Asked.	March 5. Bid.	Asked.
*Allied Securities Co.	83	85	83	85
Am. Writing Paper	1½	2½	2	2½
Bay State Gas	⅜	½	¾	½
Borden's Cond. Milk	114½	115½	114¼	115½
Borden's Cond. Milk pf	107	107½	106½	107½
Brown Shoe	50	54	50	54
Brown Shoe pf	91½	94	91½	94
Cluett-Peabody	60	64	60	64
Cluett-Peabody pf	99	101	99	101
Con. Rubber Tire	20	25	20	25
Con. Rubber Tire pf	..	83	..	83
Continental Can pf	94	97	94	97
Emerson-Brantingham	56	58	56	58
Em.-Brantingham pf	92	97	92	97
Havana Tobacco	3½	4½	3½	4½
Havana Tobacco pf	7	15	7	15
Houston Oil	19½	21	18½	20
Houston Oil pf	60	65	60	65
Inter. Rubber t. c.	8	9½	8	9½
L. V. Coal Sales Co.	190	200	190	205
Marc. of Am., new	5¼	5⅜	5¼	5⅝
*Mays Oil	19	21	19	21
National Sugar	..	103	..	103
N. Y. Transportation	4	5	4	5
Otis Elevator	81	85	81	85
Otis Elevator pf	97	99	97	99
Penn. Textile	24	25	24	25
Porto Rican-Am. Tob.	245	255	245	255
R. J. Reynolds	268	275	270	275
Standard Oil, old	1070	1110	1080	1125
Tobacco products	110	130	110	130
Tobacco Products pf	94½	96	94½	96
†United Cigar Stores Co. of Am. pf	114	116	115	116
U. S. Hair pf	3	5	8½	10
U. S. Light & Heat	11	13	11	13
U. S. Light & Heat pf	60	70	60	70
Willys Overland	63	65	63	65
Willys Overland pf	92	95	92	95

MINING STOCKS.

	March 6. Bid.	Asked.	March 5. Bid.	Asked.
*Beaver Consolidated	37	39	37	39
Bessie Gold Dredg. pf	11	11½	11	11½
Con. Ariz. Smelting	5-16	⅜	5-16	⅜
Davis-Daly Copper	1¼	1½	1¼	1½
*Diamond Black Butte	2	3	2	3
*Diamond Field Daisy	4	5	4	5
First National	1⅝	1⅞	1⅝	1⅞
La Rose Consolidated	2⅜	3	2⅜	3
Mines of America	2⅝	2⅞	2⅝	2⅞
Nevada Hills	1	1¼	1	1¼
Nipissing Mines Co.	8⅝	9	8⅝	9
*No. Butte Develop.	5-16	⅜	5-16	⅜
Ohio Copper	..	⅝	..	⅝
Pacific Smelters	⅛	3-16	⅛	3-16
South Utah M. & S.	⅛	⅜	⅛	⅜
Tri-Bullion	7-16	9-16	7-16	9-16
Tularosa	..	¾	..	¾
Tuolumne Copper	2⅞	3	2⅞	3
United Copper	¼	¾	½	1
United Copper, pf	..	8	..	8

LISTED PROSPECTS—MINING COMPANY.

	March 6. Bid.	Asked.	March 5. Bid.	Asked.
Chesterfield Copper	4	5	4	6

BONDS.

	March 6. Bid.	Asked.	March 5. Bid.	Asked.
Braden Cop. 7s, new	176	185	176	185
Chicago Elevated 5s	97¼	97½	97¼	97½
Mason Valley 6s	93	95	93	95
New York City 4½s, '60	98⅞	99	98⅞	99
N. Y., N. H. & H., 5% Notes	100	100¼	100	100¼
Western Pacific 5s	86	86½	86	86½

*Sells cents per share. †Ex div.

STANDARD OIL QUOTATIONS.

	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Asked.
Anglo-Am. Oil	18	19	18½	19½
Atlantic Refining	655	670	670	680
Borne-Scrymser	300	340	320	350
Buckeye Pipe Line	164	166	165	168
Chesebrough Mfg.	650	680	650	680
Colonial Oil	120	140	130	140
Continental Oil	1,800	1,950	1,875	1,950
Crescent Pipe Line	58	65	60	65
Cumberland Pipe Line	80	90	85	93
Eureka Pipe Line	370	380	375	380
Galena-Signal Oil	295	305	300	310
Galena-Signal Oil pf	138	145	140	145
Indiana Pipe Lines	130	135	130	136
National Transit	49	50	50	51
New York Transit	330	340	330	340
Northern Pipe Line	114	118	114	120
Ohio Oil	122	126	123	126
Prairie Oil & Gas	327	330	325	330
Solar Refining	640	680	670	690
Southern Pipe Line	255	260	255	256
South Penn. Oil	950	960	960	975
S. W. Penn. Pipe Lines	168	175	170	175
Standard Oil (Cal.)	173	180	175	180
Standard Oil (Ind.)	328	335	330	335
Standard Oil (Kan.)	560	580	580	600
Standard Oil (Ky.)	410	435	425	435
Standard Oil (Neb.)	325	340	335	345
Standard Oil (N. J.)	364	367	370	375
Standard Oil (N. Y.)	630	645	650	660
Standard Oil (Ohio)	270	295	285	295
Standard Oil subsid. "en bloc"	710	760	730	760
Swan & Finch	210	250	215	250
Union Tank Line	70	73	71½	74
Vacuum Oil	170	177	175	180
Washington Oil	30	35	33	35
Waters-Pierce Oil	1500	1550	1500	1550

TOBACCO STOCKS.

	March 6. Bid.	Asked.	March 5. Bid.	Asked.
British-American	23⅜	23½	23¼	23⅝
Conley Tinfoil	290	300	290	300
Johnson Tinfoil & Met.	180	190	180	200
J. S. Young	175	185	175	185
MacAndrews & Forbes	200	207	200	207
P. R.-Am. Tob	240	250	240	250
R. J. Reynolds	265	275	265	275
R. J. Reynolds pf., w.i.	115	120	115	120
Tobacco Products	115	130	115	130
Tobacco Co. pf	94½	96	94½	95½
United Cigar Stores	104½	105	104	104½
United Cigar Stores pf	114	117	114	117

SHORT TERM NOTES.

		—Maturity—		Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Amal. Cop.	5	Apr.,	1913	99⅞	100⅛	3.50
Amer. Loco.	5	Oct.,	1913	100	100⅛	4.75
Amer. Loco.	5	Oct.,	1914	99½	100⅜	4.62
Ann Arbor	5	May,	1913	98	99	8.50
Austrian Govt.	4½	July	14-15	97¼	97⅝	5.90
Balt. & Ohio	4½	June,	1913	99⅞	100⅛	4.50
Bos. & Maine	5	Feb. 3,	1914	99⅞	100⅛	4.85
B. R. T.	5	July,	1918	96⅛	96⅜	5.90
Ches. & Ohio	4½	June,	1914	99	99⅛	5.15
Chic. & Alton	5	Mar. 15,	'13	99⅞	100	5.00
Chi. & W. Ind.	5	Sept.,	1915	99½	99⅞	5.05
Chi. El. Rys.	5	July,	1914	99½	99⅞	6.50
C., H. & D.	4	July,	1913	99½	99⅞	4.35
Erie	6	Apr. 8,	1914	100⅞	100⅞	5.45
Erie	5	Oct.,	1914	99⅛	99⅞	5.00
Erie	5	Apr.,	1915	98⅛	98⅞	5.60
Gen. Motors	6	Oct.,	1915	99⅞	99⅞	6.05
Gen. Rubber	4½	July,	1915	96⅝	97⅛	5.03
Hocking Val.	4½	Nov.,	1913	99⅞	99⅞	4.70
Hudson Cos.	6	Oct. 15,	'13	97½	98⅛	6.75
Illinois Central	4½	July,	1914	99¼	99⅛	4.90
Int. & Gt. N.	5	Aug.,	1914	97⅝	98⅛	6.05
Int. Harvester	5	Feb. 15,	'15	99⅞	100⅛	4.90
K. C. R. & L.	5	May,	1913	91	92½	25.00
K. C. R. & L.	6	Sep.,	1913	89	91	..
Lack Steel	5	Mar.,	1915	94½	95	8.10
M. S. R., K. C.	5	May,	1913	93	96	14.00
Mex. M. Com.	4½	Sep.,	1913	97⅛	98½	7.80
Minn. & St. L.	6	Feb.,	1914	98⅞	98⅞	7.30
Mo., K. & T.	5	May,	1913	99⅞	100⅛	4.50
Mo. Pacific	5	June,	1914	97⅛	97⅞	6.70
Mont. Tr. & P.	6	Apr.,	1915	99⅞	100⅛	5.90
N. R. of Mex.	4½	June,	1913	98	99	7.50
N. Y. Central	4½	Mar.,	1914	99⅞	99⅞	4.90
N. Y. Central	4½	May,	1915	99⅛	99⅞	4.65
N.Y., N.H. & H.	5	Dec.,	1913	100	100⅛	4.60
St. L. & S. F.	5	June,	1913	99½	99⅞	5.35
St. L. & S. F.	6	Sep.,	1913	100	100¼	6.00
Seaboard A. L.	5	Mar.,	1916	98⅞	98⅞	5.45
Southern Ry.	5	Feb.,	1916	99⅛	99⅝	5.15
Sulz. & Sons	6	June,	1916	98⅞	99⅛	6.20
U. S. S. R. M.	5	Aug.,	1914	99	100	5.00
Union Typew.	5	Jan.,	1916	97	97½	5.65
Utah Company	6	Apr.,	1917	100	100⅛	5.80
Westingh. Elec.	5	July,	1913	99⅞	100⅛	5.00
Westingh. Elec.	6	Aug.,	1913	100⅛	100⅜	4.90
Western Md.	5	July,	1915	97½	98⅛	5.50

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN.

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
5	Baltimore Elec. pf	45	45	45
25	Exchange Bank	162½	162½	162½
95	Fidelity & Deposit	178⅝	177½	178⅝
230	Houston Oil tr. ctfs.	20	19⅞	20
25	Hous. Oil pf. tr. ctfs.	63	63	63
250	Maryland Casualty	107	106	107
20	Mar. & Mech. Bank	33⅝	33⅝	33⅝
50	Old Town Bank	14	14	14
50	Penn. Water & Pow.	65½	65½	65½
15	Seaboard Air Line	19¼	19¼	19¼
50	Western Bank	41½	41½	41½

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	A. C. L. cons. 4s	92½	92½	92½
1,000	Baltimore Brick 5s	83	83	83
6,000	Baltimore Elec. 5s	99¼	99	99
4,000	Con. Coal 6s notes	100¼	100	100¼
1,000	Cotton Duck 5s	75⅞	75⅞	75⅞
2,000	C. & W. Car. 5s	105⅝	105⅝	105⅝
3,000	Georgia & Ala. 5s	104½	104½	104½
3,00	Houston Oil div. ctfs.	81	81	81
1,000	Met. 1st 5s (Wash.)	105	105	105
1,000	Maryland & P. inc.	68½	68½	68½
1,000	N. O., M. & C. 5s	84⅞	84⅞	84⅞
4,000	Norfolk & P. Tr. 5s	90½	90½	90½
3,000	Norfolk Ry. & L. 5s	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞
2,000	South. Bell Tel. 5s	100½	100½	100½
10,000	United R'ways note	101	101	101
4,000	United R'ways inc.	63½	63¼	63¼

BOSTON.

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
55	Adventure	4	4½	3½
130	Allouez	37⅝	37½	37½
1,685	Amal. Copper	72⅛	71½	71¾
45	Amer. Zinc	30	30	30
51	Anaconda	37⅝	37¼	37⅝
5,365	Ariz. Commercial	4½	3⅞	4½
300	Boston & Corbin	6½	6⅛	6½
135	Butte & Baldwin	2⅞	2½	2½
750	Butte & Superior	32⅞	31⅞	32¼
615	Cal. & Ariz.	65	64½	65
6	Cal. & Hecla	470	470	470
10	Centennial	16	15⅛	15¼
442	Chino	41	40¼	40½
296	Copper Range	47	45⅞	46
175	East Butte	13½	13	13¼
40	Franklin	7¼	7	7
750	Giroux	3⅛	3	3¼
260	Granby	63½	62¼	63¼
298	Greene Cananea	8 11-16	8¼	8¼
35	Hancock	19¼	19	19
30	Hedley	30½	30¼	30¼
50	Indiana	14½	14¼	14¼
50	Island Creek	53½	53¼	53½
4	Island Creek pf	86⅞	86½	86⅞
85	Isle Royale	25⅝	25¼	25¼
200	Kerr Lake	3⅛	3	3⅛
170	Lake	17	16⅞	16⅞
20	Lasalle	4⅝	4½	4½
60	Mason Valley	8⅝	8¼	8⅜
80	Mayflower	9⅞	9½	9½
50	Miami	23¼	23¼	23¼
52	Mohawk	52	52	52
150	Nevada Cons	18⅛	17⅞	18
15	Nipissing	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞
435	North Butte	28⅝	28	28½
110	North Lake	2	2	2
135	Old Colony	5⅝	5½	5 11-16
35	Osceola	89	86½	88
778	Pond Creek	24¼	24	24⅛
15	Quincy	69	68½	69
100	Ray Cons	19	19	19
145	Shannon	11½	11½	11½
30	Shattuck	25½	25¼	25¼
280	Sup. & Boston	3⅞	3⅜	3⅜
490	Superior Copper	31¾	31	31¼
35	Tamarack	30⅞	30½	30⅞
10	Trinity	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞
400	Tuolumne	2⅞	2⅜	2⅞
110	U. S. Smelters	41	40⅝	41
39	U. S. Smelters pf	48⅝	48⅜	48⅝
25	Utah Cons	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞
129	Wolverine	69	68	68½

RAILROADS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
55	Boston & Albany	208¼	208	208¼
68	Boston Elev	109	109	109
1	Boston & Lowell	203	203	203
10	Boston & Maine	91	90	91
152	Boston & Worcester	7¼	7¼	7¼
160	Boston & Wor. pf	45	43	45
10	Chi. Jct. & S. Y. pf	107	107	107
39	Fitchburg pf	119	119	119
10	Mass. Electric	17	17	17
45	Mass. Elec. pf	76½	76	76½
5	North. New Hamp.	129	129	129
156	N. Y., N. H. & H.	126¼	126	126
20	Old Colony	174	174	174
30	Union Pacific	153⅞	153⅞	153⅞
37	Vermont & Mass.	150	150	150
38	West End St. R. R.	78¼	78¼	78¼
1	W. End St. R. R. pf	95½	95½	95½

TELEPHONES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,036	American	133¼	132⅞	133¼
186	Mexican pf	6⅞	6½	6⅞
89	New England	154	154	154

MISCELLANEOUS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Am. Agr. Chem.	53	53	53
10	Am. Agr. Chem. pf	97¼	97¼	97¼
215	Amer. Pneu	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜
135	Amer. Pneu. pf	22	21⅞	22
31	Amer. Sugar	115½	115	115
53	Amer. Sugar pf	114⅞	114½	114½
5	Amer. Wool	18	18	18
73	Amer. Wool pf	79½	79	79½
10	A. G. & W. I. pf	12	12	12
27	Edison	280	279¾	280
158	General Electric	139⅞	139¼	139¼
5	Gen. Elec. frac	13.90	13.90	13.90
40	Mass. Gas	89⅞	89⅞	89⅞
20	Mass. Gas pf	94	94	94
10	Pullman	159⅞	159⅞	159⅞
20	Reece	15½	15½	15½
156	Swift	108	107⅞	107⅞
10	United Fruit	174½	172½	173
426	United Shoe Mach.	50⅛	50	50
50	United Shoe M. pf	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛
1,425	U. S. Steel	62⅛	61⅞	61⅞
64	U. S. Steel pf	108½	108	108

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$2,000	Am. Ag. Ch. 5s	100⅝	100½	100⅝
1,000	Am. T. & T. 4s	87⅞	87⅞	87⅞
29,600	Am. T. & T. cv. 4½s	103½	103¼	103⅜
2,000	A., G. & W. I. 5s	59½	59½	59½
2,000	C., B. & Q. jt. 4s	94⅞	94⅞	94⅞
1,000	K. C., Ft. S. & M. 6s	111¼	111¼	111¼
1,000	N. Y. Ry. inc. 5s	59¼	59¼	59¼
1,000	Un. Fr. 4½s, 1953	95⅞	95⅞	95⅞
10,000	West. Tel. & Tel. 5s	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Alaska Gold	13⅝	14	Houghton	..	3
Begole	1½	2	La Rose	2⅞	3
Bohemia	2	2½	Majestic	44	48
Boston Ely	75	80	Mex. Metals	1¼	1½
Butte Cent.	7⅞	8	Nev. Doug.	2½	2⅝
Butte & L.	30	35	Nev. Utah	2	5
Cactus Cop.	6	9	New Baltic	85	95
Calaveras	3	3 1-16	Ohio	67	70
Chief Cons.	1⅝	1¾	Oneco	1½	1¾
Corbin Cop.	70	74	Raven	15	17
Cons. Ariz.	25	35	R. I. Coal	8	12
Davis Daly	1¼	1 5-16	South Lake	7½	8
First Nat.	2⅛	2¼	S. W. Miami	3	3¾
Hollinger	17	17½	U. Verde Ex	70	74

CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
300	Am. Can	33⅞	32⅝	32⅝
250	Am. Can pf	122⅞	122	122½
50	Am. Tel. & Tel	132⅞	132⅞	132⅞
50	Booth Fisheries	66	66	66
75	Chi. Rys., Series 2	24	23⅞	24
50	Corn Products	11¼	11¼	11¼
10	Nat. Biscuit pf	119	119	119
10	Public Service	79	79	79
60	Mont Ward pf	108⅞	108¼	108¼
75	Pacific Gas	61½	61½	61½
115	Public Service pf	99	99	99
100	Goodrich	42½	42½	42½
200	Sears-Roebuck	199¼	197⅝	197⅝
50	Studebaker	30	30	30
171	Swift	107⅞	107⅝	107⅝
350	U. S. Steel	62⅜	61⅝	61⅝
50	Woolworth	94	94	94
10	Union Carbide	188	188	188

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$4,000	Armour 4½s	90⅞	90⅞	90⅞
15,000	City Ry. 5s	101¼	101¼	101¼
3,000	Commercial Edison	102⅞	102⅝	102⅝
7,000	Chicago Tel. 5s	101½	101½	101½

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
460	Amal. Copper	71⅞	71⅝	71⅝
140	American Can	32⅞	32⅝	32⅝
25	Baldwin Loco. pf	104¼	104¼	104¼
1,631	Cambria Steel	52⅞	52	52
10	East Penna	64	64	64
10	Electric Storage	52	52	52
20	Erie	28	28	28
10	General Asphalt	39	39	39
65	Harwood Electric	32	32	32
1	Ins. Co. of N. A.	22	22	22
200	Keystone Tel.	12¼	12¼	12¼
25	Keystone Tel. pf	43	43	43
50	Lake Superior	27	27	27
52	Lehigh Nav. stock	88⅝	88⅝	88⅝
65	Lehigh Nav. ctfs	88½	88½	88½
107	Lehigh Valley	78⅜	78	78
915	Lehigh Val. Trans.	19½	19¼	19¼
433	Pennsylvania R. R.	60	59⅞	59⅞
59	Penna. Salt Mfg. Co.	106	106	106
25	Philadelphia Co.	46½	46½	46½
18	Philadelphia Co. pf	40¼	40	40
20	Phila. Electric	22⅞	22⅞	22⅞
350	Phila. R. T. ctfs	25⅞	25⅝	25⅝
1	Phila. Traction	83	83	83
611	Reading	79⅞	79 3-16	79⅝
720	Tonopah Belmont	7	6 15-16	7
165	Tonopah Mining	5 13-16	5⅝	5⅝
114	United Gas Imp. Co.	88⅛	88	88
4,470	U. S. Steel	62⅛	61⅞	61⅞
20	United Co. of N. J.	236	236	236
25	York Rys	12¾	12¾	12¾
9	Am. Railways pf	102¼	102¼	102¼

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$12,000	Bald. Loco. 1st 5s	103⅞	103⅞	103⅞
11,000	Elec. & Peo. 4s	84⅛	84⅛	84⅛
2,000	Lehigh Nav. gold 4s	99¼	99¼	99¼
2,000	Phila. Co. con. 5s	93	93	93
8,000	Reading gen. 4s	96⅞	96⅞	96⅞
2,000	Stand. Gas & El. 6s	100	100	100
9,000	United Ry. inv. 5s	76⅛	76⅛	76⅛
1,000	United Ry. gold 4s	74½	74½	74½
10,000	Welsbach 5s	93	93	93

PITTSBURGH.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
110	Am. Window Glass pf	50	50	50
85	Caney River Gas	31	31	31
85	Columbia Gas	13½	13¼	13½
15	Crucible Steel	16⅞	16⅞	16⅞
105	Crucible Steel pf	94	93⅞	94
10	Harb.-Walker pf	102¼	102¼	102¼
10	La Belle Iron pf	124	124	124
450	Mfrs. L. & H.	52½	52¼	52¼
135	Nat. Fireproofing	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞
355	Nat. Fireproofing pf	28⅞	27	27
20	Ohio Fuel Supply	43⅞	43⅞	43⅞
410	Ohio Fuel Oil	16½	16¼	16½
85	Oklahoma Gas	70	70	70
25	Pitts. Plate Glass	102	102	102
10	Pitts. Oil & Gas	8	8	8
4,815	Pure Oil	15⅝	15⅜	15⅜
100	Pittsburgh Coal	21⅞	21⅝	21⅞
200	San Toy	23c	23c	23c
140	Union Switch	131	130	131
58	Westing. Air Brake	139⅝	139¼	139⅝
24	Westing. Elec. 1st	59⅞	59⅞	59⅞
10	Westing. Electric	35¼	35¼	35¼

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	Ind. Brewing 6s	85	85	85
4,000	Pitts. Coal deb. 5s	90¼	90¼	90¼
1,000	West Penn. Ry. 5s	101¼	101¼	101¼

BOURSES OF EUROPE

London Market Dull, Owing to Berlin Situation—Paris Also Affected.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Friday, March 7.—The Times in its City article to-day will say:

"The demand for money continues, but the market did not increase its indebtedness to the Bank. It provided for matured loans by selling short bills to the Bank. Discount rates were raised slightly, especially for longer dates. Some bar gold was bought in the bullion market for German business.

"The Stock Exchange was very inactive after some faint gleams of cheerfulness in the morning, due to the more satisfactory aspect of the railway dispute and the foreign political situation, but the markets returned to a condition of gloomy apathy and closed, as a rule, with rather lower prices. The dull tone during the afternoon was partly due to the renewal of heavy sales of Canadian Pacific and other German favorites from Berlin, and by the news that bar gold had been secured in the bullion market for Germany.

"The weak tone of Wall Street at the opening continued to depress American prices here after the close Consols gave way for the same reason, no doubt, but still more owing to fears that the remarkable success of the City of Montreal loan, which was considerably oversubscribed, was likely to encourage intending borrowers."

PARIS, March 6.—Prices moved irregularly on the Bourse to-day.

Three per cent. rentes, 89f 15c for the account.

BERLIN, March 6.—The Boerse was weaker to-day and the whole list declined on the reported intention of Bavaria to propose a listing tax on foreign securities to cover new armament expenditures.

Imperial 3s fell to 76.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, money	73⅞	..	..	—3-16
Consols, account	74	..	..	—3-16
Amalgamated	73½	71⅝	72¼	— ½
Atchison	105⅛	102⅝	102⅝	— ½
Balt. & Ohio	104	101⅝	101⅜	— ⅜
Canadian Pacific	235	229	230⅞	— 1⅞
Ches. & Ohio	77	75	75⅛	— ½
Chi. Gt. Western	15	14⅝	15	— ½
St. Paul	113	110¼	110⅛	— ½
Denver	21¼	20⅝	20⅞	+ ¼
Erie	28⅝	28	28⅛	— ½
Erie 1st pf	46	44⅞	45	— ⅜
Ill. Central	127	123⅞	124¼	— ½
Louis. & Nash	138	134⅝	135	— ½
Kansas & Texas	26⅝	25⅞	26⅜	— ¼
N. Y. Central	109⅛	106⅜	107	— ½
Norf. & Western	108	105⅜	105⅞	— ¼
Ontario & West	31¼	30½	31	— ¼
Pennsylvania	61½	120	119⅝	+ ½
Reading	81⅛	158⅞	159	— ⅜
Southern Ry.	27	26¼	26¼	— ¼
Southern Pacific	102½	100	100	— ⅝
Union Pacific	157⅛	153⅛	154¼	— 1⅝
U. S. Steel	63½	61⅞	62⅝	— ⅞
Wabash	4¼	4⅛	4	+ ⅛

Exchange 4.87½.

American Mining Stocks in London.

(MIDDLE PRICES.)

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Camp Bird	1	3	0	Tomboy	1	7	6
Esperanza	1	9	6	Oriental	1	9	3
El Oro	0	17	6	Alaska T'dwell	8	12	6
Santa Gertrudis	1	6	3	Alaska United	4	15	0
Oroville	0	7	9	Alaska Mex	2	10	0

FOREIGN PUBLIC SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
German Government 3½s	86	87
German Government 3s	75¼	76⅝
Prussian Consols 4s	97½	99
Bavarian Government 4s	98½	100
Saxony Government 3s	78	79⅞
Hamburg Government 3s	77¼	78⅞
City of Berlin 4s	97⅝	99⅛
City of Cologne 4s	97⅝	99
City of Munich	96⅞	98⅛
City of Frankfurt 3½s	89	90½
City of Vienna 4s	85	87⅛
Russian Consols 4s	89½	91

BANK OF ENGLAND.

LONDON, March 6.—The weekly statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes:

Total reserve decreased	£641,000
Circulation increased	409,000
Bullion decreased	232,229
Other securities increased	660,000
Public deposits increased	1,092,000
Other deposits decreased	1,181,000
Notes reserve decreased	611,000
Government securities increased	1,000

The proportion of the Bank's reserve to liability this week is 42.69 per cent.; last week it was 43.61 per cent.

Rate of discount unchanged at 5 per cent.

BANK OF FRANCE.

PARIS, March 6.—The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes:

	Francs.
Gold in hand decreased	8,612,000
Silver in hand decreased	4,063,000
Notes in circulation decreased	26,950,000
Treasury deposits decreased	76,300,000
General deposits decreased	78,600,000
Bills discounted decreased	226,150,000
Advances increased	33,675,000

PUBLIC UTILITY SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
American Light & Traction com	380	390
American Light & Traction pf	107	110
Adirondack Electric Power com	16	18
Adirondack Electric Power pf	56	59
American Gas & Electric com	80	83
American Gas & Electric pf	44	46
American Power & Light com	72	75
American Power & Light pf	84	86
American Public Utilities com	62	66
American Public Utilities pf	75	77
Appalachian Power Co. com	20	22
Appalachian Power Co. pf	70	72
Cities Service com	133	136
Cities Service pf	88	90
Commonwealth P. R. & L. com	68	70
Commonwealth P. R. & L. pf	89	91
Denver Gas & Electric Gen. 5s	94	96
Electric Bond Deposit pf	74	76
Electric Bond & Share pf	99¼	101
Empire District Electric 5s	86	89
Empire District Electric pf	..	83
Federal Light & Traction com	30	33
Federal Light & Traction pf	80	83
Federal Utilities Co., Inc., com	..	40
Federal Utilities Co., Inc., pf	70	77
Gas & Electric Securities com	140	..
Gas & Electric Securities pf	92	96
Lincoln Gas & Electric	30	35
Montana Power Co. com	44	45
Montana Power Co. pf	100	102
Montgomery Light & W. P. 5s	82	86
Northern States Power com	23	24
Northern States Power pf	84	86
Ozark Power & Water Co. com	61	63
Pacific Gas & Electric com	60½	61½
Pacific Gas & Electric pf	90	92
Republic Ry. & Light Co. com	26	28
Republic Ry. & Light Co. pf	77	79
Standard Gas & Electric com	17	18
Standard Gas & Electric pf	47	47¾
Tennessee Ry., Lt. & P. Co. com	20½	22
Tennessee Ry., Lt. & P. Co. pf	75½	76½
Union Rwy., Gas & Electric com	60	62
Union Rwy., Gas & Electric pf	87	89
United Light & Rys. com	80	82
United Light & Rys. 1st pf	80	82
United Light & Rys. 2d pf	74	77
United Utilities Co. com	37	40
United Utilities Co. pf	100	102½
Utah Securities	23	24
Utilities Improvement com	70	72
Utilities Improvement pf	76	78
Western Power com	19	22
Western Power pf	49	52

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alta	.02	Justice	.01
Alpha Con	.01	Kentucky Con	.01
Andes	.03	Mexican	.64
Belcher	.19	Occidental Con	.70
Best & Belcher	.02	Ophir	.18
Caledonia	2.25	Overman	.48
Challenge Con	.04	Potosi	.02
Confidence	.35	Savage	.02
Con. Cal. & Va.	.17	Sag Belcher	.10
Con. Imperial	.01	Sierra Nevada	.10
Crown Point	.20	Union Con	.09
Gould & Curry	.02	Utah Con	.05
Hale & Norcross	.06	Yellow Jacket	.22
Julia	.01		

TONOPAH.			
Belmont	6.75	C. O. D.	.05
Jim Butler	.75	Comb. Fraction	.07
McNamara	.19	Diamondfield D.	.03
Midway	.51	Diamondf'd B. B.	.02
M'zpah Exten.	.28	Florence	.49
Montana	1.55	Goldfield C. M.	2.80
North Star	.21	Goldfield Merger	.26
Rescue Eula	.11	Jumbo Exten.	.29
Tonopah Exten.	1.77½	Lone Star	.02
Tonopah Merger	.83	Silver Pick	.05
West End	1.32½	Vernal	.13
GOLDFIELD.		Nevada Hills	1.20
Adams	.01	Round Mountain	.47
Atlanta	.16	MANHATTAN.	
Booth	.04	Manhattan Con	.05
		Manhat. Big Four	.87

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot	5⅞	6¼	Jackpot	5½	5⅞
Elkton	60½	61½	McKinney	63⅞	64¼
El Paso	575	588	Old Gold	2⅝	2½
Findlay	4½	5	Portland	97	100
Gold Dollar	11½	13	Vindicator	95	96
Isabella	11½	11⅞	Raven B. H.	6⅞	7

WANTED
International Nickel Securities
Du Pont Powder Securities
Hercules Powder Securities
Atlas Powder Securities
Bankers Trust Co.
Chemung Canal Trust Co.
American Bank Note Common
American Chicle Common
Computing-Tabulating-Record. Stock & Bds
General Manifold & Printing
Union Typewriter Com. & 2d Pref.
American Ice Securities 6s
Acker, Merrall & Condit Deb. 6s

FOR SALE
American Graphaphone Com. & Pref.
U. S. Mortgage & Trust Co.
Guaranty Trust Co.
Corn Exchange Bank
American Bank Note Preferred
Federal Sugar Com. & Preferred
Royal Baking Powder Common
Union Typewriter 1st Preferred
International Motors Preferred
Park & Tilford 6s
Mexican Petroleum 6s
Computing-Tabulating-Recording 6s
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175 American Dist. Tel. of Brooklyn Stock
100 Computing-Tabulating-Recording Stock
300 Celluloid Company Stock
100 Cumberland Corp. Com. & Pfd. Stock
25 National Fuel Gas Stock
100 Ward Baking Com. & Pfd. Stock

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Buy
200 Autosales Gum & Chocolate Stock
200 Computing-Tabulating-Recording Stock
100 Cumberland Corp. Com. & Pfd. Stock
25 Colts Patent Fire Arms Stock
25 Riker-Hegeman Com. Stock
25 Singer Manufacturing Stock
100 Standard Oil Cloth Com. & Pfd. Stock
100 Ward Baking Com. & Pfd. Stock

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NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Thursday, March 6, 1913.

Total sales March 6, 1913.......................... 222,952
From Jan. 1, 1913.......................... 16,728,211
Same period last year.......................... 20,622,703

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
71⅝	71¾	5,700	Amalgamated Copper..	72¼	72¼	71¼	71¾	—½
58	53¾	100	Am. Agricul. Chem....	53	53	53	53	+1½
35	35¼	400	Am Beet Sugar........	36	36	35⅝	35½	—¼
85½	90	100	Am. Beet Sugar pf....	86	86	86	86	+1
32⅝	33	9,600	Am. Can..............	33⅞	33⅞	31¾	32¾	—1⅛
122⅝	122¾	1,100	Am. Can pf...........	122¾	122¾	121½	122⅞	—⅜
51½	52¼	100	Am. Car & Foundry...	52	52	52	52	—¼
47½	50	75	Am. Cities............	47½	47½	47½	47½	...
76¾	77	200	Am. Cities pf.........	76½	76¾	76½	76¾	+1
164	168	30	Am. Express..........	164	164	164	164	...
25¼	25½	400	Am. Ice Securities....	25¾	25¾	25½	25½	—⅛
36½	37¼	200	Am. Locomotive.......	37	37	36¾	36¾	+¼
70½	70¾	500	Am. Smelt. & Ref.....	71¼	71¼	70½	70½	—½
103¾	104	100	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf..	103⅞	103⅞	103⅞	103⅞	+¼
178	180	300	Am. Snuff.............	183	183	179⅞	179⅞	—4⅞
35	36	177	Am. Steel Foundries...	35	35	35	35	+½
114	115⅛	100	Am Sugar Ref. pf.....	114½	114½	114½	114½	+¾
132¾	133	891	Am Teleph & Teleg...	132⅞	133	132¾	133	+⅛
241	244	1,800	Am. Tobacco..........	244	245	237⅞	243	—2
102	103	334	Am Tobacco pf. new..	102¾	102¾	102¾	102¾	—¼
28	30	320	Am Writing Pper pf..	28¼	28¼	28¼	28¼	—¼
37	37¼	736	Anaconda Copper Co...	37¼	37¼	37	37	—½
108	109	200	Assets Realization.....	108	108	108	108	+4
102¼	102½	2,816	Atch., Top. & S. F.....	102⅝	102¾	102¼	102⅜	—⅜
100	100½	130	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf..	100	100	100	100	—⅜
47½	49	100	Baldwin Locomotive...	48	48	48	48	—⅛
101⅛	101⅜	1,200	Baltimore & Ohio.....	101⅜	101⅜	101	101¼	—½
..	..	5	Bank of Commerce....	190½	190½	190½	190½	...
36½	36¾	800	Bethlehem Steel.......	37	37	36¼	36½	—½
66	67½	100	Bethlehem Steel pf....	68	68	68	68	+1½
89⅞	90	3,400	Brooklyn Rapid Tran..	90½	90½	89¾	89⅞	—¾
51⅛	51½	1,600	California Petroleum...	52	52	51	51¼	—⅝
228¾	229	10,475	Canadian Pacific......	230	230	227¾	229	—1⅞
222½	223	100	Can. P. sub. cfs. 1st pd..	223	223	223	223	—1½
27½	27¾	700	Central Leather Co....	27¾	27¾	27½	27½	—¾
96	97¼	200	Cent. Leather Co. pf..	96¾	96¾	96⅝	96⅝	+¼
75¼	75⅝	2,400	Chesapeake & Ohio....	75¾	75¾	74¾	75½	...
109⅞	110	1,000	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul..	110	110	109¾	110	—½
135	135½	100	Chi. & Northwestern..	135	135	135	135	—½
40⅛	40⅝	2,000	Chino Copper..........	40⅞	40⅞	40¼	40½	—¾
34	35	300	Colorado Fuel & Iron..	35	35	35	35	—¾
27	30	200	Colorado & Southern..	27	27	27	27	—1
132½	132¾	600	Consolidated Gas.....	133	133	132½	132½	—⅜
11⅛	11¼	800	Corn Products Ref.....	11⅜	11⅜	11⅛	11¼	+⅛
..	92	10	Cuban-Am. Sugar pf...	88	88	88	88	...
98⅝	99	100	Deere & Co. pf........	98⅞	98⅞	98⅞	98⅞	+⅜
6½	8	30	Duluth, S. S. & A.....	7	7	7	7	...
27⅞	28¼	1,600	Erie	28½	28½	27¾	28	—½
44½	45½	900	Erie 1st pf............	44½	45⅝	44½	45	...
35	37	100	Erie 2d pf.............	35½	35½	35½	35½	+½
37½	40	200	Federal M. & S. pf.....	38	38	38	38	...
138⅝	139¼	300	General Electric......	139⅛	139¼	139⅛	139¼	+¼
77½	78	100	General Motors pf.....	77½	77½	77½	77½	+½
2¾	2⅞	1,300	Goldfield Consol......	2¾	2⅞	2¾	2⅞	...
42½	43½	500	Goodrich (B. F.) Co...	42½	43½	42½	42½	—⅛
99½	100½	400	Goodrich pf...........	100⅛	100½	100⅛	100½	+½
127¾	128	900	Great Northern pf.....	127⅞	128¼	127¾	127⅞	—⅛
118	..	35	Homestake Mining.....	119½	119½	119½	119½	...
124	124½	300	Illinois Central........	124	124½	124	124½	+⅜
17	17½	200	Inspiration Con. Cop..	17¼	17¼	17¼	17¼	—½
17¾	17⅞	600	Inter.-Met. v. tr. cfs...	18	18	17⅞	17⅞	—⅛
60⅝	60¾	1,500	Inter.-Met. pf.........	60¾	60¾	60⅛	60⅛	—1
45	47	100	Int. Paper pf..........	46⅞	46⅞	46⅞	46⅞	—⅛
10½	12	200	Int. Steam Pump.......	12	12	10¾	10¾	—1⅜
46	49	200	Int. Steam Pump pf...	49	49	47½	47½	—2⅝
24⅝	25½	300	Kansas City South....	25⅛	25⅛	24⅞	24⅞	—⅜
60⅛	61	100	Kan. City South. pf...	60⅝	60⅝	60⅝	60⅝	+⅛
88	92	100	Kayser (Julius) Co....	92	92	92	92	+2¼
73	77	100	Kresge (S. S.) Co......	73½	73½	73½	73½	+1½
156½	157	4,900	Lehigh Valley.........	156	157	155¾	156⅝	—⅜
230	233	1,300	Liggett & Myers......	235	235	232	233	+1
112	114	600	Liggett & Myers pf...	113	113	113	113	—1
134⅛	134½	1,300	Louis. & Nash........	134¾	134¾	134	134	—1
66½	67½	75	Mackay Cos. pf........	67½	67½	67½	67½	...
23	23½	400	Miami Copper	23⅝	23⅝	23¼	23¼	—¼
136⅝	136¾	100	M., St. P. & S. S. M...	136⅝	136⅝	136⅝	136⅝	...
25⅞	26½	100	M., K. & T............	26	26	26	26	—⅜
61⅛	63	100	M., K. & T. pf.........	60¾	60¾	60¾	60¾	...
38½	38¾	550	Missouri Pacific	38½	38½	38½	38½	—½
118	120	100	Nat. Biscuit Co. pf....	119	119	119	119	...
15¼	15¾	100	Nat. En. & S. Co......	15½	15½	15½	15½	—¼
24	25	100	Nat. Rys. of M. 2d pf...	24½	24½	24½	24½	—⅛
17⅞	18	300	Nev. Consol. Copper..	18	18	18	18	+⅛
106⅝	107	345	N. Y. Central.........	106½	106½	106½	106½	—½
125¾	126½	100	N. Y., N. H. & H......	126	126	126	126	+¾
105¼	105½	1,200	Norfolk & Western....	105⅞	105⅞	105¼	105½	—¼
116½	116¾	1,500	Northern Pacific	117	117	116⅝	116¾	—¼
36½	38¼	100	Pacific Tel. & Tel.....	37	37	37	37	...
119½	120	800	Penn. Railroad	120⅛	120⅛	119⅝	119⅝	—⅛
112	113	200	People's Gas, Chicago..	113	113	113	113	...
96¾	97½	762	P., C., C. & St. L....	97¼	97¼	96¾	96¾	—¼
21¾	22	300	Pittsburgh Coal	21¾	21¾	21¾	21¾	—¼
28	28¼	300	Pressed Steel Car.....	28½	28½	28	28	...
159	160	110	Pullman Company.....	159¾	159¾	159¾	159¾	...
18¾	19	1,100	Ray Consol. Copper..	19¼	19¼	18¾	18¾	—½
158½	158¾	6,620	Reading	159⅜	159⅜	158⅝	158⅝	—⅜
25	25⅜	400	Rep. I. & S...........	25⅝	25⅝	25¼	25¼	...
87	87¾	200	Rep. I. & S. pf........	87¼	87¼	87¼	87¼	...
38½	39½	700	Rock Island Co. pf....	38	38¼	38	38¼	—1¼
69	70	100	Rumely (M.) Co........	70¼	70¼	70¼	70¼	—¼
91	92½	100	Rumely pf.............	92	92	92	92	...
44	44½	260	Seaboard Air Line pf..	44¼	44⅜	44¼	44⅜	+¼
99⅝	99½	5,600	Southern Pacific	100½	100½	99⅝	99⅝	—1
..	..	4,929	So. Pacific Rights....	5-32	5-32	3-32	3-32	—1-32
26⅛	26¼	500	So. Ry. extended......	26¼	26⅜	26¼	26⅜	—⅛
80¾	81⅛	200	So. Ry. pf. extended..	80⅞	80⅞	80⅞	80⅞	+⅛
35	39	50	Standard Milling	35	35	35	35	...
64	66	10	Standard Milling pf....	64½	64½	54½	64½	...
29½	31½	200	Studebaker Co	30	30	30	30	+¼
88	93	100	Studebaker Co. pf....	89	89	89	89	+½
37¾	38	200	Tennessee Copper	38	38	38	38	—⅜
18¼	19	100	Texas & Pacific.......	18⅞	18⅞	18⅞	18⅞	+⅜
92½	95	100	Tex. Pac. Land Trust..	95	95	95	95	...
5⅛	5½	1,500	Union B. & P. Co......	5½	5½	5	5⅛	—⅝
31½	33	1,120	Union B. & P. Co. pf..	32½	32½	30½	31¼	—2¾
153½	153⅝	15,100	Union Pacific	154	154	153¼	153⅝	—⅜
84½	85¼	100	Union Pacific pf.......	84⅞	84⅞	84⅞	84⅞	—⅛
..	..	5,000	Union Pacific Rights..	1-16	1-16	1-32	1-32	—1-16
45	50	30	United Cigar Mfrs......	50	50	50	50	...
27	27⅜	300	United Rys. Invest....	27	27	27	27	—¾
50¼	51½	300	United Rys. Inv. pf..	51	51	51	51	—⅛
13¾	15	320	U. S. C. I. P. & F....	13¾	13¾	13¾	13¾	—¼
50¼	55	140	U. S. Express.........	51	51	51	51	+¾
62	62¼	1,000	U. S. Rubber.........	63	63	62	62	—¾
61¾	61⅞	33,700	U. S. Steel...........	62⅜	62⅜	61⅜	61⅞	—½
108¼	108½	100	U. S. Steel pf.........	108⅜	108⅜	108⅜	108⅜	+⅛
54	54¼	2,000	Utah Copper	54¼	54¼	53¾	54	—⅜
33½	35	205	Va.-Car. Chemical.....	34⅞	35	34⅞	35	+2⅛
3⅞	4⅛	110	Wabash	4	4	4	4	...
12⅛	12¾	100	Wabash pf	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	—⅝
109	115	13	Wells Fargo Express..	110	112	110	112	...
68	68½	600	W. U. Telegraph......	68	68½	68	68½	+⅝
69¾	70¼	500	Westinghouse E. & M..	70	70	70	70	—½
93½	94	1,800	Woolworth (F. W.) Co..	95½	95½	93½	94	—3
112	112½	100	Woolworth pf	112½	112½	112½	112½	...

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Total sales March 6, 1913.......................... $2,601,500
From Jan. 1, 1913.......................... 111,957,000
Same period last year.......................... 177,675,500

Argentine Gov. 5s
1,000.......... 98⅝
4,000.......... 98½
4,000.......... 98⅝
Chinese Ry 5s rcts full paid
10,000.......... 86
Rep. of Cuba 5s
1,000..........101⅝
Va. 6s defd Brown Bros. & Co. ctfs
16,000.......... 57
N. Y. State 4s 1961
3,000..........101¼
1962
1,000..........101¾
N Y City 4s, 1957
4,000.......... 96
N Y City 4s, 1958
1,000.......... 96⅝
N Y City 4s, 1959
2,000.......... 96
4,000.......... 96¼
N Y City 4¼s
1,000.......... 99⅞
N Y City 4½s, 1957
8,000..........104¼
Am Ag Ch cv 5s
2,000..........100¾
Am Cotton Oil 5s
1,000.......... 93½
Am Hide & L 6s
15,000..........101
6,000..........100⅞
Am T & T conv 4½s, rcts full paid
14,000..........103¼
3,000..........103⅛
13,000..........103⅜
Rcts 50% paid
5,000..........103
6,000..........103⅛
Am T & T conv 4s
1,000..........103¾
Armour & Co 4½s
1,000.......... 90⅝
11,000.......... 90½
A, T & S F gen 4s
11,000.......... 97
1,000.......... 96⅞
Adjustment 4s
5,000.......... 87½
Stamped
500.......... 87
1,000.......... 87⅛
Registered
8,000.......... 86
conv 4s, 1960
5,000..........100⅝
5,000..........100½
20,000..........100⅝
conv 5s
3,000..........102½
Trans S L 4s
5,000.......... 90
At Coast L 4s
1,000.......... 93⅛
2,000.......... 92½
B. & O prior ln 3½s
6,000.......... 90⅛
gold 4s
20,000.......... 96
3,000.......... 95¾
conv 4½s sub rcts full paid
5,000.......... 95⅝
20,000.......... 95½
4,000.......... 95⅝
191,000.......... 95½
10,000.......... 95¼
3,000.......... 95⅜
500.......... 95⅜
12,000.......... 95½
5,000.......... 95
30,000.......... 95¼
10,000.......... 95⅜
5,000.......... 95¼
25,000.......... 95⅜
250,000.......... 95¼
20,000.......... 95¼
200,000.......... 95
2,000.......... 95¼
Beth Steel 5s
5,000.......... 93
B R T ref con 4s
6,000.......... 89½
30,000.......... 89⅛
55,000.......... 89¼
45,000.......... 89¼
Cal G & Elec 5s
1,000.......... 95⅝
Cent Leather 5s
2,000.......... 95⅝
2,000.......... 95⅝
1,000.......... 95⅝
1,000.......... 96

Ches & O con 5s
5,000..........108⅝
gen 4½s
11,000..........100½
1,000..........100¼
conv 4½s
13,000.......... 90¾
C, B & Q gen 4s
5,000.......... 94⅞
gen 5s
4,000..........100
C, B & Q joint 4s
33,000.......... 94⅞
10,000.......... 94⅝
5,000.......... 94⅝
47,000.......... 94⅝
3,000.......... 94½
Ill div 3½s
15,000.......... 84½
Ill div 4s
10,000.......... 97
C, M & St. P gen 3½s ser B
6,000.......... 85¾
gen 4s ser A
9,000.......... 98¼
10,000s20f.......... 98
conv 4½s
15,000..........103
sub rcts full pd
2,000..........102¾
500..........102⅝
15,000..........102⅝
9,000..........102½
15,000..........102⅝
22,000..........102½
C & P W 5s
1,000..........104½
C & N W gen 4s
1,000.......... 97¾
27,000.......... 97⅞
Mil, Sparta & N W 1st 4s
10,000.......... 92⅞
C R I & P gen 4s
2,000.......... 93¼
2,000.......... 92¾
5,000.......... 92½
1,000.......... 93
C, R I & P ref 4s
5,000.......... 86¾
5,000.......... 86½
10,000.......... 86
1,000.......... 85⅞
1,000.......... 86
C, R I & P Ry deb 5s
5,000.......... 86¾
C R I & P R R 4s
5,000.......... 63⅜
1,000.......... 64
C, St P M & O deb 5s
4,000..........100⅞
C & W Ind con 4s
2,000.......... 88½
C, C C & St L gen 4s
2,000.......... 91
C, C C & St L deb 4½s
5,000.......... 91⅛
Cairo div 4s
2,000.......... 90
Col F & I gen 5s
1,000.......... 99
Col Industrial 5s
5,000.......... 82
Del & H cnv 4s
4,000.......... 97⅛
Del & Hudson 1st & ref 4s
4,000.......... 98⅞
5,000.......... 98¾
Den & Rio G 1st & ref 5s
5,000.......... 81½
Det U Ry con 4½s
1,000.......... 73⅞
Dis Sec Corp 5s
2,000.......... 68⅝
19,000.......... 68
Erie 1st con 4s
1,000.......... 85
Erie 1st gen 4s
2,000.......... 75¼
Erie Pa col tr 4s
10,000.......... 89⅛
Fla E C R 1st 4½s
2,000.......... 95
Gen Elec 3½s
4,000.......... 82
G Elec deb 5s tem rcts full paid
5,000..........103½
Gen Motors 6s
2,000.......... 99½
3,000.......... 99⅛

Ill Cent 4s 1952
1,000.......... 96½
Ill Steel deb 5s
3,000..........100
Indiana Steel 5s
1,000..........100⅝
3,000..........100¾
Insp Con Cop 6s sub rcts 3d paid
1,000..........102
Inter-Met 4½s
26,000.......... 79⅝
16,000.......... 79½
Int Rap Tran 5s
8,000..........103½
1,000..........103⅝
6,000..........103
Iowa Cent ref 4s
10,000.......... 60
2,000.......... 61
K C, Ft S & M 6s
1,000..........111⅝
Keo & D M 1st 5s
1,000.......... 98
Ken Cent 4s
1,000.......... 91
Lacka St 5s, 1915
1,000.......... 95
L S & M So 4s, 1928
3,000.......... 91
L S & M So 4s, 1931
1,000.......... 91⅛
5,000.......... 91
26,000.......... 90⅝
Liggett & Myers 5s
1,000.......... 98½
1,000.......... 98⅝
Lorillard Co 5s
5,000.......... 98½
1,000.......... 98⅛
Louis & N N O & Mob 1st 6s
1,000..........120¼
Manhat con 4s
2,000.......... 93⅞
Mer Marine col tr 4½s
3,000.......... 64¼
M & St L 1st & ref 4s
53,000.......... 60
1,000.......... 60½
1,000.......... 61
M, K & T 1st 4s
1,000.......... 92⅞
3,000.......... 92½
Mo Pac 1st 6s
2,000..........105
Mo Pac 5s, 1920
6,000.......... 98½
Mo Pac conv 5s
1,000.......... 86¼
9,000.......... 86
Mo Pacific 4s
1,000.......... 70
Mob & Birm 4s
1,000.......... 79
Mob & O new 6s
1,000..........117
N Y C gen 3½s
1,000.......... 84½
3,000.......... 84¼
7,000.......... 84
1,000.......... 84⅛
11,000.......... 84
registered
5,000.......... 83⅝
deb 4s, 1934
1,000.......... 89⅝
N Y G E L H & P pur mone 4s
1,000.......... 84⅞
N Y, N H & H conv deb 6s
1,000..........121⅝
1,000..........121⅜
4,000..........121½
N Y Rys ref 4s
2,000.......... 76⅞
1,000.......... 76¾
1,000.......... 76⅝
adj 5s
10,000.......... 59
2,000.......... 59⅛
26,000.......... 59¼
10,000.......... 59
5,000.......... 59⅛
27,000.......... 59
N Y State Rys con 4½s, Series A
3,000.......... 92
N Y Tel 4½s
5,000.......... 97¼
5,000.......... 97⅛
2,000.......... 97¼
N Y, Westchester & Boston 4½s
4,000.......... 96⅞
5,000.......... 96¼
5,000.......... 96¼
5,000.......... 96
5,000.......... 95¾
4,000.......... 96
Niagara Falls Pow Co 1st 5s
5,000..........102¼
Norf South 1st ref 5s, Series A
2,000.......... 98⅜
Norf & Westn cv 4½s, when iss
70,000..........104
1,000..........104¼
65,000..........103⅞
30,000..........103⅞
divisional 4s
5,000.......... 92¼
4,000.......... 92⅜
North Pac 4s
5,000.......... 97⅛
7,000.......... 97
1,000.......... 97¼
North Pac 3s
1,000.......... 67
Ore R & N con 4s
1,000.......... 93½
Ore S L 1st 6s
7,000..........111½
Ore S L gtd ref 4s
5,000.......... 89½
Pac of M 1st 4s
4,000.......... 93⅛
Pac T & T 5s
1,000..........100⅛
3,000..........100
1,000..........100⅛
Penn conv 3½s
34,000.......... 96⅞
Penn 4s, 1948
5,000..........101¾
Penn Co gtd gold 4s
2,000.......... 95¼
Public Serv Corp sink fund 5s
2,000.......... 92¼
2,000.......... 92½
Ray Cons 1st 6s
8,000..........114
Reading gen 4s
9,000.......... 96⅜
1,000.......... 96¼
6,000.......... 96⅜
Rio Gd W 1st 4s
1,000.......... 84
St L & S F R R gen 5s
1,000.......... 79¼
5,000.......... 79⅛
ref 4s
5,000.......... 77¼
5,000.......... 75
St L S W 1st 4s
1,000.......... 88⅜
1,000.......... 88⅛
Seab A L refund 4s
8,000.......... 77½
Seab A L adj 5s
2,000.......... 72
4,000.......... 72¼
So Pac col 4s
2,000.......... 94
So Pac 1st ref 4s
1,000.......... 93¼
12,000s20f.......... 93⅛
4,000.......... 93¼
4,000.......... 93⅜
So Pac conv 4s
15,000.......... 90¼
1,000.......... 90⅜
3,000.......... 90¼
6,000.......... 90⅛
4,000.......... 90
So Ry 1st 5s
3,000..........105¼
So Ry gen 4s
1,000.......... 78
M & O col 4s
6,000.......... 85¼
Tex Co conv 6s
1,000.......... 99¾
Third Av ref 4s
1,000.......... 81½
Third Av adj 5s
12,000.......... 73⅜
7,000.......... 73⅞
1,000.......... 73½
10,000.......... 73⅜
Tol & O C 1st 5s
1,000..........106¼
Tol. St L & Wn 4s
2,000.......... 50
Underground Elect Rys of London 4½s
5,000.......... 93½
Underground Elect Rys of London income 6s
6,000.......... 90
5,000.......... 91
Un Pac 1st 4s
6,000.......... 98⅝
16,000.......... 98½
500.......... 98¼
500.......... 98½
7,000.......... 98⅝
Un Pac conv 4s
2,000.......... 94⅜
3,000.......... 94⅝
Un Pac 1st & ref 4s
3,000.......... 93½
11,000.......... 93
5,000.......... 92½
U S Rubber 6s
5,000..........102¾
4,000..........102⅞
2,000..........102
U S Steel Corp s f 5s
42,000..........100⅝
3,000..........100¾
12,000..........100⅝
Va Ry 1st 5s
1,000.......... 98⅜
Va & S W con 5s
1,000.......... 95
Wabash 1st 5s
1,000..........103⅞
Wab, P Ter 1st, Cent Tr ctfs
10,000.......... 25
Colum Tr ctfs for Cent Tr ctfs
5,000.......... 24⅞
Wab, P Ter 2d, Tr Co ctfs
15,000.......... 2
West Elec 5s
17,000..........101
Wis Cent gen 4s
4,000.......... 90¼

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930..	100⅝	101
2s, c, 1930..	100⅝	101⅜
3s, r, 1918..	102½	103¼
3s, c, 1918..	102½	103¼
4s, r, 1925..	113½	114
4s, c, 1925..	113⅞	114⅜
Pan 2s, r, 1936	100⅝	101
Pan 2s, r, 1938	100⅝	101
Pan 3s, r, 1961	102⅝	103
Pan 3s, c, 1961	102½	103¼

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adams Exp.	[illegible]	148
Allis-Chalm	..	¼
Do 3d pd.	3	3¼
Do pf, 3d paid	8	9
Am Ag Ch pf.	97¼	98
A B S & F.	90½	95
Do pf.....	131¼	134½
Am C & F pf.	116¾	117¾
Am Coal...	70	100
Am Cot O..	47¼	49¼
Do pf.....	96	100
Am C Pr...	87	92
Do pf.....	100	110
Am H & L.	4⅝	4⅞
Do pf.....	25	27
Am Linseed	10	10⅝
Do pf.....	27	29
Am Loc pf.	105	106
Am Malt...	10	12
Do pf.....	52½	53½
A S pf, B.	85¼	86
Am Sn pf, new	103	106
Am S Ref.	115	115½
Am T & C.	58⅝	66
A W W pf.	97	97¼
Am Woolen	17	18
Do pf.....	78	79½
Ann Arbor..	15	30
Do pf.....	50	80
Assoc Oil...	..	46½
Atl C L...	125	127
Bald L pf..	103¾	104
B & O pf..	83	83⅞
Batopilas M	1½	1⅞
B Un Gas.	130	134
Bruns Ter..	8	8⅞
B, R & P.	105	115
Do pf.....	122	150
But'k Co...	28⅛	31
Canada So.	59	63
Cal Pet pf.	80¾	81¼
Case (J. I.) pf.	101	102
C C & C...	..	91
C R R of N J......	345	355
C & S A T.	105	112
Chi & Alt..	11	20
Do pf.....	25½	40
Chi Gt W..	14½	15¼
Do pf.....	29	30
C, I & L pf	50	80
C, M & St Paul pf...	137	139
C & N W pf.	181	187½
Chi, St P, M & Om.	125	140
Do pf.....	145	150
C, C, C & St L......	53	54
Do pf.....	90	95
Col & S 1st pf.	68½	70
Do 2d pf.	60	68
C P R pf..	68½	69¾
Crex Carpet	75	85
Cuba R R pf.	94	..
Cub-Am S..	..	40
Del & Hud.	158½	163
D, L & W.	400	405
D & R G..	19½	20½
Do pf.....	35¼	36½
D M & Ft D.	4	10
Det & M..	105	..
Do pf.....	100	..
Det Un R..	75	85
Dist Secur.	17	18
D, S S & A pf.	13	14
Du P de N Pow pf...	..	93
F M & S..	12	18
Gen Chem..	170	190
Do pf.....	105	110
Gen Motors.	30¼	33
G & S Tel..	115	..
Gt Nor Ore ctfs.	35½	36½
Gugg Expl..	46½	47
G.W.Helme.	170	180
Do pf.....	100	118
Hav Elec...	84¾	..
Do pf.....	92¼	..
Hock Val...	..	150
Inger-Rand.	105	..
Do pf.....	79	86
Int Agric..	..	33
Do pf.....	79	86
Int Harv..	107	109
Do pf.....	110½	112
Int H, N J.	108	..
Do pf.....	108	..
Int H Corp.	107	111
Int Paper...	11½	11¾
Iowa Cent..	9	12
Do pf.....	20	25
Kayser (J.) 1st pf.....	102½	110
K C, Ft S & M pf..	72	74
K & D M..	6	8
Do pf.....	45	..
Kresge (SS) pf.	100	102
Kn I, C, pf	76	80
Lack Steel.	44	45
Lacl Gas...	99½	100½
L E & W..	9½	11¾
Do pf.....	26½	30
Lake Shore.	460	525
L-W Bis...	33¾	35½
Do 1st pf.	100¾	102¼
Do 2d pf.	91⅛	94½
Long Island	41	43
Mackay Cos	81	84
Mah C R...	..	925
Man Beach.	1	4
Man Elev..	130	131½
M Dep Sts.	73½	76½
Do pf.....	101	104
Mer Marine	4	4¾
Do pf.....	17	18
Mex Petrol.	70¾	71
Do pf.....	94	100
Mich Cent.	..	190
M & St L.	19	20
Do pf.....	41	46
M, St P & S S M pf.	144	148
Do l l..	82⅝	84
N, C & St L.	150	170
Nat Bis....	116⅞	117½
Nat En pf.	88	93
Nat Lead..	51¾	52¾
Do pf.....	105	107
Nat Rys of M 1st pf.	57	60½
N Cent C..	40	60
N Y A Br.	72	76
N O, M & C pf......	15	25
N Y, C & St L.....	55	57
Do 1st pf.	97	..
Do 2d pf.	80¼	90
N Y Dock.	..	19
Do pf.....	32	42
N Y, O & West	30½	31
N Y S Rys	..	90
N O T & L	70	73
Norf South.	42¼	47
N & W pf.	82	92
North Am..	79	80
Ont Min...	2½	3
Pabst B pf.	107	110
Pac Coast..	80	95
Do 1st pf.	80	100
Do 2d pf.	80	100
Pac Mail...	27	28¼
Pac T & T pf.	92	100
Peo & E..	11	15
P Lorillard.	179	184
Do pf.....	110	115
Pett Mull..	24	27
Do 1st pf.	92	97
Phelps-D ..	200	..
Phila Co...	90	100
P, C, C & St L pf	100	120
Pitts C pf.	88	89
Pitts St pf.	95	100
Pr St C pf.	98	100
Pub S Cor..	116	117¼
Quicksilver.	3¼	4
Do pf.....	4	7
R R Sec, I C stk cts.	79	84
Ry St Spr.	28	29¾
Do pf.....	98½	101
Rdg 1st pf.	90	91
Do 2d pf.	90	92
Rock Island	22½	22¾
R G M Co pf.	100	110
St L & S F	14	17
Do 1st pf.	53	57
Do 2d pf.	24½	25
St L & S F, C & E I new ctfs..	45	49
Do pf cts.	..	102
St L S W.	32½	33½
Do pf.....	73½	75
Sears-Roeb.	196⅛	200
Do pf.....	123	..
Seab A L.	18½	19½
S-S S & I.	35	39
Do pf.....	91	96
So P R S.	..	69½
Do pf.....	..	108½
So Ry, M & Ohio ctfs.	65	77
Texas Co...	114	115
Third Av..	37¼	37½
T, P & W.	15¼	..
Tol R & L.	2⅝	..
Tol, St L & West	10¼	13
Do pf.....	25¾	28
T C R T..	105½	108
Do pf.....	138¼	145
Und Typew.	94¼	96¼
Do pf.....	112	113
Un C M pf.	100	104
Un Dry G..	97⅞	98
Do pf.....	101	102
U S C I P pf.	53	76½
U S Ind A.	26	35
Do pf.....	90	97
U S R & I.	69	70½
U S R & R	1	1⅞
Do pf.....	3	6
U S R 1st pf.	105¾	106¼
Do 2d pf.	71	80¾
Vand R R..	..	85⅛
Va-Car Ch Co pf.....	108¼	108⅝
Va I, C & Coke	50	54
Va Ry & P	54¼	59⅝
Do pf.....	89	..
Vulcan Det.	16⅝	21
Do pf.....	80	90
Weym-Bru..	230	[illegible]
Do pf.....	105	115
West Md...	43	43¾
Do pf.....	60	62
Westingh'se 1st pf.....	116	119¾
Wh & L E.	6½	8
Do 1st pf.	21	25
Do 2d pf.	11¼	13
Wis Cent...	48⅛	50

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Opening prices on the Consolidated Exchange generally reflected declines compared with Wednesday's closing quotations, the tone continuing heavy, with prices gradually working lower, although towards the close there were small rallies from the lowest. Commission houses handled a fair volume of odd lot business, which was well distributed throughout the list.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
2,290	Amal. Copper..	71⅝	72	71¼	71⅝
80	Am. B. Sugar..	35⅞	35⅞	35½	35½
1,940	Am. Can	33⅞	33⅞	32⅞	32¾
220	Am. Ice	25⅝	26	25¼	25⅞
430	Am. Smelting..	71⅛	71⅛	70½	70⅝
20	Ana. Copper ...	37⅛	37⅛	37⅛	37⅛
30	A., T. & S. F..	102¼	102¼	102¼	102¼
290	Brooklyn R. T..	90⅛	90⅛	89¾	90
320	Can. Pacific ...	229⅞	229⅞	227¾	228⅝
90	Cent. Leather..	27¾	27¾	27⅜	27⅜
50	Ches. & Ohio..	74¾	74¾	74¾	74¾
70	C., M. & St. P.	110	110	109¾	109¾
110	Col. Fuel & I..	35	35	34⅞	35
20	Con. Gas	133	133	132½	132½
170	Erie	28⅝	28⅝	28	28
100	Gt. North. pf..	128	128⅛	127⅞	128
60	Inter.-Met	18	18	17⅞	17⅞
360	Inter.-Met. pf..	60¾	60¾	60	60⅝
95	Int. S. Pump...	12	12	12	12
200	Lehigh Valley..	156⅞	156⅞	156	156
80	Mo. Pacific ...	39	39	38½	38⅝
10	N. Y. Central..	106¼	106¼	106¼	106¼
10	Norf. & West..	106	106	106	106
60	North. Pacific..	116¾	116¾	116¼	116¾
40	Pennsylvania ..	119⅝	119⅝	119⅝	119⅝
10	Ray. Con. Cop.	19	19	19	19
8,640	Reading	158¾	159¼	158⅜	158¾
290	Southern Pac..	100⅜	100⅜	99½	99⅝
80	Southern Ry ..	26¼	26¼	26¼	26¼
40	Union Bag & P.	5½	5½	5¼	5¼
1,840	Union Pacific..	154	154	153¼	153⅝
130	U. S. Rubber...	62¾	62¾	61⅞	61⅞
7,320	U. S. Steel....	62¼	62¼	61½	62
10	Utah Copper ...	54	54	54	54
40	Va.-Car. Chem..	34	35	34	35
10	West. Union ...	68⅝	68⅝	68⅝	68⅝
25,555					

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
600	Atlanta	.16½	.16½	.16½	.16½
120	Goldfield Con..	2.87½	2.87½	2.87½	2.87½
400	Jim Butler	.72½	.73	.72½	.73
1,100	Jumbo Ext	.31	.31	.30	.30
800	Midway	.49	.49	.48	.48
250	Montana	1.60	1.60	1.60	1.60
300	Portland	.97	.97	.97	.97
800	Ton. Merger ...	.80	.83	.80	.83
4,370					

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—The Treasury statement issued to-day gives receipts and expenditures for yesterday and for the elapsed periods of the month and of the fiscal year as follows:

	March 5.	Month.	Fiscal Yr.
Customs	$1,855,168	$4,810,572	$227,698,113
Internal rev.....	986,881	3,722,424	211,372,537
Corporation tax	31,284	187,282	3,391,688
Miscellaneous...	159,545	916,913	37,304,967
Total receipts..	3,032,880	9,637,195	479,767,306
Expenditures ...	1,437,845	5,508,639	468,260,142
Surplus	1,595,035	4,128,555	11,507,164

These figures exclude Panama Canal and public debt transactions.

The condition of the United States Treasury at the beginning of business to-day was: Working balance, $82,210,620; In banks and Philippine Treasury, $43,639,789. Total of general fund, $150,823,097.

(ISSUED UNDER THE PHILADELPHIA PLAN)

$4,000,000
Canadian Northern Railway
Equipment Trust 4½% Gold Certificates
Series "F I," 1913

PRINCIPAL AND DIVIDENDS PAYABLE IN PHILADELPHIA AT THE OFFICE OF
GIRARD TRUST COMPANY, Trustee

Total Authorized $4,000,000 — Dividends March 1 and Sept. 1

Due $210,000 semi-annually from March 1, 1914 to Sept. 1, 1922, both inclusive;
$220,000 (last maturity) March 1, 1923.

These Certificates are issued by the Girard Trust Company, Trustee, secured by new railway equipment, on which the Canadian Northern Railway Company makes a cash payment of 25% of the cash contract cost. They are further secured by assignment to the Trustee of the lease of the equipment to the Canadian Northern Railway Company for rentals equal to the principal and dividends of the Certificates.

Ownership of the equipment remains vested in the Trustee in trust for the Certificate holders, until the entire amount of principal and dividends has been paid by the Canadian Northern Railway Company.

The legality of the issue has been approved by John Hampton Barnes, Esq., and Messrs. Duane, Morris & Heckscher, of Philadelphia, and Alexander Bruce, K. C., of Toronto, Canada.

Having placed privately more than $3,000,000 of these Certificates, we offer the unsold amount

AT PRICES TO NET 5%

Copies of circular containing a letter from Sir William Mackenzie, President of the Canadian Northern Railway Company, may be had on application.

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Capital $2,000,000
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UNION TRUST CO. OF NEW YORK
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Fifth Ave. & 38th St. Fifth Ave. & 60th St.
Capital & Surplus, $8,700,000.
Allows Interest on Deposits

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$500,000
Puget Sound Traction, Light and Power Company
Five Per Cent Gold Mortgage Notes
Dated February 1, 1912 — Due February 1, 1914

These notes are the direct mortgage obligation of the Puget Sound Traction, Light & Power Company. This Company owns or controls substantially all the electric street and interurban railway and commercial electric light and power companies (including a number of large hydro-electric developments), serving the Puget Sound District, including the cities of Seattle, Tacoma, Bellingham and Everett. The population served, according to the United States Census of 1910, is over 400,000. On the basis of the market value of the Company's preferred and common stocks now outstanding the equity in the property over and above the $7,500,000 Mortgage Notes is approximately $25,000 000.

Price 100 and Interest
Complete circular on request

HARRIS, FORBES & CO
Successors to N. W. Harris & Co., New York
Pine Street, Corner William, New York

For investment we offer subject to allotment
(All or any part of)
$135,000
7% Cumulative Preferred Stock of the
Municipal Public Service Corporation

Price 98 and accrued dividend with 25% Common Stock. Dividends on Preferred Stock payable quarterly. Par value $100 per share. Redeemable at $115 a share and accrued dividends. Preferred to assets and dividends.

CAPITALIZATION	Issued	Authorized
Preferred Stock (7% Cumulative)...	$135,000	$1,000,000
Common Stock..................	405,000	1,500,000
Bonded Debt..................	None	None

The MUNICIPAL PUBLIC SERVICE CORPORATION own valuable **Public Utility Properties** in a thrifty and prosperous territory, and with the betterments and extensions that are to be made, in part, with the proceeds of the sale of this stock the earnings should very materially increase over previous years.

From a letter regarding this issue of stock, we would draw your attention to the following points, which should make this investment particularly attractive:

(1). No bonded debt.
(2). The net earnings of the properties are approximately 17½% on the outstanding Preferred Stock, or 2½ times the 7% required.
(3). Restrictions governing the future issuance of Preferred Stock are conservative; net earnings must equal twice the 7% on the amount outstanding plus the amount to be issued, and no stock can be issued except for capital account.
(4). The possibility of the investor receiving a larger income than the 7% on the Preferred Stock is very likely and both the Preferred and Common Stock should enhance in value.
(5). The legality of this issue of stock has been approved by Dillon, Thomson & Clay, Attorneys at Law, New York City and audits of company's properties made by Marwick, Mitchell, Peat & Co., chartered accountants.

We will receive your subscription to the above stock and will advise you as early as possible if the amount of your subscription can be allotted to you. Payment to be made as follows: 25% of your subscription in cash, and balance March 15, 1913. All subscriptions received subject to allotment.

Full particulars upon request.

Arthur H. Jones & Co.,
Investment Bankers
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THE
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Invites Enquiries in Regard to Every Description of Banking Business in
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Wanted to communicate with large banking or brokerage firm (members of N. Y. Stock Exchange) in view of opening or taking charge of their unlisted securities department. Any firm wanting a man with a large business can have this proven to their satisfaction. Address Successful, R 61 Times.

TO THE HOLDERS OF
SIX PER CENT. GOLD MORTGAGE BONDS
Due December 1, 1948,
of
INTERNATIONAL SILVER COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the provisions of Article 5th of the Mortgage of International Silver Company, dated November 22, 1898, that the undersigned as Trustee under said Mortgage, has drawn by lot for redemption on June 2d, 1913, out of moneys in the Sinking Fund, the following numbered bonds issued thereunder, viz.:

69	903	1632	2251	2841	3641
95	1133	1687	2487	3259	3646
189	1145	1714	2492	3331	3649
233	1150	1792	2598	3512	3772
354	1388	1839	2624	3518	3787
526	1434	1856	2696	3563	3826
785	1534	1955	2736	3566	3878
789	1605	2190	2805	3621	3879

The bonds herein designated by number will be paid at 110 per cent. of their face value and accrued interest to Jnue 1st, 1913, upon surrender thereof with the coupons maturing that date, at the office of THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, No. 26 Broad Street, New York, on or after June 2d, 1913. Interest on said bonds will cease on June 1st, 1913.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY,
Successor to Continental Trust Company of the City of New York, Trustee.
By H. W. MORSE, Secretary.
February 25th, 1913.

FINDS TAX ON STOCKS WRONG IN PRINCIPLE

Chamber of Commerce's Committee Favors Laws, However, to Remedy Exchange Abuses.

OPPOSES LIMIT ON INTEREST

Rate on Call Loans, It Says, Is Regulated by Conditions and Cannot Be Corrected by Law.

The Committee on Finance and Currency of the Chamber of Commerce submitted a report at the monthly meeting yesterday on the bills pending before the Legislature affecting the stock exchanges. The committee went on record as being favorably impressed with the proposed legislation so far as it was intended to remedy certain abuses, but decided objection was expressed toward the measures which would set a compulsory limit to interest on call loans, provide for the incorporation of all stock exchanges, and increase the transfer tax from $2 to $4 on each 100 shares. This is the report:

Your committee has examined the twelve bills affecting the business and organization of stock exchanges which are now pending in the Legislature. The committee is in sympathy with their general purpose, in so far as they constitute an attempt to remedy abuses which may exist, although there are objectionable features in many of them. Your committee is, however, of the opinion that three in particular should receive immediate consideration by the Chamber of Commerce of the State of New York. Of these one extends the law of usury to call loans secured by collateral, another provides for the compulsory incorporation of all stock exchanges, and a third increases the tax on sales of stock from two cents to four cents per $100.

The bill relating to usury makes void and usurious any contract for the loan of money upon demand at a rate of interest exceeding 15 per cent. per annum. We are in hearty sympathy with the purpose aimed at in this bill, namely, a more stable call loan market in New York City, but we are convinced that the legislation here proposed would aggravate rather than ameliorate existing conditions. The wide fluctuations of the call loan rate of interest in this city are the product of forces and circumstances not subject to regulation or correction by the Legislature of this or any other State. Until Congress shall amend the banking system of the United States in some such manner as was urged by the Chamber in 1906, and make possible the creation of a market for the rediscount of liquid banking assets, the New York money market must remain liable to abnormal credit conditions. Any law limiting the rate of interest that may be charged for advances to protect endangered property in times of stress would cause serious loss to investors and be otherwise harmful.

Transfer Tax Law Unsound.

The stock transfer tax law enacted in 1905 is notoriously unsound in principle and unjust in its incidence, and was unqualifiedly disapproved by the Chamber in a resolution unanimously adopted on April 6, 1905. This tax is collected almost exclusively from New York City, for the Controller's office, not being adequately equipped for the inspection of corporation books throughout the State, is compelled to rely on the coöperation of the Stock Exchanges and large corporations having transfer offices in New York City. We believe that the proposal to double the rate of tax is a serious menace to the commercial and financial supremacy of New York City:

First—It will still further lessen that legitimate trading on the Stock Exchange which is absolutely essential to the existence of a broad, reliable, and receptive market for securities.

Second—It will stimulate the development of Stock Exchange business in rival cities at the expense of New York.

Third—It will cause many foreign corporations to protect their shareholders by opening transfer offices in other cities.

Fourth—It will have the effect that many orders for the purchase of securities which normally would be consummated here, will be executed in other cities, including London.

Fifth—Because of the narrowing of the stock market in this city and the lessened activity in trading, banking capital will be inevitably attracted to other cities, to the detriment of local business interests.

In view of such sinister considerations as the foregoing, even though it be granted that they indicate tendencies and possibilities rather than demonstrable actualities, we submit that only a most serious emergency could justify the Legislature in subjecting the financial and business interests of New York City to additional and undeserved hazard.

Furthermore, we believe that as a revenue measure the proposed doubling of the tax rate would be disappointing. Since it would certainly reduce the volume of sales on the Exchange and of transfers on the books of foreign corporations in this city, its net effect might even be a reduction of the State's revenue from this tax.

The bill providing for the incorporation of Stock Exchanges seems to us to be based upon a false conception of the nature and functions of Stock Exchanges. These bodies are voluntary associations of individuals organized by agreement for the purpose of facilitating trade in securities. The Exchange itself transacts no business that requires governmental inspection or control. It merely provides a meeting place for its members and enforces the observance of such ethical standards as generations of experience have proved most equitable and expedient.

All the business of public interest done on the floor of a Stock Exchange is transacted by members individualy, and no one of them because of his Stock Exchange membership can claim immunity in the slightest degree from the laws of State or Nation. We are, therefore, unable to discover any advantage which can accrue to the public from the incorporation of Exchanges.

We find, on the contrary, reasons for believing that such incorporation would be prejudicial to the interests of both the public and the New York Stock Exchange. This Exchange is one of the greatest security markets in the world. Transactions on its floor are given the widest publicity. The members are liable to instant discipline if they violate the code of honorable conduct which they themselves have created. As a result its record of members' transactions is accepted without question throughout the world. In our judgment it is most important that the present high standing of the Exchange should not be endangered. We, therefore, condemn the proposal that it be incorporated, for, as a corporate body, its internal organization, its ethical standards and its discipline of members would be subject to continual review by the courts and revision by the Legislature, with the result that litigation would be encouraged, the disciplinary authority of the Exchange weakened, and its standard of business behavior debased.

We, therefore, submit the following preamble and resolutions:

Whereas, The bill to amend the usury law of this State being No. 638 in the Senate and No. 863 in the Assembly, is economically unsound, and in times of financial stress would result in serious loss to investors and be otherwise harmful; and

Whereas, The bill to double the tax on stock sales, being No. 983 in the Senate and No. 1,229 in the Assembly, is without justification in principle or in expediency as a revenue producing measure, and would hamper if not positively check the commercial and financial growth of New York City; and

Whereas, The bill providing for the compulsory incorporation of Stock Exchanges, being No. 833 in the Senate and No. 1,068 in the Assembly, is unwise and unjust, and could only result in crippling the management and lowering the tone of Stock Exchanges; therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Chamber of Commerce of the State of New York opposes these bills for the reason that they fall in the class of that "ill-considered legislation" which Gov. Sulzer, in his message relating to Stock Exchange affairs, declared "might result in serious harm to the financial supremacy of the State, have a tendency to drive capital away from New York and might disorganize the large operations of legitimate business now centred in this State to the detriment of its citizens and the Commonwealth generally"; and be it further

Resolved, That copies of this report and accompanying preamble and resolutions be sent to the Governor of the State and the members of the Legislature.

The report was signed by George B. Cortelyou, Joseph French Johnson, Francis L. Hine, Albert H. Wiggin and Mortimer L. Schiff as members of the committee.

$500,000 for Lighting World's Fair.

The Pacific Gas and Electric Company has signed a contract to supply exclusively for the next three and one-half years all electric current required for power and lighting purposes by the San Francisco's World's Fair, and during the period of construction and dismantling. Estimates indicate that the exposition will require 20,000 horse power, and the gross bills for current will amount to $500,000.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

	1913.	Increase.
CHESAPEAKE & OHIO—		
4th week February	$826,152	$61,079
Month of February	2,846,040	180,020
July 1-Feb. 28	23,789,949	1,406,021
GREAT NORTHERN—		
February gross	4,581,110	258,818
July 1-Feb. 28	52,754,774	8,008,014
LONDON UNDERGROUND (Metropolitan District)—		
Week ended March 1	£13,083	£168
Jan. 1-March 1	110,332	4,860
LONDON UNDERGROUND (Tubes)—		
Week ended March 1	14,300	*255
Jan. 1-March 1	133,100	*1,470
LONDON UNDERGROUND (London General Bus)—		
Week ended March 1	54,752	18,150
Jan. 1-March 1	483,442	140,711
MISSOURI, KANSAS & TEXAS—		
4th week February	$702,023	$92,421
Month of February	2,424,205	239,717
July 1-Feb. 28	22,706,040	2,710,635
ST. LOUIS SOUTHWESTERN—		
4th week February	297,000	18,000
Month of February	1,073,000	65,000
July 1-Feb. 28	10,135,723	986,330
SOUTHERN RAILWAY—		
4th week February	1,393,856	*23,918
Month of February	5,231,100	64,064
July 1-Feb. 28	46,028,958	3,662,309
TOLEDO, PEORIA & WESTERN—		
4th week February	31,799	*5,114
Month of February	102,465	*7,368
July 1-Feb. 28	1,042,603	50,835
TOLEDO, ST. LOUIS & WESTERN—		
4th week February	80,104	16,249
Month of February	360,077	76,640
July 1-Feb. 28	2,863,301	219,707
CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL for January—		
Gross earnings	7,283,152	2,095,565
Net earnings	1,734,941	1,497,896
From July 1 to Jan. 31:		
Gross earnings	57,785,910	10,829,900
Net earnings	19,225,166	7,802,630

*Decrease.

CHICAGO, BURLINGTON & QUINCY reports to the Inter-State Commerce Commission for January—

	1913.	1912.	1911.
Mileage	9,129	9,074	9,091
Freight rev.	5,195,962	4,346,248	4,334,342
Passenger rev.	1,690,005	1,499,741	1,629,922
Total op. rev.	7,623,161	6,505,073	6,621,904
Mt. way and str.	465,634	481,297	521,542
Mt. equipment	1,336,378	1,315,027	1,277,095
Trans. exp.	2,677,403	2,487,819	2,487,325
Total op. exp.	4,814,752	4,590,113	4,615,669
Taxes	274,587	264,412	250,454
Operating inc.	2,512,765	1,642,847	1,745,446
July 1 to Jan. 31:			
Freight rev.	39,457,298	34,501,542	36,096,868
Passenger rev.	13,799,946	13,328,644	14,298,835
Total op. rev.	58,336,846	52,479,773	5[illegible],883,164
Mt. way and str.	5,918,119	6,088,992	7,195,864
Mt. equipment	9,397,640	8,895,518	8,800,065
Trans. exp.	17,742,035	16,619,325	17,531,335
Total op. exp.	35,487,094	33,816,525	35,768,784
Taxes	1,936,779	1,799,870	1,753,211
Operating inc.	20,830,333	16,745,284	17,308,604

CLEVELAND, CINCINNATI, CHICAGO & ST. LOUIS reports to the Inter-State Commerce Commission for January—

Mileage	2,014	2,012	1,978
Freight rev.	1,901,952	1,515,172	1,554,313
Passenger rev.	606,373	528,267	580,929
Total op. rev.	2,727,999	2,244,664	2,344,881
Mt. way and str.	299,518	271,995	275,120
Mt. equipment	582,885	450,680	418,886
Trans. exp.	1,246,032	1,159,586	1,140,911
Total op. exp.	2,259,744	2,004,319	1,970,154
Taxes	103,800	95,000	80,000
Operating inc.	362,040	137,191	277,862
July 1 to Jan. 31:			
Freight rev.	14,120,954	11,936,797	12,015,239
Passenger rev.	4,931,377	4,768,845	4,936,068
Total op. rev.	20,747,423	18,250,693	18,586,618
Mt. way and str.	2,360,870	1,973,907	2,478,251
Mt. equipment	3,734,234	2,901,682	3,189,571
Trans. exp.	7,840,612	7,159,829	7,831,032
Total op. exp.	14,836,502	12,959,838	14,513,800
Taxes	724,042	677,512	573,548
Operating inc.	5,180,066	4,595,306	3,444,990

DENVER & RIO GRANDE for January—

	1913.	1912.	1911.
Gross	1,806,324	1,678,557	1,682,384
Net after tax	376,489	280,085	334,414
Other income	421,012	394,190	412,637
Total income	797,501	674,275	747,051
Surp. aft. chgs.	213,344	167,554	257,139
Renewal & sk.fd	20,000	10,000	10,000
Surplus	193,554	157,554	247,199
7 mos. gross	15,359,932	14,297,815	14,664,103
Net after tax	4,483,389	3,574,357	4,335,654
Other income	1,025,533	917,249	943,732
Total income	5,508,922	4,491,606	5,279,386
Surp. aft. chgs.	1,583,284	908,114	1,755,282
Renewal & sk.fd	130,000	70,000	70,000
Surplus	1,453,284	838,114	1,685,282

NORFOLK & WESTERN for January—

Gross	3,823,572	2,938,264	2,831,038
Net	1,471,154	865,725	979,033
Other income	232,427	127,586	137,974
Total income	1,703,581	993,311	1,117,007
Surp. aft. chgs.	1,244,368	531,397	597,273
7 months gross	25,962,508	22,923,835	21,425,660
7 mos. net	9,634,648	8,295,549	7,820,159
Other income	909,209	537,481	782,006
Total income	10,543,857	8,833,030	8,602,165
Surp. aft. chgs.	7,327,437	5,513,530	5,000,922

RUTLAND RAILROAD for January—

	1913	1912.	Increase.
Gross	269,259	235,756	33,502
Net after tax	15,976	16,654	*679

*Decrease.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY reports to the Inter-State Commerce Commission for January—

	1913.	1912	1911.
Mileage	7,036	7,089	7,039
Freight rev	3,651,681	3,176,860	3,234,111
Pass. revenue	1,462,023	1,284,485	1,271,267
Total oper. rev.	5,547,838	4,852,326	4,878,866
Mt. way & str.	812,581	623,111	604,400
Main. equip	970,623	792,291	811,652
Transp. exp	2,081,959	1,912,325	1,802,718
Total oper. exp.	4,220,145	3,636,521	3,508,393
Taxes	212,303	204,918	190,748
Oper. income	1,135,133	1,018,167	1,180,662
July 1 to Jan. 31:			
Freight revenue	26,500,836	23,888,398	23,395,742
Pass. revenue	11,161,513	10,371,516	9,889,433
Total oper. rev.	40,797,857	37,199,613	36,027,587
Mt. way & str.	5,332,449	4,371,850	4,447,186
Main. equip	6,701,095	5,905,404	5,774,422
Transp. exp	13,577,038	12,690,831	11,912,555
Total oper. exp.	27,955,049	25,016,477	24,072,772
Taxes	1,451,275	1,423,571	1,276,949
Oper. income	11,435,547	10,805,472	10,682,303

WESTERN PACIFIC for January—

	1913.	1912.	Increase.
Gross	382,821	327,197	55,624
Def. after taxes	4,701	37,013	*32,312
7 months gross	3,723,341	3,261,369	461,972
Net after taxes	913,138	577,630	335,508

Decrease.

Miscellaneous Earnings.

GLOBE EXPRESS CO. reports to the Inter-State Commerce Commission for November—

	1912.	1911.	Increase.
Ttl rcts from op.	73,305	62,267	11,038
Exp. priv., debit	36,517	31,633	4,913
Total oper. rev.	36,788	30,663	6,125
Total oper exp.	32,533	31,184	1,349
Net oper. rev.	4,255	520	4,775
Taxes	850	800	50
Oper. income	3,405	1,320	4,725
July 1 to Nov. 30:			
Ttl rcts from op.	418,577	364,344	54,232
Exp. priv., debit	207,458	181,592	25,865
Total oper. rev.	211,119	182,752	28,366
Total oper. exp.	163,102	156,996	6,106
Net oper. rev.	48,016	25,756	22,260
Taxes	4,050	4,000	50
Oper. income	43,966	21,756	22,210
Mile. steam rds.	2,839	2,905	*65

*Decrease.

NATIONAL FIREPROOFING CO. for the year ended Dec. 31—

	1912.	1911.	1910.
Net income	221,395	436,071	531,370
Prev. surplus	1,376,141	1,356,089	1,265,739
Total surplus	1,597,536	1,792,161	1,797,109
Pfd. dividend	316,020	316,020	316,020
Deprec., &c	100,000	100,000	125,000
P. & L. surp.	1,181,516	1,376,141	1,356,089

NORTHERN EXPRESS CO. report to the Inter-State Commerce Commission for November—

	1912.	1911.	Increase.
Total receipts from operation	272,651	246,000	26,651
Exp. priv., deb.	147,589	133,994	13,595
Total oper. rev.	125,062	112,005	13,056
Total oper. exp.	95,074	92,173	2,900
Net oper. rev.	29,988	19,831	10,156
Taxes	4,500	4,500	......
Oper. income	25,488	15,331	10,156
July 1 to Nov. 30:			
Total receipts from operation	1,526,666	1,336,008	190,657
Exp. priv., deb.	819,134	720,944	98,189
Total oper. rev.	707,531	615,063	92,467
Total oper. exp.	480,910	454,058	26,852
Net oper. rev.	226,626	161,005	65,615
Taxes	22,500	22,500	......
Oper. income	204,120	138,505	65,615
Mileage:			
Steam roads	7,456	7,310	146
Other lines	276	315	*33

*Decrease.

RAILWAY STEEL SPRING CO. for the year ended Dec. 31—

	1912.	1911.	1910.
Gross earnings	9,041,079	6,160,496	10,035,435
Expenses	6,599,940	4,793,481	7,734,535
Depreciation	359,986	150,000	350,000
Net earnings	2,081,153	1,217,015	1,950,900
Interest	357,175	232,228	195,823
Surplus	1,723,978	984,787	1,755,077
Preferred divs.	945,000	945,000	945,000
Surplus	778,978	39,787	810,077
Prev. surplus	3,839,565	3,790,778	2,989,701
P. & L. Surplus	4,618,543	3,839,565	3,799,778

WISCONSIN GAS & ELECTRIC CO for January—

	1913.	1912.	Increase.
Oper. revenue	63,158	50,777	12,381
Net oper. rev.	17,226	14,019	3,207
Other income	928	146	782
Gross income	18,155	14,165	3,990
Net income	9,280	5,789	3,491
Preferred divs.	1,000	416	584
Surplus	8,280	5,373	2,907

F. W. WOOLWORTH CO. report sales for February—

Gross earnings	3,953,610	3,536,823	416,787
2 months gross	7,089,478	6,503,851	1,185,627

MERGER BREAK-UP PUZZLES.

McReynolds Talks with Railroad Men—Talk of Tobacco Case Review.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—The subject of revising the plan for dissolving the Union Pacific-Southern Pacific merger to overcome the objections of the California Railroad Commission was considered to-day by Attorney General McReynolds and representatives of the railroad companies.

No decision was reached at to-day's conference and the discussion will be continued. By the mandate of the Supreme Court ordering the dissolution under the Sherman law, the revised plan must be submitted to the United States District Court by May 10 unless a receiver is to be appointed to take charge of the properties.

Robert S. Lovett, N. H. Loomis, Maxwell Everts, and W. F. Herrin represented the railroad companies at to-day's conference with the Attorney General and Solicitor General Bullitt.

Mr. McReynolds, who took the oath of office this morning, spent practically the whole day considering the dissolution problem. When he was asked what his anti-trust policy was, he said:

"The Sherman law will be enforced impartially."

According to advices received from Washington in the local tobacco trade yesterday, the appointment of James C. McReynolds of Tennessee as Attorney General in the Wilson Cabinet increases the possibility that the American Tobacco Company case will be reopened or appealed to the Supreme Court. Mr. McReynolds, as special Attorney General in charge of the tobacco case, was known to be opposed to the terms of the United States Circuit Court's decree against the old American Tobacco Company. He wanted to carry the decree to the Supreme Court for review, but was overruled by Attorney General Wickersham, who declared the case closed.

It is reported in Washington that the new Attorney General personally favors the reopening of the matter, and also that Senator Cummins, Senator-elect Norris of Nebraska, and others would like to have it reopened.

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

Wheat Higher—Corn Unchanged—Oats Advance—Cotton Steady.

Wheat trading showed a very nervous undertone, but closed ¼c to ⅜c higher, which were declines of ½c to ⅝c from the day's high prices. Corn showed a very steady undertone during the greater part of the day, but final prices were not unchanged. The market in oats was quiet, with a steady closing at a net advance of ⅛c to ¼c. Cotton trading was much less active, with the close steady, net 1 point lower to 1 point higher.

⁂

WHEAT.

There was a very nervous undertone to the wheat market, and, while prices moved within a range of ⅝c to 1c per bushel, there was an absence of decided tendency either way, and at the close the market was ½c to ⅝c down from the top, but ¼c to ⅜c above the previous close. Price changes appeared to be largely the result of pit operations, and the market showed a tendency to become easily overbought or oversold. The news of the day was of a somewhat conflicting nature, but as far as domestic conditions were concerned it appeared to be against values. Prices early were influenced by a report from Germany which stated that a very large percentage of the present crop is of very low grade, and that from 32,000,000 to 48,000,000 bushels will probably be only fit for pig food. George Le Count issued a report on conditions in the Northwest, which indicated large farm reserves and generally quite favorable soil conditions, and this caused quite active selling and resulted in a quick decline to below the previous close. The Northwestern cash markets showed a firm undertone, but the demand for flour was said to be small, as, according to The Northwestern Miller, business is rather discouraging, and the trade is temporarily well supplied. Prices rallied from the early decline, owing to reports that exporters had taken 21 loads, but late in the session part of the gain was again lost. The weather was colder over the West, but, on the whole, favorable for the crop, and private advices from Kansas said that conditions there were the best in a number of years. In the local market No. 2 Winter wheat was quoted at $1, elevator, and $1.11, free on board, afloat; No. 1 Northern, Duluth, $1.00¼, free on board, afloat.

WHEAT—FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
New York—					
May	98¼	97⅝	97 15-16	97⅝	$1.07¼
July	..	..	97⅝	97¼	1.03
September	..	..	96⅝	96⅝	..
New York Bonded—					
May	97	96⅝	96⅝	96	..
July	96⅞	96⅝	96⅝	96⅝	..
Chicago—					
May	91⅞	90⅞	91⅛	91⅛	1.03¾
July	90⅝	89⅞	90⅜	90⅛	98⅛
September	89½	88⅞	89⅜	89⅛	95⅞

CORN.

The corn market showed a very steady undertone during the greater part of the day, but sagged off late, and closed net unchanged. Prospects of a bearish Government report on farm reserves had a tendency to check the buying, but strong speculative interests are believed to be heavily committed on the long side, on the theory that prices are low enough, and on this account operators with bearish convictions are inclined to be cautious about taking risks on the selling side. Broomhall estimated Argentine shipments for the week at 1,275,000 bushels, compared with 748,000 bushels last week, and nil last year. Export corn in the local market was quoted at 57¼c, free on board, afloat.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	53¼	52⅛	52⅝	52⅝	71½
July	54¼	53⅝	53⅞	53⅞	71
September	55⅛	54⅝	54⅞	54⅞	71

OATS.

There was only a moderate trade in the oats market, but prices were steady, closing at a net advance of ⅛@¼c. Receipts were again moderate at interior points, and while farm reserves were believed to be large, there was an absence of heavy selling pressure. The local spot market was steady; standard white quoted at 38½c; No. 3, 38c; No. 4, 37@37½c; natural white, 37@38½c; white clipped, 37@40½c, all track.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	34½	34	34⅛	34	52⅝
July	34½	34⅛	34⅜	34¼	48⅝
September	34⅜	34⅛	34⅜	34⅛	41½

COTTON.

While the cotton market showed traces of the nervousness created by Wednesday's sharp break, trading was much less active yesterday and prices fluctuated within a range of 6 or 7 points, closing steady, net 1 point lower to 1 point higher, as compared with the previous day.

Generally speaking, Southern advices reaching the trade at the present time indicate well-advanced crop preparations for this season of the year with prospects for both increased acreage and a more extensive use of fertilizer than last season. There were also yesterday numerous claims of a somewhat easier spot situation, but these advices came mostly from New Orleans and Memphis. The latter point has been sending in similar reports for some days past, and on the whole the spot news was more conflicting than that with reference to the preliminary new crop outlook. Early reports, for instance, indicated weakness at Augusta, but later in the day wires were received denying the early advices and claiming that Augusta spots were actually steadier to-day than at any previous time this week. The spot markets officially reported were all unchanged except for a decline of ⅛c at Norfolk, and it was quite evident from the small volume of offerings that there had been no material change in the spot situation, whatever may be impending. Yesterday's crop news came from numerous sections of the belt, including points at Mississippi, North Carolina, Georgia, Arkansas, and Alabama.

The market opened steady at unchanged prices to an advance of 4 points in response to steadier cables than expected. Selling orders probably inspired by Wednesday's break sent the old crop positions off to a net loss of 3 or 4 points during the morning, but later deliveries sold only a point or two under last Wednesday's closing figures, and the general list steadied before it had quite reached the low level of Wednesday afternoon. Prices subsequently rallied very slightly on covering of shorts and a little support from trade sources. The close was 3 or 4 points up from the lowest.

The local market for spot cotton was quiet and unchanged at 12.70 for middling upland; sales nil; delivered on contract, 1,300 bales.

The range of contract prices in the local market was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
March	12.31	12.24	12.28@12.30	12.27
April	..	..	12.05@12.07	12.06
May	11.99	11.92	11.95@11.96	11.96
June	..	..	11.90@11.92	11.90
July	11.91	11.86	11.89@11.90	11.89
August	11.83	11.80	11.80@11.82	11.81
September	..	..	11.53@11.55	11.52
October	11.50	11.45	11.48@11.49	11.47
December	11.50	11.46	11.48@11.49	11.47
January	..	..	11.43@11.45	11.43

PROVISIONS.

The provision market was again firm and higher, with renewed buying prompted by the firmness in lard and influenced by small stocks of product and a fairly active consuming demand. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 23,000, estimated for Friday, 20,000. Kansas City received 7,000 and Omaha 9,100.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
May	10.90	10.80	10.87	10.85	9.20
July	10.80	10.72	10.80	10.77	9.37½
Ribs—					
May	10.87	10.80	10.87	10.82	8.67½
July	10.80	10.72	10.77	10.75	8.75
Pork—					
May	20.90	20.60	20.90	20.62	15.52½
July	20.50	20.25	20.47	20.30	15.82½

COTTONSEED OIL.

There was little new development in the cottonseed oil market, and price changes during the day were comparatively narrow, the market closing at a net advance of 1@2 points. The firmness in lard had a stimulating influence early, but the demand was slow and prices late in the day lost most of the early gain under moderate selling. There was an absence of pressure of crude offerings, but the consuming demand was light, and there appeared to be little inducement offered for new ventures in a speculative way on either side.

The range of contract prices in the local market was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	6.38@6.45	6.35
March	6.40	6.35	6.38@6.39	6.36
April	..	..	6.36@6.39	6.34
May	6.38	6.36	6.37@6.38	6.36
June	6.38	6.37	6.37@6.40	6.36
July	6.42	6.41	6.41@6.42	6.40
August	6.45	6.44	6.44@6.46	6.43
September	..	..	6.45@6.48	6.44
October	..	..	6.25@6.39	6.29

COFFEE.

Coffee closed at a net decline of 11@19 points. Havre declined 1¼@1½f, and Hamburg ¾ pfennig. Rio was firm, 50 reis higher, and Santos was quiet, unchanged. Early cost and freight offers from Brazil fell 10@15 points. The Coffee Exchange resumed the posting of sales, which were reported at 50,000 bags. Receipts in Brazil were somewhat smaller.

Spot coffee, Rio 7s, 12⅝c.

Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
March	12.00	11.92	11.92@11.93	12.06
April	..	..	12.02@12.04	12.16
May	12.25	12.15	12.17@12.18	12.28
June	12.30	12.30	12.22@12.23	12.33
July	12.35	12.25	12.27@12.28	12.39
August	12.42	12.42	12.32@12.33	12.47
September	12.51	12.38	12.38@12.39	12.57
October	12.35	12.33	12.31@12.33	12.49
November	..	..	12.26@12.27	12.40
December	12.30	12.21	12.21@12.22	12.35
January	..	..	12.21@12.23	12.36
February	..	..	12.21@12.23	12.36

COUNTRY PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER.—Creamery, extras, 36½c; firsts, 34½@36c; seconds, 32½@34c; thirds, 30@32c; held, extras, 35c; firsts, 33@34c; seconds, 31@32½c; thirds, 29@30½c; State dairy, finest, 34@35c; good to prime, 29@33c; common to fair, 24@28c; process, extras, 27@27½c; firsts, 25½@26c; seconds, 22@23c; imitation creamery, firsts, 24@25c; factory, held, 22@24c; current make, firsts, 22@23c; seconds, 21@21½c; thirds, 18@20c; packing stock, held, 20½@21½c; current make, No. 2, 20½c; No. 3, 17@19½c.

CHEESE.—State, whole milk, held, colored, specials, 17½@18c; white, 17¼@17½c; colored, average fancy, 17@17¼c; white, 16½@17c; lower grades, 14@16c; Winter, colored, specials, 16½@17c; white, 16¼c; colored average run, 15½@16c; white, 15½@16c; daisies, held, best, 17¼@17½c; Wisconsin, whole milk, twins, held, fancy, 16½@17c; flats, 17@17¼c; daisies, 17@17¼c; State, skims, held, specials, 13@14c; fair to choice, 10@12c; Winter made, specials, 11½@12c; skims, Winter made, choice, 8½@10½c; poor to fair, 5@8c; State, full skims and badly defective, 2@4c.

EGGS.—Fresh gathered, extras, dozen, 22@23c; firsts, 20½@21c; seconds, 20c; thirds, 19@19½c; dirties, 17@18c; checks, good to prime, 15@16c; undergrade, 10@14c; refrigerator, best, 16@16½c; fair to good, 13@15c; inferior, per case, $2@$3.50; duck, Baltimore, 38@39c; Virginia, 34@38c; Western and prime Southern, 34@35c; far Southern, 25@32c; State, Pennsylvania, and near-by hennery whites, good to large size, new laid, 25@26c; selected whites, defective in size or color, 22@24c; State, Pennsylvania, and near-by hennery browns, 22@23c; gathered browns and mixed colors, 20½@21½c.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

BEEF.—The following are current wholesale market prices for Western beef cuts in New York City: Ribs, No. 1, 15½c; No. 2, 13½c; No. 3, 11c; loins, No. 1, 15½c; No. 2, 13½c; No. 3, 11c; rounds, No. 1, 12c; No. 2, 11c; No. 3, 10c; chucks, No. 1, 11½c; No. 2, 10½c; No. 3, 9½c.

SUGAR.—The market for refined sugar was steady. There was fairly good business, with sales on the basis of $4.30 for granulated.

The following prices are net, less 2 per cent. discount for cash: Crystal dominoes in cases of two-pound cartons, half or full size pieces, $7.50@$7.60; in cases of five-pound cartons, $7@$7.10; Eagle tablets, $5.65; cut loaf, $5.15; crushed, $5.05; Mold A, $4.70; XXXX powdered, $4.50; powdered, coarse powdered, and Eagle coarse granulated, $4.45; fruit powdered, Eagle, extra fine granulated, $4.35; Eagle, two, three and one-half, and five-pound cartons of fine granulated, $4.55; Eagle, two-pound bags, $4.65; three and one-half-pound bags, $4.60; five-pound bags, $4.55; ten-pound bags, $4.50; twenty-five and fifty pound bags, and standard granulated, $4.40; fine granulated and Diamond A, $4.35; Confectioners' A, $4.20; No 1, $4.10; Nos. 2 to 12 in five-cent ranges, $4.05@$3.55; Nos. 13, 14, and 15, $3.50.

The London market for beet sugar was quiet and unchanged, with March at 10s ⅝d, April 10s 1½d, and May at 10s 2¼d. The local market for sugar was steady and unchanged, with centrifugal at $3.54, Muscovado at $3.04, and molasses at $2.79.

MOLASSES AND SYRUPS.—The market was quiet and steady. Molasses sold well in grocery grades. Syrups were quiet.

Quotations: New Orleans centrifugal, common, 15@16c; fair, 17@20c; good, 21@26c; prime, 28@34c; New Orleans open kettle, 35@55c; syrups, common, 11@12c; medium, 14@17c; fancy, 18@22c.

RICE.—The market was steady and firm at full prices.

Quotations: Screenings, 4@4¼c; ordinary, 4¼@4¾c; fair, 4¾@5c; good ordinary, 5@5¼c; prime, 5¼@5½c; choice, 5½@5¾c; head Japan, 4½@5c; Patna, 6⅜@7c.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—The market was quiet, and, while prices were steady, it was generally necessary to make concessions to make any sales.

The following prices are quoted (in wood) on the New York Produce Exchange: Spring patents, $4.50@$4.80; Winter straights, $4.60@$4.70; Winter patents, $4.80@$5.20; Spring clears, $4.30@$4.55; extra No. 1 Winter, $4.10@$4.25; extra No. 2 Winter, $4@$4.10; Kansas straights, $4.20@$4.25; fancy Spring patents, $5.40@$5.90. RYE FLOUR—Quoted: Fair to good, $3.50@$3.80; choice to fancy, $3.85@$4. BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—Quoted: $2.25@$2.35 asked, per 100 pounds. CORNMEAL—Quoted: Kiln dried, $3.05. BAGMEAL—Quoted: Fine white and yellow, $1.30@$1.35; coarse, $1.25@$1.30. FEED—Quoted: Western Spring, $22; standard middling, $22.25; flour, $27; Red Dog, $29.25; bran, $22 bulk, $23 sacks; middling, $23@$29; Red Dog, $30.50; hominy chop, $23 bulk, $24.20 sacks; oilmeal, $30@$31.

OILS.—Linseed oil was unchanged. Refined petroleum was steady at recent prices.

Quotations: Standard white petroleum, barrels, New York and Philadelphia, $8.50; bulk, $4.80; standard white, cases, New York and Philadelphia, $10.80; water white, barrels, New York and Philadelphia, $9.50; bulk, $5.80; water white, cases, New York and Philadelphia, $11.80. Linseed Oil—American seed, city raw, 45@49c; out-of-town, raw, 47@48c; Calcutta, raw, 65c.

NAVAL STORES.—The demand for spirits turpentine was moderate, and prices a fraction off, owing to full receipts. Resin and tar held steady at unchanged prices.

Quotations: Spirits turpentine, machine, barrels, 44@44½c. Tar, $6@$6.50. Resin, common to good, strained, $6.50@$6.90; B, D, and E, $6.95; F, $7.05; G, $7.10; H, $7.20; I, $7.30; K, $7.50; M, $7.65; N, $8.15; WG, $8.50; WW, $8.75.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Hodenpyle, Hardy & Co. are offering $1,500,000 Union Railway, Gas and Electric Company three-year 5 per cent. gold notes at 97¼ and interest.

Having placed private more than $3,000,000 of the $4,000,000 Canadian Northern Railway equipment trust 4½ p. c. certificates, William A. Read & Co. offer the unsold portion at a price to yield 5 per cent.

Owing to the large accumulation of coal and the lessened demand due to the mild Winter, the Lehigh Valley Coal Company announced yesterday that for the present operations of its mines will be suspended for three days each week.

Members of the Coffee Exchange have petitioned the Governors to close the Exchange on Good Friday, March 21, and Saturday, March 22.

James M. Bayard has been made a Director of the Baldwin Locomotive Works to succeed E. C. Converse, resigned.

The Computing-Tabulating-Recording Company has declared an initial quarterly dividend of 1 per cent.

Stockholders of the Continental Insurance Company have voted to reduce the number of Directors from twenty-one to fifteen. There have been six vacancies.

The International Mercantile Marine Company coupons due April 1 from the 4½ per cent. mortgage and collateral trust bonds will be paid on maturity at the office of J. P. Morgan & Co.

Williams, McConnell & Coleman have issued a public utility letter covering many phases of the present market.

H. F. Payne, formerly sales manager of the American Banknote Company in New York, has taken charge of the Boston office. The company's facilities in that city are to be greatly enlarged.

The Guardian Trust Company, whose business has been sold to the Empire Trust Company, has elected Alfred M. Barrett, formerly Treasurer, President to wind up the company's affairs. Edward F. Clark, former President, has resigned to practice law.

W. Averell Harriman, son of the late E. H. Harriman, and Cornelius Vanderbilt have been elected Directors of the Harriman National Bank. Mr. Harriman, who was recently made a Director of the Union Pacific, is in his senior year at Yale.

NEW HAVEN ROAD ATTACKED.

Defended, Too, in Boston Chamber of Commerce Meeting.

BOSTON, March 6.—The New Haven Road and its management of the Boston & Maine system were attacked by certain business men and upheld by others at a special meeting of the Boston Chamber of Commerce to-day and to-night. The larger number advised a separation of the Boston & Maine from the present control. Several recommended State management. Others asserted both roads were giving satisfactory service and should be left alone.

Louis D. Brandeis argued that the New Haven system was a merger in violation of the Federal laws. He presented an elaborate list of suggestions in which dissolution of the merger was asserted to be the necessary starting point.

"If railroads are to be attacked, it would not put a cent into securities," asserted Henry Lee Higginson, a banker. He argued in favor of permitting the roads to conduct their own affairs.

The Directors of the Chamber plan to report on the question soon.

LACKAWANNA STEEL GAINS.

Deficit First Half of Year, but on the Whole 3 Per Cent. Is Earned.

The Lackawanna Steel Company reports for the year, ended Dec. 31 last, net earnings equivalent to nearly 3 per cent. on the common stock, although the operations for the first half of the year showed a deficit, and the average price of $27.72 a ton received in the year was only 5 cents a ton greater than for 1911.

Total net earnings from all properties after deducting all expenses, including ordinary repairs and maintenance, were $4,905,000. The profit for the year was $1,008,000, and the net surplus on Dec. 31, $4,839,000. Orders on hand are sufficient to keep the works fully employed through the third quarter of the current year, and the outlook is favorable for the balance of 1913. A dividend of 1 per cent. was paid on the common stock on Jan. 31, 1913.

Convertible Bonds
yielding 4% to 7% and
Increasing in Value

Exchangeable at maturity for Income Bonds and Stock.

17 years' Results show the largest average returns with increased security.

Booklet showing Actual Investments and Results for 10 to 15 years will be mailed on request for No. 1442-T.

New York Realty Owners
489 FIFTH AVE., NEW YORK.

The
Peruvian-Chamayro
Rubber Corporation,

Incorporated in Delaware for $700,000, offers to investors a limited amount of

7% PREFERRED
cumulative stock.

Subscriptions received by the Security Transfer & Registrar Co., 66 Broadway, or at the offices of the Corporation, 60 Wall St.

Notice to Note-Holders and Other Creditors of the Merchants National Bank of Baltimore.

The Merchants National Bank of Baltimore, located at Baltimore, in the State of Maryland, is closing its affairs. All note-holders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment. WILLIAM INGLE,
Vice President and Cashier.
Dated January 1, 1913.

Members New York Coffee, Stock, and Cotton Exchanges want high-grade man with good connections and clientele and a knowledge of coffee banking to manage their coffee department. The position offers good opportunities. Address "Banking," P. O. Box 822, N. Y. City.

PROPOSALS.

KNOXVILLE RAILWAY & LIGHT CO. Forty-Year Consolidated Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds of 1945.

Guaranty Trust Company of New York, successor to The Standard Trust Company of New York, Trustee, under the Indenture securing the above issue, dated September 1, 1905, HEREBY INVITES proposals for the sale of as many of the above bonds as can be purchased for the sum of Fifteen Thousand, Nine Hundred and Thirty-three Dollars and Thirty Cents ($15,933.30.) Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, **STANDARD BRANCH**, No. 25 Broad Street, New York City, until 12 o'clock M., Wednesday, April 2nd, 1913. Bonds offered at the lowest price (not exceeding 107½ and accrued interest) will be accepted proportionately and paid for on Friday, April 4th, 1913, upon delivery, together with accrued interest to that date.

GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK.
By WM. C. COX, Vice President.

NOTICE TO HOLDERS
OF
CONSOLIDATION COAL COMPANY
Refunding Mortgage 4½% Bonds.

New York, March 4, 1913.

Guaranty Trust Company of New York, successor to The Standard Trust Company of New York, Trustee under Mortgage Deed of Trust, dated May 1st, 1904, HEREBY INVITES proposals for the sale of as many bonds of the issue above described as can be purchased for the sum of Seventy-four Thousand, One Hundred and Twenty and 9-100 Dollars ($74,120.09) now in the Sinking Fund under said mortgage. Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, **STANDARD BRANCH**, No. 25 Broad Street, New York City, to 10 o'clock A. M., Saturday, March 29th, 1913, when the same will be opened and bonds offered at the lowest price (not exceeding 105 and accrued interest) to the extent necessary to exhaust said sum will be accepted in the order that proposals are received. All bonds accepted will be paid for upon delivery, with interest accrued to March 31st, 1913.

GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK.
By WM. C. COX, Vice President.

TO THE HOLDERS OF FIRST MORTGAGE 6% BONDS OF THE AMERICAN SEWER PIPE COMPANY, (FORMERLY AMERICAN CLAY MANUFACTURING COMPANY):

The undersigned, Successor to the Knickerbocker Trust Company, as Trustee under the mortgage above referred to, will, under authority of said mortgage, receive offers of bonds of said issue to the extent of $50,000 on or before March 31, 1913, at 12 o'clock noon. Sealed offers of said bonds may be sent to the Columbia-Knickerbocker Trust Company, 60 Broadway, New York City.

The right is reserved to reject any and all offers so made.

COLUMBIA-KNICKERBOCKER TRUST COMPANY.
By GEORGE E. WARREN, Trust Officer.
Dated March 1, 1913.

THE COLORADO FUEL AND IRON CO. invites proposals in writing, to be sent to the Metropolitan Trust Co., City of New York, on or before April 5, 1913, for the sale to it of forty (40) outstanding 6% bonds of The Colorado Fuel Co., due 1919. Such bonds to be delivered and paid for May 1, 1913, at the Metropolitan Trust Co., 49 Wall St., New York City.

Denver, Colo., Feb. 24, 1913.
L. M. BOWERS, Treas.

QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, WEST POINT, New York, March 7, 1913.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, subject to the usual conditions, will be received at this office until 2:00 P. M., April 7, 1913, for draining and filling swamps on Constitution Island. The United States reserves the right to accept or reject any or all proposals. Forms and specifications furnished upon application.

Coal For Panama

I am offering at par a limited number of shares in the Caribbean Coal Company.

This Company owns outright 4500 acres of high grade coal land within 700 miles of the entrance of the Panama Canal.

England and the United States shipped more than 7,000,000 tons of coal to West Indian and South American ports last year.

The Caribbean Coal Company can lay its coal down in Colon and West Indies ports at least One Dollar a ton cheaper than any other concern in the world.

Full particulars on request.

L. C. Butler
71 Wall Street New York

To the Holders of the
Six Per Cent. Collateral Gold Debentures
of the
Buffalo Railway Company

Pursuant to the provisions of the Indenture or Trust Agreement of the Buffalo Railway Company to the Metropolitan Trust Company of the City of New York, as Pledgee, dated April 1, 1897, notice is hereby given that on the first day of April, 1913, the International Railway Company (formed by consolidation of the said Buffalo Railway Company and other companies) will redeem all of the Six Per Cent. Collateral Gold Debentures issued under and secured by the said Indenture or Trust Agreement, at the price or sum of One hundred and five dollars for each and every One hundred dollars of par value thereof, upon presentation of the debentures together with all unmatured coupons thereto attached, at the office of the said Metropolitan Trust Company of the City of New York, Pledgee as aforesaid, No. 49 Wall Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York. Interest on the said debentures shall cease on the said first day of April, 1913.

Dated February 26, 1913.

INTERNATIONAL RAILWAY COMPANY,
By E. G. CONNETTE, President.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the foregoing notice has been served on the Metropolitan Trust Company of the City of New York, as Pledgee under the Indenture or Trust Agreement therein mentioned, and that in accordance with said notice all of the said Six Per Cent. Collateral Gold Debentures of the Buffalo Railway Company have been called for redemption at the office of the said Pledgee.

Dated February 26th, 1913.

METROPOLITAN TRUST COMPANY
OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK,
By BEVERLY CHEW, 2 V.-President.

NEW YORK COMMERCIAL COMPANY and GEORGE A. ALDEN & COMPANY.

The undersigned have organized as a committee for the protection of the creditors of the above company and firm:

Holders of claims or stock or interests in or against the above named concerns are hereby requested to deposit their notes or other evidences of indebtedness, or verified proofs of claims accompanied by suitable transfers or certificates of stock duly indorsed, with either the BANKERS TRUST COMPANY, 14 Wall Street, New York City, New York, or the OLD COLONY TRUST COMPANY, 17 Court Street, Boston, Massachusetts, subject to the terms of an agreement providing for the foregoing.

Forms for transfers and copies of the agreement may be obtained at either of the above Trust Companies, and receipts will be issued for deposits.

Concerted action is necessary at once, and a prompt deposit is therefore requested.

GATES W. McGARRAH, Chairman.
WALTER E. FREW.
ROBERT M. GALLAWAY.
JAMES G. CANNON.
WALLACE B. DONHAM.

WHITE & CASE, New York City.
TYLER, CORNEAU & EAMES, Boston, Mass.
......Counsel

PACIFIC ELECTRIC RAILWAY CO.
Refunding Mortgage Fifty Year Gold Bonds

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the provisions of Section 9, Article fourth, of the Mortgage from this Company to the United States Mortgage and Trust Company, Trustee, dated September 1, 1911, this Company has set apart out of the net income derived by it from the lines of railroad therein mortgaged, the sum of $10,000 in the year 1912, to be used to redeem said bonds, and that bonds issued under the said mortgage will be redeemed therewith. Bids are hereby invited for the surrender of said bonds at prices to be named by the bidders, subject to the provisions of the mortgage in respect thereof, to the amount of $10,000 in the Sinking Fund.

Such bids should be presented to this Company at its office in the City of Los Angeles, California, on or before the first day of April, 1913, at 12 o'clock noon, and should be endorsed "Bids for surrender of Pacific Electric Railway Company's Refunding Mortgage Fifty Year Gold Bonds."

PACIFIC ELECTRIC RAILWAY COMPANY,
By PAUL SHOUP, President.
Los Angeles, Cal., February 27, 1913.

SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS.

The Franklin Society

Founded 1888. Under supervision New York State Bank Department. Accounts of $10 or more opened on or before March 31st earn from April 1st. Begin now or write for booklet A.
38 Park Row, New York City.

4½%

DIVIDENDS.

TO THE HOLDERS OF THE BONDS AND COUPONS OF THE HUDSON RIVER ELECTRIC COMPANY SECURED BY MORTGAGE TO THE MORTON TRUST COMPANY (now Guaranty Trust Company of New York) DATED DECEMBER 18th, 1901.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the holders of the aforesaid bonds and coupons that, pursuant to an order of the U. S. District Court for the Northern District of N. Y., there is an additional sum payable on account of the amount remaining due on each such bond (having coupon No. 14, maturing November 1, 1908, and all subsequent coupons attached.)

The same will be paid to such holders upon the presentation of said bonds and coupons respectively, at the office of the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, No. 32 Nassau Street, New York City.

Dated New York, March 5th, 1913.

GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Trustee.
By A. J. HEMPHILL, President.

THE J. G. WHITE MANAGEMENT CORPORATION,
43 Exchange Place, New York,
MANAGERS
THE MANILA ELECTRIC RAILROAD AND LIGHTING CORPORATION.

The Board of Directors of The Manila Electric Railroad and Lighting Corporation has declared a quarterly dividend of One and Three-Quarters Per Cent. (1¾%) on the Capital Stock of the Corporation, payable Tuesday, April 1st, 1913, to stockholders of record at the close of business on Wednesday, March 19th, 1913. T. W. MOFFAT, Secretary.

UTAH COPPER COMPANY.
165 Broadway, New York, Feb. 27th, 1913.
DIVIDEND NO. 19.

The Finance Committee of the Utah Copper Company has this day declared the 19th quarterly dividend of seventy-five cents (75c.) per share, being at the rate of seven and one-half per cent. (7½%) per quarter on par value, payable March 31st, 1913, to stockholders of record at the close of business on March 7th, 1913. The books for the transfer of the stock of the Company will close at 3 o'clock P. M., March 7th, and reopen at 10 o'clock A. M., March 12th, 1913.

CHAS. K. LIPMAN, Asst. Secretary.

YUKON GOLD COMPANY,
165 Broadway, New York, March 3d, 1913.
DIVIDEND NO. 15.

The Directors of the Yukon Gold Company have this date declared a quarterly dividend on the issued capital stock of the Company, at the rate of Six Per Cent. (6%) per annum, or seven and one-half cents (7½c.) per share, per quarter, designated Dividend No. 15, payable March 31st, 1913, to all stockholders of record at 3 o'clock P. M., March 14th, 1913. The books for the transfer of the stock of the Company will close at 3 o'clock P. M., March 14th, and reopen March 20th, 1913.

CHAS. K. LIPMAN, Secretary.

GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY of N. Y.
New York, March 5, 1913.

The Board of Directors has declared a quarterly dividend of SIX PER CENT. and an extra dividend of TWO PER CENT. on the Capital Stock of this Company, payable March 31, 1913, to stockholders of record at the close of business March 25. E. C. HEBBARD, Secretary.

CENTRAL LEATHER COMPANY

The interest due April 1, 1913, on the coupon and the registered bonds of this Company will be paid by the Central Trust Company of New York. The transfer books for the registered bonds will close March 15, 1913, and reopen April 2, 1913. GEO. W. PLUM, Treasurer.

New York, February 26, 1913.

DIVIDENDS.

The Hocking Valley Railway Co.,
71 Broadway, New York City, March 6, 1913.

The Executive Committee of the Board of Directors has declared a QUARTERLY DIVIDEND OF ONE AND THREE-QUARTERS PER CENT. upon the capital stock of this Company, payable March 31st, 1913, to stockholders of record on March 17th, 1913. The Transfer Books will not be closed. Checks will be mailed to stockholders at the addresses recorded upon the books of the Company.

JAS. STEUART MACKIE, Treasurer.

NATIONAL SURETY COMPANY.
New York, March 6, 1913.

A quarterly dividend of three per cent. upon the capital stock of the Company payable April 1, 1913, to stockholders of record at the close of business on March 20, 1913, was this day declared. The stock transfer books of the Company will be closed at the close of business on March 20th, 1913, and reopened at 10 o'clock on April 1, 1913.

HUBERT J. LEWITT, Secretary.

GUGGENHEIM EXPLORATION CO.,
165 Broadway, New York, March 3d, 1913.
DIVIDEND NO. 41.

The Directors of the Guggenheim Exploration Company have this day declared a quarterly dividend of Two and One-half Per Cent. (2½%) on the capital stock issue of this Company, payable April 1st, 1913, to stockholders of record at three o'clock in the afternoon of March 14th, 1913. The books for the transfer of the stock of the Company will close at three o'clock P. M., March 14th, and reopen March 20th, 1913.

CHAS. K. LIPMAN, Secretary.

THE UNITED GAS AND ELECTRIC CORPORATION.
February 27th, 1913.

The semi-annual dividend of Three Per Cent. (3%) on the preferred stock of the Corporation has been declared this day, payable April 1st, 1913, to stockholders of record March 12th, 1913, books to close March 12th and reopen April 1st, 1913.

Dividend checks will be mailed.

HENRY MORGAN, Treasurer.

South Porto Rico Sugar Company,
March 5, 1913.
Preferred Stock Dividend, Common Stock Dividend.

The Board of Directors have this day declared dividends for the second quarter of the current fiscal year of 2% on Preferred Stock and 1% on Common Stock, payable on April 1, 1913, to stockholders of record at the close of business on March 15, 1913. Checks will be mailed by Messrs. Muller, Schall & Company of New York City.

F. A. DILLINGHAM, Secretary.

GENERAL BAKING COMPANY
Preferred Stock Dividend No. 5.

A dividend of One Per Cent. (1%) on the Preferred Stock of this Company will be paid April 1, 1913, to stockholders of record at the close of business March 22, 1913.

GEO. E. FAWCETT,
Treasurer.

Computing-Tabulating-Recording Company
DIVIDEND NO. 1.

25 Broad St., New York, March 6th, 1913.

The Board of Directors of this Company have to-day declared a quarterly dividend of one per cent. (1%), payable April 10, 1913, to stockholders of record March 31. Transfer books remain open.

ALFRED DeBUYS, Treasurer.

UNITED TRACTION AND ELECTRIC COMPANY.
JERSEY CITY, N. J., March 6, 1913.

A Dividend of ONE AND ONE-QUARTER PER CENT. on the Capital Stock of this Company will be paid April 1, 1913, to the registered holders of March 11, 1913. Transfer books will be closed on the 11th inst. and will be reopened March 17, 1913.

C. S. SWEETLAND, Treasurer.

THE AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY, No. 111 Fifth Avenue.
March 5, 1913.

Notice is hereby given that the transfer books of the registered 6% gold bonds of The American Tobacco Company will close at three o'clock P. M. on March 26, 1913, for the payment of interest thereon due April 1, 1913, and reopen at 10 o'clock A. M. April 2, 1913.

J. M. W. HICKS, Treasurer.

PRODUCERS OIL COMPANY
Houston, Texas.

A dividend of $1.50 per share on the outstanding capital stock of this Company has been declared by the Board of Directors, payable March 31st to stockholders of record March 15th. W. E. LOCKHART, Treasurer.

New York, March 6, 1913.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.
General Office, Broad Street Station,
PHILADELPHIA, 19th February, 1913.

The ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of this Company will be held on Tuesday, the eleventh day of March, 1913, at 11 o'clock A. M., in Horticultural Hall, Broad Street, below Locust Street, Philadelphia, at which meeting there will be submitted for consideration and action by the Stockholders, the Annual Report of the Board of Directors for the year ended 31st December, 1912; an agreement for the acquisition by this Company of the franchises, corporate property, rights, and credits of the Cambria and Clearfield Railway Company, and other appropriate subjects.

Stockholders may obtain copies of the Annual Report of the Company, and the necessary tickets of admission to the meeting, on and after the 4th of March next, by personal application, or by letter, at the Secretary's office, Room 269, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia.

LEWIS NEILSON, Secretary.

New York, January 24, 1913.
ELECTION NOTICE.
The Missouri Pacific Railway Co.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of The Missouri Pacific Railway Company will be held at the general office of the company, in the City of St. Louis, Missouri, on Tuesday, March 11, 1913, at 9 o'clock A. M., for the election of thirteen Directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of any other business that may come before said meeting. The annual meeting of the Directors will be held at the same office on the same day at 12 o'clock noon. The transfer books will be closed on Monday, February 3, 1913, at 3 o'clock P. M., and will be reopened on Wednesday, March 12, 1913, at 10 o'clock A. M.

THE MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY CO.,
By B. F. BUSH, President.
A. H. CALEF, Secretary.

ANNUAL MEETING.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Archer Coal Depot Company, Inc., will be held at the office of the Company, Room 219, Number One Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, at 12 o'clock noon, on Thursday, March 13th, 1913, for the purpose of hearing and acting upon the reports of Officers and Committees and of electing Directors for the next succeeding year and for the transaction of any other business which may properly come before the meeting.

RAFAEL RIOS, Secretary.

ANNUAL MEETING.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Windward Islands Estates Company, Inc., will be held at the office of the Company, Room 219, Number One Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, at 12:30 o'clock in the afternoon of March 13th, 1913, for the purpose of hearing and acting upon the reports of Officers and Committees and of electing Directors for the next succeeding year and for the transaction of any other business which may properly come before the meeting.

RAFAEL RIOS, Secretary.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Mauser Manufacturing Company will be held at the offices of the Company in Mt. Vernon, N. Y., on the fourteenth day of March, 1913, at three P. M., for the election of Directors, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

Dated New York, March 7, 1913.

JOHN J. SCHMITT, Secretary.

OFFICE OF
Morgan's Louisiana & Texas R. R. & S. S. Co.
New Orleans, La., March 7th, 1913.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Morgan's Louisiana and Texas Railroad and Steamship Co. will be held at the Company's office, City of New Orleans, on Monday, April 7th, 1913, at 12 M.

ST. D. J. DeBLANC, Secretary.

CARNEGIE EXTENDING WHEN BOUGHT OUT

Government Trying to Show His Plans to Compete Forced Trust to Pay Him an Inflated Price.

GAYLEY AGAIN A WITNESS

Describes Early Business in Ore Ore Lands When Association "Held Bag Open for Steel Corporation."

James Gayley, who was Vice President of the United States Steel Corporation until 1908, was on the witness stand again all day yesterday in the Government suit for its dissoltion. His examination related chiefly to ore lands and prices at various periods.

Mr. Gayley said there was a Bessemer Ore Association in Cleveland in 1904, but would not admit that its purpose was to fix prices. He had attended two meetings after the Steel Corporation was organized and had frequently been consulted by the association by letter and telephone. His influence was exerted toward keeping up the price of ore. If the dealers in ore reduced the price, he said, pig iron would come down and so would the price of steel products.

In 1904 the members of the association were disturbed about conditions in the iron trade and wanted to reduce prices.

"We were against this," said Mr. Gayley, "and I told the members they were too pessimistic about the iron trade. However, they cut the price of ore from $5 to about $2.50 and this price continued for one season. The Steel Corporation was never a seller of ore, but was bent on conserving its ore supply for its own future needs. At a meeting of the association in 1904 the dealers held the bag open for the Steel Corporation to purchase 1,500,000 tons of ore. I told them they were practically giving the ore away and recommended that they adhere to the price of the year before. I thought $4 to $4.50 about right."

Plans of the Carnegie Steel Co., with which Mr. Gayley was connected before the Steel Corporation was formed, for extending its business into the fields of competitors, was next gone into. The Government contends that it was the threat of the Carnegie Co. to build a great tube plant at Conneaut that led the other manufacturers to join the corporation and buy Mr. Carnegie out at an inflated price.

Judge Dickinson, counsel for the Government, read from the minutes of the Carnegie Co. a discussion concerning an appropriation of $1,400,000 for the erection of a steel wire plant at Conneaut, which would have threatened the business of the American Steel & Wire Co. Mr. Gayley, who attended some meetings of the board as an alternate, remembered that the appropriation was made, but said not a dollar of it was ever expended.

"Mr. Carnegie," he explained, "was strongly in favor at that time of building the plant, but later in the year he changed his mind about it and it was dropped."

Judge Dickinson next asked about an agreement between the Carnegie, Cambria, Bethlehem and Illinois Steel Companies in 1898 for pooling the business in steel rails, backing up his inquiries with remarks of various Directors of the Carnegie Co. reported in the minutes which seemed to refer to such an arrangement. Mr. Gayley said he knew there were such arrangements, but did not know at what periods and could throw no light on their terms. He explained that this was a branch of the business with which he had nothing to do and his mind was on the ore business, of which he had entire charge, so that he did not retain in his memory any details of reports regarding rails made when he was a substitute Director. He had heard at these meetings, however, that the rail agreements extended from 1898 to 1900 inclusive, which was the period just before the formation of the Steel Corporation.

Still buttressed by the minutes, Judge Dickinson asked if the Carnegie Co. had not been disturbed by the absorption of the Lorain Steel Co. by the Illinois Steel Co. Mr. Gayley didn't think it was and Judge Dickinson showed him the minutes containing a letter from Andrew Carnegie saying that the situation resulting from this consolidation was regrettable.

"I can't say," commented Mr. Gayley, "what Mr. Carnegie may have had in his mind at that time."

The negotiations of the Steel Corporation for the Hill ore lands were taken up just before adjournment and Mr. Gayley will be examined further on them to-day.

MONEY TIGHT IN BERLIN.

Germany Bids 6 1-2 Here for Funds, April Settlement.

The stringency which exists in foreign money markets was emphasized yesterday through active bidding by German bankers for funds here and a sharp rise of foreign exchange rates to the highest quotation for demand stirling recorded in nearly two years. Cable messages from Berlin to international banking firms in the Wall Street district, offered as much as 6½ per cent. for loans running from March 10 to the end of April. This figure was two per cent. above the current rate for loans extending over the same period.

Germany has been seeking funds in this market for some time but at a considerably lower figure than was offered yesterday. No response was accorded to bids from Berlin on previous days of the week, as far as could be learned, and it was said at the banking houses most likely to be interested that only small amounts were engaged at 6½ per cent. yesterday. Bankers professed to be more interested in the course of Berlin exchange than in direct efforts to borrow from the German financial centre, for the quotation of sight drafts for marks had advanced to a point fractionally near the theoretical level calling for gold exports.

Berlin borrowed money in this market a year ago at a little less than 5 per cent. for the April settlement. Two years ago as much as 20 per cent. was offered for funds to run over a fortnight, the bid being made chiefly to banks in Berlin although American lenders in a position to take advantage of the offer were able to participate.

After the close of business in the financial district yesterday it was learned that an engagement of $2,000,000 in gold bars had been made at the Sub-Treasury for shipment to-day. The bankers behind the consignment were not announced or the destination of the consignment. The inference was drawn in quarters familiar with the trend of foreign monetary matters that the gold had been engaged for either Paris or Berlin account as exchange rates were not yet at a level to permit of profitable exports to London.

Demand drafts for stirling were quoted at 4.88, which is above the gold export point of recent years. The increase of insurance rates since the Titanic disaster has, however, forced the quotation higher than formerly demanded for ordinary transactions and it was estimated yesterday that stirling rates were still about three-quarters of a cent away from the shipping point.

BUYS AMALGAMATED NOTES.

City Bank Takes $12,500,000 to Replace Issue of 1911.

The National City Bank has bought $12,500,000 5 per cent. two-year notes issued by the Amalgamated Copper Company to replace a like amount sold in 1911 to provide funds for the purchase of United Metals Selling Company.

At the date of last report the Amalgamated Company had cash assets of $15,681,000, and it had been expected that the two-year notes would be retired at maturity on April 1. The Metals Selling Company was acquired for $241 a share and has proved a profitable subsidiary for the copper company.

Stock Exchange Seat $45,000.

The latest sale of a seat on the New York Stock Exchange has set a new low price for a period of thirteen years. For the membership of Max Ellinger, John C. Shipman is reported to have paid $45,000. In 1900 a seat sold for $31,000, and the price has since risen as high as $95,000, the top figure. The last previous sale was made at $48,000.

ELLIS ISLAND BOARD FINAL.

Court Will Not Interfere with Deportation of Feeble-Minded Woman.

Judge Lacombe upheld yesterday the right of the Board of Special Inquiry of Ellis Island to reach a final decision on the question of the admissibility of a feeble-minded person to this country. Blume Schleiter, a feeble-minded Austrian woman, was ordered recently to be deported and a writ of habeas corpus was sued out in her behalf.

Assistant United States District Attorney Boyle for the Government argued that the Board of Special Inquiry had full discretion in this matter, and the Court agreed with him. It denied the contention that the woman should have been produced in court, saying that the Immigration Act gave the Court no authority to enter on a personal inquiry in such cases. In the same way Judge Lacombe refused to consider a report of a physician, in which it was stated that in the doctor's opinion the immigrant was not feeble-minded.

"Since the official certificate is final," Judge Lacombe said, "the report cannot be considered."

WATCHERS ON STOCK TRADING

Committee with Power to Examine Dealings to be Named Next Week.

The amendment to the Constitution of the Stock Exchange providing for a Committee on Business Conduct was declared in effect yesterday, as it had been approved by the Governors on Feb. 25, and had not been voted down by the general membership prior to March 5. An affirmative vote in favor of an amendment is not required, and it takes effect unless a majority votes against it within a week.

The new committee is to exercise a rigid supervision over trading, and its establishment is expected to insure the enforcement of the rules recently adopted against manipulation and other improper practices. It is empowered to examine into the dealings of any members and to report to the Governing Committee, which has power to inflict punishment.

The five members of the committee will be chosen at the next meeting of the Governors on March 12.

PROTEST FROM THE SOUTH.

Does Not Want the Revised Roosevelt Bill Made a State Law.

The following letter has been sent to Assemblyman A. E. Smith and Senator R. F. Wagner at the New York State Capitol by the Southern Produce Company, in opposition to the revised Roosevelt bill relating to the sale of farm products in this State by commission merchants:

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Southern Produce Company, held on Feb. 27, 1913, the following resolution and petition was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the Southern Produce Company, composed of growers, farmers, and shippers in the counties around Norfolk, Va., cultivating many thousands of acres in truck crops, and shipping annually to Northern and Eastern markets many millions of packages, consisting of millions of barrels of spinach, kale, cabbage, potatoes, and cucumbers, and millions of baskets, boxes, and crates of other vegetables and truck crops, protest most vigorously against the bill introducted in the New York Legislature and known as the Roosevelt Commission Merchants' bill 1,027.

We believe that such a law would result most unfavorably to the growers outside of New York State; would compel our shippers to divert their produce to other markets for fear that the grading and inspecting provisions would work such hardship upon the growers and would entail upon them such losses, that, from considerations of self-protection, they would be forced to patronize, exclusively, markets outside of New York State. We believe that the provisions compelling sales to be made at auction would foster a special class of commission merchants and would prove a most grievous mistake. Long experience has shown us conclusively that our goods yield us the best prices when sold privately by our agents.

We believe, further, that if such a law is enacted, shipments, if made at all to New York State, would be irregular and uncertain, causing the market to be fluctuating and unreliable, so that the consumers of New York State would be unable to secure regularly at regular prices the truck products grown by our people.

We respectfully remind the members of the Legislature that truck crops are exceedingly perishable, and that, therefore, growers and shippers require quick, prompt sales and immediate returns. It is customary for the growers to know by breakfast time each day at what prices their produce has been sold on that day. Any rule or regulation which retards, delays, or in any way interferes with the speedy selling of perishable goods will necessarily be most disastrous to the truck growers and farmers. The growers and shippers keep in close touch with the commission merchants who handle their produce, holding frequent conferences with them in order that their produce may be handled most wisely and disposed of most advantageously.

Further, if the Legislature of New York should deem it wise to enact such a law, we earnestly urge them to exempt from its operations farm products grown outside of the State of New York.

The letters are signed Southern Produce Company, Henry Kirn, President, C. W. Coleman, Secretary and Treasurer.

A strong attack against the bill is being carried on by the New York Fruit and Produce Association and the local branch of the National League of Commission Merchants, the members of which assert that the new bill will soon go the way of the original measure.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—Orders March 1 relating to Capt. R. P. Rifenberick, Jr., retired, revoked.

Orders Feb. 25 amended to relieve Major R. A. Brown, General Staff, from duty in Washington, D. C., March 31, and to direct him to proceed to Fort Sam Houston, Texas, for duty as Chief of Staff, Southern Department.

Col. E. E. Dravo, Quartermaster Corps, retirement announced.

Second Lieut. T. M. R. Herron, Twenty-eighth Infantry, will join his regiment at Galveston, Texas.

Capt. B. Enochs, Nineteenth Infantry, and Capt. P. Clayton, Jr., Eleventh Cavalry, are detailed members of the General Staff Corps.

Major F. J. Koester, Twelfth Cavalry, detailed to Adjutant General's Department; Vice Major W. S. Scott, Adjutant General, relieved.

Orders March 3 relating to Capt. A. Cranston, Sixth Infantry, revoked.

The resignation of Capt. A. Cranston, Sixth Infantry, has been accepted.

Capt. R. E. McNally, transferred from Eighth to Seventh Cavalry.

Leaves: Capt. G. D. Heath, Jr., Medical Corps, three months.

The Navy.

Ensign J. M. Deem, detached the Wheeling, to the Castine.

Ensign F. R. Berg, detached the Castine, to the Wheeling.

Passed Assistant Surgeon J. B. Kaufman, to Atlantic Reserve fleet.

Gunner G. W. Irwin, detached Navy Yard, Philadelphia, March 28, to Naval Station, Guam.

Marine Corps.

Major J. H. Russell, detached command marine detachment, American Legation, Peking, to United States.

Capt. T. C. Turner, to Marine Barracks, Mare Island, upon arrival in United States.

Capt. J. McE. Huey, detached the Philippines, to the United States.

Second Lieut. S. N. Raynor, detached Marine Barracks, Mare Island, to the Philippines.

Second Lieut. S. B. Kennedy, to Marine Barracks, Mare Island, upon arrival in the United States.

Second Lieut. A. B. Miller, to Marine Barracks, Boston, Mass.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived.—Salem, at Gibraltar; Orion, at Guantanamo; Virginia, at Tampico; Caesar, at Boston.

Sailed.—Galveston, from Bremerton, for seven day cruise; Culgoa, from New York Yard, for Guantanamo; Nebraska, from Tampico, for Vera Cruz; Justin and Denver, from Acajutla, for Gulf of Fonseca; Tacoma, from Puerta Cortez, for Puerto Barrios.

The flag of the Commander of the Third Division, Atlantic fleet, has been transferred from the Nebraska to the Virginia.

Revenue Cutter Service.

First Lieut. E. Blake, preparatory orders to the Yamacraw, May 1.

First Lieut. H. D. Hinckley, preparatory orders to duty as Purchasing Officer, San Francisco, April 5.

First Lieut. B. L. Brockway, preparatory orders to the Itasca.

Second Lieut. C. H. Jones, preparatory orders to duty as Supervisor of Anchorages, Chicago, Ill.

Second Lieut. J. Pine, preparatory orders to the Seminole.

Third Lieut. T. S. Klinger, preparatory orders to the Mackinac.

Second Lieut. Engineer F. E. Bagger, preparatory orders to the Mackinac.

Capt. F. S. Van Boskerck, fifteen days leave.

First Lieut. J. Boedeker, ten days leave.

First Lieut. W. A. O'Malley, sick leave extended one month.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

LINEN PRICES HIGH.

Lower Tariff the Only Apparent Relief—Dress Linens Big.

Prices are high in the local linen market, and no immediate relief seems apparent at the moment. Business is reported good, but dealers are buying very moderately, hoping for a drop in prices when the new tariff schedule is made known. Yarns have been advancing steadily for about three years, due, it is said, to higher wages and increased cost of bleaching and dyeing abroad. Tow yarns have been kept down by the heavy sales of ramie linen suitings. Should these fall off, it is said there would be a drop in heavy ends. Crash materials are reported very high, and the market for them is nearly bare.

In dress linens colors tend toward blues, pinks, and browns. In many cases unions, or the combination of linen and coton, are used because of excessive prices charged for pure goods. A well-known dealer said yesterday that he believed a reduction of 35 per cent. ad valorem would be satisfactory to the trade and would go far toward lowering prices. There is little apparent hope held out for such a reduction, however.

NO MORE COLORED PEAS.

Imported Goods Will Be Entered in Natural State Next Season.

Opening prices have now been made on new-pack Belgian peas at about the same levels that prevailed at the opennig last year. To comply with the pure-food laws, all imported peas will be brought in next season free from artificial coloring. A big increase in the demand for them is expected by local sellers to result from the change.

Holland herrings are scarce in the local market. Arrivals have been small of late, and prices of stock in kegs have advanced about 5 cents. The quality of the Scotch herrings now offered here is far from satisfactory, and little business is being done in them as a result. Norway fat and Iceland herrings are practically out of the market. A few shipments of good quality sloe herrings have been received, but prices are high on them. Last week's shipments of Norwegian mackerel amounted to 1,682 barrels. Imported sardines are especially scarce here at the present time. Olive oil continues in active demand, and prices are firmly held.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Fancy Work Assessment Sustained—Celery Salt Is Not Sauce.

The Board of United States General Appraisers yesterday rejected protests against the classification under the Tariff act of 1909 of a wide variety of fancy goods from England, France, Switzerland, and Germany, consisting of fabrics of cotton, flax, and other vegetable fibres from which the threads were drawn, cut, or punched to produce openwork effects. Collector Loeb assessed all at 60 per cent. ad valorem under Paragraph 349 as drawnwork.

Campbell, Metzger & Jacobson and M. H. Frank & Co., the importers, alleged that as the goods had not been ornamented or embroidered in any manner they were excluded from Paragraph 349, and should have paid 45 per cent. ad valorem, either as manufactures of flax or of cotton; also that the punctuation of Paragraph 349 was faulty on account of the substitution of a semicolon for a comma or the insertion of the disjunctive conjunction "or" after the word "openwork."

The board sustained a contention by R. F. Lang on celery salt, taxed at 40 per cent. under the present law as sauce. The importer asked 20 per cent. ad valorem as an unenumerated manufactured article under Paragraph 480.

BUSINESS NOTES.

Announcement is made of the purchase of the business of Clark, Chapman & Bushnell, formerly wholesale grocers, at 295 Greenwich Street, by Austin, Nichols & Co., Incorporated, of this city. E. F. Bushnell will become an officer and Director of the purchasing company, into whose organization will also enter the other members of the first-named firm, its salesmen, and employes.

Braude Brothers, handkerchiefs, 474 Broadway, will take new quarters in the building at 33 Union Square about April 1.

Buyers for the Weisburger Company, proprietors of a new department store in Richmond, Va., are now in this market after various lines of merchandise.

Lewis & Bashlow, hosiery, now located at 60 Canal Street, will move about April 1 to 473 Broadway.

CONSULAR TRADE NOTES.

An English capitalist has been in the Philippines in quest of 25,000 to 30,000 acres for a cocoanut plantation, but as so large a tract was difficult to obtain, he is reported to have got 5,000 acres on the Island of Lapac. His company also plans the establishment of an oil mill, with a monthly capacity of 6,000,000 to 7,000,000 nuts, getting part of the supply from native growers.

Extensive improvements in connection with the Hongkong Gas Company's gas-producing plant will, in all probability, be taken in hand early in 1913 to meet the increasing demand for gas. The company is putting down some of the new Glover-West vertical retorts, which will be capable of producing 750,000 cubic feet of gas, whereas now the plant is producing a quarter of a million cubic feet.

Figures relative to the amount of mother-of-pearl buttons manufactured in the Kobe (Japan) Consular District are not available, but in 1911 there were 67,169 gross, worth $18,869, exported to the United States. In 1912 these shipments aggregated 137,663 gross, valued at $28,128.

Sewing machines were imported into the Straits Settlements during the calendar year 1911 to the value of $123,731, an increase of over 100 per cent. since 1908, when the total imports aggregated but $54,475. This is a striking example of the benefit of personal representation through manufacturers' agents.

The commercial failures in Argentina during last year amounted to $34,999,324, compared with $26,930,641 for the preceding year. Commercially, however, the situation was not considered unfavorable. The month of February led in the greatest amounts of failures, totaling $6,675,025, followed by March and April.

A large steel foundry was in course of construction at the end of 1912 at Zuydcoote, between Dunkirk, France, and the Belgian frontier. It is estimated that about 2,000 workmen will ultimately be employed in connection with this industry, which marks an interesting stage in the industrial development of Dunkirk.

Imports of merchandise into the British Isles reached $346,706,439 in January. There was a falling off in the value of the importations of food, drink, and tobacco, but an increase of $20,821,520, or 6.38 per cent., in imports generally.

SIDELIGHTS ON SELLING.

Flouncings, especially 45-inch goods, are the present leaders in the local embroidery market. There is a distinct leaning toward designs of a firmer and solider nature, with much blind work and rather large eyelets shown.

Medium-grade Balbriggan underwear is very scarce in this market at the moment. It is practically impossible to get deliveries in any sizeable quantities within the next two or three months.

While the call for staple and dress ginghams is said to be dropping off somewhat, there have been buyers in this market in the recent past who could not get the goods they wanted for immediate delivery.

Printcloth Trading Featureless.

There was little feature to yesterday's activities in the local print cloth market. A nice call was reported for fine yarn goods, however, and some sizeable sales were put through at recent prices. Heavy goods were fairly active, but a bit easier as to price. Buyers appeared to be unwilling to take print cloths to any great extent, but the market was quite firm. The day's quotations follow:

27-inch, 56-52s	3 1-16c	38½-inch, 64-60s	5¼c
27-inch, 56-56s	3¼c	38½-inch, 64-64s	5⅜c
27-inch, 64-60s	3 11-16c	39-inch, 68-72s	5¾c
28-inch, 64-60s	3⅞c	39-inch, 72-76s	6⅛c
28-inch, 64-64s	4c	39-inch, 80-80s	7¼c

Brown sheetings, Southern standard, 8c; brown sheetings, 4-yard, 56-60s, 6⅝c; twills, standard, 8@8½c; denims, 9-ounce, 14@17c; tickings, 8-ounce, 13½c; standard prints, 5½c, and standard staple ginghams, 6¼@6½c.

CHINESE SILKS FIRM.

Canton Market Active, with Shanghai Strongly Held—Local Buying Fair.

There has been an active demand for raw silks at Canton in the last week, both the American and European buyers wanting them. The advancing exchange is forcing buyers to hurry their operations, and some contracts have already been closed on first crop silks. Stocks there are light, and only about half of those reeled are suitable for American use. Shanghai is very firm, with steam filatures at prohibitive levels because of the high cost of cocoons. Tsatlees are in light supply and higher. The Yokohama market was quiet, but practically unchanged. The week's sales totaled 1,600 bales. Italian silks were strong at Milan under a good call from European consumers.

Business in the local market, though severely hampered by the trouble at Paterson, was of fair proportions so far as immediate delivery silks were concerned. There was some forward business done for delivery running well into the Summer. Higher prices are looked for soon as a result of conditions in the primary markets.

KNIT GOODS SELL WELL.

Hosiery Sales Heavy—Dealers Predict Shortage—Sweater Mills Sold Up.

No particular change has taken place in the local knit goods market of late. The Spring hosiery season is not yet far enough advanced for dealers to know their duplicates, although some fine-gauge goods are being picked up. Manufacturers expect to sell the full production of their mills without trouble, for, irrespective of tariff revision, operators are said to be buying heavily. A representative member of the trade said yesterday that many mills were sold up to June 1, and that there would probably be a shortage of desirable merchandise. Colors in men's hose tend toward black, tan, navy, lavender, gray, and wine. In women's the tendency is toward Nellrose, pink, and blue.

The underwear business is reported in a healthy condition, and sales of light union and athletic garments are very large. Sweater manufacturers also report excellent conditions, and it is said on good authority that the larger mills are entirely sold up for next Fall's deliveries. Good sales of Norfolk coats, jerseys, and jumbo stitch sweaters are reported, as well as more staple goods.

STEEL FOUNDRIES DO WELL.

Business Picked Up Last of the Year —Orders Very Large Now.

The American Steel Foundries Company reports gross sales for the year ended Dec. 31 of $14,319,000 and gross earnings from operations, after deducting manufacturing expenses, $1,588,000. The net income was $777,000, equivalent to 4.5 per cent. on the common stock.

President R. P. Lamont says that the pronounced business depression of 1911 continued well into the following year, but by midsummer noticeable improvement in the volume of orders became apparent. This improvement was not reflected in the company's earnings until two or three months later. At the present time the volume of orders in hand is, with one exception, the largest in the history of the company.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

BROADWAY AND 43D ST. BUILDING COMPANY.—A petition was filed yesterday against the Broadway and 43d St. Building Company of 1,482 Broadway, owner of the Fitzgerald Building, Times Square, on leased land, by these creditors: Andrew J. Cobe, $48,000; Simon Lederer, $4,340, and Gillen & Bardusch, $1,365. It was said that the liabilities exceed $1,500,000. Judge Hand of the United States District Court late yesterday appointed Jesse Watson receiver and fixed his bond at $15,000. The company is a New York corporation, incorporated on Sept. 29, 1909, with capital stock of $1,200,000, and Herbert T. Jennings is President. He got into trouble with the Federal authorities in connection with misapplication of funds of the Mount Vernon National Bank, of which he was President, and was sentenced in July to six years in the Federal Penitentiary at Atlanta, Ga. The company acquired a lease of the ground corner of Forty-third Street and Broadway from Mary A. Fitzgerald for twenty-one years, with renewals.

FRANCES FRASER, milliner, 23 East Forty-fifth Street, has filed a petition, with liabilities of $4,433 and assets of $1,014.

JOSEPH WEISBERGER, 740 Jennings Street, formerly a cigar manufacturer, has filed a petition, with liabilities of $10,113 and no assets. Among the creditors are the Northern Bank, $5,400, and the Metropolitan Tobacco Company, $2,300.

LEWIS HAASE, theatrical agent, 914 St. Nicholas Avenue, has filed a petition, with liabilities of $3,138 and no assets. Among the creditors are the Yorkville Bank, $503; Adam H. Schmidt, $475; Henry Cassidy, $500, and Margaret M. Slattery, $565.

ISIDOR REIMER, salesman, 233 East 112th Street, has filed a petition, with liabilities of $3,130 and no assets.

ADOLF BECKER, who was a cook in a prominent restaurant and resides at 508 West Thirty-fourth Street, has filed a petition, with liabilities of $701 and no assets.

E. & H. LEVY.—Schedules of E. & H. Levy, a corporation, importer of bristles and human hair, 194 Water Street, show liabilities $542,494 and assets $159,375. Among the creditors are G. Amsinck & Co., $313,067; Muller, Schall & Co., $42,809; Goldman, Sachs & Co., $30,599; Citizens' Central National Bank, $15,338; New York Life Insurance and Trust Company, $13,202; Importers and Traders' National Bank, $12,576; Market and Fulton National Bank, $7,416; Greenwich Bank, $3,350; Zimmerman & Forshay, $8,740; National Bank of Glens Falls, $9,489; Chicopee National Bank of Springfield, Mass., $5,626; Trust of Deposit Company of Onondaga, Syracuse, $5,006; Lechmere National Bank of Cambridge, Mass., $4,611; National City Bank of Lynn, $3,063; Union Trust Company of Providence, $2,972; Drexel & Co. of Philadelphia, $4,890, and Gebruder Felsenstein of Furth, Bavaria, $24,583. The schedules were filed before adjudication in order to put through a composition Judge Hand authorized James N. Rosenberg, the receiver, yesterday to continue the business for thirty days.

RENARD COMPANY.—Schedules of the Renard Company, dealer in cloaks, suits, and millinery at 16 West Twenty-third Street, show liabilities of $219,402 and assets of $182,404. There are about 450 creditors, among whom are Abraham E. Lefcourt, $60,149; A. E. Lefcourt & Co., $8,029; Garfield National Bank, $36,527; Century Bank, $9,382; James M. McCutcheon & Co., $4,277, and Harry Wadler, $2,886.

SOLOMON KRUG.—Schedules of Solomon Krug, doing business as the Peerless Gas Appliance Company, 144 East Houston Street, show liabilities of $10,789, and assets of $6,934.

SAMUEL J. McKINLEY.—Schedules of Samuel J. McKinley, dealer in trunks, 158 West Thirty-fourth Street, show liabilities of $7,801 and assets of $1,662.

NATHAN MISEL.—Schedules of Nathan Misel, manufacturer of ostrich feathers, 28 East Tenth Street, show liabilities of $22,106 and assets of $30,000.

HENNEBIQUE CONSTRUCTION COMPANY.—Judge Hand has authorized Howard O. Weaver, receiver of the Hennebique Construction Company of 1,170 Broadway, to continue business for twenty days. There are several uncompleted contracts on hand, one of which is at the Portsmouth Navy Yard in Virginia for the United States Government. The liabilities are $187,000 and assets $180,000.

MAY-MICHAELSON NOVELTY COMPANY.—Judge Hand has appointed Jesse A. Levinson receiver for the May-Michaelson Novelty Company, manufacturer of umbrella handles, 407 Broome Street, in place of Israel P. May, who was appointed receiver on March 1.

JUDGMENTS ENTERED.

The following judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Abramowitz, Morris—B. Ginsburg et al., $116.
Auswaks, Max—M. Lenkowsky, $221.
Auerbach, Herbert T.—L. C. Dexter, $524.
Borden, Glentworth D.—S. H. Rosenblatt, $1,534.
Braveman, Isidor—Ethelia Realty Co., $227.
Bion, Nathan, and Isidor G. Schor—A. Geller, $116.
Bini, Fiero C.—Ludwig Baumann & Co., 128.
Colucci, Dominick, guardian—W. W. Dickey, costs, $114.
Cadwalader, Ellsworth M.—L. C. Beardsley, $115.
Cohen, David and Samuel—J. Fitzgerald, $231.
Dincin, Phillip—G. F. Keim, $112.
Dittrich, Louise—W. J. Davidson, $272.
Edick, Samuel D., Frederick W. or Frank W. Barker—National Bank of New York, $247.
Edelstein, Harry—J. Greenstein, $500.
Ferris, James F.—J. B. Harrison and others, $6,891.
Freeland, William—C. Vetrano, $1,046.
Foye, Andrew E.—O. B. Thomas, $220.
Finley, Emily C.—H. Kraft, $104.
Farinella, Arthur—M. L. Herzog, $201.
Clauser, Fred—Rohe Brother, $125.
Gordon, Abraham and Samuel—R. S. Anner, $1,627.
Graham, James—George I. Wilson & Son, $204.
Goebeler, John F.—Nicols Gas Fixture Manufacturing Co., $192.
Greenblatt, Nathan N., and Greenblatt Co.—A. Riccardi and others, $221.
Holbert, John H., and Henry H. Brodhead—J. J. Cunneen, $661.
Ilkowitz, Harry and Herman—Sonn Brothers Co., $218.
Jackson, William S.—National Nassau Bank of New York, $2,235.
Jackson, Walter M.—United Merchants' Realty and Improvement Co., $401.
Joline, Adrian N., and Douglas Robinson, Receivers—G. M. Russell, $7,500.
Johnson, Abraham, and Jeremiah M. Certain—M. Blackwell, $135.
Kinslinger, Nathan—E. N. Stone, $176.
Kuroski, Lina S.—R. H. Morrison, $102.
Kolb, Henry—Park & Tilford, $216.
Knight, John—Rhode Island Hospital Trust Co., $5,450.
Lovittan, Nathan W.—A. Thomas, $127.
Levey, Robert E.—"Wetzel," $359.
Murray, Joseph J.—O'Neill-Adams Co., $142.
McKeever, Samuel—Noonan & Price Co., $294.
O'Connor, John—J. C. Barry et al., $274.
O Neill, Patrick—M. E. Francis, $218.
Poor, Henry W.—H. Willets, $270.
Pincus, Robert—W. Simon, $860.
Petersen, Laura and Gus—A. Herzlich, $334.
Pigueron, George H.—New York Edison Co., $1,917.
Richman, Lizzie, Simon Born, and Wolf Baratz—D. Frankel, $192.
Same—H. Golding, $191.
Rizzo, Santink—A. Grieco, $1,435.
Rizo, Domenico—Same, $1,485.
Rozner, Isaac—A. Cohen, $295.
Rice, Henry—E. Emmerich, $375.
Sieber, Henry J.—C. Muller, $316.
Stroefer, August J.—R. Koenigsberg, $972.
Schor, Isidor G., and Nathan Bien—A. Geller, $116.
Sherman, John S.—Fidelity and Deposit Co. of Maryland, $1,847.
Strumwasser, Herman, and Samuel Klein—S. Hammer, $234.
Schick, Aaron—E. M. Grote, costs, $103.
Stern, Amelia—B. McCaffery, $400.
Schreiner, John R.—H. G. Vetterlein et al., costs, $650.
Toechterle, Roman and Agnes—G. Moore, $459.
Trahan, Mitchell A.—R. Fixel, $279.
Vial, Edw. C.—L. Lasker, $162.
Wright, Wm. H. P. & Mason I. Doyle—Motor Boat Pub. Co., $135.
Wasserman, Michael—H. Guttenberg, $169.
Woitz, Simon—M. Lenkowitz, $164.
Wendel, John G.—Foundation Co., costs, $131.
Wiley, Herbert—Geo. N. Loeffler Land & Improvement Co., $169.
Foote-Ehrbar-Willcox Co.—General Electric Co., $674.
R. & S. Outfitting Co.—M. Gross, $245.
Warwick Realty & Construction Co.—Empire City Savings Bank, $9,915.
United States Fidelity & Guaranty Co.—C. W. Throckmorton, $1,427.
Mondschein & Co.—L. Reiss, $332.
Clemens Construction Co. & Richardson Coleman—Colwell Lead Co., $727.
Medical Appliances Co.—Tyer Rubber Co., $307.
L. Wolina Contracting Co.—G. M. Krakower, $215.
Cruice, Keelan & Co.—M. Shersin, $16,132.
Highwood Realty & Construction Co.—N. Y. Edison Co., $1,112.
Union Poultry Co.—J. N. Norris, Jr., $726.
Granite Spring Water Co.—J. C. Clark et al., $698.
Silverson Construction Co., Abraham Silverson and Rebecca Silverson—S. Wechsler, $15,841.
Fifty-fifth Street Co.—C. Berger, $3,152.
William & Warren, Inc.—L. Greenberg, $380.
Montaon Realty Investing Corp.—J. F. Schmadeke, $1,085.

JUDGMENTS SATISFIED.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and the date that when judgment was filed:

Blossom Heath Inn—T. D. Healy, Feb. 7, 1913, $1,313.
Dowd, Willis B.—Mfrs'. Commercial Co., Jan. 15, 1913, $107.
Gollick & Smith—Chelsea Exchange Bank, Feb. 20, 1913, $110.
Findlay, James A. D. S.—Robinson Clay Product Co. of N. Y., Jan. 29, 1913, $144.
Harriman, Mary—L. Burghardt et al., March 5, 1913, $2,455.
Korman, Jacob—Bronx Borough Bank, Aug. 19, 1909, $864.
Murphy, Joseph P.—G. F. West, Dec. 11, 1912, $116.
Ray Holding Co.—M. Arnstein, Jan. 29, 1913, $185.
Sawyer, Alphonzo R., and Ella M.—Standard Fashion Co., Jan. 15, 1913, $141.
Wendel, John G.—Foundation Co., Dec. 9, 1910, $143.
Long, Edw. H.—S. J. Cohn, Aug. 6, 1908, (canceled), $808.
Third Av. R. R. Co.—D. McGinness, Oct. 28, 1904, (reversed), $1,394.
Wolper, Max—A. Fishman, April 7, 1910, $1,481.
Schwartz, Samuel—Meyer & Lange, Oct. 25, 1912, $236.
T. L. Smith Co.—E. B. Kelley, March 4, 1913, $1,175.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

New York.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 6.—These companies were incorporated by the Secretary of State to-day:

American Cataract Power Company, Incorporated, of Buffalo, realty and electrical equipment; $1,000,000. Howard A. Forman, George R. Teller, and Henry R. Hoffeld, all of Buffalo.

L. H. Keller Company, Incorporated, of Manhattan, mining, oil, and gas; $50,000. Lee H. Keller, Joseph C. Keller, and Maurice Renard, 162 West Fifty-fourth Street, New York.

Scully Stone Company, Incorporated, of Cornwall, quarrying stone; $60,000. William Scully, Leo F. Scully, and Francis L. Scully, all of 565 Fifth Avenue, Brooklyn.

St. James Building, Incorporated, of Manhattan, realty and construction; $250,000. Alfred J. Wolff, Morris Schneider, and Abner B. Stupel, 68 East Ninety-sixth Street, New York.

L. Prager, Incorporated, of Manhattan, artificial flowers; $200,000. Lina Weber, Charles F. Weber, and Henry M. Wise, 40 Exchange Place, New York.

American Clay and Cement Corporation, of Rochester, construction and realty; $100,000. George W. Aldridge, Charles T. Chapin, and John E. Maher, 65 Seneca Parkway, Rochester.

Chautauqua Panel and Veneer Company, Incorporated, of Jamestown, panels, tops, veneers, &c.; $125,000. Antone J. Zitter, Joseph A. Zitter, and Alonzo G. Zitter, all of Jamestown.

A. Tepel, Incorporated, of Manhattan, general merchandise; $100,000. Otilie Tepel, Gustav Vonderheyde, and Herman John, all of 30 Ferry Street, New York.

Snows Fountains, Incorporated, of Manhattan, beverages, syrups, ice cream, &c.; $75,000. Lyttleton Fox, Ernest Rhea Early, and Thomas Bardon, Jr., all of 2 Rector Street, New York.

J. L. Phelps Wall Paper and Paint Company, Incorporated, of Rochester, paints, leads, zinc, colors, &c.; $50,000. Judson L. Phelps, Annie Phelps, and Raymond Devisser, all of Rochester.

Brady Murray Motors Corporation, of Manhattan, motors, trucks, cars, and autos; $55,000. Arthur T. Murray, Samuel L. Marcus, and Charles Wein, 30 Broad Streeet, New York.

Strong, Dash & Henry Company, Incorporated, of Rochester, leather beltings and leather merchandise; $30,000. Homer Strong, Charles H. Strong, and George J. Dash, all of Rochester.

Werba-Leuscher Opera Company, Incorporated, of Manhattan, to cultivate taste for music, literature, and arts; $40,000. Mark A. Luescher, Louis F. Werba, and Henry J. Goldsmith, 272 West Ninetieth Street, New York.

Illustrated Supplement Company, Incorporated, of Syracuse, publishing and printing; $30,000. Ira A. Million, Charles D. Jacobs, and Innes Henry, Syracuse.

Kells Mill and Lumber Company, Incorporated, of Brooklyn, lumber mills; $30,000. Daniel J. Leary, William C. Reid, and Charles D. Kells, Bay side, L. I.

Joseph Mansour Company, Incorporated, of Niagara Falls, department store; $20,000. Joseph Mansour, Fereda Faddoul Mansour, and Della G. Mansour, all of Niagara Falls.

Wade Button Works, Incorporated, of Manhattan; $15,000. Julian G. Roberts, Lloyd N. Scott, and Edward C. Gossman, all of 63 Wall Street, New York.

Arlington Costume Company, Incorporated, of Manhattan, costumes and wearing apparel; $10,000. Paul Arlington, Robert Corin, and G. Howard Sleator, 122 West Ninety-ninth Street, New York.

Twenty-third Street Veterinary Hospital, Incorporated, of Manhattan; $10,000. Albert Flower, Julian Heath, and Morris J. Parvin, 928 Tiffany Street, Bronx.

Briar Creek Creamery Company, Incorporated, of Walton, diary products; $15,000. Henry W. Ritz, George Poller, and Fred E. Taber, Otego.

A. Goldschmidt & Son Company, Incorporated, of Manhattan, furs, hides, and skins; $10,000. Aaron Goldschmidt, Benjamin Goldschmidt, and Benjamin Panker, 1,705 Bath Gate Avenue, Bronx.

William Newman, Incorporated, of Manhattan, equally divided leaded dress weight tape; $20,000. Ostinelli F. Page, Bella Newman, and William Newman, 601 West 177th Street, New York.

Claremont Silk Mills, Incorporated, of the Bronx; $10,000. William Zarske, Nathan Hammer, and Peter Menaker, 9 East 101st Street, New York.

Monroe Milling Company, Incorporated, of Monroe, grain, feed, and flour; $25,000. Van B. Pruyn, Laura W. Pruyn, and Irving L. Pruyn, Monroe.

Illustrators Engraving Company, Incorporated, of Manhattan; $30,000. Harry E. Meyn, John J. Curtin, and Winfield S. Palmer, 54 Bainbridge Street, Brooklyn.

S. & G. Clothing Company, Incorporated, of Manhattan, wearing apparel; $25,000. Mortimer Schlestein, William C. Lilleholm, and Arthur C. Levy, 12 West Ninety-second Street, New York.

Fred C. Thoma, Incorporated, of Manhattan, lumber; $15,000. Fred C. Thoma, Marie Thoma, and Babette Moller, 2,015 Concourse, Bronx.

These foreign corporations have been authorized to do business in New York:

Splitdorf Electrical Company, of New York, of Newark, N. J., manufacture and combination machinery; $25,000. Oscar J. Rhode, 18 West Sixty-third Street, New York.

Weydig Henkelman Piano Manufacturing Company, of Weehawken, N. J.; $30,000. George Henkelman, 402 West Fourteenth Street, New York.

Overman Tire Company, of Wilmington, Del., tires for autos; $3,000,000. Charles D. Shrady, 250 West Fifty-fourth Street, Manhattan.

General Film Producing Company, Incorporated, of Wilmington, Del.; $150,000. Nathaniel D. Josephs, Knickerbocker Building, 1,402 Broadway, New York.

ELIZABETH OPPOSES GRADE CROSSINGS

Other Doings of the Road Near New York—High Motor-Car Fees in Germany.

Some of the doings of the road in the vicinity of New York are reported by the touring department of the Automobile Club of America, now that Spring is in the air, if not altogether in the thermometer. Thus the word comes from Elizabeth, N. J., that the City Fathers of that municipality have taken action with a view to the elimination of all grade crossings, as a result of a communication from Orange, asking co-operation in the effort to obtain favorable legislation in this regard. Elizabeth proposes doing away with the crossings at the expense of the railroad. From a different part of the Metropolitan district, in its wide sense, comes the warning that speed laws had best be observed with some care on the new Queens Boulevard, between New York and Jamaica. There is a stretch of about eight miles of excellent road on this route which lures the man behind the wheel into a competition with his speedometer. There have been several arrests along this stretch of late, however, and the motorist is warned to stand upon the order of his going.

Another warning of a different kind concerns a stretch of the Old Boston Post Road, which begins just before entering Rye. This bit of highway is in bad condition, and automobilists are advised, if they seek points beyond Greenwich, Conn., to make the run by way of Yonkers, Dobbs Ferry, and White Plains, and then to Greenwich, connecting with the Post Road at that place. A fine and interesting section also up Westchester way, even before the leaves are out, is that near the Kensico Reservoir, the construction work of which gives a good objective. The State roads are in fine condition.

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There is said to have been no little patrolling of Broadway by motor-cycle "cops" after 1 o'clock in the morning of late, with the result of a number of arrests for violation of the speed law. An accession of zeal against early morning joy riding along the Great White Way is indicated.

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In England, it seems they impose severe penalties not only on drivers of motor cars who are intoxicated, but on persons who take charge of any type of vehicle while intoxicated. Recently Mr. Hedderwick, a North London Magistrate, has passed a number of sentences of imprisonment on men who have been found drunk in charge of horses and vehicles. In one case a Kentish Town carman was sentenced to twenty-one days in jail for this offense.

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If the automobilists who protest at the rate of license fees which prevails in this State could be transported to Germany they would find that they had "jumped out of the frying pan into the fire." According to information which the National Highways Protective Society has just obtained, the fees for motor cars in the Kaiser's realm are as follows:

Cars of less than 24 H. P.	$8.70 a year
Cars between 24 and 35 H. P.	40.46 a year
Cars of more than 35 H. P.	107.10 a year

The rate of liability insurance premiums on automobiles is also based, in Germany, on the horse power. For a twenty-eight house-power car, which would be perhaps a little under the average American machine, the premium is $52.36 annually. It can be seen from these figures that although the owner of the little car gets off lightly enough in the empire, he who has a powerful machine must pay a rate far in excess of that contemplated here.

Arrival of Buyers

Arriving buyers may register in this column, by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Gladding, B. H., D. G. Co., Providence, R. I.; J. Cannall, domestics; 200 5th Av.; Murray Hill.
New York Jobbing House, Birmingham, Ala.; L. Gordon, dry goods, notions; Broadway Central.
Trorlicht-Duncker Carpet Co., St. Louis, Mo.; J. H. Schogeman, carpets; Grand.
Plodgett, Ordway & Webber, Boston, Mass.; J. W. Pink, prints; L. F. Besse, dress goods; Murray Hill.
Schuster, E., Co., Milwaukee, Wis.; H. S. Rosendale, notions, jewelry; 116 W. 32d.
Dimond, L., & Sons, Providence, R. I.; J. F. Goodwin, notions, jewelry; 116 W. 32d.
Crowley, Milner Co., Detroit, Mich.; F. M. Magee, rugs, upholstery goods; 20 W. 22d.
Kaufman, C. A., Co., New Orleans, La.; C. A. Kaufman, domestics, dress goods, silks, laces; C. M. Kaufman, furn. goods; 258 Church.
Rothschild & Co., Chicago, Ill.; Miss E. Brennan, china, cut glass, crockery; 215 4th Av.
Filene's, Wm., Sons Co., Boston, Mass.; Mrs. Phillips, costumes; 116 W. 32d.
Lindenthal, H. M., & Son, Chicago, Ill.; H. M. Lindenthal, clothing; 941 Broadway.
Burkhardt Bros. Co., Cincinnati, Ohio; R. A. Otto, furn. goods; 200 5th Av.
Burnham, Stoepel & Co., Detroit, Mich.; J. Oxnard, notions, white goods; 43 Leonard.
Zollinger, W. R., & Co., Canton, Ohio; W. P. Carey, domestics; 1,270 Broadway.
Brener, M., & Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.; M. Brener, clothing, furnishing goods; Broadway Central.
Loftus Bros., Los Angeles, Cal.; F. L. Loftus, rugs; Hoffman House.
Bradshaw Bros., Minneapolis, Minn.; F. W. Bradshaw, millinery; 621 Broadway.
Hudmon Co., Opelika, Ala.; W. E. Hudmon, carpets; Herald Square.
Jordan, Marsh Co., Boston, Mass.; Miss K. J. Sutton, buttons; 31 Union Square.
White, J. B., & Co., Augusta, Ga.; R. B. Smith, toys, pictures, leather goods; 214 Church.
Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co., Rochester, N. Y.; D. A. Williams, ribbons; 454 Broome.
Barnard, Sumner & Putnam Co., Worcester, Mass.; C. Heller, cloaks, suits, waists; 75 Spring.
Wanamaker, John, Philadelphia, Penn.; Miss R. M. Cole, millinery; Broadway and 10th.
Lipman, Wolfe, & Co., Portland, Ore.; M. H. Lamond, domestics, wash goods; 100 5th Av.
Weleck, C. F., & Co., St. Louis, Mo.; C. F. Weleck, notions, linens, laces, ribbons; Grand.
Horne, J., Co., Pittsburgh, Penn.; Mrs. J. C. Nichols, millinery; 1,270 Bwy.; Victoria.
Siegel, Cooper & Co., Chicago, Ill.; C. Metz, furn. goods, hosiery, underwear; 6th Av. and 20th.
Pollard, A. G., Co., Lowell, Mass.; A. G. Pollard, dry goods; Holland House.
Hochschild, Kohn, & Co., Baltimore, Md.; H. J. Rohr, millinery; Miss Nelson, millinery; 220 5th Av.
Hartford Carpet Co., Boston, Mass.; W. D. Marshall, carpets, 41 Union Square; Hoffman House.
Gutman, Joel & Co., Baltimore, Md.; Miss F. Reese, dress goods, silks; Miss Nelson, corsets; Miss Livrio, representing; 200 5th Av.
Hager & Bro., Lancaster, Penn.; E. E. Snyder, clothing; 55 White.
Hirschler, E. & M., Norfolk, Va.; M. Hirschler, hosiery, underwear; 377 Broadway.
Capron, J. S., Utica, N. Y., linens, white goods; Navarre.
Deahy Bros., Pawtucket, R. I.; D. P. Deahy, cloaks, suits, waists; W. B. Cassavant, dry goods; Navarre.
Rothschild, David, & Co., Columbus, Ga.; C. P. Mooty, laces, waists, notions, furnishing goods; 43 Leonard; York.
Farley, Harvey & Co., Boston, Mass.; W. T. Farley, prints, ginghams; 87 Leonard.
Root & McBride Co., Cleveland, Ohio; F. H. Theis, dress goods, silks; 72 Leonard.
Kaufmann Bros., Pittsburgh, Penn.; M. M. Dunn, dress goods, silks; 200 5th Av.; Collingwood.
Conrad & Co., Boston, Mass.; Miss E. Boas, dresses; 15 East 26th.
Wise, Smith & Co., Hartford, Conn.; C. Durant, clothing, hats; 116 West 32d.; Navarre.
Goldenberg, M., Washington, D. C.; D. L. Frank, suits; 15 West 26th.
Groff, D. B., Lancaster, Penn.; clothing, furn. goods; Herald Square.
Fowler, Dick & Walker, Wilkesbarre, Penn.; M. Burnside, dress goods, silks, laces; 104 5th Av.
Lasky, J., Parkersburg, West Va.; dry goods; Imperial.
Blanchard, Young & Co., Providence, R. I.; C. W. Young, men's neckwear, umbrellas; Wellington.

AUCTION SALES.

A Wonderful Collection
of
OIL PAINTINGS, BRONZES,
CURIOS, ANTIQUES, CLOCKS,
WORKS OF ART, DIAMONDS,
GOLD JEWELRY, SILVERWARE,
the property of
JOHN S. TOWNSEND, Esq.,
of Chicago, Ill.,
will be sold at public auction by
CHARLES SHONGOOD, AUCTIONEER,
Beginning Monday, March 10, 1913,
at 10:30 A. M., at his Salesrooms,
539-541 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
THE STOCK WILL BE SOLD
IN SINGLE LOTS TO THE
HIGHEST BIDDER ABSOLUTELY WITHOUT RESERVE.

Mr. Townsend has long been known as an art connoisseur of the finest type, and the present collection bears witness to his admirable taste, patience, and appreciation of art values. Seldom has such a collection been gathered together, and only once in a lifetime is such a collection offered for sale at auction.

The stock embraces several original oil paintings by Califano, Dagastine, De Maria, Uva, Battista, Salantin, Epps; a valuable painting by Sparr, which took first prize at the Paris Exposition, and a fine old master of the Titian school, the "Awakening of Venus and Cupid."

There is a large collection of jewelry, both modern and antique; old snuff boxes and reliques, brooches and pendants, diamonds and pearls of perfect quality, set with other stones in articles of the finest jewelry.

The largest part of the stock is made up of a collection of curios and works of art in ebony, ivory, and bronze, statuettes hundreds of years old, and old articles of furniture, such as mirrors, candlesticks, vases, and clocks. With them is a collection of furnishings of more practical value, embracing a stock of furniture, china, and silverware.

The goods will be on exhibition for two days—Friday and Saturday, March 7 and 8, 1913, from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M.

500 RAINCOATS, GENTS' AND LADIES', TO CLOSE OUT; REASONABLE OFFERS WILL NOT BE REFUSED; ALSO WILL SELL IN SMALL LOTS. RUSSAKOW & DELROFF, 153 WEST 15TH ST.

SALESMEN WANTED.—Good live men, one covering New York State, Pennsylvania; also men to cover Eastern and Western tier, calling on furnishing and department stores; to carry a good side line; commission basis. X 97 Times.

COMMISSION SALESMAN of repute to handle representative misses' and junior coat and suit line on coast in conjunction with other reputable lines for Fall. Address Standard, P 175 Times.

BIG BUYER of dresses open for a good line of linens, lingeries, ratines, and wash silk dresses. Box R 36 Times.

Bankruptcy Sales

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In the matter of HASSETT & DARRAGH, Bankrupts.

Pursuant to an order of this court the undersigned, receiver of the above-named bankrupts, offers for sale the property, assets, and effects of said estate. The property to be sold consists of boxmaking machinery, cardboard, paper, trimmings, &c., fixtures, and safe, and may be inspected at Number 500 West 23d Street, in the City of New York, on the 7th, 8th, 10th, and 11th days of March, 1913, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

The said property will be sold at public auction by Charles Shongood, Auctioneer, at the above premises, in the City of New York, on the 12th day of March, 1913, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of said day.

Dated March 5th, 1913.

BERNARD J. MacCORRY, Receiver.
EVERETT, CLARKE & BENEDICT, Attorneys for Receiver, 37 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of NATHAN MISEL, Bankrupt.

Pursuant to an order of this Court, Mr. Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer, will sell on Wednesday, March 12th, 1913, at 2 P. M., at the premises of the above named bankrupt, 28 East 10th Street, Manhattan Borough, New York City, the property, assets, and effects of the above bankrupt, consisting of ostrich feathers, ostrich plumes, willow plumes, willow bodies, maraboas, maraboa muffs, raw ostrich feathers, raw maraboa, raw dyed maraboa, machines, dye shop, fixtures, tables, desks, shelving, &c.

The property may be inspected upon the premises, 28 East 10th Street, Manhattan Borough, New York City, on the 10th and 11th days of March, 1913, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

EDWARD L. PATTERSON, Receiver.
JOSEPH SAPINSKY, Attorney for Receiver, 35 Nassau Street, New York City.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In the matter of COLYER & COMPANY, Bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—No. 17,710.

Notice is hereby given that personal property belonging to the bankrupt, consisting of a large stock of jewelry, also fixtures, including two large jewelers' safes, counters, tables, desks, chairs, etc., will be sold by Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer, at the bankrupt's place of business, No. 200 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 14th day of March, 1913, at 10:30 A. M.

The aforesaid property will be open for inspection on the 12th and 13th days of March, 1913, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

Dated New York, March 7th, 1913.

IRVING L. ERNST, Receiver.
CHARLES L. GREENHALL, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LOTHAIR FRANKL and WILLIAM STEINHACKER, individually and doing business as FRANKL & STEINHACKER, Bankrupts.—Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Thursday, March 13, 1913, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 37 West 28th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupts, consisting of raw skins, general line of very fine furs, coats, scarfs, muffs, boas, safe, fixtures, &c. Inspection March 11 and 12, between 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

ARTHUR C. BLAGDEN, Receiver.
JOSEPH LICHTENBERG, Attorney for Receiver, 299 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York. —In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of GEORGE VASSAR'S SON & CO., Bankrupts.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Friday, March 7th, 1913, by order of the Court, at 2 P. M., at 1,170 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupts, consisting of office furniture, safes, office fixtures, also building contractor's tools and apparatus, wheelbarrows, which may be inspected any day before the sale at 654-656 W. 187th St., and at W. 190th St., 100 ft. W. of St. Nicholas Ave., south side.

HARRY A. CUSHING, Receiver.
WHITE & CASE, Attorneys for Receiver, 14 Wall St., New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York. —In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ABRAHAM S. CAHN, SAMUEL J. HARRIS, and JULIUS WERNER, individually and as copartners trading as CAHN, HARRIS & WERNER, Bankrupts.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Thursday, March 13th, 1913, by order of the court, at 2 P. M., at 158-160 West 29th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupts, consisting of piece goods, trimmings, braids, machines, safe, office furniture and fixtures, &c. Inspection March 11 and 12, between 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

WILLIAM HENKEL, Jr., Receiver.
SOLOMON S. LEFF, Attorney for Receiver, 302 Broadway, New York.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, EASTern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of THE STAR BRASS AND IRON BED CO., bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that real estate and personal property and the good-will of above-named bankrupt will be sold at public auction, subject to confirmation by the court, on Monday, March 10 at 10:30 o'clock, at 13 Montauk Av., Brooklyn. The property consists of iron and brass beds, material, iron, machinery, office furniture, horses, mules, trucks, &c. The real estate consists of the land and buildings known as 13 to 19 Montauk Av., plot, 75x100, also adjoining plot, 100x100 feet, on Milford St.

ROBERT F. RANDALL, Trustee.
J. W. & W. H. REED, Auctioneers.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York. —In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of J. H. SIMMONS PUBLISHING CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Friday, March 7, 1913, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 130 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of machinery, office furniture and fixtures, The Simmons Magazine, together with its name, copyrights, manuscripts and subscription lists and outstanding accounts.

JOHN L. LYTTLE, Receiver.
JULIUS H. REITER, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York. —In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HARRY DREESBOLD, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Friday, March 7th, 1913, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 390 Canal St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of woolen rags, remnants, clippings, baling machine, safe, fixtures, &c.

JAMES D. BOYD, Receiver.
HENRY H. SILVER, Attorney for Receiver, 291 Broadway, New York.

Bankruptcy Notices

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York —In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of BENJAMIN POLANSKY and ISIKI POLANSKY and the firm of POLANSKY BROS., Bankrupts.—No. 17,828.

To the creditors of Benjamin Polansky and Isiki Polansky and the firm of Polansky Bros., of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that on the 27th day of February, A. D. 1913, the said Benjamin Polansky and Isiki Polansky were duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 71 Broadway, City and County of New York, N. Y., on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1913, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated March 5, 1913.

STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy. — In the matter of EDWARD ROTH, Alleged Bankrupt.

To the creditors of the above-named alleged bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that Edward Roth, alleged bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated March 3d, 1913, praying that the composition heretofore offered by him to his creditors and accepted in writing by a majority in number of creditors whose claims have been allowed and filed, which number represents a majority in amount of such claims, may be confirmed by the court at the hearing upon said petition before the United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, March 17th, 1913, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the alleged bankrupt thereon.

PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

Dated New York, March 6th, 1913.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, March 6. — The Western storm has continued its eastward movements, increasing at the same time in intensity. The centre is now off the New England Coast and the area of precipitation during Thursday covered the Southern Lake region, Ohio Valley, and the North and Middle Atlantic States. Strong gales have accompanied a maximum wind of 68 miles per hour being reported at New York City.

A cold wave has extended rapidly in the rear, affecting the entire country east of the Mississippi, although in the Northwest temperatures are moderating rapidly.

Generally fair weather will prevail in the East Friday and the greater portion of Saturday with the cold moderating on Saturday. The temperatures will moderate in interior sections Friday and some snow is indicated again for the Upper Mississippi and rain in the West Gulf regions.

The weather in other portions of the country east of the Rocky Mountains will be partly overcast but no precipitation of importance is indicated.

Winds along the New England Coast will be a northwest gale, diminishing; Middle Atlantic Coast, moderate northwest, becoming light and variable; South Atlantic Coast, moderate north, becoming light and variable.

Steamships departing Friday for European ports will have moderate to brisk northwest winds with generally fair weather to the Grand Banks.

FORECASTS FOR TO-DAY AND SATURDAY.

Eastern New York, New Jersey, and Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair Friday. Saturday increasing cloudiness and warmer; moderate northwest winds, becoming variable.

Southern New England—Fair Friday, with colder east portion. Saturday increasing cloudiness and warmer; high northwest winds, diminishing.

Western New York—Fair and warmer Friday. Saturday increasing cloudiness and warmer; light variable winds.

Northern New England—Fair Friday and Saturday; colder Friday; rising temperature Saturday; northwest gale, diminishing.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1912.	1913.		1912.	1913.
3 A. M.	22	37	4 P. M.	31	36
6 A. M.	24	37	6 P. M.	30	28
9 A. M.	26	38	9 P. M.	29	23
12 M	30	42	11 P. M.	30	20

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 32; for the corresponding date last year it was 26; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 34.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 39; at 8 P. M. it was 35. Maximum temperature, 44 degrees at 1 P. M.; minimum, 20 degrees at 10:15 P. M. Humidity, 94 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 34 per cent at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 29.59 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.82 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M. Loss.
12:15—1,649 Amsterdam Av.; Isaac Lobowitz. Trifling
2:45—353 W. 38th St.; Eguato Peitch.....$100
6:50—8 Mitchell Place; Louis Wolf..Trifling
10:00—57 E. 97th St.; Marie Forkosh..Trifling
10:45—237 and 239 Eldridge St.; M. Schwartz. Not given
10:45—306 E. 4th St.; Charles Weiss..Trifling
11:40—365 Brook Av.; William Murray.Trifling
P. M.
12:40—30 and 32 Pitt St.; Saulkenstein.....$15
12:45—520 E. 11th St.; J. Labone.......$150
4:15—415 E. 56th St.; James Block........$200
4:15—2 Bank St.; Benjamin Keller...Trifling
4:40—215 E. 55th St.; John Kress....Trifling
5:15—18 Jane St.; Anni Burns.........Trifling
5:20—23 Pitt St.; Mary Newman.....Trifling
7:40—1,471 Brook Av.; Philip Collomitz..$50
8:15—904 Amsterdam Av.; Jane Dugan, Trifling
8:15—445 W. 45th St.; Glassberg & Garture $1,000
8:50—218 E. 46th St.; Anton Geibel.Trifling
10:40—244 E. Broadway; Jacob Escowsky ....Trifling
10:40—444 Westchester Av.; David Sammenssey ....Trifling

EDUCATION NOTES.

Seven applicants took the examination at the Board of Education Hall yesterday for the place of head of department in the vocational schools.

The Committee on High Schools and Training Schools will have before it on Monday the twenty-eight candidates for the place of Principal of Curtis High School, New Brighton, S. I., to succeed the late Harry Fowle. After the committee has had the opportunity to see all of these applicants and to form an opinion as to the fitness of each candidate for the place Associate City Supt. Stevens will submit to the members the name of the applicant who has been chosen by the Committee on High Schools of the Board of Superintendents as Mr. Fowle's successor. The names of all the candidates have been published.

The regular meeting of the Alumni Association of Public School 16, the Bronx, will be held this evening at 8 o'clock in the auditorium of the school.

Among the recent visitors to the Board of Education was Mr. Anagorzi of Dahomey, West Africa. His English name is Joseph Howard Lee. When he entered Chief Clerk Josiah H. Pitts's office attired in a cloth cap, heavy clothing, and a pair of high boots he made a low salaam. He is a coal-black negro, but speaks excellent English, being an undergraduate of the Normal College, London. He has been around the world. He says that the only city in which he was not accorded a welcome was Athens, Greece, where a prejudice against the negro exists. He intends visiting the public schools of this city to obtain a knowledge of the methods of teaching so that he may start a school of his own upon his return to Dahomey.

Among other recent visitors were Victoria Frigerio, Nilda C. Castellucci, America Martinez, and Maria Espinola of Montevideo, who went to see the work of teachers in the training schools and in domestic schools; Edward Hyatt, Superintendent of Public Instruction of Sacramento; Mrs. Edward Hyatt, Deputy Superintendent of Public Instruction, and Miss Sheeley Hyatt and John A. Sea, President of the Board of Education of Independence, Mo., who wishes to visit Stuyvesant and Washington Irving High Schools and the Manual Training Schools for boys and for girls.

The Alumni of Public School 25, Manhattan, will meet on Monday night in the auditorium of Public School 63, Fourth Street, east of First Avenue.

The Interborough Association of Women Teachers will hold a meeting this evening at 8 o'clock at the Metropolitan Building.

WILLS FOR PROBATE.

BODY, CHARLES WILLIAM EDMUND, (died Sept. 20;) left more than $2,000 personalty; $10 to Elihu Edmund Body, $250 to wife, Frances Mary Body; income from residue to wife, Frances Mary Body.

BROMBERG, SARAH, (died Dec. 18;) left $2,500 personalty to daughters, Miriam R. and Blanche M. Bromberg.

GABLE, NICHOLAS, (died Feb. 25;) left $800 personalty in equal shares to Margaret, Charlotte, John M., William D., and Frederick P. Lander.

HAMPTON, WILLIAM H., (died Feb. 21;) left more than $10,000 personalty; $5,000 to Georgette Wilner Burford, $2,000 to Marcelline Dolphin, $1,000 each to Charles A. Bloomfield, Arthur W. Sprague, and James F. Olcott; residue to cousin, Alonzo Wood Hagedorn.

McGINNIS, KATHERINE B., (died Feb. 9;) left $16,000 personalty in equal shares to sisters, Mary A. and Annie E. McGinnis.

MOFFETT, JAMES A., (died Feb. 25;) left more than $10,000 realty, more than $10,000 personalty; house at 212 West Seventy-second Street and household goods to wife, Kate I. Moffett; income from two-fifths residue to wife, Kate I. Moffett; one-fifth residue each to sons, George M. and James A. Moffett; income from one-fifth residue to daughter, Helen S. Moffett; $200 a year to Ella Devorah for five years; $200 a year to Margaret Moran for five years.

SCHWARZ, EVA, (died Feb. 21;) left about $200 personalty; personal effects of nominal value to sons, Samuel, Henry, and Daniel Schwarz; grandsons, Eugene and Sydney Schwarz; Granddaughters, Irene Schwarz, Minnie Boehm; niece, Josie Kiebel, and daughter-in-law, Lena Schwarz.

SPECHT, HENRY F., (died Feb. 24;) left about $2,000 personalty; $1,000 each to son, William H. Specht, and daughter, Clara Wiener; $250 to Louise Vogel.

WARDWELL, MARTHA W., (died Feb. 23;) left more than $10,000 personalty; $5,000 to sister, Elizabeth R. Stetson; $48,000 and one-fifth of residue to brother, Edward L. Rogers; $10,000 to niece, Helen Rogers Wardwell; $10,000 to step-son, Allen Wardwell; $15,000 to step-daughter, Clara W. Jones; $20,000 and one-fifth of residue to cousin, Williamina Porter; $15,000 and one-fifth of residue each to cousins, Helen Bassford, Helen Davis, and Mollie Ridgely; $5,000 to cousin, Julia Gilliam; $3,000 each to cousins, Hallock Wright and Alice Wright; $5,000 each to Cornelia, Jessie, and Fanny E. Rogers; $3,000 to Dorothy Rogers; $3,000 each to Rose, Helen, and Emily Gihon, Mrs. Amanda Hawes, Miss Rebecca Hawes, Miss Mary W. Peter, Miss Mary C. Wardwell, and Miss Annie Wyeth; $8,000 to Miss Elizabeth Hawes; $4,000 each to Miss Patty Hawes and Mrs. Lucy Patton; $1,000 to Mrs. Elizabeth Wardwell Lewis; $2,000 to Miss Bessie C. Rogers; $1,000 to John Hawest; $500 each to Mrs. Boernum and Miss C. Barry; $600 each to Grace, Ada, Ursula, Elizabeth, and Mildred Quennell; $400 to Mrs. Lizzie C. Perkins; $1,000 to Society for Promulgation of the Gospel among the Jews, (discontinued;) $2,000 for New York Association for the Blind; $3,000 to St. Paul's Protestant Episcopal Church, Rahway, N. J.; $3,000 to the American Bible Society; $7,000 to Domestic and Foreign Missionary Society of Protestant Episcopal Church; $2,000 to New York Exchange for Women's Work; $100 to William Green; $1,000 to Warren Rogers; $1,000 each to Adolph and Helen Hessenberg, Mrs. Marie O. Kobbe, and William Gillilan; $3,000 to children of William Wright; $500 each to Mrs. William Wilde, Mary W. Ehrlich, and Charles F. Swift; $150 to Eliza Kenyon; $3,000 to Fund for Aged and Infirm Clergymen of the Protestant Episcopal Church; $1,000 to St. John's Guild; $500 to National Temperance Society and Publication House.

WARREN, CHRISTIAN J., (died Feb. 14;) left about $100 personalty to wife, Mary L. Warren.

ZUCKSCHWARDT, ANNA MARIA, (died Feb. 28;) left about $3,000 personalty to sister, Bertha Siegel.

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

SPECIAL ORDERS 52.

Pension, (to take effect 12 P. M. March 4.)—Patrolman William H. Ward, 166th, at $700 per annum, on his own application. Appointed July 16, 1883.

Assignments, Temporary.—Lieut. William M. Estabrook, 275 to P. O. Squad, duty at the Mayor's office, from 12:10 P. M. March 4, during absence of Lieutenant; Sergt. Thomas K. Hastings, 282d, to 276th, five days from 4 P. M. March 3; Acting Detective Sergeant Second Grade T. J. Callanan, 170th, to District Attorney's office, five days from 4 P. M. March 5; Patrolmen B. Wertheimer, 7th, to C. O. Squad, ten days from 1 P. M. March 5; J. A. Kennedy, 7th, to C. O. Squad, ten days from 4 P. M. March 5.

To Detective Division as Indicated: J. C. Haggerty, 17th, five days from noon March 5, to District Attorney's office; L. Lowenthal, 26th, five days from 8 A. M. March 5; J. Whitmore, 43d, five days from 1 P. M. March 4.

Leaves of Absence, Without Pay.—Patrolmen F. E. Timmons, 2d, one day from 8 P. M. March 5; A. A. Strausner, 37th, one day from 12:01 A. M. March 5.

Fire Department.

General Orders 16:

Additions and corrections to assignment books, Richmond, to take effect at 8 A. M., March 7:

New Stations.—18—Androvette and Kreischer Streets Kreischerville, Engines 151, 159, H. & L. 76. 19—Washington Avenue and Freshkills Road, Rossville, Engine 159. 50—Sharrott Avenue, Seguine Road, Pleasant Plains, Engines 151, 159, H. & L. 76. 52—Woodvale Avenue and Excelsior Avenue, Pleasant Plains, Engines 151, 159, H. & L. 76. 64—Huguenot Avenue and Fourth Street, Huguenot Engine 159. 74—Amboy Road and Wilson Avenue, Little Dublin, Engine 159. 76—Clark Street and Amboy Road, Richmond, Engine 159. 80—Washington and Journeay Avenues, Rossville, Engine 159. 81—Giffords Lane, Freshkills Road, Great Kills, Engine 159. 82—Central Avenue and Richmond Road, Richmond, Engines 159, 153, 152, Hose 1, 154, H. & L. 77, Chief of Battalion 21. 85—Sea View Avenue and Richmond Road, Richmond, Engines 159, 153, 152, Hose 1, 154, H. & L. 77, Chief of Battalion 21. 101—Washington Avenue and Richmond Road, Grant City, Engines 159, 153, 152, Hose 1, 154, H. & L. 77, Chief of Battalion 21. 105—Burgher Avenue and Boulevard, Garretson, Engines 159, 153, 152, Hose 1, 154, H. & L. 77, Chief of Battalion 21. 106—Lincoln Avenue and Boulevard, Grant City, Engines, 159, 153, 152, Hose 1, 154, H. & L. 77, Chief of Battalion 21. 107—Fingerboard Road and Richmond Road, Garretson, Engine 159, Hose 1, 154, 153, 152, 156, H. & L. 77, Chief of Battalion 21. 108—Richmond Turnpike, opposite Slosson Avenue, Castleton Corners, Engines 156, 157, 158, 159, 154, 155, H. & L. 79, Chief of Battalion 22. 109—Manor Road and Ocean Terrace, Castleton Corners, Engines, 156, 157, 158, 159, 155, 154, H. & L. 79, Chief of Battalion 22. 210—Van Duzer and Hannah Streets, Tompkinsville, Engines 154, 155, 159, 153, 152, 156, H. & L. 78, 77, Chief of Battalion 21. 225—Boyd and Court Streets, Stapleton, Engines 153, 152, 156, 154, 155, Hose 1, H. & L. 77, 78, Chief of Battalion 21. 226—Occident and Ward Avenues, Stapleton, Engines 154, 155, 156, 153, 152, Hose 1, H. & L. 78, 77, Chief of Battalion 21. 277—Chicago Avenue and Prospect Avenue, Arrochar, Hose 1, Engines 153, 154, 152, 159, 156, H. & L. 77, 78, Chief of Battalion 21. 278—Sea Avenue and Richmond Avenue, South Beach, Hose 1, Engines 153, 154, 152, 159, 156, H. & L. 77, 78, Chief of Battalion 21. 330—Jersey and Third Streets, New Brighton, Engines 155, 153, 152, 154, 156, 157, H. & L. 78, 77, Chief of Battalion 21. 331—Jersey and Henry Streets, New Brighton, Engines 155, 156, 157, 154, 153, 152, H. & L. 78, 77, Chief of Battalion, 21. 332—Bismarck and Second Avenues, New Brighton, Engines 155, 153, 152, 154, 156, 157, H. & L. 78, 77, Chief of Battalion 21. 335—Oakland and Henderson Avenues, West Brighton, Engines 156, 157, 153, 155, 154, 152, H. & L. 79, 78, Chief of Battalion 22. 336—Bard and Forest Avenues, West Brighton, Engines 156, 155, 153, 157, 154, 159, H. & L. 79, 78, Chief of Battalion 22. 337—Bement and Forest Avenues, West Brighton, Engines 156, 155, 153, 157, 154, 159, H. & L. 79, 78, Chief of Battalion 22. 338—Brook and Forest Avenues, West Brighton, Engines 156, 155, 153, 157, 154, 159, H. & L. 79, 78, Chief of Battalion 22. 432—Richmond Hill Road and Old Stone Road, New Springville, Engines 157, 158, 159, 156, H. & L. 80, Chief of Batalion 22. 438—Lathrop and Dickie Avenues, Westerleigh, Engines 157, 158, 155, 156, 159, 154, H. & L. 80 79, Chief of Battalion 22. 439—Cherry Lane, opposite Marianne Street, Port Richmond, Engines 157, 158, 155, 156, 159, 154, H. & L. 80, 79, Chief of Battalion 22. 440—Melvin and Wild Avenues, Linoleumville, Engines 158, 159, 157, 156, H. & L. 80, Chief of Batalion 22. 441—Maple Avenue and Jewett Avenue, West Brighton, Engines 157, 158, 155, 156, 159, 154, H. & L. 80, 79, Chief of Batalion 22.

Corrections: Engine 151 will respond on first alarm to Stations 26, 51, and 53.

Changes in location of street boxes.—107—Richmond and Fingerboard Roads, Grassmere. 330—Jersey Street and Third Avenue, New Brighton. 278—Sea Avenue and Richmond Avenue, Arrochar.

Correction to General Orders 2, Jan. 4, 1912, to take effect at 8 A. M., March 7: Change in location of high-pressure telephone box, Box 474, south side of Stanton Street, 47 feet west of west boundary line of Essex Street.

Fine: Fireman First Grade Alphonsus F. Quinn, Engine 1, absence without leave, three days' pay.

Transfer: Wireman William R. McKenney, Bureau of Public Buildings, to Fire Department in the same capacity, at $1,200 per annum, to take effect at 8 A. M., March 6; assigned to Telegraph Bureau.

Details: Fireman First Grade Charles Goodman, Engine 4, to hospital and training stables, 99th Street, to take effect at 8 A. M., March 7; temporary, to take effect at 8 A. M., March 6, Fireman First Grade John O'Brien, No. 2, Engine 203, to new quarters at Seventh Avenue, near 50th Street, Brooklyn, for watch duty while on sick report.

Candidates for promotion to the position of Engineer of Steamers ordered to the Municipal Civil Service Commission for physical examination at 11:30 A. M., March 7: Firemen First Grade W. Archambault, Engine 10; E. F. Schneider, Engine 31; F. W. Green, H. and L. 1; J. D. Wanzer, Engine 20; M. C. Benesch, Engine 18; D. S. Long, Engine 18; F. X. Miller, Engine 30; J. J. Doherty, Engine 14; J. Foetsch, Engine 16; J. J. Lyon, H. and L. 7; J. J. Young, Engine 65; E. M. Walsh, Engine 65; J. A. White H. and L. 4; T. F. White, Engine 76; J. J. Falls, H. and L. 28; W. Gudenrath, Engine 57; P. O'Connor, H. and L. 31; G. Stumpf, H. and L. 77; E. H. Albracht, Engine 205; F. B. Brosnan, Engine 207; R. Baade, Engine 211; T. F. McKeever, Engine 229; C. J. Fiest, Engine 238; G. V. Horne, Engine 218; P. Zimmer, Engine 219; J. C. Gross, Engine 233; C. Hessner, Engine 252; R. Ruehl, Engine 213; J. McNerney, Engine 230; J. Cooper, Engine 213; C. J. Beckingham, Engine 4; E. A. McAvoy, Engine 31; W. A. O'Leary, Engine 33; J. J. Murphy, No. 2, Engine 18; J. C. E. Martins, Engine 18; G. G. Gratz, Engine 24; T. Egan, Engine 5; P. J. Reardon, Engine 34; W. P. Murphy, Engine 39; J. J. Deasy, Engine 26; C. F. Rocks, Engine 65; G. F. Gebman, Engine 65; P. D. McCarthy, Engine 53; W. Heuwetter, H. and L. 14; J. J. Jones, No. 2, H. and L. 28; P. J. Cahill, Engine 57; W. McIntosh, Engine 42; J. J. Foster, Engine 205; G. J. Harris, Engine 207; E. Mehr, Engine 251; C. Veit, Engine 221; P. W. Griffin, Engine 238; W. P. Breason, Engine 258; M. Gibney, Engine 222; W. W. Wallace, Jr., Engine 214; P. Markey, Engine 236; G. Mohrmann, Engine 227; H. Dureeu, Engine 234; A. J. Gibbons, Engine 237; R. O. Bernitt, Engine 270; Fireman Second Grade E. L. Reed, Engine 203.

Fine for loss of Coat Badge 2,575, Fireman First Grade Bernard F. Murphy, H. and L. 105, $5.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

The Municipal Civil Service Commission recently received a letter from the Parks Commissioner of Queens, stating that he was not willing to appoint any of the three persons whose names were certified to him from the list of Inspectors of Supplies and Repairs as Superintendent of Supplies and Repairs, for the reason that he did not find them qualified. He, therefore, asked for the approval of the transfer of George R. Hilty from the office of the Commissioner of Accounts. Hilty's title is that of accountant. The commission has not allowed the request.

It has also disapproved the following:

Letters from the Department of Health relative to increases of salary of Joseph Luzzi, Thomas A. Coleman, Edward Waldman, Milton J. Hynes, and Herman Rosenberg, first-grade clerks.

Declination of Morris Jaffa of appointment as Inspector of Meters and Water Consumption, for the reason that he has enrolled for a course at the Syracuse University.

Letter from Leo Devine requesting that his name be removed from the disqualified list and his application for patrolman be accepted. In a previous examination, it is said, he was impersonated by a man named Hunt.

The commission has approved the following:

Request of the Board of Estimate for authority to employ Henry C. Wright, director, at $3,825; F. C. Ryder as expert accounting clerk at $750, and Louis R. Kiefer, Jr., as clerk, for six months in connection with the investigation into the Departments of Health, Charities, and Hospitals; also the emergency appointment in connection with the same investigation of H. Maxwell Lakeman and Alfred Ellinger as investigators; Doris C. Drischell as clerk, John Dower as copyist, and Mabel Coleman as bookkeeper.

Supplemental report of Investigator Fuld relative to his investigations of the statements made on their experience papers by candidates whose names stand at the head of the list for topographical draughtsman. He recommends that the report be filed.

Supplemental report of Mr. Fuld relative to his investigation of statements as to experience made by candidates whose names stand at the head of the list of Gas Inspector, and by candidates in the examination for Assistant Superintendent of Parks. He recommends that both reports be filed.

United States.

The United States Civil Service Commission announces an examination on March 17 for the place of marine fireman at $60 a month in the United States Quartermaster Service, New York. As a result of this examination certification will be made to fill a vacancy in the place specified, and vacancies in positions requiring similar qualifications in the different branches of the Federal classified service at the place, or in the vicinity of the place, named above.

No educational test will be given and applicants will not be assembled for a mental examination. The examination will consist of the subjects mentioned below, weighted as indicated: Physical ability, 40, and training, experience, and fitness, 60.

All statements relating to training, experience, and fitness are subject to verification. Applicants should name in their applications as references employers or other persons who are competent to furnish information relative to the applicants' fitness for the positions sought, and these persons will be communicated with. Unless answers are received from these person within two week from the date of sending the communications the applications may be canceled.

The following physical defects will debar applicants from any examination: Insanity, tuberculosis, paralysis, epilepsy, blindness, loss of both arms or both legs, loss of arm or leg, badly crippled or deformed hands, arms, feet, or legs, uncompensated valvular disease of the heart, locomotor ataxia, cancer, Bright's disease, and diabetes. In addition, persons who have lost an arm or a leg, or who are ruptured are ineligible for appointment to positions in the Custodian Service. Other physical defects will render applicants ineligible for any particular service or position when, in the judgment of the Commission, such defects would disqualify them for the duties required.

An applicant who is unable to write may have his application filled in by another and sign it by mark, which must be properly witnessed; but only those eligibles will be certified for appointment in the Custodian Service whose applications are in their own handwriting.

The age limits for the different branches of the service are as follows: Quartermaster's Department at Large, males, 20 to 50 years; females, 18 to 50 years; Engineer Department at Large, 18 years or over; Custodian Service, 18 to 55 years; other branches, 20 years or over. In the Custodian Service the age limits are waived in the case of honorably discharged soldiers and sailors of the civil war, and in all branches of the service the age limits are waived in the case of persons honorably discharged from the military or naval service of the United States by reason of disability resulting from wounds received or sickness incurred in the line of duty.

In filling vacancies certification will be made of eligibles readily available for employment; in other words, of those who live in the place, or in the vicinity of the place of employment, and of those who present themselves to the Secretary of the Board of Civil Service Examiners (or to the employing officer when there is no local Secretary) at the place at which employment is desired. The applicant must notify the District Secretary of his availability of employment at a place in which he does not live, and must accompany his letter with a written statement of the local Secretary (or of the employing officer) at that place, showing that the applicant personally apeared before him, giving the date. In this connection vicinity is defined as the territory within the usual commuting distance. An employing officer is the official in charge of an office or other establishment.

This examination is open to all citizens of the United States who comply with the requirements.

ESTATES APPRAISED.

AVERY, MARY O., (died April 29, 1911;) supplemental report ordered; net New York estate amended to $4,704.64.

WHELAN, MARY S., (died Feb. 15, 1911;) net estate, $1,000, legacy under will of Mary N. Mayo.

SUMMONSES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—EMMA A. MARSON, plaintiff, against MARY BECKER, LILLIAN B. KOEPKE, and MARGARET D. THEDFORD, defendants.—Action to foreclose a mortgage.—Summons.

To the above-named defendant, Lillian B. Koepke:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorney within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear, or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated New York, January 15, 1913.

CHARLES HARRIS LUSCOMB,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
41 Park Row, Manhattan Borough, New York City.

To the above-named defendant, Lillian B. Koepke:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of the Hon. Samuel Greenbaum, a Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 29th day of January, 1913, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, in the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

New York, January 30, 1913.

CHARLES HARRIS LUSCOMB,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
41 Park Row, Manhattan Borough, New York City.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

PURSUANT TO STATUTORY REQUIREMENT, notice is hereby given that an act, Assembly bill No. 237, Int. No. 234, has been passed by both branches of the Legislature entitled

AN ACT

To authorize the board of estimate and apportionment of the city of New York to inquire into, audit and cause the payment of the claims of Antonio M. Caridi, Theodore Palumbo, Frank V. Bruno and Alfred Bertoncini for services rendered to the said city.

Further notice is hereby given that a Public Hearing upon such bill will be held at the Mayor's Office in the City Hall in The City of New York, on Friday, March 7th, 1913, at 10:30 o'clock A. M.

Dated, City Hall, New York, March 4th, 1913.

WILLIAM J. GAYNOR, Mayor.

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*MAURETANIA . APRIL 23, 1 A. M.
CARONIA............MAY 3, 10 A. M.
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MEDITERRANEAN ADRIATIC
VIA SOUTHERN TRACK
Between New York and ALGIERS, ITALY, GREECE, AUSTRIA. MARTHA WASHINGTON, March 22, May 3, June 14. KAISER FRANZ JOSEPH I., (new), May 14, June 21. Laura, Alice, Argentina, Oceania. Sailings usually Wed. or Sat.
PHELPS BROS. & CO., G. A., 17 Battery Pl., N. Y.

Holland America Line
PARIS—LONDON—ROTTERDAM.
Twin-Screw Sailings Tues., 10 A. M.
†Ryndam ....Mar. 11|*Potsdam ....Mar. 25
†Rotterdam ....Mar. 18|†New Amsterdam...Apr. 1
*Via Boulogne. †Plymouth & Boulogne.
Office 39 B'way, N. Y.

ALWAYS SOUTHERN ROUTE
FABRE LINE TO THE RIVIERA
AZORES, LISBON, NAPLES, MARSEILLES, Etc.
Weekly sailings (approx.) Write for Literature.
1st class rate, $75.00 & up. 2nd class $55.00.
JAS. W. ELWELL & CO., G. A., 17 State St., N. Y.

STEAMBOATS.

FALL RIVER LINE
TO BOSTON $3.00
Lv. Pier 14 N. R., ft. Fulton St., New York, daily at 5:00 P. M.
Sts. PROVIDENCE and PLYMOUTH.
ORCHESTRA ON EACH.
NEW LONDON (Norwich) LINE via New London. Lv. Pier 40, N. R., ft. Houston St., week days only 6:00 P. M.; Pier 70 E. R., ft. E. 22d St., 6:30 P. M. Strs. MAINE and CHESTER W. CHAPIN.
NEW HAVEN LINE Lv. Pier 28, E. R., ft. Catharine St., week days, 2:45 P. M. Str. NEW HAMPSHIRE.
BRIDGEPORT LINE Week days, leave Pier 27, E. R., ft. Catharine St., 11 A. M. Str. BRIDGEPORT.
Tickets, etc., at 171 Broadway. Transfer Tourist Offices and at Piers.
The New England Steamship Co.

FARE REDUCED PORTLAND $3
Maine Steamship Line: Steamers lve. Pier 18, N. R., foot Murray St., Tues., Thurs., Sats., 5 P. M.
EASTERN STEAMSHIP CORPORATION

SHIPPING AND MAILS

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..6:27|Sun sets..5:57|Moon sets.. —

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	7:17	7:43	1:13	1:34
Governors Island ...	7:45	8:05	1:50	2:12
Hell Gate	9:35	9:55	3:30	3:53

Arrived—Thursday, March 6.

SS Kleist, Bremen, Feb. 22.
SS Philadelphia, San Juan, March 1.
SS Chinchu, St. Lucia, Feb. 28.
SS Antilles, New Orleans, March 1.
SS Arapahoe, Jacksonville, March 3.
SS Californian, Philadelphia, March 5.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Virginie........	Bordeaux	Feb.	14
Manuel Calvo........	Havana	Mar.	1
Caroline........	Havre	Feb.	18
New York City........	Swansea	Feb.	18
Koenig Albert........	Palermo	Feb.	22
Macedonia........	Hamburg	Feb.	18
Excelsior........	Rotterdam	Feb.	16
Allianca........	Colon	Feb.	28
SS Amerika........	Hamburg	Feb.	25
SS Gutenfels........	Boston	Mar.	5
Etonian........	Antwerp	Feb.	23
Galileo........	Hull	Feb.	22
Pennsylvania........	Hamburg	Feb.	20
Hornfels........	Shields	Feb.	24
Inverkip........	Penarth	Feb.	19
Mexico........	Havana	Mar.	4
Ocmulgee........	Galveston	Feb.	27
El Rio........	Galveston	Mar.	1
City of Montgomery........	Savannah	Mar.	4
DUE TO-MORROW.			
Canning........	Bahia	Feb.	22
Clio........	Flushing	Feb.	25
Cymric........	Liverpool	Feb.	28
Europa........	Naples	Feb.	25
Iris........	Antwerp	Feb.	22
Rotterdam........	Amsterdam	Feb.	24
Sant' Anna........	Naples	Feb.	24
Victoria Luise........	St. Thomas...	Mar.	5
DUE SUNDAY.			
Touraine........	Havre	Mar.	1
Orotava........	Bermuda	Mar.	7
Massapiqua........	San Juan	Mar.	1
Algonquin........	Turks Island..	Mar.	4
Santiago........	Tampico	Mar.	2
Napo........	Barbados	Mar.	1
El Siglio........	New Orleans..	Mar.	3
City of Savannah........	Savannah	Mar.	6

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Madeville, Belize	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
City of Sidney, St. John's	8:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Vigilancia, Nassau	12:30 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
Prins Willem, Haiti......	12:30 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
Mohawk, Jacksonville ...	——	1:00 P.M.
Germania, Naples	——	3:00 P.M.
SAIL TO-MORROW.		
Oceanic, Southampton...	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Voltaire, Barbados	5:30 A.M.	9:00 A.M.
Brazos, San Juan.......	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Sixaola, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Saratoga, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Iroquois, Turks Island..	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Prinz Joachim, Jamaica..	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Guiana, St. Thomas.....	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Ancon, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Christian X., Rio Janeiro.	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Eastern Prince, Argentina	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Industry, Montevideo....	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Portuguese Prince, Pernambuco	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
Arapahoe, Jacksonville..	——	1:00 P.M.
*Arcadian, Bermuda	——	1:00 A.M.
Italia, Naples	——	2:00 P.M.
Cameronia, Glasgow	——	9:00 A.M.
Rochambeau, Havre	——	3:00 P.M.
Comal, Tampa	——	1:00 P.M.
Lapland, Antwerp	——	10:00 A.M.
Concho, Galveston	——	1:00 P.M.
America, Naples	——	11:00 A.M.
Czar, Libau	——	3:00 P.M.
Minneapolis, London	——	10:30 A.M.
Borinquen, San Juan	——	12:00 M.
Proteus, New Orleans....	——	12:00 M.
El Mundo, Galveston....	——	12:00 M.
City of Montgomery, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.

*Arcadian mail closes 11 P. M. Friday.

SAIL SUNDAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Coulodon, Montevideo ...	2:30 A.M.	5:00 A.M.

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, German, and French transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of sailing at double postage rates.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Adriatic, at Naples, March 6.
SS Ecclesia, at Amoy, March 3.
SS Gioconda, at Trieste, March 2.
SS Utenfels, at Newcastle, N. S. W., March 5.

ARRIVED.

SS France, at Havre, March 6.
SS Nieuw Amsterdam, at Boulogne, March 6.
SS Karonge, at Calcutta, March 6.
SS Orotava, at Bermuda, March 6.
SS Tagus, at Antilla, March 5.

SAILED.

SS Baltic, from Liverpool, March 6.
SS Venezia, from Naples, March 5.

PASSED.

SS Canada, New York for Algiers, passed Gibraltar.

Sailed.

SS Philadelphia, from Queenstown, March 6.
SS Offenbach, from Shields, March 5.
SS Idaho, from Hull, March 5.
SS Breiz Izel, from Dakar, March 4.
SS Suverie, from Algiers, March 4.
SS Veniero, from Palermo, Feb. 28.
SS Principessa Laetitia, from Palermo, March 4.
SS Mendoza, from Genoa, March 3.
SS Martha Washington, from Palermo, March 3.

Passed.

SS Nicolai II., New York for Copenhagen, passed Dungeness.

By Marconi Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., MARCH 6.

SS Koenig Albert, Naples to New York, was 340 miles E. 10:00 A. M.; due 7th, 12:30 P. M. North German Lloyd.
SS Narragansett, London to New York, was 636 miles E. at 7:05 A. M. Anglo-American Oil Company.

BROW HEAD, IRELAND.

SS Cevic, New York to Liverpool, was 112 miles W. at 1:15 P. M. White Star Line.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS Frieda, Port Arthur to New York, 28 miles E. of Sabine Bar at 7 P. M.
SS Mexico, Havana to New York, 245 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS Denver, Galveston to New York, 359 miles E. of Galveston at 7 P. M.
SS San Marcos, Galveston to New York, 712 miles S. at 6 P. M.
SS City of Savannah, Savannah to New York, 6 miles N. of Tybee at 7 P. M.
SS El Alba, Galveston to New York, 55 miles W. of Tortugas at 6 P. M.
SS El Siglo, New Orleans to New York, 10 miles S. of Yucata at 7 P. M.
SS Sabine, Galveston to New York, 35 miles E. of Galveston Bar at 7 P. M.
SS El Rio, Galveston to New York, 143 miles S. at 5 P. M.

Transpacific Mails.

These mails close in New York at 6:30 P. M.

Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Wilhelmina	Mar. 7
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Korea	Mar. 10
Guam and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—U. S. Transport........	Mar. 10
Japan, Korea, and China (specially addressed only) (via Tacoma)—Mexico Maru	Mar. 13
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Honolulan	Mar. 13
Hawaii, Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (except West) (via Vancouver, B. C.,)—Zealandia......	Mar. 14
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Vancouver, B. C.,)—Empress of Japan..................	Mar. 14
Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (specially addressed) (via San Francisco)—Manuka.	Mar. 28

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Hongkong, Feb. 4; Shanghai, Feb. 7; Yokohama, Feb. 15, and Honolulu, Feb. 25—which arrived at San Francisco per steamer Korea, were dispatched east at 6:40 P. M. March 3. Due in New York on the morning of Saturday, March 8.

For Latest Shipping News See Page 1.

STEAMBOATS.

BOSTON $2.40
BAY STATE LINE
Providence Direct, $1.50 | Worcester, $2.40
Outside Staterooms, $1.00.
Steel Steamships GEORGIA and TENNESSEE
Daily, including Sunday, 5:30 P. M.
From Pier 19, E. R. Phone 2700 Beekman.
City Ticket Office, 290 Broadway, N. Y.
Uptown Ticket Office, B'way and 23d St.

"The Public be pleased."
COLONIAL LINE
BOSTON Via Boat and Rail $2.50
PROVIDENCE Boat direct $1.60
The only independent line operating between New York and New England.
Week days and Sundays at 5:30 P. M., from Pier 39, N. R., foot West Houston St. Berths free.
All Outside Rooms—Finest Service
Uptown Office: Broadway & 23d St.
Phones Spring 9491 and 9492.

Central Hudson Line
For Newburg-Poughkeepsie and Kingston and intermediate landings.
Pier 24, N. R., Tel. 465 Franklin.

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Two Big Apartment Houses Opposite Madison Square Garden Sold to Corporation—Thomas F. Ryan Transfers Corn Building to Holding Company—To Build on Site of Old Croker Mansion.

Two apartment houses opposite Madison Square Garden changed hands yesterday in a transaction aggregating about $300,000. The property includes the two eight-story structures at 39 to 43 East Twenty-seventh Street, between Madison and Fourth Avenues, covering a plot 75 by 113.6.

They were sold by Herman Lobel, Treasurer of the Twenty-seventh Street Company, the owners of the property, and the buyer is a corporation of which Benjamin Duke is one of the leading members. The property adjoins on the east the French Church, and the apartment known as the Ganoga adjoins on the west.

Thomas F. Ryan Transfers Corn Building

The eighteen-story store and loft building at the northeast corner of Fifth Avenue and Twelfth Street, which was purchased last week at public auction by Thomas F. Ryan, was transferred yesterday by John Quinn, representing Mr. Ryan, to a holding company known as the Ellisdale Company. The company was formed last Monday, with a capital stock of $500,000.

The structure transferred was built by Henry Corn, and was sold under foreclosure proceedings, Thomas F. Ryan being the plaintiff.

Robert E. Dowling, representing Mr. Ryan, made the single bid which took the property. This bid was $450,000 over a mortgage of $1,250,000, with accrued interest, amounted to $1,264,583, making the total amount of Mr. Ryan's bid $1,714,583.

Buyers for Harlem Flats.

M. M. Hayward & Co. have sold for Edith Lowenfels to a client for investment, 157 West 103rd Street, a five-story apartment house on a plot 31.3 by 100.11.

Henry D. Winans and May report the sale of the Harold, at the northwest corner of Manhattan Avenue and 118th Street. This is a seven-story modern building with stores on the ground floor and apartments above. The purchaser intends to hold this property as an investment.

The five-story flat, 20 East 116th Street, occupying a lot 35 by 100, between Madison and Fifth Avenues, has been sold to an investor for about $38,000. Henry Rauh, is the owner of record.

Big Apartment for Croker Mansion Site.

The Strathcona Construction Co. is the buyer of the plot on Washington Heights, extending from St. Nicholas Place to Edgecombe Avenue, 75 feet south of 153rd Street, reported sold in last Tuesday's edition of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

The plot, which fronts 100 feet on either avenue, and has a depth of 200 feet, is to be immediately improved with two six-story elevator apartment houses.

Part of the plot was at one time occupied by the dwelling of Richard Croker, which was razed about a year ago.

Pioneer Flat on the Heights Sold.

Anthony Koelble has purchased for investment 3,924 Broadway, a four-story flat on plot 25 by 100.5. This structure was erected long before the building boom on Washington Heights began, and is now wedged in between the ten-story Bradley Court and the Princess Court.

It is Mr. Koelble's intention to alter this building, and make it a business property James E. Barry & Co. were the brokers in the transaction.

The Private Dwelling Market.

James J. Etchingham sold for John G. Osterberg 77 West 101st Street, a five-story brick and stone flat on lot 25 by 100 to Dr. Henry W. Holling for investment.

Hattie J. Hall has sold the private dwelling, 254 West Seventy-eighth Street, occupying a lot 16 by 102.2.

Investors Buying Tenement Property.

An investor has purchased from the Gramont Construction Company 153 West Sixty-sixth Street, a five-story triple flat, on a plot 31 by 100. Charles B. Van Valen negotiated the sale.

The five-story double flat with stores at 1,670 Avenue A. has been purchased by Adolph and Henry Broch. The buyers, who are investors, hold title to the two adjoining houses and now have a frontage of 75 feet on Avenue A.

Bronx Borough.

Ernst & Cahn and J. J. Pittman have sold to D. C. Lennon the two-story and basement frame two-family dwelling known as 1,873 Barnes Avenue, on a lot 25 by 100.

W. William Eggert has sold for Marion A. Grimes the new two-and-a-half-story frame private dwelling 4,749 Matilda Avenue to a Mount Vernon client.

A client of the Duross Company has purchased from P. M. Bunt 2,403 Walton Avenue, a three-story brick dwelling on a lot 20 by 96.6.

Hugo Wabst has sold to a builder a plot, 50 by 100, on White Plains Avenue, 500 feet north of Boston Road.

F. M Weiss & Co. has sold four lots on Tremont Terrace, on the west side of Mahan Avenue, 150 feet north of Tremont Road, 100 by 100, for William D. Howell to Joseph Pierson.

Samuel Prensky has sold to Cassie Tirccey the southeast corner of 188th Street and Hughes Avenue. The buyer gave a three-story house on Sixtieth Street, Borough Park, Brooklyn, in part payment. Morris Goldberg was the broker.

A. J Madden has sold for the Dwyer & Cary Construction Company a five-story apartment house, 27 by 100, at the southeast corner of 176th Street and Trafalgar Place. The same broker has also sold for Matthew P. Doyle, a builder, the north-

Brooklyn.

A client of Charles B. Van Valen has purchased from Mary E. Sandford 872 and 874 East Twelfth Street, two two-family dwellings.

The C. X. Matthews Company has sold to Eugene A. Sharpich, 1,857 to 1,867 Cornelia Street, six six-family flats, and to Jacob Bailman, 1,873 Cornelia Street; John Muth, 1,874 Putnam Avenue, and W. A. Walter, 2,004 Woodbine Street, similar structures.

The flats occupy plots 27.6 by 68.3 feet each, and were held at $11,000 each.

Long Island.

The Windsor Land and Improvement Company sold at Floral Park to J. G. Benning, R. Hanger, W. B. Hill, and M. Brennan each a plot 40 by 100 on Aspen Street; to M. Hahn a plot 40 by 100 on Oak Street; to J. Connolly a plot 40 by 100 on Geranium Avenue; to M. Grunwald a plot 60 by 100 on Violet Avenue. The same company sold at Rockville Centre to E. Harvey a plot 60 by 100 on Rockville Centre Parkway; to J. C. Miller a plot 40 by 100 on Jackson Street; to J. Curcio a plot 40 by 100 on Columbia Avenue; to H. Schriefer a plot 37 by 100 on Cumberland Street.

Chester Morrison has purchased from Benjamin H. Sweet a stucco dwelling on a plot 40 by 100 in the Jamaica Oaks section near the new Jamaica station of the Long Island Railroad.

Thomas Daly has sold at Corona to Albert A. Walters of Manhattan a one-family house on Fillamore Avenue.

F. Porter Howell has sold to a client of James J. Etchingham a tract of land containing eighteen acres with buildings at East Moriches.

At Massapequa, the Queens Land & Title Co. has sold to M. R. Flechinston, plot 100 by 100 on Franklin Avenue; to C. Carson, plot 80 by 100 on Cleveland Avenue; to T. Distler, plot 60 by 100 on Boston Avenue.

New Jersey.

J. C. Kelle of Manhattan has purchased for occupancy at Mountain Lakes, N. J., a dwelling occupying a plot 250 by 300 feet on the Boulevard. On the same development A. Preis has bought for occupancy a ten-room stucco house on a half-acre plot bordering the lake front.

Woolworth Building Lunch Club.

A new downtown lunch club is to be established on the twenty-seventh and twenty-eighth floors of the Woolworth Building It is to be known as the New Amsterdam Club and will be limited to a membership of 1,000. The club rooms are expected to be ready for occupancy by September 1 of this year. The rooms will contain about 30,000 square feet of floor space and about $200,000 will be spent in furnishing and equipping this new lunch club in the tallest building in the world. Charles E. F. McCann, Vice-President of the F. W. Woolworth Co., H. T. Parsons and John H. Thorpe are perfecting the details for the lofty downtown club.

Leases.

The McVickar, Gaillard Realty Company has leased the southerly store in the Depew Building, No. 487-491 Fifth Avenue, for a term of years, to the American Express Company, as a branch for the issuance of travelers' checks and as a tourists' information bureau.

S. Osgood Pell & Co. have leased for the Ritz Chambers Company, the two corner stores in the "Ritz Chambers" southwest corner Madison Avenue and Forty-eighth Street, to a well known drug store company, for a term of years.

Willard S. Burrows & Co. have leased for United Merchants Realty and Improvement Company to the Holland Candy Exchange the store No. 30 West Thirty-fourth Street, for a long term of years at an aggregate rental of $150,000.

S. Osgood Pell & Co., in conjunction with Mark Rafalsky & Co., have leased for the No. Two East Forty-sixth Street Company, the two ground floor stores in No. 2 East Forty-sixth Street, to Ferle Heller for a term of years.

McVickar, Gaillard Realty Co. has leased for Edward F. Searles, for a long term of years to the United Cigar Stores Company, a store at 1 Broadway; and for the Bernard Kreizer Leasing Co. to the Progressive Lunch Company the store, basement and sub-basement at 94 Chambers Street for a long term of years.

The old Bryant or Lyric Hall on the west side of Sixth Avenue, between Forty-first and Forty-second Streets, has been leased for twenty-one years by the Automat Restaurant Company, which is establishing restaurants in this city. The building, which covers the plot from 723 to 727 Sixth Avenue, will be extensively altered, making it a two-story structure for restaurant purposes. The lease is taken from the Hartshorne estate, the aggregate rental for the first twenty-one-year period being about $475,000. Leopold Weil was the broker.

Realty Notes.

Edward J. Moore is the buyer of the five-story flat at the southeast corner of Morningside Avenue and 116th Street, sold by Annie Abbate.

Blaine Ewing, of Ewing, Bacon & Henry, has been appointed receiver for an apartment house at Ninety-second Street and Central Park West, known as Ardsley Hall.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

109th St, 73 East, n s, 109.4 ft w of Park Av, 28.10x100.11, five-story tenement; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, F. A. Thomas, $23,500.

4th St, 2 to 20 East, s s, whole front between Broadway and Lafayette Place, 275.3x45.3x177.2x27.5x98x73.14, twelve-story loft and store building; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, City Real Estate Co., $1,000,000.

Riverside Drive, 70, n e corner of 79th St, 17.4x66.10x17.2x60.8, five-story dwelling; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, David Gutlohn, $37,508.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

Hoe Av, e s, 307 ft s of Aldus St, for three five-story brick tenements, 38x88 and 50x88; J. A. D. Construction Company, Joseph A. Ramsey, 1,029 East 103d St, President, owners; Kreymborg Architect Company, 163d St and Southern Boulevard, architects; cost, $135,000.

Hughes Av, s e corner of Crescent Av, for a four-story brick tenement, 40x64.9; Scalzo and Mungo, 705 East 187th St, owners; Lucian Pisciotta, 391 East 149th St, architect; cost, $27,000.

Marmion Av, w s, 140 ft s of 176th St, for a five-story brick tenement, 50x93; P. J. Dwyer Construction Company, P. J. Dwyer, 176th St and Trafalgar Place, President, owners; Kreymborg Architect Company, architects; cost, $50,000.

57th St, 105 and 107 West, for a five-story club, 43x100.5; Freundschaft Society, 112 East 72d St, owner; G. & E. Blum, 505 5th Av, architects; cost, $150,000.

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

46th St, 48, to a four-story dwelling; E. Tyler, 203 East 68th St, owner; E. M. Sweet, 500 5th Av, architect; cost, $6,500.

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

AMSTERDAM AV, 1,723, store; William Hobson to Abraham Samuels, 957 Alders St, and another, 5 7-12 years from March 1, 1913; attorney, J. I. Berman, 346 Broadway....$3,600

AMSTERDAM AV, 413, all; Eliza J. Quin to Cushman Globe Co., 415 Amsterdam Av, 5 years from Dec. 1, 1912; attorney, F. H. Kellogg, 55 Liberty St....$2,400

BROOK AV, 202 and 204, store and basement; Cream City Holding Co. to Sarah R. Moshman, 202 Brook Av, 6 years from Dec. 1, 1912; attorney, P. S. Glickman, 200 East Broadway....$1,440

CANAL ST, 125, store and basement; David Shaff and another to William Avidan, 581 West 161st St., from May 1, 1913, to May 1, 1914; attorneys, Ashbel P. Fitch and others, 32 Nassau St....$4,000

CHAMBERS ST, 94, store, &c; Bernard Kreizer to Progressive Lunch Co., 8 West Broadway, 7 years from May 1, 1913; attorneys, Morrison & S., 320 Broadway....$2,800

INTERVALE AV, 894, s e corner of Beck St, store, &c; Louis Horowitz to Samuel Dreyer, 894 Intervale Av, from March 1, 1913, to Dec. 31, 1917; attorney, Edward C. Weinrib, 150 Nassau St....$960

MADISON AV, 1,538 and 1,540, ground floor, &c.; Reliable Amusement Co. to Albert Miller, 416 West 118th St, 10 years from March 1, 1913; attorney, M. Miller, 320 Broadway....$4,500

ST. ANN'S AV, 211, store; Sol Cohen to Samuel Resnik, 211 St. Ann's Av, 4 years from Aug. 1, 1912; attorney, Julius H. Lester, 320 Broadway....$1,200

WASHINGTON ST, 784, all; Emma D. Warner to Louis Ushkow, 784 Washington St, 5 years from May 1, 1913; attorney, Louis Ushkow, 784 Washington St....$960

1ST AV, 143, north store; John Munz to Abraham Greenspan and another, 136 1st Av, 5 years from May 1, 1913; attorney, John Schultz, 263 1st Av....$600

2D AV, 2,097, store, &c; Frank Porco to James Bruno, 340 East 112th St, 5 years from March 1, 1913; attorneys, Bernheimer & S., 128th St and Amsterdam Av....$720

3D AV, 1,884, store floor; William F. Mattes to Richard F. Schaake, 667 East 164th St, 10 years from March 6, 1913; attorney, E. M. Burghard, 111 Broadway....$2,800

5TH AV, 218 and 220, store, &c.; Croisic Realty Co. to Dennison Manufacturing Co., 26 Franklin St, 10 years from Nov. 1, 1912....$18,000

6TH AV, 144 and 146, all; Leonard Weill to Edward Arnheiter and another, 221 West 116th St, 5 years from March 5, 1913; attorneys, Ashbel P. Fitch and others, 32 Nassau St....$3,500

7TH AV, 297, all; Jacob Mannheimer and others, executors, to Agostius Gazzolo, 4 Van Nest Place, 5 years from May 1, 1913; attorney, L. Porrino, 552 West Broadway...$3,300

8TH AV, 680, all; Patrick F. Cusick to Edward Welsberger, 58 West 115th St, 5 2-12 years from March 1, 1913; attorneys, Bernheimer & S. 128th St and Amsterdam Av....$5,000

39TH ST, 315 West, store, &c; Sarah Fullan to Lucian Lowenthal, 251 Ocean Parkway, Brooklyn, 3 years from May 1, 1913; attorney, Joseph Sencer....$1,020

47TH ST, 265 West, all; Ethan Allen, trustee, to Isidor H. Kempner, 343 West 87th St, 5 years from May 1, 1913; attorneys, D. Kempner & Son, 17 West 42d St....$2,900

114TH ST, 123 East, all; Morris J. Werner to Morris Borko, 98 East 114th St, 5 years from April 1, 1913; attorney, I. Silver, 203 Broadway....$660

149TH ST, 430 East, store; Christian G. Kuhner to William Junge, 2,921 3d Av, 5 years from April 1, 1913; attorney, R. B. Bergman, 148th St and 3d Av....$2,400

MECHANICS' LIENS.

BROADWAY, 2,094; Salvatore Maiorino against Archibald D. Russell, Percy R. Pyne, Harson Co., and Malandro Brothers, owners and lessees; Blain Brothers, contractors....$300

FOX ST, 1,141 to 1,145; Abraham Grushkin against Hoem Fox Co., owner and contractor....$337

FOX ST, w s, 29.6 ft s of 169th St, 25x136; Fiske & Co., Inc., against W. S. P. Shields, owner; Carr Building Co., contractor...$34

WHITLOCK AV, e s, 100 ft s of Tiffany St, 175x155; Whitlock Av, e s, 431 ft s of Tiffany St, 155x90; Harry McGlade against Lockwhit Co., owner and contractor; Charles W. and Gertrude Graham, owners....$675

8TH AV, 336; S. & P. Guaranty Roofing and Skylight Co. against George W. Bloomsfield, owner; Salvatore Preziosi, contractor....$80

50TH ST, 339 to 351 West; Pelham Operating Co. against New York Polyclinic Medical School and Hospital, owner; F. R. Rosoff, contractor, (renewal)....$164

128TH ST, 28 and 30 West; Michele Drescia against Leonhard Realty Co., owner; Samuel Currucci and Enerico Grimildi, contractors (renewal)....$700

215TH ST, s s, 225 ft w of Paulding Av, 50x100; Luciano Priano against Rosina and Rosario Lo Bue, owners; Giovanni Ferrara, contractor....$70

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

BROADWAY, n e corner of 146th St; John P. Kane Co. against Florence L. Alker and others, March 1, 1913, (by bond)....$994

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, e s, foot of East 149th St; E. E. Day & Sons Co. against New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Co. and others, Nov. 20, 1912....$149

3D ST, 240 East; Thomas Galligan, Inc., against Josef Rubricius, Nov. 13, 1912....$40

23D ST, 449 West; John Noble against D. Cloud and others, Aug. 23, 1913.

LIS PENDENS.

GREENE AV, n s, 250 ft e of Mapes Av, 50x100; Road to Middletown, s s, 250 ft e of Mapes Av, 50x100, (2 actions;) Westchester County Brewing Co. against Mary Kane and others, (foreclosure of two mortgages;) attorney, N. Blank.

MOSHOLU AV, n s, 219.2 ft w of Old Post Road, 25x100; Margaret E. Gross and others against Margaret M. Gross and others, (partition;) attorney, S. A. Bennett.

VILLA AV, e s, 409 ft n of Potter Place, 16x100; Henrietta Renshaw against Jessie F. Thorn and others, (amended foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, S. Williamson.

38TH ST, 269 West; David M. Levy against Jacob Rosenthal and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. P. Berg.

226TH ST, s s, 505.1 ft e of Barnes Av, 100x114.6; Benjamin A. Hartsein against Michael Agugliaro and others, (action to declare ownership;) attorneys, Cass & Apfel.

COURT CALENDARS.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—Following are the Supreme Court orders issued to-day by the Chief Justice.

224—Riwke Maisen, alias Riwke Maisch, appellant, vs. Louis T. Weis, United States Commissioner of Immigration, &c., et al. Dismissed, with costs.

163—The United States of America on the relation of Herman Knight, plaintiff in error, vs. Walter L. Fisher, Secretary of the Department of the Interior. Retirement of Walter L. Fisher as Secretary of the Interior suggested and appearance of Franklin K. Lane, his successor in office, filed and entered.

163—The United States of America on the relation of Herman Knight, plaintiff in error, vs. Franklin K. Lane, Secretary of the Department of the Interior. Argument continued for the defendant in error and concluded for the plaintiff in error.

169—The Fair, appellant, vs. Kohler Die and Specialty Company. Argued for the appellant and submitted for the appellee.

170—Charles Dummer Barry et al., surviving partners, &c., appellants, vs. The United States. Argued for the appellants and the appellee.

171—Truman R. Hawley, plaintiff in error, vs. The City of Malden. Argument continued for the defendant in error and for the plaintiff in error.

The day call for March 6: Nos. 171, 172, 176, 177, 179, 180, 181, 184, 595, and 496.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS—Lacombe, Coxe, Ward, and Noyes, JJ. 190—Matter of Morris. 5—U S v. Jamaica Turnpike Co. 139—Venner Co v. Central Trust Co. 160—Newport News Shipbuilding Co v. Saratoga. 169—Woodburn v. Luzerne. 174—Nat Casket Co v. Staltz. 181—Houston v. McMullen. 183—Hale v. Hatch & North Coal Co. 186—Schmidt v. Standard Steel Car Co. 187—Tweedle Trading Co v. Barry.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT. Mack, J. Jury calendar.—162, 163—Dickinson v. R M S P Co. 171—Olsson v. Scandinavian-Am Line 118—Guertin v. Mason-Seamon Transp Co. 124—Cozzollo v. D L & W R R. 122—Dobbs v. Jenks. 100—Ferguson v. Stevens. 110—Meltzer v. Penn R R. 42—U S v. Dickinson. 237—Amsterdam Bldg Co v. Delaphena Co.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT. Ward, J. Motion calendar. 1—Everett v. Wiley. 2—Am-Hay Co v. Dry Dock, E Bway & B R R Co. 3—Hedden Const Co v. Warner. 4—Asbestos Protected Co v. H W Johnes Manville Co. 5—Vide v. So Am Sec Co. 6—D L & W R R Co v. N Y, N H & H R R Co. 7—P & R Ry Co v. Same. 8—P R R Co v. Same. 9—C R R of N J v. Same. 10—L V R R Co v. Same. 11—Erie R R v. Same. 12—B & O R R v. Same. 13—Gwladys S S Co v. Gans S S Lines. 14—McKinnon v. Alabama Sec Co. 15—Barnes v. Trees. 16—Penn Steel Co v. N Y City Ry Co. 17—Guaranty Trust Co v. Met St Ry Co. 18—Farmers L & T Co v. Same. 19—General Elec Co v. Genl Ry Sig Co. 20—Same v. Same. 21—Ins Co of No Am v. S S "Olinda." 22—Standard Transf Co v. L & W Valley Rap Tr Co. 23—Robinson v. Johnson. 24, 25—Hochfield v. N Y Couch Bed Co. 26—Watson v. Huntington. 27—European Feature Film Co v. Levy. 28—Smith v. Welsbach. 29—Lecouturier v. Ickelheimer. 30, 31—Woerheide v. H W Johns Manville Co. 32—Asbestos Protected Metal Co v. Same. 33—Wittmaak v. Shubert Anderson Co. 34—U S v. Chester Anderson Co. 35—Karl Kiefer Mach Co v. Unionwerke A G. 36—Same v. Heyman. 37—Lecouturier v. Ickelheimer. 38—Olsen v. U S Shipping Co. 39—Concrete Steel Ret Wall Co v. City of N Y. 40—Thompson v. O'Toole. 41—Whitkin v. Knick Ice Co. 42—McManus v. Sawyer. 43—Vanderbilt v. Ocean S S Co. 44—Motion Picture Patents Co v. Laemule, (2.) 45—Same v. Thanhouses Co. (2.) 46—Same v. Champion Film Co. 47—Stallo v. Fitzgerald. 48—Same v. Same. 49—In re Henn. 50—Sadler v. Boston & Bolivia Rubber Co. 51—Pelletier v. Red Book Corp. 52—Levy v. Canadian Bronze Co. 53—Banner Rubber Co v. Rubinsky. 54—Farbuecker v. Riker & Hegeman Co. 55, 56—Fleitmann v. United Gas Imp Co. 57—Tilley v. U S. 58—In re Pregodsen. 59—In re Goldenberg. 60—In re Gross. 61—In re Rosenthal. 62—Moebius v. Dejonge. 63—El Palmar Rubber Estates v. Turber. 64—Robins v. S S "Kemmbee." 65—Macy v. Loeb. 66—Hudson v. N Y & Albany Transfer Co.

STATE.

Court of Appeals Calendar.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., March 6.—The Court of Appeals day calendar for Friday. 454—Willson v. Faxon and others. 464—Smith v. Variety Iron and Steel Works. 465—Cross v. Title Guarantee and Trust Co.

New York County.

APPELLATE DIVISION—SUPREME COURT—Ingraham, P. J.; McLaughlin, Laughlin, Clarke, and Scott, JJ. Court opens to-day at 10 A. M. Motions. Non-enumerated motions. 1—Matter of Lilienthal. 2—Yglesias v. O'Connor. 4—Appleby v. the Mayor, &c. 5—Robinson v. Robinson. 6—Matter of Conrad. 7—Di Menna v. Cooper & Evans Co. 8—Beck v. Beck. 9—Heller, Hirsch & Co v. General Manufacturing Co. 10—Van Beuren and N Y Bill Posting Co v. C J Sullivan Adv Co. 11—Buckingham v. Clifton Springs Sanitarium Co. 12—City of N Y v. N Y Evening Post. 13—Columbia Const Co v. Day. 15—Lesser v. Internat Trust Co. 16—Mendola v. Ill Surety Co. 17—Hoffhine v. Owens.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Davis, J. Litigated motions. 1—Matter of Eccentric Assn of Engineers. 2—Schleider v. City of N Y. 3—Dowling v. same. 4—Prinz v. Prinz. 5—Duggan v. City of N Y. 6—Buckbee v. Board of Education. 7—Same v. same. 8—Concannon v. City of N Y. 9—Matter of Eredner (or Sarkowiaka.) 10—Matter of Seidemann. 11—Matter of Chickley. 12—People ex rel Barters v. Whitney. 13—Porshert v. Manhattan Transit Co. 14—Graham Wood Co v. Standard Wood Co. 15—Brenzinger v. Pouch Realty Co. 16—Busch v. Aneston. 17—Brashears v. Smith. 18—Matter of Cauldwell. 19—Natl Academy of Design v. Bloch. 20—Matter of Hillis. 21—Matter of Goldesman. 22—Matter of Cuba. 23—Hepner v. Hepner. 24—Bleha v. Bohemian Ben & Literary Assn. 25—Epstein v. Straus. 26—People ex rel Hyland v. Waldo. 27—Finkelstein v. Hamilton H & B Co. 28—Aragon v. McClure. 29—Koch v. Libbey. 30—Matter of Leumann. 31—Shapiro v. Pettet. 32—Lipper v. Matheson Automobile Co. 33—Ploch v. Bethel Const Co. 34—City of N Y v. Roanoke Realty Co. 35—Same v. Levy. 36—Matter of Main St (Gerstle.) 37—Matter of Opening East 161st St. 38—Lamson v. King. 39—Matter of Camph (Friedman.) 40—Pittel v. Pittel. 41—Slatter v. Bond Co. 42—Nusbaum v. Terry & Tench Co. 43—Malman v. Babcock & Wilcox Co. 44—Feeney v. Hill. 45—Kahn v. Darcy. 46—Russo v. Strauch. 47—Mock Co v. Bryant Park Bank. 48—Cronin v. Oceanic Steam Nav Co. 49—Matter of Stearns (Byrnes.) 50—Skelly v. Mortimer. 51—People ex rel Connor v. Waldo. 52—Matter of Opening East 222d St (Simpson.) 53—Morenzo v. Johnston. 54—Dunn v. Press Pub Co. 55—Udell Mfg Co v. Udell. 56—Pollitz v. Wabash R R Co. 57—Same v. same. 58—Matter of Donohue (Miltenberger.) 59—Hayes v. Witthaus. 60—Ferraris v. Wittman. 61—Siegel v. Siegel. 62—Young v. Young. 63—Cushman v. Cook. 64—Same v. Same. 65—Wilner v. Wilner. 66—Schimmer v. Thebald. 67—Matter of Walsh. 68—Tepper v. Rouder. 69—Kauffman v. Herzberg. 70—Drucklieb v. Harris. 71—Levien v. Levien. 72—Wolf v. Wittekind. 73—Greenbaum v. N E Holding Co. 74—Glickman v. Sher. 75—Willis v. Bird. 76—Wacht v. Wolfer. 77—Copeland v. Donnegan. 78—N Y Telephone Co v. Fielder. 79—India Wharf Brewing Co v. Spellman. 80—Evans v. Rubber Goods Mfg Co. 81—Albert v. Albert. 82—Fidelity & Deposit Co v. Mullin. 83—Davis v. Levering. 84—Hasbrouck v. Gallagher. 85—Matter of White (Fenwick.) 86—Wild v. Wild. 87—Matter of March (Sullivan.) 88—Rakowsky v. Star Co. 89—Falk v. Proctor. 90—People ex rel Willard v. General Reduction Co. 91—People v. Qualey. 92—Greenfield Sons v. Trop Chocolate Co. 93—Benach v. Benach. 94—Raichik v. Raichik. 95—Deady v. Washington Sav Bank. 96—Maneely v. City of N Y. 97—Tupper v. Rosenfeld. 98—Kraus v. Fox. 99—Frame v. Forster. 100—Porter v. Lieber. 101—Roehn v. Roehn. 102—Kaiser v. George. 103—Sells v. Autographic Register Co. 104—Hecht v. Faeth. 105—Doran v. Bergoffen. 106—Albert v. Albert. 107—Matter of Reynolds. 108—Bloch v. Rosenthal. 109—Willis v. Bird. 110—Kaldow v. Kaldow.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Giegerich, J. Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Bijur, J. Motions. Demurrer. 123—Rateau Sales Co v. Stephens. Preferred cause. 1429—Rezzano v. Rezzano. General calendar. 61—Heist v. Griffin 1479—Collier v. Jones. 1096—Stevens v. Horseless Age Co. 1000—Lurie v. Horseless Age Co. 1618—Marx v. Feldman Const Co. 1625—Marx v. Feldman Const Co. 1914—Kohn v. Rigiander. 893—Hudson Mort Co v. Olson Const Co. 1865—Bergin v. Doris. 1873—Krauss v. Washington Bridge Auto Co. 1036—Kaufman v. Simmis. 941—Brooks v. Racich Asbestos Mfg Co. 1832—Saks v. Saks. 1965—Johnston v. Towle. 104—De Guzman v. Strang. 1697—Weiss v. Saperstein. 1696—Hecht v. Wald. 1412—Blum v. Blum. 1694—Newcomb v. La Roe. 1461—Wacker v. Wacker. 1888—Lehmann v. Lehmann. 1928—Crouzet v. Bernard. 1182—State Bank v. Cohen 1183—State Bank v. Cohen. 1863—Croker v. Hudson Mech Rubber Co. 1382—Lo Pinto v. Met Life Ins Co. 2092—Allan v. Allan. 2095—Zambetti v. Costar. 2096—Goldstein v. Morris. 2108—Vasilaki v. Brembos. 2116—Cummings v. Cummings. 2129—Greenberg v. Lewis. 2141—Popick v. Popick. 2148—Verschleiser v. Jackson Amusement Co. 2150—Klein v. Klein. 2170—Howard v. Howard. 2178—Blakeslee v. Blakeske. 2183—Bolz v. Habermache. 2184—Kane v. Mount. 2189—Cody v. Powers. 1154—Grother v. Schierenbeck. 1411—Mulstein Co v. City of N Y. Clear.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part IV., Greenbaum, J., case on; Part V., Whitaker, J., case on; Part VI., Donnelly, J., case on; Part VII., Hendrick, J., case on; Part VIII., Cohalan, J., clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—Seabury, J.—(Criminal Term.) Trial calendar. 1—Chas W Caccia, Stanley Gilinick. 2—David M Wernicke. 3—George Richman. 4—Thomas Powers

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Bischoff, J. 2840—Sherry v. Proal. 8387—In re Walter. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—Amend, J. 5342—Weingarten v. Post & McCord. 2473—Gibbons v. N Y C & H R R R. 2433—Buccino v. Interborough R T Co. 1767—O'Neill v. City of New York. 2493—Tuefel v. Shreider. 2494—Same v. Meyer. 2548—Epstein v. N Y C & H R R R. 2563—Tanzer v. Reed. 2567—McFall v. Nordlinger Fireworks Co. 2572—Cox v. City of New York. 2573—Handley v. Cervante. 2577—Conover v. Dahl Mfg Co. 2578—Ring v. Hudson & Man R R. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—Page, J. Inquest. 1858—Gaybert v. Wade. 2366—Kane v. Charles A. Cowen & Co. 1810—Linting v. Jenkins. 2167—Juliano v. City of New York. 2168—Bello v. same. 2169—Kanner v. same. 2575—Weiss v. same. 2085—Donnelly v. H C & A I Perry Const Co. 2475—Sebring v. Voorhees. 2585—Stankino v. Poff. 2394—Jaunani v. James Dempsey Co. 2273—Anderson v. Baumann. 2377—Novizky v. Henigson. 2438—Wood v. Ward & Gow. 2439—Singer v. Nassau Elec R R Co. 2441—Singer v. same. 2448—Duffy v. Linch. 2450—Manfredo v. New Amsterdam Gas Co. 5303—Curran v. Gaynor. 2436—Weldon v. N Y, N H & H R R Co. 2437—Feltenstein v. Lichtenstein. 2435—Young v. Volk. 1797—Steffens v. Union Ferry Co. 5137—McNamara v. N Y Mfg R E Co. 2455—Hart v. Eidlitz. 2458—Palmieri v. Lifore. 2440—Schuck v. Eberhard. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part V.—Recess.

SUPREME COURT — Trial Term — Part VI. — Guy, J. Adjourned until March 10.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VII.—Platzek, J. 887—Smyth v. Yorkshire Realty Co. 2110—McLoughlin v. Wood. 1955-1956—Spatz v. O'Brien. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VIII.—Pendleton, J. No day calendar.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part IX.—Hooker, J. 1296—Hendrickson v. O'Brien Const Co. 1252—Herskowitz v. City of N Y. 2537—Hannigan v. Welles Bros Co of N Y. 2488—C H Kreig Co v. Atkin. 2553—Caspers v. North Beach Imp Co. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part X.—Gavegan, J. Case on, Fearon v. N Y Life Ins Co. Case on, Kucera v. Lynch. No day calendar.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XI.—Dugro, J. 2509—Lutz v. Beadleston & Woerz. 2518—Rosenthal v. Levin. 2514—Thompson v. Hesselein. 2534—Delaney v. Maloney. 2521—Sanderse v. Yorkshire R & C Co. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XII.—Adjourned until March 17.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIII.—Erlanger, J. 2050—Hudson Cond Milk Co v. Kings County Refrigerating Co. 946—C Meads & Co v. City of N Y. 1185—Whiteside v. Levy. 1397—Rabinowitz v. Mass. 2054—Thompson v. Lembeck. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIV.—Ford, J. 2117—Anderson v. Weber. 1600—Wilson v. Rockwood Co. 2122—Endicott v. Abelson. 2123—Pokress v. Mass Bonding & Ins Co. 1976—F A Smith Co v. Janeway. 813—Daly v. City of N Y. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XV.—Newburger, J. 1790—Olcott v. Smith. 1982—McBride v. Jenkins. 1983—Harper v. Cohen. 1987—Saffrey v. Lavary. 2011—Senig v. Safer. 2013—Jacobson v. Nowick. 2920—Alkan v. Grunwald. 1994—Barrett v. Hill. 2005—Hughes v. Armbruster. 923—Breakstone v. Buffalo Fdy and Mach Co. 2022—Morris v. Royal Baking Powder Co. 1459—Farley v. Allen. 1647—Cohen v. Bean. 2460—F. V. Smith Cont Co v. City of N Y. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XVI.—Goff, J. Adjourned for the term.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XVII.—Recess.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XVIII.—Brady, J. 414—Glynn v. Mercantile Safe Deposit Co. 1617—Varsey v. Dittmars. 1618—Brown v. same. 1052—Salischin v. Commercial Travelers Mutual Accident Association of America. 2104—Everall v. Stevens. 2086 Man Island Realty Co v. Fidel and Dep Co. 2091—Castaldo v. Hess. 2113—Everett v. Crerand. Clear.

SURROGATES' COURT — Chambers — Fowler, S. Motion calendar: Vivian Jordon, &c., Frank B. Meech, Harria A. Fox, &c., Sarah Layman, &c., Rosalie Hoenig, Samuel Shaskan, Jacob Mayer, Charles J. Lame, Margaret A. Brennan, Michael J. Cuddy, George Schaefer, Carl Schweitzer, Ruben Glicklir, &c., James W. Carey, Charles Rachum, Frederick P. E. Kamholz, Otto Danzmann, Otto Danzmann, Jane B. Duff, Jacob Mayer, Mary M. Carroll, John S. Mortimer, Frederick Buse, Bridget Moran, Ida B. Davis, Nathan Jacobs, Adolph Daus, Patrick O'Brien, Giuseppe Coppa, Anna A. Philbrick, John Cussen, Mary L. Vail, Leon S. Chase, Anna Alston, James Elgar, Michael J. Cuddy, Jurgen H. Bruning, &c., Annie Telschow, Edward Telschow, William J. Murray, Mary E. Geer, Ambrose L. Norrie, Henry I. Barbey, Richard C. Stahl, Fanny Latard, John Kremer, Mary L. Donnelly, Marie Dworniczak, Friedrich Gommel, Jose M. R. y Mora, Celia Kreter, Joseph H. Durkee, Bertha Schiff, John H. Inman, George F. Vietor, George F. Vietor, Guenther Schmidt, Magdelena Herrman, &c. Wills for probate: Jacob Koch, William A. Ingram, Eugene J. Van Maasdyk, Sigmund Blumenthal, Adelaide B. Harris, Vienna D. Gans, Ernst Stewer, Virginia Boyd, Pincus M. Roth, David Katzenstein, Vienna D. Gano, Joseph J Little.

SURROGATES' COURT—Trial Term—Cohalan, S. No day calendar.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part I. La Fetra, J. 2000—Cohen v. Harpely Hall Co. 5640—Shulman v. Cohen. 2149—Pace v. Dickson. 1804—Schaller v. Schumkovitz. 2338—Mooney v. O'Brien. 5264½—Caffe v. Newark Auto Co. 911—Cerrato v. Bijou R E Co. 725—Lindstrom v. Iron Steamboat Co. 346—Di Macchi v. Langendorff. 5156½—Groth v. Hauer. 979—McCormick v. Hazard. 6198½—Hartman v. Shaw. 5118½—McGinley v. Knick Stables Co. 1070—Conti v. McNally. 5372½—Palkowitz v. Harsonyi. 5459½, 5460½—Brondeisz v. Lakin. 5535½—Palmer v. Sommer. 556½—Capabianco v. Blaine. 5577½—Marks v. Goldstein. 1625—Gordon v. Mason Seaman Transp Co. 321—Wertauen v. Kirkland. 378—Shaw v. N Y Life Ins Co. 609—N Y Motor Car Co v. Greenfield. 918—Allen v. Adams Flanagan Co. 914—Breslin v. N Y & Queens Co Ry. 1613—Friedman v. Newark Fire Ins Co. 1614—Same v. Commerce Ins Co. 2004—Same v. Standard Fire Ins Co. 2005—Same v. Franklin Fire Ins Co. 2006—Same v. Providence Wash Ins Co. 2007—Same v. Mechanics & Traders' Ins Co. 2008—Same v. Glens Falls Ins Co. 616—Wolpin v. Kane. 376—Rohrlich v. same. 2321—Rosenberg v. Breidenbach. 2336½—Ressler v. Feder. 775—Zellner v. Stephens. 7352½—Pelgram v. Horner 766—Belles v. Bersch. 777—Grant v. Joseph. 779—Boyd v. Fairchild. 826—Rappaport v. Feggelle. 831—White v. Brown. 846—Barbieri v. Muzante. 865, 866—Kasindorf v. Int R T Co. 883—Pauett v. E. Schaeffer Co. 890—Lehrman v. Simon. 930—Keller v. Weil. 938—Lippe v. Padden. 372—Wanamaker v. Am Bldg Co. 371—Hartog Candy Co v. Eckert. 485, 486—Gershanoff v. Sheffield Farms S D Co. Case on.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—Schmuck, J., clear; Part IV., O'Dwyer, C. J., clear; Part V., Luce, J., clear; Part VI., Delehanty, J., case on; Part VII., McAvoy, J., clear; Part VIII., Green, J., case on.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Smith, J. 5456—Manhattan Commercial Co v. Stone. 5447—Sanger v. New Eng Theatre Co. 5464—Goldowitz v. Schoenhaltz. 5454—La Cagnina v. Hertz. 5489—Mason v. Neubegin. 5458—Esterson v. Prakin. 5484—Miller v. Petters. 5488—Breitenfeld v. Green. 5250—Reid v. Rogul. 5492—Selwyn & Co v. Wilner-Adelstein Amuse Co. 5493—City Bank of Bayonne v. Schor. 5497—Dorber v. Gibbs. 5397—Levien v. Lane Mfg Co. 5473—Jacobs v. Hirsch Bros. 5359—Met Printing Co v. O'Neill. 5463—Nat Surety Co v. Goldstein. 5502—Kugel v. Stern. 5498—Springold v. Meyers. 5504—Weeden v. McWilliams. 5506—Zaiss v. M J Krauss Co. 5507—Brennan v. Gilman. 5510—Meek v. Strobridge. 5511—Licht v. Licht. 5515—Brenchard v. Hill. 5517—Neuman v. Levey. 5522—Lichtentritt v. Mandelbaum. Case on.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Davis, J. Van Nest v. Sowers—Richard M. Miller. Bachem v. Sobel—Robert F. Wagner. Outcalt v. Williams—Samuel J. Wagstaff. Baron de Hirsch Fund v. Ettinger—Edward C. Parish. Equitable Life Ass'n v. Horgan—George E. Weller. Matter of Walters—John Bottomley.

SUPREME COURT—Lehman, J. Harf v. Catoba Realty and Construction Co.—William T. Quinn. Met. Sav. Bank v. Deutsch—Alexander Rosenthal. Matter of McClellan—Isidor Niner. Altman v. Mountain Construction Co.—William T. Quinn.

SUPREME COURT—Geigerich, J. Windham Realization Co. v. Bachman—Charles H. Ayres. Matter of McCormick—Algernon S. Norton. Suydam v. Krasnoff—Edward D. Dowling.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Giegerich, J. James H. Brewster v. Benjamin Viau (2)—Max Altman. David Mansfield Levy v. Jacob Rosenthal—Jesse Sharp. Robert A. B. Dayton v. George Zuelch—Harold K. Daly. Bloomingdale Construction Co. v. N. Y. Urban Real Estate Co.—Emanuel S. Cahn.

CITY COURT—Lynch, J. Jacob L. Goldstein v. Alexander M. Zivick—William J. Kindgen. Richard H. Lake v. Joseph Barbera—John W. Clancy. Charles Pape v. Harold F. Windmann—Herbert J. Goodwin.

CITY COURT—Finelite, J. Wotherspoon Plaster Mills v. Fred Fox—Max Lippman.

Brooklyn Calendars.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Second Judicial Department.—Jenks, P. J.; Burr, Thomas, Rich, Stapleton, JJ. Enumerated day calendar: 105—Carlisle v. Harris. 163—People v. Kocannck. 108—Skinner v. Erie R R. 192—Hawley v. S I R'way Co. 153—Longworth v. Longworth. 25—Gunderson v. Roebling Co. 31—Armenti v. Rodgers. 52—Tontiori v. N Y Contracting Co. 117—Ashley v. Erie R R. 238, (reargument)—Huested v. Richmond R R. 239 (reargument)—Marra v. N Y C & H R R R. 43 (reargument)—Seaman v. N Y Telephone Co. 55—Butler v. Steers. 84—Carso v. Nassau R R. 106—Griffin v. American Bridge Co.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term.—Part I., Maddox, J.; Part II., Manning, J.; Part III., Clark, J.; Part V., Aspinall, J.; Part VI., Putnam, J. 6985—Stein v. Freund. 4786—International Heater Co v. Slocum. 6849—Stacey v. Van Brunt St & Erie Basin R R. 7006—Eckhaus v. Russell & Stoll Co. 7016, 7017—Crasson v. City of New York. 5677—Barker v. Babcock. 1160—Landenheim v. Weber. 7044—Lavelle v. Vasigo. 7045—Wood v. Poppe et al. 7050—Casalina v. Flatbush Gas Co. 7063—Doyle et al v. Burkard et al. 7066—Tuscano v. Nassau R R. 7067—Majorino v. Nassau R R. 7068—Abate v. Nassau R R. 7069—Vitiello v. Nassau R R. 7070, 7071—Stanzio v. Nassau R R. 5743—McCabe v. Carter & Weeks Stevedoring Co. 7053—Disbrow v. Coney I & B R R. 6537—Clarke v. Byrnes. 6598—Lass v. Phillips. 6350—Segall v. Bruns Automobile Co. 7036—Strota v. City of New York. 6698—Shea v. B H R R. 6825—Oates v. Merkley. 954, 955—Schwab v. B H R R. 5728—Beary v. Johns-Manville Co. 6280—McLee El Mfg Co v. Palmer & Singer Mfg Co. 2126—Braun v. Botjer. 4714—Wilhelm v. Hinney. 6093—Likewise v. Long Island R R. 6272—Marshall v. Coney I & B R R. 6764—De Grossi v. City of New York. 6822—Hillis v. Fehring. 9569—Kellogg v. Whitten et al. 4834, 4838, 4839, 4840, 4841, 4842—Deveraux and others v. City of New York. 2973—Shanahan v. Feltman. 6957, 6958—Pillion v. City of New York. 7431—Shiebler v. Suffolk Gas & El Light Co. 10313—Schwehr v. Schwehr. 7084—Boice v. City of New York. 7086—Goldschmidt v. City of New York. 7095—Horowitz v. Belanowsky et al. 7097—Becker v. Lester. 7098—Farley v. B H R R. 7099—Johnson v. Wells. 7101—Heishen v. Feinberg. 7102—Burt v. Holbrook, Cabot & Rollins Co. The balance of the day calendar stands over until March 10. Highest number reached on regular call 7148.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Crane, J. 1190—McNulty v. Offerman. 2432—Newman v. Newman 2580—Robbins v. Hill. 2868—Prospect Land Impr Co v. Downey. 2618—De Beer v. Hoerlein. 2759—Zittlosen v. Zittlosen. 2812—Constantino v. Constantino. 2601—Weinberger v. Weinfeld. 2347—Cohen v. Cohen. 2378—Winkel v. Ohlbaum. 2872—Reizer v. Sklar. 1419—Loudon v. N Y Telephone Co. 2315—D'Agnostino v. Findley. 1765—Giambruno v. Foglia. 927—Klein v. Gallin. 10 cases—Schwab v. Schwab. 2254—Brown v. Brown. 1878—Albrecht v. Albrecht. 2156—Schragger v. Reiben. 2961—Aksezer v. Berschadsky. 2966—Sand v. Rodriquez. 2969—Kaufman v. Jaffe. 2970—Kargman v. Aaron. 2971—Besman v. Besman. 2972—Reiners v. Reiners. 2973—Hallblom v. Kenyon. 2975—Merzbach v. Mulqueen. 2976—Winkle v. Winkle. 2977—Davis v. Davis. 2978—Lee v. Pomeroy. 2980—Fryer, Jr. v. Fryer. 2981—Rosen v. Rosen. 2986—Babiak v. Kessler. 2987—Mandel v. Mandel. 2988—Reser v. Reser 2989—Simpson v. Simpson. 2092—Cohen v. Bicks. 2997—Jacobs v. Abrams. 1269—Caccialppoli v. Lemmo. Highest number reached 2997.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Kelby, J. Litigated motions. 1—Townsend v. Townsend. 2—Noble v. Noble. 3—Werner v. Klauber. 4—Werner v. Klauber. 5—S Blich Co v. Gerber. 6—Lucas v. Lucas. 7—Mooz v. Fritz. 8—Weiss v. City of N Y. 9—Matter of Unnamed St—Richmond. 10—Matter of Fahr (Lyke.) 11—Matter of Healy (Peoples Trust Co.) 12—Stevens v. Stevens. 13—Colyer v. R K Fox Pub Co. 14—Matter of Richter. 15—Matter of West. 16—Craft v. Weston et al. 17—Lambert v. Keller. 18—Atkinson v. Waldmann et al. 19—Matter of Stewart (Edelson.) 20—People v. Hill. 21—Serubbi v. Roseto. 22—McElroy v. Bartelmes et al. 23—Matter of 64th St—6 N U (Bico.) 24—Alacoque v. Prudder. 25—U S Realty & Impt Co v. Marsh et al. 26—De Rosa v. De Rosa. 27—Noll v. Standard Oil Cloth Co. 28—Caruso v. Caruso. 29—Harbordt v. Harbordt. 30—Reiter v. Hanson. 31—Brown v. Brown. 32—Laskin v. Goldstein. 33—Matter of 11th & 12th Avs (Falk.) 34—Newton v. Newton. 35—Quinn, Alphonsus, v. Quinn, Margaret. 36—De Vito v. O'Brien. 37—Matter of Rudefer-Stamper. 38—Rosenberg v. Lubowitz. 39—Mullen & ano v. Morton. 40—Osborn & ano v. Gros et al. 41—Doring v. Doring. 42—McMahon v. Nee.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part V.—Aspinall, J. People v. Ralph Carmadello, Giovanni Bellino, Louis Smith, and Louis Pecello.

COUNTY COURT—Civil Calendar—Part V.—Addington, J. 2859—Bklyn Kalamein Door Co v. Parkside Court Realty Co. 2862—Kings Co Mortgage Co v. McLaren. 2983—Selinzer v. S & I Holding Co. 2979—Oukner v. Cohen & Schwartz Const Co. 2984—Carr v. Am Cash Register Co.

COUNTY COURT—Criminal Calendar—Part I.—Fawcett, J. Theodor Klinge, Louis Solkin, Morris Koffler, Louis Marmer, Joseph Virginia, John J Maher, Giuseppe Dontonio, and Deni Carbone.

COUNTY COURT—Criminal Calendar—Part II.—Dike, J. Joseph Rocco, Otello Sachetti, Abraham Yellen, Andrew McVilla, and Walter McGee.

COUNTY COURT—Criminal Calendar—Part III.—Baker, J. John Bronsky, Gaetano Ferara, John Malande, and Stanley Swanskusey.

Queens County.

COUNTY COURT—Humphrey, J. Equity causes. Giacomelli v. Wild et al. Weichelsbaum v. Elmhurst Home Co. Walsh v. Weiss.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Jaycox, J.; Part II., Scudder, J. 1381—Huyler v. City of New York. 1739—Lynch v. Long Island R R Co. 1385—Bayer v. Speedwell Motor Truck & Serv Co. 1378—Jubinsky v. Metal Stamping Co. 1389—Biaggoniello, as adm, v. N Y & Q Co Ry Co. 1390—Hanastek, as adm, v. Wilson et al. 1394, 1395—Lynsky v. Rothschild & Co. 1396—Beck v. Talley. 1401—Lisowski v. Long Island R R Co. 1403—Meinel, an infant, v. U S Motor Car Co. 1406—Van Valen v. N Y & Q Co Ry Co. 1407—Cullinan v. B H R R Co. 1408—Cassidy v. same.

The following causes, if marked "ready," will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day on this call: 689—Tisdale Lumber Co v. Piquet. 1409—Maguire v. Long Island R R Co. 1252—Simmons v. N Y & Q Elec L & P Co. 988—Lurk v. Deney. 1046-7—Kellerman v. Dewey. 1411—Greer v. Connor. 1412—Durytryshyn v. N Y & Q Co Ry Co. 1413—Martin, an infant, v. Morrison. 1417—O'Neill v. Long Island R R Co. 1418—Kairis v. B'klyn Heights R R Co. 1419—Weiss, as adm, v. same. 1421—Schutter v. Renault. 1422—Uba v. Nichols. 1423—McGloin v. Lang. 1424—Buhre v. Fizter, Jr. 1425—Butkus v. Hecker-Jones-Jewel Co. 1426—McBain v. B H R R Co. 1427—McGann v. same. 1428—Vance v. N Y & Q Co R R Co. 1429—Peters v. Greenhut-Siegel Cooper Co. 1430—Chiofalo, as adm, v. Blaesi. 1431—Bogenshutz v. B H R R Co. 1432—Giebner, as adm, v. Leahy Realty Co. 1433—Britton v. C I & B R R Co. 1434—Lemmo, an infant, v. B H R R Co. 1435—Dealy v. Colgate. 1437—Crosswaite v. Am Bonding Co. 1438—Cook v. B H R R Co. 1439—Huber, as admx, v. Queens Co Trust Co. Highest number reached on the general calendar is 1439.

Westchester County.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Tompkins, J. 489—La Feluer v. Hunter. 540—Nason Mfg Co v. Boswell. 544—Wade v. Amony. 545—Drake v. Allis. 549—Amanna v. Theodore Coos Co. 548—Smith v. Butler. 558—International Safety Match Co v. Nelson. 559—Newell v. Stainach. 560—Crawford v. Quaker Ridge Realty Co. 561—Fowler v. Fowler. 564—Winpenny v. Winpenny. 565—Lansen v. N Y, N H & H R R Co. 567—Rennie v. McKim. 567—Levine v. Fox. 568—Kennedy v. Kennedy. 569—Central Bank of West Co v. Tri-State Supply Co. 570—Guardian Trust Co v. White Plains Dev Co. 571—Fairchild v. Scarsdale Estates. 572—Pirro v. Borgwald. 573—De Cala Trava v. Reynolds. 574—Coe v. Belluscio.

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Northern District of Illinois, Eastern Division.—CONTINENTAL AND COMMERCIAL TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK, as Trustee, complainant, vs. ALLIS-CHALMERS COMPANY and DELMER W. CALL and OTTO H. FALK, as Receivers of ALLIS-CHALMERS COMPANY, Defendants.—In Equity No. 30,828.

Public notice is hereby given that in pursuance of a decree of said court entered in the above entitled cause on the 4th day of March, A. D. 1913, I, Gerry W Hazelton, Special Master Commissioner, duly appointed by the court to make this sale, will on Tuesday, the 8th day of April, A. D. 1913, at the hour of 12 o'clock noon, at the main east door of the Court House of the County of Cook in the State of Illinois, sell as directed by said decree, at public auction to the highest bidder the following described premises and property in said decree mentioned, to wit:

All and singular all the real estate and manufacturing plants, including machinery, blast furnaces, steel works, rolling mills, machine shops, mills, warehouses, blacksmith shops, docks, wharves, railroad tracks, cars, offices, buildings, structures, fixtures, machines, tools, appliances, patterns, dies, and all other articles of a permanent character now owned by the Allis-Chalmers Company and used by the Allis-Chalmers Company, or by Otto H. Falk, as Receiver of the Allis-Chalmers Company, for carrying on the business or in connection with the operation of the works of the Allis-Chalmers Company, situate upon or used in connection with the real estate hereinafter described, within the Northern District of Illinois, including all and singular the said machinery, fixtures, articles of a permanent character and appliances, which at the time of such sale shall be in the possession of the Allis-Chalmers Company or the said Otto H. Falk, as Receiver, for use in and about the said manufacturing plants, situate upon the following described real estate, to wit:

CHICAGO WORKS NO. 1.

The following described real estate situated in the 16th Ward of the City of Chicago, Cook County, Illinois:

Lot twenty-nine (29) in block seventeen (17) in Sheffield's Addition to Chicago.

Lot forty-nine (49) in Chicago Land Company's subdivision of block seventeen (17) in Sheffield's Addition to Chicago.

Sublots one (1) to eight (8) inclusive and sublots eleven (11) to twenty-one (21) inclusive in Stein's Subdivision of lots seven (7) to twelve (12) inclusive in block seventeen (17) in Sheffield's Addition to Chicago.

Lots six (6), thirteen (13) and fourteen (14) in block seventeen (17) in Sheffield's Addition to Chicago, and Stein street vacated east and adjacent to sublots twelve (12) to twenty (20), and the alley vacated and lying between sublots one (1) to five (5) on the west and sublots eleven (11) to fifteen (15) on the east, in Stein's Subdivision of lots seven (7) to twelve (12) inclusive in block seventeen (17) in Sheffield's Addition to Chicago.

Also,

CHICAGO WORKS NO. 2.

The following described real estate situated in the City of Chicago, Cook County, Illinois:

Block three (3) (except that part thereof which lies northeasterly of the center line of the Chicago & Great Western Railroad Company's railroad and except a strip of land sixteen and one-half (16½) feet wide which lies along and southwesterly of said center line, which said center line runs from a point on the east line of, and forty-seven and three-tenths (47.3) feet north of, the southeast corner of said block northwesterly sixty and four-tenths (60.4) feet, and thence curves to the left on a radius of eight hundred and nineteen (819) feet to a point on the north line of, and one hundred fifty-seven and seventy-three hundredths (157.73) feet west of the northeast corner of said block; and except a triangular piece of land, being part of block three (3) of G. W. Starr's Subdivision of the east one-half (E. ½) of the southwest one-quarter (S. W. ¼) (except the east one hundred (100) feet thereof), of Section thirteen (13) and what was formerly Grenshaw street, now vacated, situated in Township thirty-nine (39) North, Range thirteen (13) east of the Third Principal Meridian, in Cook County, Illinois, described as follows: Beginning at a point which is the intersection of the west line of Rockwell street and the south line of Grenshaw street, now vacated; thence north along the west line of Rockwell street for a distance of eighty-five (85) feet, more or less, to a point which is the intersection of the west line of Rockwell street and the present southwesterly line of the B. & O. C. T. R. R. west of Rockwell street; thence northwesterly along said right of way line a distance of one hundred and ten (110) feet; thence southeasterly on a curve convex to the northeast, having a radius of five hundred (500) feet, to the place of beginning, containing fourteen hundred and thirty-eight (1438) square feet, more or less.

Block four (4, (except that part thereof taken for widening Twelfth street; and also that part of Grenshaw street lying between said blocks three and four, all in Starr's Subdivision of the east half of the southwest quarter of the southeast quarter (except the east one hundred (100) feet thereof) of Section thirteen (13), Township thirty-nine North, Range thirteen east of the Third Principal Meridian.

Lots one (1) to nineteen (19) inclusive, lots twenty-one (21) to thirty-nine (39) inclusive, and lots forty-six (46) to fifty-one (51) inclusive in Fish & Young's Subdivision of the southeast quarter of the west half of the southwest quarter of the southeast quarter of Section thirteen, Township thirty-nine North, Range thirteen east of the Third Principal Meridian.

Lots seventeen (17) to twenty-three (23) inclusive in the Subdivision of the east half of the east half of the northwest quarter of the southwest quarter of the southeast quarter of Section thirteen, Township thirty-nine North, Range thirteen east of the Third Principal Meridian, with lots twenty-six (26) and twenty-seven (27) in the Subdivision of the west half of the east half of the northwest quarter of the southwest quarter of the southeast quarter of Section thirteen aforesaid, except railroad right of way.

Lots twenty (20) to twenty-five (25) inclusive in Cherry's Subdivision of the west half of the east half of the northwest quarter of the southwest quarter of the southeast quarter of Section thirteen, Township thirty-nine North, Range thirteen east of the Third Principal Meridian.

Together with all and singular the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances and franchises of the Allis-Chalmers Company thereunto belonging or in any wise appertaining, and the reversions, remainders, rents, issues and profits thereof, and all the estate, right, title, interest, property, possession, claim and demand whatsoever, as well at law as in equity, of the Allis-Chalmers Company of, in and to the same and any and every part thereof, with the appurtenances.

The Special Master Commissioner will first offer for sale, as an entirety, all the said property hereinbefore described as "Chicago Works No. 1," and shall note the highest bidder therefor. He will next offer for sale, separately, and as an entirety, all the said property hereinbefore described as "Chicago Works No. 2," and shall note the highest bidder therefor. The bids for said separate parcels will be received and noted, subject to the express condition that all the property in the State of Illinois directed to be sold shall subsequently be offered for sale as an entirety. The Special Master Commissioner will then invite bids upon all the property directed to be sold by said decree, in one parcel, as an entirety, and will note the highest qualified bidder for said entire property. If the highest bid received and noted for all said properties as an entirety shall exceed the aggregate of the several highest bids therefor, when offered for sale in said parcels, then the bid for said property as an entirety will be conditionally accepted by the Special Master Commissioner. If, however, the highest bid received and noted for all said property as an entirety shall not exceed the aggregate amount of the several highest bids for said property when offered in parcels, as aforesaid, then the highest bids for the separate parcels will be conditionally accepted by the said Special Master Commissioner.

The Special Master Commissioner will receive no bid from any one offering to bid for the said parcel described as "Chicago Works No. 1," who, prior to said sale, shall not have deposited with him, or delivered to him, as a pledge that such bidder will make good his bid in the event of its acceptance, the sum of fifty thousand dollars ($50,000), or one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000) in face amount of the bonds issued under and secured by the mortgage or deed of trust of July 2, 1906, made by Allis-Chalmers Company to The American Trust & Savings Bank, Trustee. The Special Master Commissioner will receive no bid from any one offering to bid for the said parcel described as "Chicago Works No. 2," who, prior to said sale, shall not have deposited with him or delivered to him, as a pledge that such bidder will make good his bid in the event of its acceptance, the sum of fifty thousand dollars ($50,000), or one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000) in face amount of the bonds issued under and secured by the said mortgage or deed of trust dated July 2, 1906. The Special Master Commissioner will receive no bid for the entire property in the State of Illinois, ordered by the said decree to be sold, from any one offering to bid who prior to said sale shall not have deposited with him or delivered to him, as a pledge that such bidder will make good his bid in the event of its acceptance, the sum of one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000), or two hundred thousand dollars ($200,000) in face amount of the bonds issued under and secured by the said mortgage or deed of trust dated July 2, 1906. Any deposit of money required to be made with the Special Master Commissioner may be made either in cash or in a certified check therefor on some bank or trust company having a paid up capital of not less than one million dollars ($1,000,000). Upon the conditional acceptance of any bid the purchaser shall forthwith pay to the Special Master Commissioner, in addition to the money so deposited with said Special Master Commissioner, prior to making such bid, or in addition to the bonds so deposited with said Special Master Commissioner, a further additional sum in money or bonds equal to the amount so hereinbefore required to be deposited as a condition of making such bid. Any bidder or purchaser, in lieu of delivering to the said Special Master Commissioner said bonds, either for the purpose of qualification as a bidder, or on account of the purchase price in the event of the acceptance of his bid, may deliver to the said Special Master Commissioner a certificate or certificates of any bank or trust company in the City of Milwaukee in the State of Wisconsin, or in the City of New York in the State of New York, or in the City of Chicago in the State of Illinois, which bank or trust company shall have a paid-up capital of not less than one million dollars ($1,000,000), that such bank or trust company holds, subject to the order of said Special Master Commissioner, said bonds, to the amount aforesaid. In case any bidder shall fail to make good his bid upon its acceptance by said Special Master Commissioner, or shall fail after such acceptance to comply with any order of the court relating to the payment thereof or the consummation of the purchase, then the money or bonds deposited by such purchaser or purchasers as hereinabove provided shall be forfeited as a penalty for such failure. If such sale shall not be confirmed by the court, such deposit will be returned to the bidder. The purchaser, on confirmation of the sale by the court, shall make such payment or payments in cash on account of the purchase price as the court may at the time of the confirmation of such sale or from time to time thereafter direct, and shall pay the entire balance of the purchase price so bid at such time or times and in such manner as the court shall direct.

Any purchaser who shall purchase the said property shall be bound by the terms of any contract which Otto H. Falk, as receiver of the Allis-Chalmers Company, shall have entered into, at the time of such sale, for the sale and delivery of machinery or merchandise from such manufacturing plants, where the completion of such contract shall require the use of the manufacturing plant so purchased; and any such purchaser, at the time of the confirmation of such bid, shall enter into such written agreement with the said receiver, upon such conditions as the court shall hereafter direct, providing for the completion and carrying out of such contract, upon such reasonable terms as may be fixed by the court; provided, however, that any such purchaser may apply to the court, at the time of the confirmation of such bid, or at any time subsequent thereto, to be relieved from the obligation of any specific contract covered by the terms of said decree upon such terms as may be deemed proper by the court; this provision in the said decree being intended for the protection of the receiver heretofore appointed by the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Wisconsin, and shall not be construed as vesting any right of action in any person not a party to this suit as against such purchaser; and the court reserves the right to require of any such purchaser or purchasers security in such amount and of such form and character as the court may require, for the fulfillment of any contracts which the court shall direct that the said purchaser shall assume under the terms of the said decree.

Any purchaser at the sale may satisfy and make good the balance of his bid above the amount required to be paid in cash by the terms of said decree, or by any decree or order of said court entered in accordance with the provisions of said decree, by delivering to the undersigned Special Master Commissioner bonds duly certified and issued and outstanding under the terms of said mortgage or deed of trust, dated July 2, 1906, made by Allis-Chalmers Company to The American Trust & Savings Bank, Trustee, with all unpaid coupons for interest thereunto belonging, which bonds, if registered, shall be duly assigned or endorsed by the registered holder thereof; such bonds, whether delivered to the Special Master Commissioner at the time of the sale, or subsequently, shall be received at such price or value as shall be equal to the sum which would be payable out of the net proceeds of said sale if made for money to the holder or holders of said bonds, for his or their just share and proportion in such character of such net proceeds, upon a due accounting and apportionment of such net proceeds; provided, however, that if it shall appear by endorsement upon any bond so presented, or otherwise, or by a certified copy of any report of the Special Master Commissioner appointed by the decree of the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Wisconsin, to make the sale decreed under the order of that court heretofore entered, that any bond or bonds so presented to the Special Master Commissioner have been theretofore presented to the Special Master Commissioner making sale under the order of the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Wisconsin, or that any such bond or bonds have been used in the purchase of any properties situate in the Eastern District of Wisconsin, then such bonds, when presented to the undersigned Special Master Commissioner, shall be received at such price or value as shall be equivalent to the sum which would be payable out of the net proceeds of such sale, if made for money, to the holder or holders of said bonds, for his or their just share and proportion in such character of such net proceeds, after the amount applied upon such bonds, in connection with the purchase of any property sold under the said decree of the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Wisconsin, or applicable thereto, out of the proceeds of such sale, shall have been endorsed upon said bonds or charged as the pro rata payment thereof against the amount due upon the said bonds by the terms of the said decree.

For a more particular description of the property to be sold and the terms and conditions of the sale, reference is hereby made to the decree entered by the District Court of the United States in the Northern District of Illinois, Eastern Division, in the above-entitled cause, on the 4th day of March, 1913.

GERRY W. HAZELTON,
Special Master Commissioner.

Referees' Notices

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—ISABELLA C. MAY, Plaintiff, against HENRY CORN and ROSELLA CORN, his wife, and ORGANIZERS INVESTING COMPANY, Defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above entitled action, and bearing date the 26th day of February, 1913, I, the undersigned, the Referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction at the Exchange Salesrooms, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 26th day of March, 1913, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by BRYAN L. KENNELLY, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold and therein described as follows:

A lease made by James V. Coleman of the City of San Francisco, California, and Cecilia C. May and Isabella C. May, both of the City of Washington, District of Columbia, to Samuel Corn and Henry Corn, both of the City, County and State of New York, said lease bearing date the first day of July, 1893, and recorded in the office of the Register of the County of New York on the 4th day of October, 1893, in Section 3, Liber 24 of Conveyances at page 136, and also on the 7th day of June, 1894, in Section 3, Liber 29 of Conveyances at page 107, by which lease the following described premises were demised for the term of forty-two years and two months from the first day of March, 1894, that is to say:

ALL that certain lot, piece or parcel of land with the buildings thereon erected known as Number 139 (One Hundred and Thirty-nine) Fifth Avenue, situate, lying and being in the Eighteenth Ward of the City of New York, and bounded and described as follows, viz.:

BEGINNING at a point on the easterly line of Fifth Avenue distant fifty-seven feet six inches northerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the said easterly line of Fifth Avenue with the northerly line of Twentieth Street, and running thence northerly along said easterly line of Fifth Avenue thirty-two feet six inches; thence easterly parallel with the northerly line of Twentieth Street and part of the way through the centre of a party wall ninety feet; thence northerly parallel with the easterly line of Fifth Avenue two feet; thence easterly again parallel with the northerly line of Twentieth Street forty-eight feet; thence southerly again parallel with the easterly line of Fifth Avenue forty-four feet; thence westerly again parallel with the northerly line of Twentieth Street twenty-five feet; thence northerly again parallel with the easterly line of Fifth Avenue nine feet and six inches; thence westerly again parallel with the northerly line of Twentieth Street and part of the way through the centre of a party wall one hundred and thirteen feet to the point or place of beginning.

AND ALSO the right to use a certain lane or right of way twelve feet in width leading from the premises above described to Twentieth Street, and more particularly described in a certain deed made by William Jay and wife to Loring Andrews, bearing date the fourth day of October, 1851, and recorded in the office of the Register of the City and County of New York in Liber 582 of Conveyances, page 540, October 8th, 1851.

TOGETHER with all and singular the edifices, buildings, rights, members, privileges and appurtenances thereunto belonging, or in any wise appertaining.

AND ALSO, ALL the estate, right, title, interest, term of years yet to come and unexpired, property, possession, claim and demand whatsoever, as well in law as in equity, of the said parties of the first part, of, in and to the said demised premises, and every part and parcel thereof, with the appurtenances;

AND ALSO the said Indenture of Lease, and every clause, article and condition therein expressed and contained.

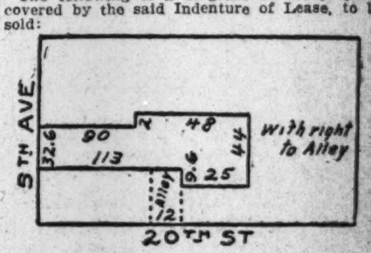
Said premises will be sold subject to existing tenancies and leases.

Dated, New York, February 28th, 1913.

PHELAN BEALE, Referee.

AGAR, ELY & FULTON, Attorneys for Plaintiff, No. 31 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property covered by the said Indenture of Lease, to be sold:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above described property is to be sold is Thirty-four thousand nine hundred and 64-100 Dollars, ($34,900.64,) with interest thereon from the 14th day of February, 1913, together with the costs and allowance, amounting to Three hundred twenty-six and 51-100 (326.51) Dollars, with interest from February 26th, 1913, together with the expenses of the sale.

The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments and water rates or other liens which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the Referee is Seventy-eight and 72-100 Dollars, ($78.72,) and interest.

Dated, New York, February 28th, 1913.

PHELAN BEALE, Referee.

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REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

THURSDAY, MARCH 6.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, s e corner of 141st St, 99.11x35; Maud T. Lavigne to New York Real Estate Security Company, 42 Broadway, March 1, (mtg $75,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee Company, 176 Broadway..............$1

BLEECKER ST, w s, 85.1 ft n of Charles St, 21.3x70; Mary E. Schilling to John W. Husemeyer, 376 Bleecker St, ¼ part, all title, March 4; attorney, X. P. Huddy, 50 Church St..............$500

COLUMBUS AV, 615 and 617, s e corner of 90th St, 50.8x74.6; Caroline Cushman to Lorimer A. Cushman, 49 Claremont Av, all liens, Dec. 3; attorney, F. H. Kellogg, 55 Liberty St..............$1

CLINTON ST, 129, w s, 25x100; Rebecca Haims to Leopold M. Rothman, 2 West 102d St, (mtg $33,000,) March 3; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway..............$100

FRONT ST, 66, n s, 20.8x85; Lawyers Realty Company to Fred Ingraham, at Hempstead, L. I., March 6, (mtg $20,000;) attorneys, Stoddard & M., 128 Broadway..............$100

MADISON AV, 1,642, w s, 19x100; Sadie Klein to Rose Sporn, 182 2d St, (mtg $20,500,) and all liens, March 3; attorney, Meyer Auerbach, 42 Broadway..............$100

PARK AV, e s, 49.6 ft n of 73d St, 28x95.11; Alliance Realty Co. to Arthur Ryle, Rumsen, N. J., (mtg $45,000,) March 6; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway..$100

PARK AV, e s, 51.3 ft s of 119th St, 24.10x80; John H. Rogan, referee, to Rebecca Spahn and others, 65 Hamilton Terrace, March 6; attorney, Jos. Rosenzweig, 99 Nassau St.$6,000

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, s e corner of 100th St, —x140.7x100.11x150; West Side Construction Co. to William T. Evans, Montclair, N. J., (mtg $700,000,) March 6; attorneys, Stoddard & Work, 128 Broadway..............$100

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, s e corner of 93d St; William T. Evans to West Side Construction Co., 322 West 100th St, (mtg $390,000,) March 6; attorneys, Stoddard & M., 128 Broadway. $100

WATER ST, n s, 24.8x67.4x27.5x66.7, w s, adjoining 4 Front St., &c., on one side by rear of lots fronting on Moore St.; Richard M. Henry to Hy. K. White, 29 West 95th St., (mtg $13,000, partition Feb. 19,) March 6; attorney, Title Guarantee Co, 176 B'way.$25,250

3D AV, 1,326, w s, 25x100; Bertha Kaufmann to Jonas Weil, 21 East 82d St, Feb. 21; attorneys, Weil & M., 5 Beekman St..........$100

3D AV, 1,326, w s, 25x100; Jonas Weil and another to Bertha Kaufman, 1,767 3d Av, Feb. 21; attorneys, Weil & Mayer, 5 Beekman St..............$100

8TH AV, n w corner of 154th St, 24.11x100, (foreclosure March 4;) Lewis S. Marx, referee, to Sigmund Wechsler, 101 West 115th St, executor, &c., of Abraham Bernheimer, March 6; attorney, R. V. Wechsler, 32 Broadway. $30,000

5TH AV, 53 to 55, e s, 131.6x—; Charles H. Strong, referee, to John Quinn, 58 Central Park West, Feb. 28, (mtg $125,000;) attorney, John Muir, 31 Nassau St..............$450,000

SAME property; John Quinn to Ellisdale Company, March 6, (mtg $125,000)..............$1

16TH ST, 309-11 West, n s, 34.8x72.11x34.10x76.2; New Jersey Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals to Wm. T. Hunt, Newark, N. J., March 5; attorneys, Guild & Martin, Newark, N. J..............$1

45TH ST, 116-18 West, s s, 40x100.4; Thomas E. Greacen to 116 West 45th St., Inc., on premises, (mtg $135,000,) all liens, March 5; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.. $100

47TH ST, n s, 250 ft e of 1st Av, 25x½ block; Lizzie Goerlitz to Theodore Sauer, Hollis, L. I., Feb. 21, (mtg $10,000;) attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Company, 160 Broadway..$100

80TH ST, 230 East, s s, 26.2x102.2; Ignatz Schwarz to William Ryba, 980 1st Av, (mtg $29,000,) March 4; attorney, Charles Recht, 80 Maiden Lane..............$100

85TH ST, 128 West, 18x102.2; Mabel A. Andreas to Edna H. Moore, 143 West 69th St, Feb. 18, (mtg $18,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee Company, 176 Broadway..............$1

85TH ST, 108 East, s s, 18.1x102.2; Maximilian J. Hertel to Estelle Hustis, 173 West 83d St, (mtg $9,000,) March 5; attorney, New York Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway..$100

SAME PROPERTY; Estelle Hustis to Esther W. Dreyfoos, 106 East 85th St, (mtg $15,000,) March 5; attorney, same..............$100

86TH ST, 433 East, n s, 18x100.8; also interior lot, begins 257 ft w of Av A, at c. l. block between 86th and 87th Sts, runs n 10x e 27x s 27 to beginning; Harvey C. Price to Gussie Freiberger, 432 East 86th St, (mtg $10,000,) all liens, Jan. 12, 1912; attorney, Hy. Freiberger, 433 East 86th St..............$1

95TH ST, n s, 100 ft e of 5th Av, 50x100.8; Lloyd S. Brice to Marion B. Carhart, Tuxedo, N. Y., B. & S., Jan. 17; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway..............$1

97TH ST, 39 West, n s, 18x100.11; 97th St, 41 West, n s, 20x100.11; Thos. P. McKenna to Deal Co., 111 Broadway, March 4; address 111 Broadway..............$100

101ST ST, 77 West, 25x100.11; John G. Osterberg to Henry W. Holling, 414 West 43d St, March 6, (mtg $18,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee Company, 176 Broadway..............$100

102D ST, 127 East, 37.6x100.11; Ephraim Samuels to Greystone Holding Company, 52 Broadway, Feb. 27; attorney, H. B. Davis, 52 Broadway..............$100

117TH ST, 106 East, s s, 15.10x64.11, (foreclosure June 13, 1911;) Edw. L. Parris, referee, to Adelaide O. Floyd, Middletown, N. J., (mtg $4,250,) March 6; attorney, John M. Rider, 44 Cedar St..............$500

139TH ST, s s, 150 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 100x99.11; Solomon L. Parks, 50 West 77th St.; Wm. A. and Ed. P. Larned and Elizabeth MacCarthy, all of Summit, N. J., (mtg $151,000,) Feb. 17; attorney, Albert H. MacCarthy, 261 Broadway..............$100

167TH ST, 444-6 West, s w s, 59.8x74.3; May B. Slesinger to Jacob Starkman, 158 East 106th St, Feb. 17; attorney, J. A. Kohn, 1,400 5th Av..............$100

167TH ST, 448-50 West, s s, 59.8x90.3; May B. Slesinger and others, executors, &c, to Jacob Starkman, 158 East 106th St, Feb. 18; same attorney..............$100

Bronx.

CHISHOLM ST, w s, Lots 13 and 14, map William Birrell, 40x110.7x40.5x104.9; Godfrey P. Schmidt to Peter Schmidt, 876 East 160th St., Feb. 28; attorney, Thomas A. Hill, 170 Broadway..............$870

COSTER ST, 626 to 630, e s, 60x100; Raffael Luongo to Thomas P. Kelly, 620 West 147th St, March 1, mtg $18,600; attorney, Edmond Huertel, 41 Park Row..............$100

FOX ST, 667, n s, 40.7x125; Winfred Watson to Montgomery Maze, 322 West 59th St, March 5, mtg $34,000; attorney, M. Maze, 2,650 Broadway..............$1,100

LOTS 275 and 276, map Hunter Estate No. 1,130; Hudson P. Rose Co. to Thomas L. Fletcher, 943 6th Av., Feb. 20; attorney, Thomas L. Fletcher, 943 6th Av..............$1

LOTS 21 and 22, map of 370 lots of McGraw estate; Grace L. Mackenzie to George Mackenzie, 1,349 Taylor Av, March 6, all liens; attorney, C. S. May, 38 Park Row.......$100

LOT 101, map of 463 lots of F. P. and H. A. Forster and others, 1,670; Henry Forster to Joseph W. Cummings, 268 West 43d St, March 6; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway..............$100

LOT 101, map of 463 lots of F. P. and H. A. Forster et al, 1,670; James R. Murphy to Joseph W. Cummin, 628 West 43d St, March 6, B. & S.; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway..............$1

PROPOSED ROAD, n s, 515 ft w of Old Post Road, 75x97.2x75x100.8; Mosholu Av, n s, 147.3 ft w of stone monument which is 146.11 ft w of Old Post Road, 50x100; Max F. Greenbaum to Edw. Earl, 2 East 55th St., (mtg $2,000,) April 15, 1908; attorney, Duer, S. & W., 43 Exchange Place..............$1

SHERMAN AV, e s, 100 ft n of 167th St, 449.6x200; Yorktown Realty Co. to Otto J. Schwarzler, 212 East Tremont Av, March 6, mtg $10,650; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway..............$100

TOPPING AV, 1,768, e s, 20x95; Hannah Lewis to Rose Patton, 2,604 Briggs Av, (mtg $7,500,) March 3; attorney, W. O. Patton, 177 B'y.$1

WASHINGTON AV, w s, 210.10 ft s of 180th St, 37.6x145; Jonas Weil and others to Fanny Gruen, 116 East 90th St., B. & S., A. L., March 6; attorney, B. J. Weil, 5 Beekman Street..............$100

WASHINGTON AV, w s, 210.10 ft s of 180th St, 37.6x145; Fanny Gruen to Jonas Weil, 41 East 72d St, and another, March 6, mtg $35,000; attorneys, Weil & M., 5 Beekman St..$100

168TH ST, 454 East, s s, 24.11x42.7; 168th St, 456 East, s s, 24.11x42.7; Model Constr. Co. to Frank Metusak, 332 East 93d St., (mtg $17,250,) Feb. 20; attorney, William B. Dressler, 439 Central Park West..............$100

188TH ST, s s, 72 ft w of Bathgate Av, 20x91.2x20x90.9; James F. Curnen, referee, to Tunis S. Bogart, 151 74th St, Brooklyn, March 4; attorney, Charles H. Lott, 206 B'way.$7,500

260TH ST, Hurley Av, 159th St, and Newton, the block, being land lying in bed of old Albany Post Road, 260 ft long x 50 ft wide, &c; James R. Murphy to City of New York, March 4; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway..............Letters patent

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, s e corner of 141st St, 99.11x35; New York Real Estate Security Co. to New York Trust Co., 26 Broad St, prior mtg $75,000, March 6, due as per bond, supplemental to mortgage received Dec. 17, 1908; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..............—

CANAL ST, 47, n s, 24.3x50; General Holding Co to Blanche B. Clark, Plainfield, N. J., Feb. 28, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, Man & Man, 56 Wall St..............$27,000

FRONT ST, 66, n s, 20.8x85; Fred Ingraham to Lillian E. Weaver, 1,155 Dean St, March 6, due Jan. 16, 1918, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, Stoddard & M., 128 Broadway..............$4,000

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, s e corner of 100th St, 101.6x—; William T. Evans to West Side Construction Co, 324 West 100th St, March 6, prior mtg $700,000, installments, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Stoddard & M., 135 Broadway.$90,000

8TH AV, 2,055, w s, 25.6x100; Marvel Baking Co to Goldmeyer Co, 408 Broome St, March 3, prior mtg $39,500, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Schwed & F., 2 Rector St..........$2,000

2D ST, 99, s w s, 22x—; Louis Wolfsky to Herman Mandelbaum and another, executors, 1,295 Madison Av, March 6, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..............$5,000

18TH ST, 234 West, 37.1x—; Louis Monjo and others to William Amend, 38 West 78th St, March 6, 5 years; attorneys, Amend & A., 119 Nassau St..............$23,000

22D ST, s s, 137 ft w of 9th Av, 13x98.8; Solomon Weber to Aaron Wartels, 146 Henry St, Feb. 28, prior mtg $9,000, due as per bond; attorneys, Marks & M., 61 Park Row..............$1,000

27TH ST, 513 West, 25x98.9; Jennie L. Garvey to Patrick G. Tighe, Yonkers, N. Y., March 4, 3 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..........$12,000

30TH ST, n s, 75 ft w of 7th Av, 25x100; Dora Friede to New York Savings Bank, 81 8th Av, March 6, due as per bond; attorneys, Webber & W., 7 Beekman St..........$25,000

45TH ST, 116 and 118 West, 40x100.4; 116 West 45th Street, Inc., to Thomas E. Greacen, 6 West 50th St, March 5, prior mtg $13,000, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway..........$140,000

85TH ST, 108 East, 18.1x102.2; Estelle Hustis to Maximilian J. Hertel, 250 West 140th St, March 5, (mtg $9,000,) 3 years; attorney, New York Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway..............$6,000

101ST ST, 77 West, 25x100.11; Hy. W. Holling to John G. Osterberg, 3,590 Park Av, (prior mtg $18,000,) due as per bond, March 6; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.. $3,000

102D ST, n s, 40 ft w of Lexington Av, 37.6x100.11; Greystone Holding Co to William Jay, executor, Bedford, N. Y., March 6, 5 years; attorney, Robert W. Candler, 48 Wall St. $30,000

113TH ST, 60 East, 25x100.10; Annie D. Wallace to Catharine E. Birkenhauer, 2,142 Arthur Av, Feb. 24, (prior mtg $17,500,) due Jan. 3, 1915, 6 p. c.; attorneys, McLaughlin & S., 15 William St..............$4,000

167TH ST, n s, 238.7 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 59.8x—; 167th St, s w s, 111.8 ft n w of Colonial Parkway, 59.8x—; Jacob Starkman to Herman Zagor, 64 East 122d St, March 4, due as per bond; attorney, Samuel Bitterman, 309 Broadway..............$2,000

Bronx.

AV ST. JOHN, e s, 11.4 ft s of Prospect Av, 20.3x98.1x20.2x99.8; Bertha Leichtay to Carrie Terpenning, 46 West 66th St, March 1, Cedar St..............$1,200

LOT 101, map of 463 lots of F. P. & H. A. Forster, Joseph W. Cummin to Hy. Forster, 138 East 40th St, March 6, 3 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway..............$510

LOTS 275 and 276, map of Hunter estate; Thomas L. Fletcher to H. P. Rose Co., 32 West 45th St, Feb. 20, 3 years..........$602

SHERMAN AV, e s, 100 ft n of 167th St, 449.6x—; Otto J. Schwarzler to Yorktown Realty Co., 3,436 Broadway, March 6, due Aug. 1, 1913, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Cohn & N., 160 Broadway..............$4,000

WASHINGTON AV, 2,059, w s, 37.6x145; Fanny Gruen to Selmar Hess, 956 Madison Av, March 6, 5 years; attorney, James S. & E., 170 Broadway..............$35,000

WENDOVER AV, s s, 26 ft e of Brook Av, 75x—; Wendover Hall Co. to Richard Mackenzie, 5,735 Broadway, Feb. 21, (mtg $37,500,) 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Merhart & Graham, 10 Wall St..............$5,000

168TH ST, 454 and 456 East, 49.10x—; Frank Netusak to Model Construction Co., 314 East 164th St, Feb. 20, 2 years, 6 p. c., 2 mortgages, each $1,625; attorney, A. A. Sarafan, 80 Maiden Lane..............$3,250

179TH ST, n s, 150.4 ft w of Crotona Av, 20.3x77.8xirregular; Arthur Erber to Nicholas Wapler, 670 Napier Av, Woodhaven, L. I., March 5, 3 years 6 p. c.; attorney, W. E. Sammis, 1 Liberty St..............$2,500

183D ST, 449-451 East, 35x100; Crestin Co. to Fannie A. Dodge, Gun Hill Road and Webster Av, Jan. 27, prior mtg $20,000, due as per bond; attorney, C. A. Becker, 440 Tremont Av..............$4,750

183D ST, 453-455 East, 35x100; same to same; prior mtg $22,000, Jan. 27, due as per bond; attorney, C. A. Becker, 440 Tremont Av..$4,750

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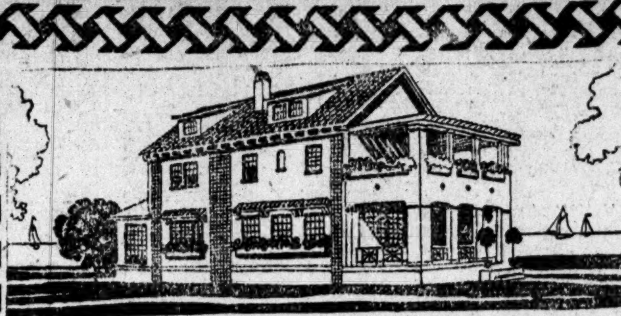

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NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

MOUNTAIN COTTAGE
$5,500. EASY TERMS.
Small Cash Payment.
Eight rooms, tiled bath, steam heat and all modern conveniences. Built on one-half acre, overlooking two picturesque lakes. 800 feet elevation. One hour from N. Y. City. Actual lake rights to purchaser. Send for picture and floor plans.
Owner, P. O. Box 150, N.Y.C.

English Manor House

Will sell my $16,000 new house for $10,000, part cash and part mortgage. All modern improvements. 13 rooms, billiard room, 3 tiled baths; fireplace; parquet floors; hardwood trim; steam heat; large grounds; ready for occupancy. Five minutes walk from express station, less than one hour from New York. Fine views, boating. Prompt action necessary. Address Immediate, Post Office Box 578, New York City.

Colonial House for Sale

Owner will sacrifice modern 14 room house, one acre plot; all city conveniences; on D., L. & W. R. R., less than one hour from Broadway. Address ATTORNEY, P. O. box 150, New York City.

NEW COLONIAL HOME with Acres. Big living room with great fireplace, dining room, kitchen, 4 bedrooms, tiled bath, electricity, steam heat; 2½ acres for garden, fruit, poultry. Near D., L. & W. station, hour out. Acre Farm & Home Co., 141 Broadway.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

IRVINGTON
407 Central Park West (100th St.)
7 rooms and bath; doctor or dentist;
Elevator house; all improvements; $65.
Broadway REMCO 98th Street

West Side.
Above 110th Street and Washington Heights
THE CARROLLTON
601 West 168th St., at Subway Station.
5 rooms and bath; 7 rooms and 2 baths.
All modern improvements; elevator;
Day and night service; $630—$1,050.
Broadway REMCO 98th Street

MANHATTAN—East Side.

Strictly **NEW ENGLAND** Fireproof
43 to 51 E. 58th, 480 Park Ave., 6 & 7 rooms, 2 baths. All night elev., standard service. $1,100-$1,500.
Broadway REMCO 98th Street.

BROOKLYN

SELECT ELEVATOR APTS.
Largest Rooms in Flatbush
OCEAN AVE.,
Corner Woodruff Ave.,
overlooking Prospect Park.
22 minutes from New York.
"L" station on corner.
Telephone in every apartment; hall boys in attendance day and night.
7 and 8 Rooms,
RENTS $70 TO $105
WESTWOOD REALTY COMPANY.
Cor. Flatbush Av. and Winthrop St.,
Flatbush, Brooklyn.

☞ TWO FINE APARTMENTS; 1404 PACIFIC ST.; OUTSIDE ROOMS, PARQUET FLOORS, ELECTRIC LIGHTS. JAMES R. ROSS, 568 NOSTRAND AV.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

New Proctor Theatre

Five story building occupying entire square block in business section of Mount Vernon. Modern stores for rent. Excellent opportunity to secure best business location in city of 35,000 inhabitants. McClellan & Co., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

DRUG STORE
is needed; we have the store;
4,007 Broadway, at 168th St. Subway station.
Long lease. Moderate rent.
Broadway REMCO 98th Street

110 E. 23d St. Near 4th Ave.
Lofts, showrooms, offices; fine light, heat and good elevator service. Apply on premises.

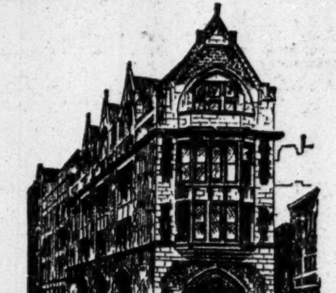
TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES. | TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

Oppenheim Collins Building,
34th Street, West
FOR RENT
A modern up-to-date fireproof building. Every office and loft light and airy. Easy of access to all lines of travel. Special elevator service.
High Class Offices and Show Rooms,
Extra Large Lofts for Manufacturing
(13,000 Square Feet).
Extremely Low Rates
For information apply at the building or through your own broker.

42d St. Building
S. W. Cor. Madison Av.

THIS office building has a subway entrance inside the building to the present Subway and *Grand Central Depot,* and upon their completion will connect with the *New Subway, Steinway Tunnel and McAdoo Tunnel.* With the surface cars passing this corner, there is no more accessible location in the city.

Offices to rent to approved tenants from April 1, 1913
Renting Office in Building



Downtown Offices

The Bush Terminal Company offers for rent in their recently enlarged building at 100 Broad street several very desirable offices. This building is situated in the heart of the produce and export districts, one block from the Custom House and Post-Office, and very close to the various exchanges,—Stock, Cotton, Coffee, Produce, Maritime. The offices are large, with light on two sides, from Pearl and Bridge streets, and the rentals are moderate.
Bush Terminal Company,
100 Broad St., N. Y.

PERFECTION IN LOFTS
AT
521-523 WEST 23RD ST.
Size 50 x 100—10 Stories.
STOP
Worrying about Excessive Insurance. Absolutely Fireproof, with Sprinkler System.
LOOK
for Great Reductions in your Bills for Light, Power and Advertising. Permanent Light on Four Sides.
LISTEN
to Reason in the Comfort and Security of a New Building of Extra Heavy Floor Carrying Capacity on Main Thoroughfare in Centre of the City.
For full information apply to
JAMES N. WELLS' SONS,
Since 1835 at 191 Ninth Av., Near 22d St.

EXCEPTIONALLY LIGHT FLOOR OFFICES AND SHOW ROOMS SINGLE OR EN SUITE
320-322 FIFTH AVENUE
N. W. CORNER 32D STREET
341-347 FIFTH AVENUE
AT 34TH STREET
ATTRACTIVE RENTALS
MOOYER & MARSTON
477 FIFTH AVENUE, COR. 41ST ST.
341 FIFTH AVENUE, AT 34TH ST.
OR YOUR OWN BROKER.

41 Park Row & 147 Nassau St.
Junction Park Row, Spruce and Nassau Sts. Opposite City Hall Park.
OFFICES TO LET. Bldg. 16 stories high. 3 sides open on 3 streets.
Modern Building. Continuous Service
Apply E. A. TREDWELL, on premises.

Bancroft Building
3-5-7 West 29th Street
Store, Loft and Office Space
HORACE S. ELY & COMPANY,
21 Liberty Street.

HIGH-CLASS LOFTS.
Printers—Manufacturers.
70x90 and 51x80; best location; all facilities. Brokers or OFFICE E. W. BLISS BLDGS., 312 East 23d St.; tel. 4218 Gramercy.

STORE & BASEMENT TO LET NO. 13 EAST 30TH ST.
Close to 5th Av.; steam heat, electric light; rent moderate; possession May 1. CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

147 WATER STREET.
EXTRA STRONG BUILDING TO LET.
Five stories and basement; size 25x82; 550 pounds to sq. ft.; electric light and elevator; rent low; possession at once. CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

New Jersey.

Lots—18 for rent at 14th St., Hoboken, N. J.; suitable lumber storage or coal yard; convenient to 23d St., Christopher or Barclay St. ferries to New York. Address James Fagan, 202 West Houston St., New York, or Agent.

1475 Broadway
155 West 42d St.
605 Seventh Ave.
all mean the
TIMES BUILDING
Times Square
New York City
If you wanted to use the best known address in America, which one would you use?
OFFICES TO LET
Rental Agent, Room 406, on premises,
or Phone 1000 Bryant.

EXCELLENT BUSINESS HOME

I have to sublet approximately 5,000 sq. ft. of space on the westerly side of the 19th floor of a prominent downtown building, for a term of any part of five years. The space is divided to suit lawyers or large manufacturing corporations.
Apply to
K. B. CONGER,
30 Church Street.

Real Estate.

New Jersey—For Sale or to Let.

Nine-room new house, artistically designed; plot 50x112; plenty shade, excellent view; parquet floors; tiled bath with shower; concrete cellar; white enameled bedrooms; big open fireplace; sun parlor; beamed dining room; at Hillsdale, fastest growing town in hills Northern New Jersey; close to city; excellent train service; all improvements; $6,500; easy terms. W. J. Rich, 149 Broadway.

For Sale—Plainfield; fine brick residence, 12 rooms, bath, conservatory, laundry, gas, electricity, steam heat; garage; plot 110x190; $13,000, including velvet carpets; also 3-story brick, 13 rooms, all improvements, 2 baths, 90x190, $8,500; restricted locality; terms easy. A. B. Beiser, 57 William St., New York.

Beautiful semi-bungalows sold on monthly payments; six to nine rooms, with all city improvements; located on large plots with fine shade trees, near station at Fanwood, N. J. Prices from $5,000 up. Send for free plans and railroad tickets. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

East Orange.—Modern frame house; 9 rooms and bath; all improvements; perfect condition; desirable location; near Grove St. station; bargain at $6,700; only $1,200 cash required. Address for particulars Owner, Box V 346 Times Downtown.

At Ridgewood and Vicinity.—Particulars of commuting farms, village residences of better class. For sale and rent. Furnished or unfurnished. Ask for illustrated booklet. Frederick Tetor, Ridgewood, N. J.

A chicken farm for $10 first payment; balance monthly; plot 100x350; no house, near station and trolley at Fanwood, N. J. Free railroad tickets to visit our property. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

"FACTS ABOUT NUTLEY."—Ideal home town in foothills of Orange Mountains; free booklet. Publicity Committee, Nutley, N. J.

At Englewood.—New 8-room house; all improvements. Inquire Albert Grasing, Highwood, N. J.

Orange—$11,000 residence, $9,800. Easy terms. W. H. Shipman, 810 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

Monmouth County Farms, all kinds; state your wants. James L. Hall, Farmingdale, N. J.

New England—For Sale or to Let.

Country Estate.—16 acres; best section; new house; 15 rooms; 5 baths; 4 open fireplaces; 2 heaters; stable and garage; chicken house, ice-house; artesian well. Full particulars of Thomas F. Burke, 46 Park Row, Stamford, Conn.

For Sale.—First-class eight-room house, with all improvements; barn; nearly acre land; shade and fruit trees; convenient trolley and depot; price, $8,500. Address Robert J. Ryle, Stamford, Conn.

Farms.

BEST LAND VALUES IN AMERICA, $15 an acre up; easy terms; in Southeastern States, bordering Southern Ry. lines; big crops, excellent markets; annual profit, $50 to $200 an acre; best social and school privileges; farm lists, "Southern Field" magazine free. M. V. Richards, Land and Industrial Agent, Room E 219, Washington, D. C.

Farm of 42 acres within 1,000 feet of the Sound shore; all cleared; beautiful views; orchard of 600 trees; good spring water; set of large farm buildings; long frontage on two highways; price, $600 per acre. Edwin N. Rowley, Northport, L. I.

City Houses to Let—Unfurnished.

48TH ST., 20 WEST.—Four-story and basement house, 18 rooms, three baths; three-story extension; electric light, hardwood floors; immediate possession. Caretaker, or Charles C. Bull, 27 William St. Phone 587 Broad.

Country Houses to Let—Furnished.

ADIRONDACK CAMP.
Beautiful Summer home, completely furnished; splendidly located; Upper Saranac Lake; exclusive. A 225 Times Downtown.

Real Estate.

Real Estate at Auction.

Three-story and basement brick building, lot 25x100, with rear house, yearly rental $2,100, will be sold at public auction Monday, March 10, 1913—chance to get bargain. For particulars apply to S. W. Kohn, 210 East 87th St.; telephone Lenox 6096.

Manhattan—For Sale.

West Side.

69 WEST 23D ST.,
Five-story altered building, for sale or lease. Horace S. Ely & Co., 21 Liberty St.

Furnished room house; newly furnished and all rooms occupied; will sell at sacrifice, to sell it immediately. 120 West 58th St.

$25,000, equity $15,000.—20-family house; restricted section, Harlem. A. G. Thompson, 13 West 135th.

Bronx—For Sale or to Let.

Dyre Avenue Properties. Houses, lots and stores. J. CLARENCE DAVIES, 149th Street and Third Avenue.

Queens—For Sale or to Let.

FLUSHING BARGAINS.
In most beautiful sections of city. Property fully improved with sewers, macadam streets, sidewalks, curbed and guttered. Gas, water and electricity installed. Landscape architects have produced most pleasing effects by the planting of thousands of rare trees and shrubs. Property within five minutes' walk of station via through electric, 18 minutes to the heart of the city. 5c. trolley connection. Property fronting upon public park owned by the City of New York. Will sell this house at a big sacrifice before season opens. $8,000 house for $7,000, consisting of nine rooms and bath, parquet floors, hardwood trim, vacuum cleaner, gas and electric fixtures throughout. Make terms to suit. 8-room house, formerly $7,000, sacrifice for $6,000, with hardwood floors, large, light and airy rooms, cold storage and laundry in basement. 7 rooms, stucco, $6,600, for $5,500, hardwood trim, Spanish mission dining room, billiard room, Italian design, well worth $7,000 to any one. 6-room frame house, occupied by former owner about 18 months, built to order for $7,000, and will sacrifice for $5,800. On any of these houses will arrange terms to suit, and we are making preparations for more buildings for Spring. We want quick action. Further particulars and information can be obtained from Otis W. Rowe, 141 West 36th St., New York City. Greeley 6604.

PRIVATE PARTY SACRIFICE.
Owing to reverse circumstances, 8-room house, built one year, never occupied, of stucco and frame; foyer hall, open fireplace, mission dining room, large pantry and kitchen; laundry and cold storage in cellar; 4 bedrooms, finished in white enamel and mahogany trim. Like house sold for $7,500; when finished will sell for $500 above mortgages. Situate 18 minutes from Herald or Times Square by through electric, and in line of proposed Rapid Transit Extension; 5 cent fare by trolley now; property all improved, and houses in immediate vicinity cost from $7,000 to $40,000. Must be quick sale. Sacrifice, Box A 99 Times.

SACRIFICE.
Eight-room house, foyer halls, steam heat, hard-wood trim floors, open nickel plumbing, three large, airy and light rooms on ground floor, four large rooms on second floor, with bay window, white enamel and mahogany trim, spacious closets in each and every room, tiled and sanitary bath, one room and large storeroom on third floor, beautiful gas and electric fixtures installed throughout. Will sell to right party for $6,500. Owner living next door make terms to suit. L. D., A 102 Times.

WOULD YOU BUY
a five-room semi-bungalow and pay for it the same as rent in New York City and closer to Herald or Times Square than Washington Heights or Bronx and in line of Rapid Transit extension with five-cent trolley connection now? Plot, 42x100 feet, with sewer, gas, and electricity installed as well as sidewalks, curbed gutters, macadam streets; two minutes from a park owned by City of New York with beautiful lakes, drives, &c. Further particulars gladly given. D. W., Box A, 101 Times.

BUILDERS' SACRIFICE.
New house; nine rooms, bath, parquet floors, hardwood trim, vacuum cleaner, gas and electric fixtures throughout, cold storage, sewer connections; in best section of beautiful Flushing; surrounding property fully improved with sewers, water, gas, electricity, and macadam streets, sidewalks, and curbed gutters; a bargain at $8,000, but will sacrifice for $7,000; easy terms. W. O., Box A, 100 Times.

DOUGLAS MANOR.
Plot 60x100, near Centre Drive, worth $3,000; will sell for $1,800 ($800 cash) if sold before March 1st. Apply to owner, 12 39th St., Corona.

Westchester—For Sale or to Let.

Private Bathing Beach and Dock.—For sale, plot 100x200; magnificent trees; all improvements; exclusive neighborhood; price, $6,500; terms to suit, or will build residence for responsible party from your plans and finance entire purchase; on the Sound, 50 minutes from Grand Central. Frederick P. Jones, 505 5th Av.

Scarsdale.—One acre; modern house, stable; worth $14,000; will sell, $10,000; $1,500 cash; a real bargain. Angell, 507 5th Av.

To Let.—Best house in Mount Vernon; 9 rooms, tiled bath. Owner, 8 Adams St.

Long Island—For Sale or to Let.

Sage Foundation, Forest Hills, L. I.—Lots 20, 21, 22, ideally located, in Section 5D; four minutes from station, thirteen from Manhattan; only obtainable lots in this choicest, thickly wooded section; convenient to West Side Tennis Club; liberal ten-year 4½ per cent. mortgage. Private Owner, Room 222, 24 State St. Phone 4251 Broad.

Cedarhurst, L. I.—Two let, a finely furnished (unfurnished if desired) house; 12 rooms, two toilets, one bath; electricity; for season or year; to select family; delightfully located; garage; references. W., 156 N. Broadway, Yonkers, N. Y.

FOR SALE NEAR HICKSVILLE.
A few plots, 50x200; price $265; first payment $5, and $3.50 per month; high, level ground; first-class place for chickens and vegetables. Taylor, P 135 Times Uptown.

To Let for Business Purposes.

Office or loft space to sublet at very low rate, from May 1st. Mercantile Building, cor. 23d St. and 4th Av.; 7,300 sq. ft. on 11th (top) floor, 2,400 on 10th floor. Will let floors separately. Electric light, heat, and janitor service included. Post & McCord, 44 East 23d St., N. Y. C., or your own broker.

IN TIMES SQUARE,
STORE 40x100,
With Part of Basement.
MODERN OFFICE BUILDING,
102-104 West 38th St.,
NEAR BROADWAY AND SIXTH AV.
RENT LOW. Apply on premises.

TWO FINE LIGHT LOFTS, 50x100; STEAM HEAT, ELEVATOR, AUTOMATIC SPRINKLER; LOW INSURANCE; RENT, $1,000 TO $1,400 EACH PER ANNUM. UNIVERSAL TEXTILE CO., 96-98 GRAND STREET. TELEPHONE 8504 SPRING.

Part of store to let, suitable millinery or ladies' tailor, with workshop, window privilege; also fitting room. 130 West 45th St., between 6th Av. and Broadway. Rent reasonable.

To Lease.—Corner store; occupied 15 years as drug store; cor. Ely Av. and 11th St., Long Island City. Apply premises, or to P. Coleman, 572 Washington St., New York City.

STORE FLOOR,
135-7 WEST 20TH STREET,
Size 60x92; steam heat; rent $4,000 per annum.
C. F. DURYEA, 107 Lafayette St.

88-90 Walker St.—Store, basement and loft; steam heat, elevator, sprinkler, power; 25x85. Inquire Hellinger, 309 Broadway. Phone 4945 Worth.

STABLE, PRIVATE, 151 EAST 38TH ST., 3-STORY; 25x100.
WARREN & SKILLIN, 174 Fulton St.

Building, 511 West 45th; three stories, 40x30; $1,060 yearly. Havilah M. Smith, 99 Varick St.

LOFT, manufacturing or storage; power and elevator services; centrally located. G. B. RAFFETTO, 408 West 13th St.

$15 Up Month, 109 Broad St.—Exceptionally light and cheerful OFFICES in modern fireproof building.

LOFT TO LET, 25x95; LIGHT ON FOUR SIDES; STEAM HEAT; ELEVATOR. 306 EAST 40TH.

Lofts, 25x100 and 27x63, with power; woodworking allowed. Fagan, 202 West Houston St.

Part of light loft, with or without power. Bernard Co., 422 East 53d St.

Ground Floor.—Shop or storage; 18x60; rent $23. 451 West 40th St.

Space to let for a milliner or dressmaker. 38 West 38th.

Real Estate Wanted.

Wanted to Rent—8 or 10 room house, not less than 1 acre, within 40 minutes of city, in Westchester or North Shore of Long Island; about $80 per month. Apartment 42, 521 West 112th St.

Have $400 spot cash for which I want two adjoining lots in Tottenville, Staten Island; section bordered by Bayway, Belmont, Brighton, and Depew desired. R 33 Times.

Apartments to Let—Furnished.

Large room and private bath, $12 weekly; two-room suite and bath, $16 and $18. Hotel Monticello, 35 West 64th St.

LARGE kitchenette apartment, furnished or unfurnished, for two people; references required. Phone 7280 Plaza.

Other Real Estate Advertisements on Page 19.

The New York Times

Censored Want Advertisements

"Only advertisements fit to print."

To-morrow (Saturday) night the Want pages of THE NEW YORK TIMES will close at

9 O'CLOCK.

Please bring, send, or telephone your want advertisement before that hour, so that you may not run the risk of having it omitted from the big Sunday edition.

The type used for "Wants" is called agate. By counting six average (seven short) words to the line in small type or four words if set in capitals, you may readily estimate what your advertisement will cost by consulting the following table:

Classification.	Per Agt. Line.
Help Wanted Situations Wanted	15c
Agents Wanted Boarders & Board Wanted Rooms to Let or Wanted	20c
Apartments to Let or Wanted Country Board Employment Bureaus Real Estate Horses and Carriages Houses to Let or Wanted	25c
Business Notices Automobile Exchange Business Opportunities Lost, Found, Rewards Purchase and Exchange	30c
Public Notices	40c

Lost

LOST or taken by mistake, tan colored Gladstone bag 2½ feet long, 2 feet high, containing papers, from 117 Eighth Av., Brooklyn, N. Y., on Saturday, March 1. Liberal reward will be paid for return of bag to Victor A. Harder, 8 Eighth Av., Brooklyn. No questions asked.

LOST.—Lady's small gold watch and pin. Monogram C. W. M. Vicinity 34th St., 6th Av. Elevated to 155th St., train to Yonkers. Valued as keepsake. C. W. Mingins, care of Mrs. George Simpson, Nepperhan Heights, Yonkers.

LOST.—On Tuesday, between 9 and 11 P. M., in the vicinity of the Ritz-Carlton and 77th St., a lady's Persian lamb coat, (gray silk lining;) liberal reward. Notify or return to C. F. Geiger, 83 Hartford St., Newark, N. J.

LOST.—Oblong, brown mocha purse, initials "E. S. R.," on Saturday, March 1, at 12:45 P. M., in or near Hudson Terminal, 6th Av. and 33d St. Suitable reward will be paid if returned to R. Rodman, 62 Cedar St.

LOST—Between 60th and 5th and Vanderbilt Hotel, a moonstone brooch, encircled with diamonds and pearls. Liberal reward. Owner values it dearly. Apply office, Hotel Netherland, 5th Av. and 59th St.

LOST—Sunday afternoon, between Park View Inn, Yonkers, and 291 Garfield Place, Brooklyn, two diamond and ruby bracelets, linked together. Liberal reward if returned 291 Garfield Place, Brooklyn.

LOST.—Small, round gold watch, three diamonds, Riverside Drive to Alhambra Theatre; will reward more than value. 528 Riverside Drive, Apartment 1. Telephone 1776—Morningside.

LOST—Mink muff, two rows of tails, brown chiffon lined, between 161st St. and Washington Bridge or Fort George car, about 10:30 P. M. Reward offered for return to W. B. Bush, Fort Schuyler Road, Westchester.

LOST.—Ring set with many small diamonds, ruby, and large diamond; honest person saves much trouble; if pawned send ticket; reward $125. Miss Folster, 87 Hamilton Place, West 141st St.

LOST—Suitable reward for diamond buckle, between Plaza Hotel and Aeolian Hall, 42d St., Tuesday evening, March 4. Apply to J. McLaughlin, Jr., Plaza Hotel.

LOST—On Wednesday evening, Feb. 26, near 63 East 54th St., a silver fox fur collar. Finder will be suitably rewarded by returning same to 17 East 70th.

LOST—Between 81st St. and Columbus Av. and 80th St. and 3d Av., black leather wrist bag. Reward. Name of owner on leather in bag. 33 West 81st St.

LOST.—Pass Book No. 7,234 of The Security Bank of New York, 953 Third Av., New York City. Payment stopped. Please return book to bank.

LOST—Wednesday night, Broadway, between 113th and 65th Sts., lady's blue-enamel bracelet watch; reward. Rohman, 526 West 111th St.

LOST—Pendant set with diamonds, on fine silver chain, between Century Theatre and West 89th., Tuesday evening; reward. 56 West 89th.

LOST.—Gold bracelet, Wednesday evening; initials engraved inside, "V. M. C. A. B."; reward finder. Maurer, 859 Cauldwell Av., Bronx.

LOST—Diamond bowknot pin on black ribbon, between 178th, Bathgate Av., and Tremont Station; $100 reward. Fox, 1,956 Bathgate Av.

LOST—One drop earring containing 21 diamonds and 8 sapphires mounted in platinum. Liberal reward. Box R 64 Times.

LOST—March 5th, (evening,) in taxi, Broadway, 74th, mink muff. Reward. Dixon, 245 West 112th St.

LOST.—Mink muff, in Proctors, West 23d St.; liberal reward. Hoppe, 345 East 45th St.

LOST.—Diamond wishbone brooch. Reward. R. B., 511 West 113th St.

Found

FOUND—A gun. Owner can have same by applying by letter. Box P 176 Times.

Lost and Found, Cats, Dogs

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, Ave. A and 24th St., or to the receiving station at 87 East 135th St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

Business Opportunities

FOR $10 A MONTH you can buy an interest in a very profitable business to be extended to many cities throughout the country; practically no competition outside of Greater New York. Write immediately for details regarding cash investment or monthly payment plan. R 65 Times.

A very desirable business for sale; chicken farm; best on Long Island; sales average $500 per month; can be easily doubled; long lease; cheap rent; perfect dwelling; modern improvements; owner has other business, large magnitude, requiring his attention; rare opportunity. X 110 Times.

Partner wanted by a well-known motion-picture actor and director who has been directing for one of the large motion-picture companies; wants to form company to manufacture motion pictures; must invest several thousand dollars. Address R 60 Times.

Well established, fine paying public stenograhic and facsimile typewritten letter business, one of most excellent locations in New York, with five-year exclusive privilege on prominent building; poor health cause of selling; no reasonable offer refused. X 96 Times.

$1,500 secures established agency Greater New York for our California fruit products through vending machines and otherwise; big money-making opportunity; only thoroughly reliable parties considered. R 62 Times.

French caterer, good clientele, thoroughly familiar with business, desires to run hotel, club, or restaurant on commission basis; will go anywhere; will not consider boarding house. Caterer, Room 607, 1,431 Broadway.

WANTED—Man or woman with ability and refinement, with some money to invest in an exceptionally good business, guaranteeing good profits. Mason, 151 West 42d St., Room 910.

We are a progressive sales-agency. Completely equipped office for handling patents and novelties. Sales Company, Room 203, 25 West 42d.

Partner with few thousand dollars; established building business; good opportunity; references exchanged. R 34 Times.

Business for sale, $10,000, up-to-date drug store in live Southern New Mexico town. Address Box 557, Deming, N. M.

Want partner for picture proposition. $5,000 required. Quick action necessary. Write for appointment. R 67 Times.

INSURANCE MEN DESIRING TO SELL THEIR RENEWALS WRITE V 221 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

Partner, active or silent, with $900, wanted to purchase established bookstore. R 59 Times.

Pianos and Organs

A Chickering upright piano, cost $600; will sell for $135. Anguera, 316 W. 42d.

Purchase and Exchange

I pay the highest cash prices for furniture, bric-a-brac, paintings, rugs, pianos. Myers, 115 University Place. 2298 Stuyvesant.

Board Wanted

GENTLEMAN of culture requires room and meals in refined French family. Moderate. X 101 Times.

Boarders Wanted

East Side.

9TH, 12 EAST, (near 5th Av.)—Comfortable single rooms; steam heat; reasonable; excellent table.

17TH ST., 116 EAST.—Newly furnished large and small rooms; excellent board; table guests.

21ST ST., 145 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Sunny front rooms; steam heat; excellent table; phone; reference.

34TH ST., 56 EAST.—Large, handsomely furnished, clean room with bath; gentleman; $8 per week.

47TH ST., 130 EAST.—Newly furnished rooms, board; phone; near Grand Central; table boarders.

53D ST., 37 EAST.—Two large rooms, with board; table board; references.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Large, small rooms; private baths; board; references. Telephone Gramercy 1978.

A.—THE GILMAN,
108-110 Madison Av.; large double sunny rooms; conveniences; excellent table; references.

West Side.

16TH ST., 20-22, 33 WEST.—Large and small rooms; well heated; unexcelled board; telephone.

39TH, 49 WEST.—Heart shopping district; convenient theatres; high-class home cooking; table board.

44TH ST., 258-260 WEST, (Alliance Hotel.)—Quiet place for quiet people, with home comforts, in the heart of New York City; single and double rooms; also suites with private baths; steam heat, elevator and telephone service; rooms and board optional; references required. 'Phone 6068—Bryant.

48TH ST., 117 WEST.—Large, single rooms; private baths; house table strictly first class; references.

49TH ST., 68 WEST.—Established 24 years; rooms and suites; private baths; telephones; superior table.

53D, 57 WEST.—Very attractive rooms; private baths; refined surroundings; telephone; superior table; references.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.
Large and small rooms; references.

57TH ST., 351 WEST.—Large, small front rooms; southern exposure; private bath; good board; telephone.

57TH ST., 411 WEST, (The La Grange.)—Unequaled accommodations; double, (board two,) $16; single, $8; Southerners.

58TH ST., 37 WEST.—Newly decorated large, small; private bath; electricity; superior table; references.

70TH ST., 32 WEST.—Desirable large, small rooms; parlor dining; excellent table; table guests; references.

70TH ST., 132 WEST.—Single and double rooms; private bath; running water; 'phone; references.

72D ST., 134 WEST.—Large front room; private bath; alcove; one single; table guests; references.

72d, 263 West.—Large rooms; private baths; superior table; well appointed house; telephone; reference.

131 West 72d.—Very desirable medium and single rooms; southern exposure; table guests; references.

76TH, 237 and 239 WEST.—Just opened; newly furnished, large and small rooms; excellent table.

76TH ST., 151 WEST.—Front room, Southern exposure; table guests; references.

76TH, 237-239 WEST.—Just opened; newly furnished large and small rooms; excellent table.

79TH ST., 114 AND 132 WEST.—Norece Hall and the Bonheur.—Under one management; select residential hotels; new throughout; steam heat; exceptional rooms and suites; large parlors, reception rooms, lounge and tea room; ideal in all appointments; Southern cooking; white maid service; rates reasonable. Write for booklet. 'Phone 7140 Schuyler.

80TH ST., 124 WEST.—Sunny hall room; large closet; beautiful house; generous table; gentlemen; references.

81ST ST., 138 WEST.—Large, small room; excellent table; table guests; new management. Schuyler 8510.

81ST, 151 WEST.—Attractive house, large and small rooms; excellent table; best service; every convenience; rates moderate.

82D ST., 50 AND 52 WEST.—Comfortable rooms; business people. Telephone, 8897 Schuyler.

83D ST., 11 WEST.—Warm, well-appointed rooms; southern exposure; first flight. Phone 5326 Schuyler.

84TH ST., 37 WEST.—Beautifully furnished suite; private bath; suitable two, three; superior table. Blumenfeld.

87TH, 156 WEST.—Rooms, suite, single, bath; southern exposure; excellent; private house; Subway, "L."

89TH, 276 WEST.—Unusually good rooms; fine table board; modern; conveniences amid homelike surroundings.

103D ST., (West End Av., 879.)—Large corner room; all conveniences; splendid cuisine; table guests.

104TH, (76 Manhattan Av.)—Outside room; $2.50; steam; bath; good home; board optional; telephone. Fitzgerald.

105TH, 76 WEST.—Good rooms, good table, good service, good company; references; reasonable; Southerners.

113TH ST., 625 WEST.—Large rooms, private bath; couple, gentlemen; unusual table. Morningside 8136.

130TH, 250 WEST.—Near "L" station; large, medium-sized rooms to let, with board.

137TH, 601 WEST.—Large room for two; excellent home-cooked meals; Subway. Apt. 56.

140TH ST., 455 WEST.—Rooms; electricity; with, without private bath; meals optional; references.

145TH ST., 149 WEST.—Select boarding house, private family; large, light rooms; only reliable house on Washington Heights; terms reasonable.

149TH ST., 552 AND 554 WEST. AUDUBON ANNEX. Two newly furnished houses. Following vacancies:
Two large-size rooms, $10 and $12.
Two medium-size rooms, $9 each.
Two smaller rooms, $8 each.
Add $5 table board each additional person.
Prices include first-class meals and service. Parlor dining room; superior accommodations; social surroundings; most beautiful, healthful section. Telephone 2757 Audubon.

152D ST., 561 WEST, (corner Broadway.)—Large corner room, suitable for two gentlemen; home table; Southern cooking. Phone 1678 Audubon.

ADULT FAMILY having beautifully furnished apartment, Riverside Drive, near 116th Subway, southern exposure, will take refined married couple who desire such accommodations in preference to hotel; references exchanged. C 100 Times.

REFINED PEOPLE may obtain attractive rooms and board with private family. Phone 5262—River.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Charming Winter residence; elegant, sunny rooms, suites; every luxurious convenience; superb dining room; excellent chef and service; separate tables; 20 minutes Manhattan; rates 25% lower than New York. 71 Central Av., Tompkinsville, S. I.

WAVERLY PLACE, 103.—Desirable room, with private bath attached and meals, $16 a week.

WEST END AV., 762, (97th St.)—Double and single rooms; table board.

WOODBURY, 855 Riverside Drive, two blocks north of 157th Subway; beautiful grounds. Audubon 4412.

For Sale—Miscellaneous

TYPEWRITERS RENTED
3 months for $5 and upward.
AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO., Inc.,
345 Broadway at Leonard St. } Tel. 5408
956 Broadway at 23d St. } Franklin.
10 Barclay St., Tel. 6853 Cortlandt.

$85.00 electric vacuum cleaner for $18.00; $35.00 electric vibrator for $10.00; both in perfect condition; can be seen any day or evenings from 7:30 to 9 P. M. (Sundays excepted.) 131 West 42d St., Room 202.

DESKS Some new—others almost as good as new—also chairs, tables, filing cabinets, and sectional bookcases; all at prices that will interest you. Office Furniture Trading Co., 4 and 6 White St.

All the furniture purchased from a large corporation; roll and flat-top desks, chairs, tables, hat-trees, bookcases, filing cabinets, telephone booths, oak and mahogany. Quick & McKenna, 6 Reade St.

Slightly used office furniture, safes, typewriters, adding machines, cash registers, Multigraphs, filing cabinets, Neostyles, Addressograph, partitions. Nathan's 102 Worth, near Broadway.

DESKS, BUSINESS FURNITURE, bookcases, filing equipments, new and slightly used. Finn Bros., 358 B'way. Phone 59 Franklin.

150 typewriters, costing $100 each new, now $5 and up; 25 drop-leaf typewriter cabinet desks; selling out. 393 Broadway.

Business Notices

Reliable German Help,
Desirable German Tenants,
Ready Cash Purchasers
Can be secured through advertising in
THE GERMAN HEROLD,
Largest German Circulation. Rate 10c. per line of 6 words. Orders received at Publication Office, 24 North William St., or all Advertising Agencies.

GOING WEST. REDUCED RATES.
THROUGH CAR SERVICE
on Household Goods and Automobiles.
BEKINS HOUSEHOLD SHIPPING CO.,
290 B'way, N. Y. Tel. 1150 Worth.

Multigraph letters, 300, $1.50; 1,000, $2; 10,000, $10; delivered promptly; addressing, mailing; samples submitted. Telephone 1332 Cortland. William Gray, 93 Nassau St.

Fac-simile multigraph typewritten letters, 1,000, $1.50; 10,000, $8; work called for and delivered. Telephone 5860 Morningside. 215 West 116th St. Weatherford.

Furnished Rooms

East Side.

21ST ST., 122 EAST.—Furnished room, without board; running water; steam heat; all conveniences.

29th St., 132 East.—Furnished rooms; all conveniences; board optional; telephone.

30TH ST., 119 EAST.—Large, newly furnished room; private house; modern conveniences; electric light, telephone.

45TH ST., 25 EAST.—Rooms with and without bath; gentlemen; references.

57TH ST., 23-25 EAST.—Elegant suites, single, double rooms; $4, $5, $6, $8, $10.

59TH ST., 129 EAST.—$2 week; respectable gentleman exclusively; steam heat, bath, transfer everywhere. Stevens.

83D ST., 153 EAST.—Sunny large front adjoining bath; modern improvements; private house; telephone; superior table; suitable for couple or physician.

HOTEL ENNIS, 152-154 EAST 42D ST.—New fireproof hotel, convenient to Subway and all surface lines; every room a good room; hot and cold running water, electric light, telephone, elevator service; ladies' restaurant; first-class cafe. Rates from $1 upward.

LEXINGTON AV., 14.—A large front room; private bath; suitable for two; small rooms; running water.

LEXINGTON AV., 411.—Parlor, bedroom adjoining; well furnished. Greene. Bell 3.

West Side.

5TH AV., 25.—Refined surroundings, beautiful large rooms; running water; bath; breakfast optional.

9TH ST., 17 WEST.—Private house; two charming rooms for bachelors; modern; transit facilities unsurpassed; references.

12TH ST., 61 WEST.—Beautifully furnished, clean, light rooms; modern conveniences; telephone; single room, $2.50.

42D, 322 WEST.—Elegantly furnished rooms; private house; bath; $2 upwards; gentlemen; telephone. Hughes.

47TH ST., 53 WEST.—Large sunny rooms, private bath; hall room; board optional. 4589 Bryant.

47TH ST., 41 WEST.—Medium-sized front room; steam heat; elegantly furnished; select house.

50TH ST., 70 WEST.—Two rooms, private bath, $8; hall rooms; steam heat; telephone; Subway.

51ST ST., 240 WEST.—Large, sunny room; suitable for two; all conveniences; private family.

52d St., 54 West.—Large alcove room; all convenience; suitable two; breakfast; telephone; references.

52D ST., 55 WEST.—Large room; private bath; gentlemen only; reference.

52D ST., 248 WEST, (near Broadway.)—Attractive, large rooms; every convenience.

55TH, 255 WEST.—Large and small rooms at reasonable price.

55TH ST., 341 WEST.—Beautiful bedrooms; running water; 'phone; all conveniences; references.

57TH ST., 364 WEST.—Large, well furnished rooms, suitable for two; private baths.

58TH, 222 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms, with piano; connecting bath; all conveniences.

64TH ST., 35 WEST.—Bachelor rooms, connecting bath; steam, phone, elevator service; $8, $9 weekly.

68TH ST., 71 WEST.—Large, perfectly appointed rooms; also single; exquisitely kept house; moderate; permanent gentlemen or refined business people; highest reference.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—Bachelor apartments, absolutely private; unrivaled service; hot and cold water in every room; breakfast optional.

68TH, 62 WEST.—Ideal location; all the comforts of home; with or without breakfast; rates very moderate.

68TH, 70 WEST.—Unexcelled appointments; parlor floor; also large single room with running water.

69TH ST., 116 WEST.
Exclusive bachelor apartment, few doors Broadway express.

70TH, 117 WEST.—Nicely furnished large, front room; two gentlemen; small room; telephone; references.

70TH ST., 130 WEST.—Large, second-story front room; private bath; hot water supply; references.

70TH, 136 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; near bath; all modern conveniences; references.

71ST ST., 120 WEST.
Two attractive rooms; southern exposure; all conveniences.

71ST ST., 165 WEST.—Large front parlor; handsomely furnished and decorated; suitable two; telephone; references.

71ST ST., 222 WEST.—Handsome second floor or separate; private bath; modern private house; electricity.

72D, 147 WEST.—Desirable, newly furnished room, with separate bath; Subway, "L"; private family.

72D, 123 WEST.—Strictly private family will rent room select bachelors only; furnished or unfurnished rooms or en suite; "L" and Subway.

73D ST., 160 WEST.—Pleasant large room for two gentlemen; private house; every convenience.

73D ST., 103 WEST.—Pleasant room adjoining bath; private house; telephone; reference.

76TH ST., 56 WEST.—Large room, alcove, bath; also second floor; entire pantry extension.

76TH ST., 59 WEST.—Refined lady would rent sunny room, adjoining bath; home comforts. Mathison.

76TH ST., 59 WEST.—Magnificent room, elevator apartment; elegant neighborhood; private family; $5 weekly. Poze.

76TH ST., 148 WEST.—Large third story front room, bath adjoining; electric light, telephone.

76th St., 125 West.—Handsomely furnished rooms in refined neighborhood; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

78TH ST., 115 WEST.—Two large front rooms; running water; gentlemen preferred; references exchanged.

78TH, 121 WEST.—Large and small connecting rooms; heated; bath; moderate; gentlemen; private house.

78th St., 135 West.—Large front room, dressing room, suitable two; bath, electricity, telephone; references.

78TH, 166 WEST.—Exceptionally well-furnished, large room, with or without piano; telephone; Subway.

78TH, 208 WEST.—Newly furnished front alcove room; also front parlor. Phone 8184 Schuyler.

79TH ST., 213 WEST.—Delightful sunny front room; twin beds; parquet floor; running water; Subway; delightful small rooms; gentlemen preferred; reasonable; references.

79TH, 169 WEST.—Beautifully furnished suite, double rooms, private bath, or single; block Subway.

80TH ST., 122 WEST.—Bachelors; large, handsome rooms; select, private house; all modern conveniences; references.

80TH ST., 126 WEST.—Elegantly furnished rooms; single or en suite; refined surroundings; all conveniences.

81ST ST., 265 WEST.—Sunny, steam heated front room; running water; reference. V. & R.

82D, 118 WEST.—Nicely furnished front room; running water; dressing room; reasonable; phone.

82D ST., 134 WEST.—Exceptional accommodations; sunny second floor rooms; single or connected; private bath.

82D, 152 WEST.—Handsomely furnished second floor, en suite or separate; all modern conveniences; 'phone.

84TH ST., 29 WEST.—Attractive medium-sized room, apartment; refined family; $3.50; phone. Ochs.

86TH, 306 WEST. — Handsomely furnished rooms with private bath; breakfast optional; Subway, "L;" references.

93D ST., 27 WEST.—Attractive, homelike rooms, large, small; running water, telephone; convenient "L"; reasonable.

98D ST., 37 WEST.—Beautiful, large, small rooms; private family; board optional; gentlemen. Apt. 18.

95TH, 310 WEST.—Unusually large, handsome outside room; all conveniences; first-class apartment. Johnson.

97TH ST., 115 WEST.—Attractive, large front room; three windows; bath adjoining; medium room; telephone.

97TH ST., 145 WEST.—Private house; unusually attractive, large, sunny front room; bath; elevated, subway.

97TH ST., 256 WEST.—Private family; front room; lavatory; high-class apartment; breakfast optional. Crossman.

97TH ST., 143 WEST.
GOOD ROOMS. BOARD OPTIONAL.

101ST ST., 16 WEST.—Desirable parlor suite; telephone, electricity; housekeeping; $7; pleasant room, $3. McNamara.

103D, 128 WEST.—A splendid room in private house with bath and 'phone; one block from Broadway and Elevated stations; $6.

103D, 145 WEST.—Attractive, sunny rooms, suitable for business gentlemen; private house; telephone; references.

107TH ST., 230 WEST.—Large room, suitable two gentlemen; modern elevator apartment; all conveniences. Minor.

109TH ST., 200 WEST, (Lloyd Court.)—Suite two exquisite adjoining front rooms; first-class elevator apartment; telephone, electricity, shower, sunshine; business man or woman; no other roomers; reasonable. Girard.

111TH ST., 605 WEST, (Apt. 15.)—Front room, beautifully furnished, overlooking Hudson; all conveniences; private home; reference.

113TH ST., 622 WEST, (Near Riverside Drive.)—Attractive rooms, suite or singly; elevator. Apt. 31.

Furnished Rooms

West Side.

115TH ST., 606 WEST.—Attractive, warm, light, room; running water; desirable neighborhood; references. White.

116TH ST., 404 WEST, (overlooking Morningside Park.)—Light, attractive rooms; block Broadway Subway. Morse.

118TH ST., 423 WEST, (opp. Columbia Campus.)—Two rooms and kitchen; completely furnished for housekeeping.

119TH ST., 430 WEST.—Handsome, well-furnished, four windows, overlooking Morningside Drive; near Columbia; evenings. Apt. 67.

121ST ST., 170 WEST.—Corner rooms; all conveniences; telephone; single, en suite; $3, $5. Hungerford.

124TH ST., 510 WEST.—Wanted business girl to share well-furnished sunny apartment; very reasonable. Fullerstein.

124TH ST., 542 WEST.—Neatly furnished room; refined, private family; $2.50. Apt. 43.

126TH ST., 36 WEST.—Large, sunny back parlor; clean and all conveniences; private house. Kerpen.

130TH ST., 156 WEST.—Large room, southern exposure, running water; $3.50; gentleman. Owner.

131ST ST., 150 WEST.—Private family would rent room to gentleman or desirable couple; reasonable. Apt. 3.

135TH ST., 508 WEST.—Handsomely furnished outside room; convenient Subway; private family. Silsbe. Phone, Morningside 469.

136TH, 616 WEST.—Large, light room; private family; references; moderate. Apartment 18.

137TH ST., 607 WEST.—Handsomely furnished room; near Riverside and Subway; all modern conveniences; scrupulously clean; must be seen to be appreciated. Heck. Apt. 43.

137TH ST., 611 WEST.—Suite, single rooms; high-class accommodations; running water; subway block. Apt. 22A.

137TH ST., 611 WEST.—Outside, single, en suite, private bath; dining room service. Pierson.

139TH, 602 WEST, (137th express.)—Attractive, sunny room; elevator; private family; moderate. Apartment 19.

158TH, 646 WEST.—Attractive room, running water, private house, overlooking Riverside and Hudson; Subway; references.

179TH ST., 651 WEST.—Two front rooms, handsomely furnished; kitchen privileges; separate entrance. Elberts.

A.—A.—Riverside Drive, 549.—Attractively furnished large room with excellent board; shower bath, &c.; most reasonable; references. Payne. Telephone 4960—Morningside.

ALL THE COMFORTS OF HOME, WITH NONE OF THE WORRIES. SUITE OR SINGLY, WITH OR WITHOUT MEALS. MAGNIFICENT LOCATION, ADJOINING CENTRAL PARK WEST. TELEPHONE EACH ROOM; EVERY MODERN CONVENIENCE. REFERENCES RIGIDLY DEMANDED FIRST INSTANCE. F. O. 1716.

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HAMILTON TERRACE, 11, (141st, Convent Av.)—Handsomely furnished suite, dressing room, $6.50; private residence.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 54, (corner 116th St.)—Handsomely furnished rooms; high-class elevator apartment; rent reasonable to refined, permanent party. Apartment 53.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 54, (near 116th.)—Outside room; delightful apartment; light housekeeping; Broadway express. Henry.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 110.—Neat room; price reduced permanent party; elevator; telephone; business woman. Griffing.

REFINED FAMILY desires to accommodate couple or two gentlemen with rooms; breakfast if desired; references exchanged. Apartment 8. Tel. 3300 Audubon.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 530.—Alabama Apartments; rooms, singly and en suite; private bath; references.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 701.—Modern apartment, beautiful rooms; Subway, "L"; reasonable; private; gentlemen. Titus.

UNUSUAL SUNNY SUITE.
Every modern improvement. Apt. 16, 237 West 107th St.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 103.—Desirable room with private bath attached; $9 per week; service.

WEST END AV., 611.—Delightful small room; private family; near 91st St. Subway; gentleman; reasonable; reference.

Brooklyn.

AN UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY is offered to gentlemen seeking furnished rooms with or without bath; aristocratic neighborhood; 5 minutes from Wall St. 3 Montague Terrace, Heights.

Rooms Wanted—Furnished

REGISTER your rooms at Hewitson's New Directory, 1,777 Broadway.

Help Wanted, Female

AN OPPORTUNITY occurs for a young lady of refinement seriously interested in dramatic art to receive expert training in exclusive school together with commission contract in return for light secretarial duties. Box X 112 Times.

A well-educoted woman over 25, capable of earning $30 per week, to travel with and assist experienced woman in the interests of a child's course; salary and commission. Room 711, 110 West 34th St.

BEST & CO.,
Fifth Av., at 35th St.,
require tall, active girls as stock keepers.

BEST & CO.,
Fifth Av., at 35th St.,
require young women for clerical work; also cashiers.

BEST & CO.,
Fifth Av. at 35th St.,
require experienced fitters on women's gowns and suits. Apply all week, sixth floor.

FREDERICK LOESER & CO., Brooklyn, require a number of experienced saleswomen for their shoes, ribbons, cotton dress goods, linings, and millinery department. Apply to Superintendent, 4th floor, after 4 P. M.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
New York,
require the services of experienced
SALESWOMEN
on half time
for their following departments:
CLOAKS,
SUITS,
GOWNS,
MILLINERY.
Good salaries paid. None but those experienced and accustomed to the finest trade need apply.
Apply in person at Employment Office, 5th Floor, 32d Street Side.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
New York,
desire the services of
SALESWOMEN
for their
OSTRICH FEATHER SECTIONS.
Long seasons and lucrative positions to able, energetic, and experienced feather saleswomen upon immediate application.
Apply Employment Office, 5th Floor, 32d St. Side.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
New York,
require the services of
ARTIFICIAL FLOWER
BRANCHERS.
Bright, well ventilated rooms, and pleasant environment make our workroom the best in America.
Apply Employment Office, 5th floor, 32d St. side.

HOUSEWORKER.—Small family wants general houseworker. Turner, 715 Prospect Av., Bronx. Phone 5073 Melrose.

JEWISH MATERNITY HOSPITAL offers a six months' obstetrical course of nursing, with diploma. Tel. Orchard 4015.

PATTERNS.—Young woman to write instructions for dress pattern envelopes. Apply by letter only, stating age and experience, W. C. Reed, 12 Vandam St., New York.

SHOES.—Saleswoman wanted; one who wears a 4B. Frank Brothers, 224 5th Av.

SPANISH young woman, well educated, bright, and understanding dressmaking, capable of making grammatical Spanish translations from the English. Apply W. C. Read, Butterick Building, New York.

Help Wanted, Female

WANTED—A general houseworker between 30 and 40 years of age for two in family; must have good references; to go out of town for the Summer. Call between 9 and 9:30 A. M., Apartment 10,157, Hotel Ansonia.

WANTED.—Young lady experienced in billing and general office work; good salary to right party. Apply Montgomery, Ward & Co., 43 Leonard St., Room 204.

Instruction.

A.—THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.
Aeolian Hall, 27 West 42d St.—Secretarial course only; stenography, secretarial English, accountancy, and social amenities.
V. M. Wheat, Director.

Rapid Coaching.
THE UNITED STATES SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.
Director, Oliver McEwan,
who established the first School of Secretaries in America, 30 years' experience as Secretarial Teacher.
Only address 509 5th Av., New York.

Help Wanted, Male

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR for National weekly, 50,000 circulation; salary, commission; give particulars. V 345 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, competent, understanding sash, door, and trim business; state age, experience, and salary expected. Box X 99 Times.

BOY for delivery and errands in candy store; references; wages $5. M. Raupp, 610 West 150th St.

COMMISSION SALESMAN of repute to handle representative misses' and junior coat and suit line on coast in conjunction with other reputable lines for Fall. Address Standard, P 175 Times.

EFFICIENT SALESMEN to call on physicians, dentists, and merchants; agreeable occupation; remunerative; before 2 o'clock. Kirby, 206 Broadway, Room F.

ELLIOTT-FISCHER OPERATOR; experienced on registers and proof sheet; state salary. V 342 Times Downtown.

FREDERICK LOESER & CO., Brooklyn, require a thoroughly experienced salesman for their optical department. Apply to Superintendent, 4th floor, after 4 P. M.

MEMBERS New York Coffee, Stock, and Cotton Exchanges want high-grade man with good connections and clientele and a knowledge of coffee banking to manage their coffee department. The position offers good opportunities. Address "Banking," P. O. Box 822, N. Y. City.

MEN wanted for general factory employment, including lathe workers. Apply Arlington Co., 7 Waverley Place, second floor, 9 A. M.

SALESMEN wanted; no experience required; earn while you learn; write (or call) for list of positions open, paying $1,000 to $5,000 a year. National Salesmen's Training Association, 1,210 C, Flatiron Building, New York. Branches everywhere.

SALESMEN.—We want two or three real salesmen for near-by Jersey territory on our Henry and Kipling combination; a winner for hustlers; men are averaging five orders daily. Review of Reviews, 30 Irving Place, Mr. Mansfield; afternoons only.

SALESMAN WANTED, experienced man only, who sold a general line of hosiery, underwear, shirts, gloves, and khaki goods, &c.; only men who control a territory; must show past records. H. P. Friedman & Bro., 52 Lispenard St.

SALESMEN WANTED.—Good live men, one covering New York State, Pennsylvania; also men to cover Eastern and Western tier, calling on furnishing and department stores; to carry a good side line; commission basis. X 97 Times.

SALESMAN, over 25, to introduce to local merchants specialty made compulsory by recent laws in all business buildings. Address Economy, Room 908, 1,476 Broadway.

SALESMEN who cover Southern territories to carry as a side line stuffed toy novelty for jobbers and department stores. Joseph Roth Manufacturing Co., 57 East 11th St.

SALESMAN for recently patented article; generous commission paid to right man. Call between 8 and 10 A. M. Levy, 507 West 130th St.

SCHOOL of oratory and dramatic art has vacancy for solicitor in Washington Heights section. Liberal commission basis and intelligent assistance and leads given. Box X 100 Times.

WANTED FOR U. S. ARMY—Able-bodied, unmarried men between ages of 18 and 35; citizens of United States or men who have declared their intention to become citizens, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read, and write the English language. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, 25 3d Av., 749 6th Av., New York City, 363 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y., 162 Newark Av., Jersey City, N. J., or any army recruiting station.

WANTED—A young man experienced on subscription sheets to take entire charge of foreign subscriptions; one who has made a study of foreign mails, sailing of steamers, &c.; a good opportunity for the right person. Address, stating previous experience, G 70 Times.

WANTED—Refined, well-dressed man, above 40, but still active, to sell a household necessity to the better class families in or outside of city; to such that qualify we shall prove that they will earn permanently at least $50 per week. Call 58 West 15th St., first floor.

WANTED—Experienced man to take entire charge of our ladies' suits, cloaks, waists, and millinery departments; only men of thorough knowledge need apply. Interview will be granted to-day from 2 to 4 P. M., at the office of Garson Meyer Co., 200 5th Av., New York City. Permanent situation and good salary assured to the right party.

WANTED—Men of good appearance to distribute circulars and solicit orders; $1 per day and commission for orders taken. Inquire for Mr. Stacey. Apply between 9 and 10 A. M. and 4 and 5 P. M., 124 East 15th St., sixth floor.

WANTED—By a wholesale grocery house, young man, 18 years of age, for general office work. Opportunity for advancement. State salary wanted and previous experience. V 347 Times Downtown.

WANTED—Two first-class subscription book canvassers; a high-class proposition which appeals to business men. Sales Manager, 134 West 29th St., tenth floor.

Instruction.

A.—THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.
Aeolian Hall, 27 West 42d St.—Secretarial course only; stenography, secretarial English, accountancy, and social amenities.
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Employment Bureaus.

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BUREAU OF SOCIAL REQUIREMENTS AGENCY.
MRS. MARY HUTTON PELL, PRESIDENT,
15 EAST 43D ST.
HEAD OF WELFARE DEPARTMENT OF LARGE MANUFACTURING CONCERN FOLLOWING UP MOST SCIENTIFIC PRINCIPLES IN EXPRESSION; GENEROUS SALARY; DELIGHTFUL SURROUNDINGS; SPLENDID CHANCE FOR EXPANSION. APPLY IN PERSON BETWEEN 3 AND 6.

Situations Wanted

Female

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, double entry, can open and close accounts; several years' experience; thoroughly competent and reliable; references. R 40 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced; capable; qualified to assume entire charge of books; also stenographer. R 55 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry, typist; two years' experience; accurate; $9. 105 West 141st St., Apartment 1.

COMPANION.—Capable, refined, experienced woman as useful companion; excellent references. P 81 Times.

COMPETENT, ACCURATE STENOGRAPHER, familiar with office routine, seeks permanent position; 6 years' experience; excellent references; salary $18. Intelligent, 344 Times Downtown.

COMPETENT, ACCURATE STENOGRAPHER and office assistant desires permanent position; 6 years' experience; excellent references; salary $18-$20. Ability, 343 Times Downtown.

DAYS' WORK.—Competent women for days' work; office cleaning. Hudson Guild, 1,481 Chelsea.

DRESSMAKER.—Tailored suits, afternoon and evening dresses; reasonable. Mme. Juliette, 123 East 12th St. Stuyvesant 408.

DRESSMAKER.—Experienced, reliable; home or out. Telephone 2900 Audubon. Apartment 26, 569 West 150th St.

HOME ASSISTANT.—Educated, resourceful woman to assist over-busy people; shopping, marketing, dismantling homes for Summer, refurnishing, renovating, odds and ends; generally useful; charges moderate; day or hour; references exchanged. R 39 Times.

HOUSEWORK.—By competent colored woman; sleep out or in; excellent references, (agency.) Telephone 4044—Harlem.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, typist; neat, refined, wide awake; not afraid of hard work; small salary. Lena Lerman, 84 Grafton St., Brooklyn.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, four years' experience filing, typewriting, switchboard; excellent references. V 291 Times Downtown.

READER, SECRETARY.—Visiting or resident; linguist, musical; good traveler; gentlewoman. 56 West 47th St.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPEWRITER, quick, accurate, desires position with reliable firm; 2 years' experience. Miss E. Rehm, 701 De Kalb Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER, 4½ years; understands all routine office work; rapid; competent; reliable; first-class references; $12-$15. V 332 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER; four years' experience; excellent English scholar; familiar with assisting with office duties; references furnished; salary $12. Laurence, L 329 Times Downtown.

Situations Wanted

Female

STENOGRAPHER; several years' experience various lines; rapid operator; familiar filing, billing, switchboard; office routine; $15; references. J 328 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, five years' experience; handle correspondence quickly and intelligently; $15; thorough. V. 324 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter, bookkeeper; familiar with all office details; 8 years' thorough business experience. Box R 54 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter, and bookkeeper; reliable, trustworthy; highest references; salary moderate. Dawson, 89 Delancey St.

STENOGRAPHER, refined American; two years' experience; high school education; $10. V 331 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER; six years' experience, commercial, real estate; refined, skillful touch typist. V 270 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, accurate, intelligent, uses good common sense; one year's experience; $6. V 290 Times Downtown.

Situations Wanted

Male

A.—A.—A.—SECRETARY, efficient bookkeeper, good correspondent, office manager, seeks responsible or executive position; broad, progressive experience; 9 years' manufacturing, 3 engineering; absolutely trustworthy; well recommended; moderate salary if good opportunity. Secretary, R 56 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, CERTIFIED.—Books opened, closed, audited, written up, systems installed, financial statements, &c., prepared; investigations, work confidential; rates moderate; personal service. C. P. A., Room 762, 132 Nassau St. Phone 2730—Beekman.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed, written up, audited, systematized; $5 monthly; trial balances; financial statements. Friedlander, 878 Broadway. Phone 4376 Gramercy.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, disentangled, systems installed; arrangements with firms not employing bookkeeper; $2.50 weekly. Accountant, 79 Mercer St. Telephone 398 Spring.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up, kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. Phone 2259 Stuyvesant.

BIG BUYER of dresses open for a good line of linens, lingeries, ratines, and wash silk dresses. Box R 36 Times.

BOOKKEEPER (MODERN,)
cashier, office manager, 30, wide experience, initiative, detail, reliable; very best of references, character, ability. F. Howard Johnson, 2,608 Albemarle Road, Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER and OFFICE MANAGER.—Eighteen years with last concern; quick, accurate, reliable; best references; age, 38. H. M. J., 151 West 20th St.

BOOKKEEPER and ACCOUNTANT, 7 years' experience, wishes to connect with good house; best references. Bookkeeper, 333 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER—25; competent, reliable; 7 years' experience; highly recommended; salary $22. M 319 Times Donwtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 23, over 5 years' experience; highly indorsed; salary $16. Davidson, 168 East 112th St.

BOY, refined, graduated, bright, willing, truthful, always on the alert. V 260 Times Downtown.

BOY, 16, neat appearance, office experience; best reference. S. Gottlieb, 207 West 110th.

CHAUFFEUR, married, capable driver and mechanic, 10 years' experience with references; 5 years last employer. William Edson, 102 West 143d St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Competent, trustworthy, and sober, married, aged 27, desires permanent position; first-class references. Chauffeur, 950 6th Av.

CHAUFFEUR, private, careful driver; garage experience, furnish 2 years' reference of last employer. Louis Kurskay, 615 Savoye St., West Hoboken.

CHAUFFEUR, first-class mechanic and driver, desires position with private family; moderate wages; best references. E. C. Fowler, 215 East 48th St.

CIGAR clerk, young man of neat appearance; good education; desires position; fine references. W P 326 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN, junior; neat tracer and letterer; wishes start with architect; ambitious. C. Wayne, 334 East 91st St., care of K. Weber.

DRAFTSMAN.—Instrument man; position with engineers, contractors. S. Lora, 106 Waverly Place.

GARDENER, HEAD.—English, age 31, single; life experience in every branch of gentleman's estate; first-class original references; highly recommended. E. Robinson, 739 Lexington Av., City.

GARDENER wants position; city or country; under glass and outdoors; married; 2 children; age 30; last place 10 years. J. Herrman, 135 20th St., Brooklyn.

GARDENER.—Englishman, single, (29,) wishes position as head man; life experience in all estate work; best of references. Address 156 West 34th St., New York City.

INTERPRETER
for French, German, and Italian; good references; used to traveling. Write N. E., 12 East 44th St.

LITERARY MAN of many years' experience is desirous of contributing to newspapers on special subjects. Can translate from German into fluent English. Address S. F. 69 Times.

MAN, middle age, American, desires position of trust; cashier, confidential clerk, or accountant; energetic, accurate, reliable, industrious; can give best of references. R. 17 Times.

OFFICE AND SALES MANAGER, 33; executive experience; seeks interview whereby can demonstrate exceptional ability and qualifications; competent filling position of trust and assuming all responsibilities. Reliable, V 311 Times Downtown.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Typewriter, (18,) willing to work in any capacity; capable, conscientious; highest references. B. S., 127 Powell St., Brooklyn.

PIANIST, young, Italian graduate from Rome. Great repertoire. Concerts for theatres or private. Lessons. Accompaniment for artists. Speaks little English. Address Box 78, 2,121 3d Av.

PLUMBER wishes position; 10 years' experience, jobbing and overhauling. R 66 Times.

REAL ESTATE MANAGER.
High-class manager and executive; capable of taking charge of several properties for owners direct, or realty corporation; permanent connection desired. P P 209 Times.

RETIRED FIREMAN, N. Y. Fire Dept., 40 years old, wishes position as messenger, special officer, private fireman, or anything of trust; very best references. McNeal, 210 East 56th St.

SALESMAN.—Young man wants position in large house; knows laces, embroideries, and toys; comes well recommended; is of good character and habits; ambitious and well educated. R 12 Times.

SALESMAN.—Hustling young salesman, 26, American, four years' experience, desires connection with reliable concern; highest references. Hustler, P 126 Times.

SALESMAN, who is hustler and conscientious, wants position with reliable house; seven years calling on department and specialty stores. R 57 Times.

SALESMAN, traveling Middle West, desires additional line waists or dresses; popular prices. R 44 Times.

SECRETARY or COMPANION to gentleman or children offered for board and room by young college professor. R 58 Times.

UPHOLSTERER. — First-class upholstering, draperies, curtains, wall coverings. Romeo, 3 Charles St.

WANTED—By a man of mature years, position as stock clerk or supervising shipping room; in fact I am willing to take anything that will give me employment; I am willing and industrious and greatly in need of a situation; can furnish the best of references. Address Leopold Spitzer, 165 East 95th St., New York City.

YOUNG MAN, American, 22, bright, quick, desires office position; has had experience. P 155 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20, neat, highest references, wishes steady position. Danzeger, 332 West 17th St.

Employment Bureaus.

Domestic.

A.—FOR EXCELLENT colored servants 'phone Riverside 4375. Domestic Service Agency, 203 West 98th St.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS. — Several neat girls, experienced, good references, thoroughly investigated, want places; other Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (agency,) 314 West 59th. 'Phone 4786—Columbus. Established 1899.

COMPETENT COLORED HELP of all trades supplied. Riverside Employment Agency, 12 West 99th St. 1538 Riverside.

COMPETENT COUPLE, cook, general work; colored; city, country. Instant Relief Agency, phone 7288 Morning.

COMPETENT HELP, short notice, procurable at Progressive Emp.; reliable, 34 West 131st St. 5370 Harlem.

EMPLOYERS—Capable boys supplied; phone your wants; prompt, efficient service, free. Children Aid Society Free Employment Bureau, 1,704 Murray Hill.

HOUSEWORK.—Competent colored girl; good cook; city or country; references. Pearson's Agency. 5049—Harlem.

POSITIONS wanted for colored help; best references; highest class employes. Victoria, 4747 Harlem.

RELIABLE Hungarian, German, Polish help; references investigated. Roth's, 172 East 4th St. Phone Orchard 2508.

SHEPHERD EMPLOYMENT.—Help supplied day, week, month; male, female. 107 West 133d St. Tel. 6916—Morningside.

THE ALGONQUIN EMPLOYMENT AGENCY.—Efficient servants supplied. 760 Lexington Av. Phone Plaza 4961.

Automobile Exchange.

FOR SALE.
1912, 48 H. P., 6 cylinder Locomobile, 7 passenger Touring Car. As good as new. Fully equipped. Will demonstrate by appointment. Owner getting smaller car. Write 110 West 85th St. Phone 9008 Schuyler.

BARGAINS—WHITE STEAMERS.
1909 to 1911 models. Cost $2,500 to $5,000 each. Will sell $125 to $500. 20 to 40 H. P. 2 Touring and 3 Landaulets. A Forty H. P. Landaulet, formerly used exclusively by President Taft. All fine cars, in excellent running condition. A. Elliott, 190 Columbus Av. Phone 8623 Col.

A.—Reo, 1911 model, foredoor, touring, equipped with mohair top, windshield, speedometer, Klaxon horn, Prestolite tank, trunk rack; overhauled at cost of $135 five weeks; sold account sickness; $425. Mrs. Joseph's Car. See Mr. Baldwin, 516 West 145th St.

New 1913 cars; 50 per cent. off.
New fore-door bodies; 65 per cent. off.
100 cars; all makes; $100-$3,000.
New Ford tops; $7.50; others all sizes.
Deliv. wagons, $150 up; windsh'lds, spamtrs $5.
20th Century Co., 1,700 B'way, cor. 54th.

PROTECT YOURSELF
before buying a "USED AUTO," by having a thorough mechanical examination; my fee is small in comparison to what I save you. H. David Webster, 989 Bergen St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

A Bargain.—Mattheson 5-pass. 6-cylinder 50 h. p. Touring Car, equipped new top, seat covers, $100 wind shield; a beautiful and serviceable car; inspection. Ideal Wind Shield Co., 1,926 Broadway.

Columbia, 1910, 32 H. P. touring; 2 extra tires, top, clock, speedometer; cost $3,150; a most exclusive car; will sell for $800. Mrs. F. Jones, 118 West 57th St. Phone 9400 Col.

For sale to close an estate, a Pierce-Arrow automobile (landaulet) in good condition; 1911 make; 36 horse power. Can be seen at Bretton Hall Garage, 150 West 83d St.

Rauch & Lang four passenger Brougham, 2000. Hupp Yeates 4 passenger Coupe, 1375. Waverley 4 pass. Coupe, 1375. C. Y. Kenworthy, 1800 Broadway.

1911 Packard "30" 7-Passenger Touring Car; completely equipped; fine condition. Write F. F. P., 240 W. 59th St., New York, or phone 5188—Columbus.

Case Limousine, used three months; a bargain. J. I. Case Threshing Machine Co., 1,860 Broadway.

Taken in exchange 1911 Chalmers Hupmobile runabout, Overland; bargains. Owen Co., 19 West 62d.

1908 Stearns touring; extra good; fully equipped. W. A. Sellon, 1,382 Bushwick Av., Brooklyn.

E. M. F. 1912, fully equipped, perfect condition, $725; extra tire. Spencer, 430 West 116th St.

1910 Cadillac, demi; fully equipped; in perfect condition. W. A. Sellon, 61 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

Premier six-cylinder; ran less than 1,000 miles; equipped; bargain. Reo, 19 West 62d.

Reo 1912, centre control, fully equipped; like new; bargain. Reo Co., 19 West 62d.

1912 Warren Detroit foredoor, self-starter; fully equipped; $575. 516 West 145th.

Landaulet Renault, 20-30, for sale; no writing. Inquire 118 East 66th St., New York.

Reo 1912, model R; fully equipped; $600. R. M. Owen & Co., 19 West 62d.

Fifty slightly used cars taken in exchange, $150 up. Reo Co., 19 West 62d.

Automobiles for Rent.

PACKARD LIMOUSINES, new cars, for monthly service; special to theatre or opera, with privilege of stopping one hour for supper, $10. Largest renters of Packard cars in New York.
'PHONE............ PLAZA 2100

Beautiful private automobile, Packard landaulet, to rent very reasonable; owner drives himself; highest recommendations. Hoffman, 105 West 89th St. 8088 Riverside.

For Hire.—Elegant Pierce-Arrow landaulet; hour, day, month; rates very reasonable. Joe Schmaltz, 222 West 72d St. Tel. 8027 Col.

Latest model touring car for hire by hour, day, week, or month; reasonable. Leone, 127 East 106th St. Telephone Harlem 1646.

Beautiful 1912 seven-passenger Premier touring, equipped with heaters, $3 hour; private. Telephone 821 Melrose.

Beautiful 1912 seven-passenger Premier touring, equipped with heaters, $3 hour; private. Telephone 821 Melrose.

Packard limousine; late model; hour, day, month; reasonable. Folliot Co., 254 West 54th St. Col. 3423.

Limousine car for hire, all hours, day or week or month. 3580 Columbus, garage. Roff.

Automobiles Wanted.

AUTOMOBILE WANTED.
Spot cash for your automobile, any make, or will accept same on sale at 5 per cent. commission. GREEN'S AGENCY, Broadway and 48th.

Other Automobile Advertisements on Page 9.

Real Estate.

Apartments to Let—Unfurnished.

West Side.

27TH ST., 361 WEST.
THE ALBEMARLE.
Two minutes from Pennsylvania Station; 5 large rooms and bath; elevator, steam heat, hall service, 'phone; $45 month; lease; high class.

Sublet Until Oct., 1914.—Seven-room apartment; all outside, sunny rooms; four bedrooms, two baths; concessions. Rockfall Apartments, 545 West 111th St., Apt. 10E.

At reduced rents, 4-6-room modern elevator apartments, $32-$40. Inducements. 221 West 141st St., (7th Av.,) near elevated, Subway.

Riverside Drive, 550, Alabama Apartments.—Seven rooms; southern exposure; concessions.

At 65 West 106th St., (Central Park.)—Large, modern 7-room private flat, $42.

123d, 547 West, (Broadway.)—Front, sunny, 6-room, bath; $55 month; first class; elevator.

202 WEST 130TH ST.
Seven large, light rooms, bath, $45-$60.

93D, 46 WEST.—Eight very light large rooms, bath $55; station street; park entrance.

29TH ST., 345 WEST.—Floor in private house; four large heated rooms and bath.

Riverside Drive, 550, Alabama Apartments.—Six rooms, overlooking Drive; concessions.

East Side.

173D ST. EAST, 800.
Elegant 5 rooms at the parkside, one block from 174th St. Subway Station.

Five sunny rooms; elevator, furniture for sale; Gramercy neighborhood; $51. 144 East 22d.

Brooklyn.

Four light rooms; steam heat; hot water supply; $24. 299 13th St., Brooklyn.

Bronx.

BEDFORD PARK BOULEVARD,
corner Bainbridge Av., near 198th L station; 4-5-6 elegant large rooms; rents $27 to $40; private house neighborhood.

Apartments to Let—Furnished.

A.—A.—CATHEDRAL PLAZA,
100 Cathedral Parkway, 110th and Columbus Av.
Elegantly furnished, also unfurnished
1, 2, AND 3 ROOMS,
private bath, kitchenette, 'phone; $25, $30, $40 up monthly; elevator; hotel service if desired. Near "L" and Subway; reference essential. Can inspect evenings. 'Phone 3970 Riverside.

RARE opportunity; fine, furnished four, five room elevator apartments; special; $45 monthly upward; beautifully furnished rooms adjoining bath; kitchen; $3-$6. Windermere, 343 St. Nicholas Av., corner 127th St.

To Sublet—Seven extra large rooms, two baths, six closets; handsomely furnished; on Riverside Drive. The services of a very competent maid can be had if desired. 260 Riverside Drive, Apt. 3C, The Chesterfield.

101ST ST., 205 WEST.—Community apartment; new idea; 150 rooms, 24 kitchens, 24 baths; every service; handiest location; $3 to $7 per week; inspection welcomed. Manager. River 1763.

Widower sublets six-room apartment, or part, nicely furnished, $5, $7, $10 weekly; everything housekeeping; evenings. Wheeler, 1,468 St. Nicholas Av., (Subway 181st.)

Riverside Drive, 310.—Corner front apartment, completely furnished; piano; seven rooms and bath; fifth floor; reasonable. Phone 1910—Audubon. Windsor.

54th St., 162 West.—Exceptionally attractive high-class furnished apartment 5 rooms and bath until October; highest references required. Oregon 11F.

104TH ST., 18 WEST, (Near Central Park.)—Five rooms, bath; newly furnished; steam heat; hot water; convenient to L and Subway. Janitor.

For rent, April 1 to Oct. 1, furnished apartment, 7 rooms and 2 baths. 333 Central Park West. For information please apply to P 171 Times.

19th St., 113 East.—Studio apartment; two large, sunny rooms and bath, skylight, singly or together, furnished or unfurnished; all improvements; bargain.

Parlor bedroom and bath, suite; also three-room apartment. Hotel Earle, 103 Waverly Place, one door from Washington Square, north.

Sublet furnished attractive, five-room apartment; modern improvements; phone; Subway. Superintendent, 508 West 136th St.

Other Real Estate Advertisements on Page 18.

TELLS WHY POLICE WOMEN ARE NEEDED

Intelligent Handling of Social Evil Demands Them, Says Miss Milholland.

FOR A MORALS COMMITTEE

More Power for Police Head Advocated by Three ex-Commissioners at Wagner Inquiry.

Called as next to the last witness yesterday afternoon before the Joint Legislative Committee on Remedial Police Legislation, Miss Inez Milholland, the young suffragist leader, just back from Washington where she participated prominently in the suffrage parade, told the committee that she was emphatically in favor of having police women on the force to handle the social evil. She said frankly that its was her belief that the officials who had to do the administering of the law from day to day did not see the problem in its larger aspects.

When Miss Milholland faced the crowded Chamber there were only three women besides herself in the room. She wore a navy blue tailored suit, and pointed fox furs, set off by a navy blue beaver hat, with a yellow velvet bow. She carried a bright leather portfolio.

As Miss Milholland took the chair at the side of the committee, Senator Robert F. Wagner, the Chairman, explained to her that the committee had called her in order that it might have her point of view, among many others, with reference to certain features of police legislation. It was soon evident that Miss Milholland had come before the committee quite unprepared to give her views except in answer to such questions as she was asked. Senator Wagner then suggested that the committee would like to have her views on the appointment of women on the police force to deal with the social evil, and also with the women after they were arrested.

Problem Needs Women Workers.

"Of course, I am emphatically in favor of it," replied Miss Milholland. "It seems to me it would be advisable from a number of points of view. If you want to make a study of the woman that you are attempting to control and to benefit, it seems to me that you would have to have a woman to do that intelligently, and if you are going to make a study of how to control her I do not know who can do it as well as another woman. In the cases of these women I have happened to come across I find in what might be called the secondary stage they get hardened, and that hardened attitude is commercially profitable; that is, very often the people who control them purposely demoralize them, so that they will of themselves testify that they are in that life because they want to be in that life, and they only do that when they have lost every vestige of moral sense.

"To get behind that hardened attitude you must look at it from a sympathetic point of view. If you really want to get them back and rehabilitate them, which I take it is what you are after, it seems to me that a woman, because she is a woman, and understands another woman's point of view, can be more efficient than a man, no matter how well-intentioned he is, with regard to the needs of the woman with whom he is attempting to deal.

"I also think it would be excellent, from the point of view of the women of the community who have no first hand information in regard to that condition. If we had more information, and consequently more discussion, we would have a less pharisaical attitude on the part of the public. It is because of that attitude that we hesitate to go ahead."

Asked for her opinion on the proposal to have a committee on morals to look after the control of the social evil, Miss Milholland replied:

"It seems to me an admirable idea, for the reason that very often the officials who have to do the administering from day to day do not have the time to study it, with all its ramifications in mind. Such a board of social workers, scientific investigators, would do that, and could very often afford to take the time to study the source of the problem, whereas a busy official cannot, however much he may be inclined to do it.

"It seems to me that if we really want to get at the problem, we have got to attack it from the sanitation viewpoint. They have done it in certain communities, and that is, have all the diseases which are related to this particular problem, quarantined and reported, if we really want to protect the community."

Rehabilitation at Farm Colony.

When Miss Milholland was asked how a woman who had been arrested and then released should be provided for she answered:

"Probably a farm colony—that is, I suppose, with a view to rehabilitate her physically, and then give her some training, very patiently, because often these women have lost all capacity for concentration, for purposeful effort from day to day. You would have to establish a special system of industrial training or educational training along some line that would require an expert to handle. If you really want to re-establish her, you will have to give her a basis of living, a means of livelihood, other than the only one she has ever known."

Miss Milholland preferred to think that a woman after being arrested should be detained, rather than committed or sentenced, as Assemblyman McKee had suggested. Miss Milholland thought policemen and police women could work together without having jealousies arise between them.

Next the witness was asked if she had any statistics of percentages of girls working in factories and mercantile establishments who were forced by low wages into disreputable lives. She said she did not, but added:

"The percentage is large, but it is curious to note the proportion of girls who go into it from our factories and large department stores is smaller, really, than those who go into it from domestic service. There are other reasons than the low wage reason for that, it being, of course, their ignorance with regard to all that it involves chiefly."

Magistrate Corrigan, who was the third witness called during the afternoon session, said that the conditions existing now had existed a long time. Good changes, he thought, were possible with new legislation, and likewise without it. He believed that the Police Commissioner, if he would devote a certain amount of intelligence and interest and attention to the gambling problem, and work in co-operation with the District Attorney, could greatly repress gambling or reduce it to an almost negligible quantity. The social evil should be treated under the law as a nuisance.

More Authority for Police Head.

Magistrate Corrigan said he believed that it was absolutely essential for the Police Commissioner to have a one-man power in his department, and that he should have a tenure of perhaps ten years, or during good behavior. The Commissioner then should be held solely and absolutely responsible. Furthermore, he said, the Commissioner should be relieved of the responsibility of the pension fund.

"It seems to me," he said, "that the right thing to do in a big city like New York would be to have a separate Board of Pensions that would pass on the pensions for every department. I think that would be a big step in the way of efficiency and economy.

"Without any legislation I think a great deal can be done if you get the right man. I think at the present time, myself, every city department has been engaged more or less in the game they calling 'passing the buck.' The Police Commissioner puts it up to the Magistrate, the Magistrate puts it up to the District Attorney, the District Attorney puts it up to the courts, and the courts put it back to the Police Commissioner. I do not mean that as a criticism. There ought to be a certain amount of co-operation among the city departments.

The final witness at the afternoon session was Dr. Lee W. Beattie, a member of the Committee of Fourteen.

A notable fact brought out at the day's session was a unanimity of opinion on the part of three ex-Police Commissioners, McAdoo, Baker, and Bingham, that the Police Commissioner should have more authority over his department, and at the same time have the co-operation of the Mayor and the District Attorney.

With the examination of District Attorney Whitman this morning at 10:30 o'clock, the Joint Legislative Committee will end its hearings, and immediately put its report in form to present to the Legislature.

NEW DUFFY INDICTMENT.

Whitman Confident of Convicting Sweeney's Men in Graft Cases.

The Grand Jury found another indictment against Sergt. Peter J. Duffy yesterday, making six in all that he will be required to answer in court unless he should be convicted at the first trial. District Attorney Whitman is especially anxious to get all the collectors of Inspector Sweeney tied so tightly in the coils of the law that there will be no chance for any one of them to escape. So far he believes he has Duffy and Patrolmen Hartigan and Robinson fast enough to convict them. His feeling against Sweeney and his collectors has been accentuated by their defiant attitude.

At the outset there were signs that a confession would come from Sweeney or from one of the others who was in Sweeney's confidence, but the longer he waited for some sign of weakening the more hopeless the outlook became. Mr. Whitman was certain that the men had been stiffened in some unknown way. He tried to discover what means had been used and he finally concluded that some of the money that had been wrung from gamblers and keepers of disorderly resorts was the power that sealed the lips of both Hartigan and Duffy. Recent investigations by Mr. Whitman assured him that Sweeney had collected from $75,000 to $100,000 a year for himself for a period of several years and that he was willing to spend at least half this amount to keep his more trusted collectors from making any confession.

The chief reason why Mr. Whitman has determined to place Hartigan on trial first is to show him that he can expect no mercy unless he places himself entirely at the disposal of the people as a witness. He has already let Hartigan know that his silence cannot help Sweeney, and that it will only serve to procure for him the heaviest sentence possible under the law. But Hartigan has refused to speak. The indicement against him charges perjury, and is based on his testimony before the Grand Jury that he did not know that the envelope he carried from Sweeney to Capt. Walsh and from Walsh to Patrolman Fox contained money. Both Capt. Walsh, his wife, and Fox have sworn that Hartigan did know that the envelope contained money that was to be used to bribe George A. Sipp to remain out of this State so that he could not be compelled to testify before the Grand Jury.

Hartigan's trial has been set down for Wednesday before Justice Seabury in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court. Mr. Whitman is confident of his conviction. After that he believes there will be a weakening on the part of all the men indicted in connection with police graft. The sixth indictment found against Sergt. Duffy yesterday was based on testimony given by Julius Roth, who swore that he paid Duffy $30 in December, 1911, as the price of one month's police protection for his poker room in West 118th Street. Roth told Mr. Whitman on Wednesday that he had been paying for protection for a long time, and that he always paid it to Duffy after the precinct was divided in July last. Before that he declared he had paid it to Patrolman Fox. In his confession Fox admitted that Roth had paid him for protection, and that he had turned the money over to Capt. Walsh. The new indictment against Duffy, like all the others, charges bribery.

Two of the women whom Mr. Whitman questioned earlier in the week told him that they had seen Mrs. Robert E. Ullner, who is known as a keeper of a disorderly resort under the name of Annie Grey, pay money on several occasions to the police. They said that no secret was made of it, and that Mrs. Grey seemed to be willing to let it be known that no one need be afraid to visit her place, because the police would never disturb her.

A man who said he was Mrs. Grey's husband called on Mr. Whitman yesterday and said his wife was at Atlantic City, that she had retired from the business of keeping a disorderly resort and was now living quietly in West New York, N. J. Mr. Whitman told his visitor that Mrs. Grey must call upon him, and it was finally arranged that she would present herself at Mr. Whitman's office on Tuesday.

Inquiry in West New York revealed the fact that a Mrs. Ullner did live there. Mr. Whitman also learned that Robert E. Ullner was a member of the police force until October, 1903, when he was dismissed by Commissioner Greene for being absent without leave. Other charges of a more serious nature had been made against Ullner, but they had not been sustained.

Mrs. Grey, it was said, conducted a disorderly resort for a number of years and ran it without police molestation through many changes of police Captains and Inspectors. Mr. Whitman believes that if he can induce Mrs. Grey to tell him all she knows about paying for protection he will be able to corroborate it by the testimony of the two women who assert that they saw some of the payments made, and that several important indictments will grow out of the information.

Gasene New Automobile Fuel.

Special to The New York Times.

FRANKLIN, Penn., March 6.—"We are confident that we have solved the problem of the high cost of automobile fuel with our gasene," said W. F. Messner, secretary of a local refining company, today. "Gasene will answer all the purposes of gasoline, and will sell at wholesale for 3 or 4 cents a gallon, whereas the price of gasoline ranges from 18 to 24 cents a gallon. The only fault we have found with it is that there is some smoke with the starting of the car, but with the first two or three explosions this is gone. We expect to have gasene on the market within a few weeks, and we shall be able to manufacture 16,000 barrels a month."

DEADLOCK ON CANADA'S GIFT.

Laurier Opposes Grant of $35,000,000 for Empire's Battleships.

Special to The New York Times.

OTTAWA, March 6.—Not since 1896 has the Dominion Parliament experienced such a protracted deadlock as that which now exists over the clause in the Government's Navy bill which authorizes a grant of $35,000,000 to the British Government for building new battleships which are to be an integral part of the British Navy.

The House of Commons has now been in continuous session for nearly three and a half days and the general belief is that the deadlock will continue until midnight on Saturday. The regulations of Parliament make it impossible for the House to sit on Sunday.

The trouble began before noon on Monday when Premier Borden refused to accede to a motion by Sir Wilfrid Laurier that the House adjourn. "We must make some progress with the bill first," said Mr. Borden. "Very well, then, let us make some progress," retorted Sir Wilfrid, who thereupon moved that the clause providing for an appropriation of $35,000,000 "for the purpose of immediately increasing the effective naval forces of the Empire" be eliminated and a clause substituted providing funds "for the speedy organization of a Canadian naval service in co-operation with and in close relation to the Imperial Navy."

On this amendment the members of the House have been talking without cessation for three and a half days and everybody believes that each side is endowed with sufficient strength and determination to keep up the fight till Sunday comes to their relief.

CHASES AUTO ON FOOT.

Then Policeman Uses Another Machine Following Fatal Accident.

Peter Iltgen, a tailor living at 221 West 120th Street, was knocked down and killed at 10 o'clock last night by an automobile going south on St. Nicholas Avenue at 120th Street. Seeing a crowd gathering around the man, Policeman Horn of the Lenox Avenue Station ran to the corner. Persons who had seen the accident pointed out a machine several blocks away on St. Nicholas Avenue as the one which had struck Iltgen.

Without waiting to inquire into the accident, Policeman Horn started to run after the machine. After he had chased it on foot three blocks he hailed another automobile and ordered the driver to take him aboard and pursue the other car.

At 110th Street the machine ahead turned over to Fifth Avenue, and had reached Ninetieth Street before Horn overtook it. The driver gave the name of George Taylor of 69 South Broadway, the Bronx. The machine belongs to Mrs. Helen C. Cox of Yonkers. Taylor said he was driving to the Belasco Theatre to take Mrs. Cox and a party of friends home to Yonkers.

Taylor was locked up charged with homicide. When Coroner Feinburg questioned him, Taylor denied that his car had struck Iltgen. Policeman Horn admitted that he had not blown his police whistle to bring Taylor to a halt, but insisted that the chauffeur knew he was being pursued. Coroner Feinburg ordered Taylor held for examination to-day, and directed that the machine he had been driving be locked up in order to ascertain if it bears any marks of the accident.

COLUMBIA B'WAY & 47th Burlesque Mat. To-day
THE TAXI GIRLS

HAMMERSTEIN'S Ev. 50, 75, $1. Daily Matinee 25 & 50c. BIG MIDWINTER FESTIVAL 16 ACTS

EDEN MUSEE WORLD IN WAX. 55 West 23d St. CINEMATOGRAPH Each Hour. GEORGE HOLDEN in Magic at 3 and 9.

BELASCO West 44th St. Eve. 8:15. Mats. To-mor. & Thurs. 2:15.
YEARS OF DISCRETION
"SUPERB CAST."—Acton Davies, Eve. Sun. Lyn Harding, Bruce McRae, Herbert Kelcey, E. M. Holland, Effie Shannon, Robert McWade, Jr., Grant Mitchell, Alice Putnam, Mabel Bunyea.

REPUBLIC West 42d St. Eve. 8:10. Mats. To-mor., Tues. & Wed. 2:10.
DAVID BELASCO presents
A GOOD LITTLE DEVIL

Wallack's B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:20. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:20.
The Original IRISH PLAYERS
To-night & Mat. To-morrow—"Mixed Marriage" & "The Workhouse Ward."

JOSEPH AND HIS BRETHREN at the CENTURY THEATRE Evs. 8 on the minute. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2, on the minute. 8th Av. & 62d St.

CHILDREN'S Thea., Century Thea. Bldg. Beg's MONDAY, MAR. 10. Evs. 9. Mats. Tues., Thurs. & Sat. 3. (Seats Now.) EVERYMAN, with Edith Wynne Matthison.

B. F. KEITH'S NEW YORK THEATRES
UNION SQ. B'way & 14th St. 2ND ANNIVERSARY WEEK 12 Star Acts inc. Edison's Talking Pictures.
COLONIAL B'way & 62d St. "The Song Birds," William Thompson, Stuart Barnes, Edison's Tal'g Pictures. 8 others
ALHAMBRA 7 Av. & 126 St. Sidney Drew, Wright & Dietrich, Edison's Talking Pictures, Penfold & Marshall.
BRONX 149 St. 3 Ave. Daily Mats. 25c. Hermine Shone & Co., Willard Simms & Co., Edison's Talking Pictures & 8 others.
HARLEM OP. HO. STOCK CO. in "THE MAN FROM HOME." Mat. Daily. Vaudeville Bet. Acts Daily. Hattie Timberg.

THE REGENT 116th Street and 7th Avenue. NEW YORK'S FASHIONABLE PHOTO PLAYHOUSE.
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—PICTURES—
SPECIAL TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW. SNOW WHITE
Continuous 1 to 11. Daily Mats., 10c., 25c. Evs. & Sat. & Sun. 15c., 25c., 50c.

CORT 48th St., E. of B'way. Tel. Bryant 46 Eves. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Laurette Taylor 'Peg o' My Heart.'

ELTINGE West 42d St. Evenings at 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
WITHIN THE LAW

Grand Central Palace, 11 to 11 To-day.
WOMAN'S INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION.
A comprehensive exhibit of woman's work in all spheres—NOT A BAZAAR. Dancing afternoon and evening. Adm. 50c.

MAX PAUER RECITAL AT AEOLIAN HALL TO-MORROW AFT., at 3. Seats 50c. to $2. Now. STEINWAY PIANO.

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Carnegie Lyceum, 57th St., 7th Av., 25c to $1.00. Twice daily and Sundays, 2:30 & 8:30 P. M.
PANAMA CANAL—BALKAN WAR IN KINEMACOLOR.

BIJOU B'way and 30th St. Evs. 8:30. MATINEE EVERY DAY. 2:30
PAUL J. RAINEY'S AFRICAN HUNT

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EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Eves. 8:30. LAST MAT. TO-MORROW 2:30.
THE SPY LAST 2 NIGHTS LAST MAT. TO-MORROW.
NEXT TUESDAY NIGHT SEATS NOW.
20TH EMPIRE THEATRE ANNIVERSARY PLAY—R. C. CARTON'S COMEDY.
LIBERTY HALL with JOHN MASON and a SPECIAL ANNIVERSARY CAST.

THE BIG THRILLER IS ON 45TH STREET AT THE LYCEUM THEATRE
H. B. Warner
THE GHOST BREAKER
BEST ENTERTAINMENT IN TOWN ASK ANYBODY

KNICKERBOCKER. Broadway & 38th St. Eves. 8 sharp. Matinees To-mor. & Wed. 2. JULIA SANDERSON in THE SUNSHINE GIRL with JOSEPH CAWTHORN

GARRICK 35th St., nr. B'way. Evs 8:30. Mats. To-mor. & Wed. 2:30.
The Conspiracy

CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-mor. & Wed. 2:15.
Robert Hilliard in "THE ARGYLE CASE."

HUDSON W. 44 St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. To-mor. & Wed. 2:20.
"SCORES A HIT."—Eve. Sun.
THE Poor Little Rich Girl
A play of fact and fancy by Eleanor Gates.

FULTON 46 St. W. of B'way. Eve. 8:30. 3 nights, incl. Sun., Mar. 9 50c to $1.50
MATINEE TO-MORROW 2:30. HOW TO LIVE 100 YEARS.
LILLIAN RUSSELL
BEGINNING NEXT TUES. SEATS NOW SELLING. Ruth St. Denis in NEW JAPANESE and HINDU DANCE PLAYS.

HE LEADS THEM ALL
THE MASTER MIND Critics delighted. Press said "Another Raffles." Eve. Journal said "Better than Sherlock Holmes." HARRIS THEATRE crowded nightly.

New Amsterdam W. 42 St. Evs. 8:15. Mat. To-morrow 2:15.
OH! OH! DELPHINE
The Last Word in Musical Comedy

LIBERTY W. 42 St. Evs. 8:15. Mat. To-mor. 2:15. Wed. Mats. 50c. to $1.50.
ONLY 3 WEEKS MORE
MILESTONES by Arnold Bennett & Edward Knoblauch.

GAIETY B'way & 46 St. Eves. at 8:30. Mats. To-mor. & Wed. 2:30.
FOR LAUGHING PURPOSES ONLY.
"STOP THIEF" A Farce by Carlyle Moore.

PARK 59 St. Col. Circle. Eve., incl. Sun. & Sat. Mat. 25c-$1. Wed. & Sun. Mat. 25c 50c.
REINHARDT'S STUPENDOUS SPECTACLE
THE MIRACLE
—ORCHESTRA AND CHORUS OF 100—

GLOBE MATINEE TO-MORROW. MONTGOMERY & STONE, ELSIE JANIS, THE LADY OF THE SLIPPER.

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ACADEMY OF MUSIC STOCK CO. in THE GAMBLERS.
WITH THEODORE FRIEBUS PRISCILLA KNOWLES
NEXT WEEK The Cowboy and the Lady

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
To-night at 8. Cyrano. Alda; Martin, Amato, Reiss, Griswold, Hinshaw. Cond., Hertz.
Sat. at 2. Tannhaeuser. Destinn, Fremstad; Urlus, Buers, Griswold. Cond., Hertz.
Sat. at 8. (Pop. Prices). Cav. Rusticana. Gadski; Macnez, Gilly. Pagliacci. Bori; Jorn, Amato. Conds., Polacco and Sturani.
Sun. Evg. Concert, 50c. to $1.50. Leginska, pianiste Homer; Van Hoose, Braun. Ent. Orch.
Next Monday at 8:15. Tosca. Fremstad; Caruso, Scotti, Rossi, Bada. Cond. Toscanini.
Wed. at 8. Tales of Hoffmann. Hempel, Bori; Jorn, Gilly, Rothier, Reiss. Cond. Polacco.
Thurs. at 2. Manon. Farrar; Caruso, Gilly, Rothier, Segurola. Cond., Toscanini.
Thurs. at 8:15. Trovatore. Gadski, Homer; Martin, Amato, Rossi. Cond., Sturani.
Fri. at 7:30. Walkuere. Fremstad, Gadski, Homer; Urlus, Braun, Ruysdael. Cond., Hertz.
BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
Tues., Mar. 11, at 7:45. Lohengrin. Destinn, Homer; Urlus, Buers, Griswold. Cond., Hertz.
HARDMAN PIANO USED.

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JOSEF STRANSKY CONDUCTOR.
This Afternoon at 2:30. CARNEGIE HALL.
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Dvorak, Tschaikowsky, Stahlberg, Saint-Saens
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New Aeolian Hall, 34 W. 43d St.
To-day at 3:10 & Next Sunday Aft. at 3.
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Tues. Ev'g, March 11, at 8:30
EASTER CONCERT
Stabat Mater by Palestrina. Works by Haydn, Corsi, Nanini, Bach, Brahms, Cornelius, Leslie, Elgar.
Tickets at Office, 1 W. 34 St. & Carnegie Hall.

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GODOWSKY
GREAT CHOPIN PROGRAM.
Tickets at Box Office. Knabe Piano.
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Seats $2 to 75c. Mgt. Howard E. Potter,

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50c. to $2. Mgt. Loudon Charlton.

ÆOLIAN HALL, TO-MORROW EV. AT 8:20
MARY (Pianist) Pinney—Powell MAUD (Violinist)
LEO SCHULZ, 'Cellist.
Tickets 75c. to $2.50 at Box Office and Mrs Harold Stimpson, 601 West 110 St.

Aeolian Hall, Next Tues. Aft. at 3.
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Seats 50c. to $2. Now Mgt. Wolfsohn Bureau.

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MISS JANET E. RICHARDS
TALKS ON CURRENT HISTORY.
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Tickets at Plaza and Tyson and Ely Club, 316 Lexington Av.

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NEXT SUN NIGHT CAVALIERI With MURATORE (From Paris Opera) Nahan Franko's Orch. Seats on Sale

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HONEYMOON EXPRESS GABY DESLYS JOLSON
Matinee To-morrow. Best Seats $1.50.
Sunday Night Concert—15 New Star Acts.

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LOUISE GUNNING in THE AMERICAN MAID
A new comic opera. Music by John Philip Sousa.

39TH ST. THEATRE, nr. B'way. Mat. To-morrow
THE FIVE FRANKFORTERS
The Story of the House of Rothschild.

CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evgs. 8:15. Matinee To-morrow 2:15.
TRENTINI Last 2 Weeks THE FIREFLY
Trentini appears at the Popular Price Matinee Wednesday.

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S Thea., 39th bet. B'way & 6th Av. Evs. 8:30. Mat. To-morrow 2:30.
ROMANCE

Weber & Fields' 44th St. Thea., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-morrow 2:15.
THE MAN WITH 3 WIVES Last Week.
BEG. MON., MAR. 10. Marie Dressler's ALL STAR GAMBOL
WONDERFUL AGGREGATION OF STARS AND INTERNATIONAL NOVELTIES.
Eves. & Sat. Mat., Best Seats $1.50.
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48TH ST. Theatre, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-morrow 2:15.
Join the Rest and Laugh at
WILLIAM COLLIER in Never Say Die. Last 3 Weeks.

Playhouse 48th, East of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
THE PAINTED WOMAN
A romantic play by Frederic Arnold Kummer.

William Collier's COMEDY 41st, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mat. To-morrow 2:15.
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LYRIC 42d St., West of Broadway. Evs. 8:15. Mat. To-morrow 2:15.
SAM BERNARD ALL FOR THE LADIES.

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE 34th St. & 8th Av. Evs. 8. Mats. at 2.
Eves. & Sat. Mat. 25c. to $1.50. THE WHIP Wed. Mat. 25c to $1.
500 ORCHESTRA SEATS AT $1.00.

WEST END. 125th, W. of 8th Av. Evs. 8:15.
Matinee To-mor., 2:15. Little Women
Extra Perf. T'm'r. 11 A. M.
Next Week—Rudolf Schildkraut in No. 37

GEO. M. COHAN'S THEATRE, B'way & 43d. Matinee To-morrow 2:15.
A BRAND NEW LAUGH THAT'S BOUND TO LINGER. MAY IRWIN in "WIDOW BY PROXY"

ASTOR B'WAY, 45TH ST. EVES 8:15 MATS. WED & SAT
Last Weeks
FINE FEATHERS
ALL STAR CAST ROBERT EDESON WILTON LACKAYE MAX FIGMAN, ROSE COGHLAN

GRAND Mat. To-mor. Geo. M. COHAN "Broadway" Jones
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Ad. Philipp's 57 St. Th., n'r 3 Av. Tel. Plaza 812. Ev. 8:15. Mat. To-mor. 'Auction Pinochle'

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23D ST., nr. 6th Av. 58TH ST & 3d Av. 125TH ST., Lex. Av. Wonderful Kinemacolor Pictures in natural colors, in addition to the World's best Vaudeville at Modest Prices. Continuous Daily 11 A. M. to 11 P. M.

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IN AND ABOVE NEW YORK THEATRE
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MAJESTIC Mats. Wed. & Saturday.
Primrose & Dockstader Minstrels
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B. F. KEITH'S ORPHEUM Daily Mat. 25c. AMELIA BINGHAM Edison's Talking Pictures & 10 Star Features.

LECTURES.

DR. DANIEL A. HUEBSCH will make eight lecture tours through the Metropolitan Museum on Friday mornings. Subject for to-day, Morgan Loan Exhibit. Course ticket, $10, obtainable at 82d St. entrance. Promptly at 10:30 A. M.

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Reservations now being made for the Easter Holidays.
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SURROGATE NOTICES.

SURROGATE'S COURT, SULLIVAN COUNTY.—In the matter of the application for letters of administration upon the estate of WARNER E. SPRAGUE, late of the town of Rockland, deceased.

To all creditors and all persons claiming to be creditors of the above-named Warner E. Sprague, deceased:

You and each of you will please take notice that the undersigned, the widow of said deceased, intends to apply to the Surrogate of the County of Sullivan, N. Y., for letters of administration upon the estate of said deceased under the provision for a limited bond contained in the last clause of Section 2,664 of the Code of Civil Procedure, and all creditors of the said deceased are hereby notified to present their claims to the said Surrogate at his office in the village of Monticello, Sullivan County, N. Y., on or before the 17th day of March, 1913.

Dated February 10th, 1913.

LAURA E. SPRAGUE, Roscoe, N. Y.
CARPENTER & ROSCH, Attorneys, Liberty, N. Y.

ASSIGNEE NOTICES.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Honorable Walter H. Jaycox, a Judge of the Supreme Court, County of Kings, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against PERCY L. CLARK of Great Neck Station, Long Island, to present the same, with vouchers thereof duly verified, to the subscriber, Herman Ackerman, who has been duly appointed Assignee of said Percy L. Clark for the benefit of creditors, at his office, No. 50 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 7th day of May, 1913.

Dated New York, January 21st, 1913.

HERMAN ACKERMAN, Assignee.

Wallach Bros.
Third Ave., cor. 122d St. (Open Evenings). Broadway at 29th St. (Southwest Corner). 246-248 W. 125th St. (Open Evenings).
Unusual Values in Our Sale of Hart, Schaffner & Marx Suits and Overcoats at $16
COME in to-day and see them—it's really worth a special trip to our nearest clothing store—for the Suits and Overcoats in this special sale were regularly priced from $25 to $40. A purchase here now is a real investment, the savings are so great.
Blue Chinchilla Overcoats will be all the rage next winter. Many of our $30 and $35 ones are in this sale at $16

An Unusual Sale of Spring Suits—Made-to-Order
Unusual for two reasons: First, it is the first sale of its kind I have ever conducted—second, because of the unusual values that it offers at the opening of the Spring season. My Spring merchandise is just being completed, and I have a number of short ends, none of which is large enough to cut into a range of sizes, but each piece enough for three or four suits.
$25-$30-$35 Suits Made to Order $16.50
There are over 150 different fabrics of the smartest and latest Spring styles—in all, just enough to make 600 suits. These fabrics would ordinarily have gone into my $25, $30, and $35 garments, but instead of manufacturing them I have concluded to inaugurate an unusual made-to-order sale, and I will make a suit to your individual measure for $16.50.
Remember, no matter what your build—tall, short, stout or slim—I guarantee to fit you perfectly and to your entire satisfaction, or you will be under no obligation to take the clothes.
Here's an opportunity to get a real $25, $30 or $35 new Spring suit made to your measure for $16.50.
Sale starts to-day and ends Saturday, March 15th—or sooner if the 600 suits are sold.
Evenings Until 7 Moe Levy Saturdays Until 10
(MY ONLY STORE) 119-125 Walker St., N. Y. (MY ONLY STORE)
Three blocks East of Broadway—One block from Canal St. Subway Station.

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